

THE WEATHER: In St. Paul and vicinity today. Fair.

THE ST. PAUL GLOBE

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LAYS CORNER STONE OF THE NEW ARMORY

Gov. Van Sant, Assisted by Militiamen, Performs the Formality Which Marks Beginning of Construction of the Superstructure of Citizen-Soldiers' New Quarters

In the presence of an immense crowd, which thronged Sixth and Exchange streets for a block around, St. Paul's full quota of national guardsmen and many prominent citizens, Gov. S. R. Van Sant laid the corner stone of St. Paul's new \$150,000 armory yesterday afternoon.

The ceremonies, marked by that impressiveness which the military always demands, were notable and one of the large events in the history of the national guard of St. Paul and Minnesota.

The corner stone, which is of red sandstone, cut in the Lake Superior region, was set by Gov. Van Sant after it had been lowered into place by a derrick welded by the first sergeants of the St. Paul companies. The ceremony was very simple but impressive.

As the governor performed the formality the band played "The Star Spangled Banner," the companies presented arms and the immense throng bared their heads. As the governor pronounced the stone firmly set, a loud cheer from the militiamen and the crowd went up.

Gov. Van Sant made the main address of the afternoon. There were also speeches by Corporation Attorney J. C. Michael, as representative of the city in the absence of Mayor Smith, and Col. C. A. Van Duse, president of the armory construction board.

As the members of the armory construction board had very short notice of the fact that the masons were ready to have the corner stone set, no special accommodations for the crowd were arranged. The people stood about in the streets surrounding the building, climbed upon piles of bricks or other building material and felt the windows of the adjacent buildings and residences.

Prominent Citizens Witness Ceremony. The guests of honor stood about the corner stone on the temporary floor-

ing. Among them were nearly all the members of the governor's staff in full uniform, prominent national guard officers from St. Paul and Minneapolis, state officials, members of the city council, city officials, county officials and delegations from the Commercial club, Chamber of Commerce, other business organizations of the city and many prominent residents, and the group which gathered about the governor as he set the stone was a notable one.

The corner stone is located to the right of the main entrance to the new building, facing on Exchange street. It is set several feet above the ground at the base of the second floor.

Companies C, D and E of the First regiment, Company E of the Third Infantry, Battery A and the company of engineers formed at the temporary quarters on Wabasha street, and headed by a band, marched to the new building. Maj. C. T. Spier was in command of the infantry and Maj. George C. Lambert, of the artillerymen and engineers. The soldier boys were given the place of honor in front of the crowd just below the corner stone.

Attorney Michael's Address. Corporation Attorney J. C. Michael spoke in behalf of the city, as Mayor Smith is in North Dakota. He paid a high tribute to the national guard. He said in part:

The national guard has always been regarded by the people of this country as a very important organization. Important in one sense, that it is an organized, disciplined body of men in all thickly settled communities, which will act quickly in restoring peace and good order. It is an organization which can quiet all local disturbances much more quickly and successfully than the members of the regular army, because the guardsmen live among the people they have to deal with; they know their ways and tempers and can deal with them with less harshness and cause less hard feeling.

The national guard forms the nucleus

Continued on Fifth Page.

BRINGS CHARGES AGAINST KING OF BELGIUM

Missionary Morrison Says Slaves in the Congo Are Punished by Death and Mayhem.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Nov. 1.—Rev. Dr. W. M. Morrison, for six years missionary for the Southern Presbyterian church in the Congo Free State, in an address here tonight, charged that King Leopold of Belgium, who holds absolute sovereignty over the Southern colony, violates the provisions of

International treaty regarding slavery. Native slaves who fall to bring in a certain amount of ivory, etc., are punished, he says, by death and mayhem.

Dr. Morrison is a member of the committee which will meet in Washington Tuesday to lay the matter before the president and the secretary of state.

CAVE IS WONDERFUL POLECAT IN WHEAT

Natural Gallery Is Rediscovered After 111 Years. Nearly a Thousand Bushels of Grain Is Spoiled for Milling.

TACOMA, Wash., Nov. 1.—A wonderful natural gallery, discovered in 1792 on Gabriola Island, in Nanaimo harbor, by Malaspina, a Spanish explorer, who visited Puget sound in that year with Captains Valdez and Galiano, was rediscovered yesterday afternoon by a party of pleasure seekers, after all trace of it had been lost for 111 years. A number of photographs taken by the party make it certain that the location tallies exactly with the description given in the account of Malaspina's voyages.

A picture, or representation, of Malaspina's gallery was recently reproduced in British Columbia, causing much speculation as to its whereabouts. Mayor Bates, of Nanaimo, produced an old island, which seems to make certain by indicating that Malaspina's discovery was in the neighborhood of Nanaimo harbor.

Yesterday a pleasure party, headed by Harry Rogers, of this city, found the gallery at the north end of Gabriola island, which seems to make certain that the long-lost phenomenon has been refound. Rogers' photographs show a magnificent work of nature, the storms of centuries having eaten into the soft sandstone, hollowing out a chamber over 300 feet in length. The main gallery has a floor twenty-one feet wide and a roof, formed by overhanging rock, which extends several feet beyond the floor ledge. This overhanging roof has been cut into curious crosses and all manner of peculiar shapes, including a figure of an Indian reclining against the wall. This figure was formed in the drawings left by Malaspina.

Outside the entrance to the gallery huge rocks rear their heads on either side, like sentinels on guard. An effort will shortly be made to create public interest in this greatest of all natural curiosities, with a view of establishing a permanent visiting place for tourists and sightseers.

Strike on Exposition Grounds. INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Nov. 1.—It is reported here tonight on information received from the national headquarters of the Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners that between 4,000 and 5,000 men affiliated with the structural building trades' alliance and employed at the St. Louis Exposition grounds will strike tomorrow. The trouble arises from a three-cornered fight between the exposition officials, the plumbers' and steamfitters' unions. The difficulty grows out of a question of whether the plumbers or steamfitters should work on the piping of the cascade.

THE CROW INDIANS DO DEADLY WORK

Break Out in Wyoming and Kill Sheriff and Deputies, Several of Their Own Number Being Shot.

Special to The Globe. CHEYENNE, Wyo., Nov. 1.—Gov. Chatterton was this evening advised of a bloody battle that was fought yesterday near the Cheyenne river, fifty miles north of Lusk, Wyo., between a band of roving Crow Indians, who had been slaughtering game, stealing horses and committing other depredations, on the one hand, and resisting arrest on the other. Sheriff Miller and his deputies are reported to have been killed and one deputy wounded and three Indians killed and several wounded. Gov. Chatterton is investigating

the trouble and may order troops from Newcastle, Douglas or Buffalo to assist the authorities in running down the murderers. Sheriff Miller and his deputies left Newcastle twelve days ago to arrest the Indians, who were in one band to the number of twenty-five or thirty. The Indians were trailed to near the head of Beaver creek, where they had camped. All of the men, save a few old bucks, were out on the plains hunting game. Sheriff Miller took possession of the camp, loaded the equipment on five wagons and sent the outfit back to Newcastle in charge of Lieut. Hill-

ton. The sheriff next day set out on the trail. It is not known where the chase led, but the Indians had evidently received warning of the approach of the officers and attempted to get out of the country. It is thought an ambushade was laid for the officers on Lightning creek. The ranchmen are arming and taking the field. Every one who can carry a gun will join the chase after the Indians. Reports from the Indian country of late have indicated an unrest on the part of the Indians and many believe that serious trouble cannot be averted.

TWENTY-FIVE VICTIMS OF FIRE

New York Tenement Disaster Proves Worse Than at First Reported.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—Twenty-one men, three women and a ten-month-old babe were burned to death or suffocated in the fire that started early this morning in the House of All Nations, a five-story tenement house at No. 45 Eleventh avenue, and which the police and coroner believe to have been of incendiary origin.

Some of the peculiar features of the disaster are that the fire was practically extinguished in twenty minutes, that the police could learn of but one person being injured, other than those who lost their lives, and that the property loss was only \$7,000.

The dead, who are mostly Italians, are:

- GIUSEPPE ROSSI, 18 years old. ANTONIO ROSSI, 20 years old. JUSTINO ROSSI, 21 years old. NICHOLAS NOGAL, 25 years old. PIETRO DERESI, 26 years old. ANTONIO BROCCERA, 34 years old. MUCULETTA VINGIGUERRA, wife of Deresi. PHILOMENA DERESI, a babe. ANTONIO VILLOMO, 27 years. FRANCIS WILLIAM, 27 years, his wife SARAH O'TOOLE, 48 years. ANTONIO D'ANGELO, 40 years. PASQUALE MAROTTA, 41 years. FRANK MASTRENO, 24 years. MATTIO VENDRANO, 40 years. JOSE MISTRIM, or Mustiolo, 20 years. PIETRO DONYSKI, 30 years. JOSEPH ZOROWITZ, 24 years. FRANK DELONIMO, 20 years. ANTONIO BRILLI, 17 years. ANTONIO ULLANI, 22 years. GIUSEPPE CAPPELLI, 35 years. THREE UNIDENTIFIED ITALIAN LABORERS.

The only person injured, as far as can be learned, was Mary Jane Quinn, forty-seven years old, who was badly burned and severely bruised by leaping from the second floor.

In several apartments in the tenement Halloween parties were in progress and the guests at these added greatly to the number of persons in the house and made the crush and jam to escape more than it would ordinarily have been.

At the windows, front and rear, bottles of men and women were jammed, showing that a desperate struggle to get free had resulted in the complete choking of these exits to the fire escapes and had been the cause of a number of the inmates being suffocated.

One fireman climbed to the fourth floor, where a window was filled with a mass of people, jammed in and fighting to get out. He struck the heads of all the men he could see with his fist, and they fell back. He then handed down to the firemen on ladders below three women and a baby. Another fireman performed a similar feat and rescued two girls from the fourth floor.

'CHINKS' DISTURBED

How the Russians Reoccupied Mukden, Manchuria.

PEKIN, Nov. 1.—The Chinese government is greatly disturbed at the reoccupation of Mukden, the capital of Manchuria, by Russian troops. The foreign office is appealing to friendly foreign legations for help and advice, admitting its own helplessness. The Russians returned to Mukden last week. According to advices received by the Chinese government 1,500 Russian soldiers took possession of the official buildings there, barricaded the gates and evicted the Chinese officials. There are between 10,000 and 20,000 Chinese troops in and about Mukden, but the Chinese commanders in Manchuria have been given imperative orders in no wise to resist the Russian government and to use every effort to avert collisions.

The Russians employed a noted brigand, who was accused of many crimes against the Chinese, as chief of one of the irregular bands of police they are organizing in Manchuria. The Chinese authorities repeatedly requested the surrender of this man and the Russians recently consented to give him up. Thereupon a Chinese officer decapitated the brigand without giving him a trial. When this became known the Russians demanded the execution of the officer within five days, giving as an alternative the seizure of Mukden. The Chinese foreign office was negotiating with Paul Lessar, the Russian minister, on the matter, and offered to banish the officer in question, pleading that he had exceeded his instructions, and to remove the tactical, his superior, from office. There was a misunderstanding as to the time limit set for the negotiations; the Chinese thought it expired yesterday. Before the negotiations were completed the news was received here that Russia had fulfilled her threat to reoccupy Mukden.

RECOMMENDS SUIT AGAINST SCHWAB

Receiver Calls Organization of Shipbuilding Company "An Artistic Swindle."

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—Sensational allegations of willful misstatement and falsification, swindling and fraud in the organization and flotation of the United States Shipbuilding company, of attempts to mislead and deceive the investing public by means of deceptive statements and of a deliberately planned to wreck the company by withholding the earnings of the Bethlehem Steel company are contained in the report of Receiver James Smith Jr., of the United States Shipbuilding company, made public here today.

The report concludes with the recommendation that suit be brought against all persons who received stock of the company without paying full value therefor, including the promoters of the consolidation, the vendors of the constituent plants, and Charles M. Schwab, to recover from them such amount as they are obligated to pay the debts of the company in full.

The organization of the company is characterized as "an artistic swindle." Receiver Smith stating that the value of the plants, the earnings and working capital, given in alleged thorough reports of expert accountants, vary so much from actual figures "as to impel the belief that the figures were willfully misstated," that it is extremely doubtful if such accountants' reports were submitted at the organization of the company—that the shipbuilding company sold in stock and bonds \$67,997,000; that "the accommodating directors of the United States Shipbuilding company in acting in this manner, deliberately gave away millions of dollars in the stock and bonds of their company," "wholesale plunder," the receiver terms it, to a few persons, and that, as far as the Bethlehem Steel company is concerned, "its earnings have been withheld in a deliberate attempt to wreck the United States Shipbuilding company."

KILL POLICE CHIEF

Chicago Negroes Are Nearly Lynched for a Murder.

CHICAGO, Nov. 1.—The celebration of Halloween was responsible for the killing of the chief of police of Morgan Park and a threatened race war early today. It was only after a desperate struggle between the police and an armed mob of enraged whites that a lynching was averted.

A woman's Halloween prank started the trouble, which ended in the killing of George A. Airie, chief of police of Morgan Park, by Mack Wiley, a young negro. Mrs. James Payne, who is a sister of Wiley, and three friends were overturning a lumber pile, it is said, the woman was struck by Chief Airie. The negroes went for reinforcements and upon their return a second meeting with Airie resulted in a fight, in which he was stabbed in the neck by Wiley.

A crowd of half a hundred men and boys gathered at the Morgan Park jail, where four of the negroes had been locked up. The prisoners were rescued by the officers and taken to the Englewood jail, but not until they had been severely beaten and humiliated with sticks and stones.

VISIT GRAVES OF FAMOUS MUSICIANS

Thousands of Viennese Celebrate the Feast of All Saints.

VIENNA, Nov. 1.—Today being the feast of All Saints, thousands of Viennese made the customary pilgrimage to the graves of relatives and friends. By far the greater number of pilgrims went to the Friedhof cemetery, where more than 700,000 persons are buried.

From early morning till almost dusk the roads leading to the various cemeteries were thronged with vehicles and pedestrians, the former almost entirely hidden under the masses of flowers and wreaths and the latter carrying lighted candles which were placed on the graves and which, when darkness came on, lent a weird aspect to the burial grounds.

The monuments to Mozart, Beethoven, Schubert and Gluck and the common grave of 600 victims of the Ring theater fire attracted many visitors. The pilgrimages will continue tomorrow, All Souls' day. Many wreaths are being sent by members of the imperial family and a number of wreaths have been placed on the tombs of the Empress Elizabeth and Crown Prince Rudolph in the Hapsburg burial place under the Capucin church.

THREE ROOMS OF VATICAN DESTROYED

Fire Eats Up Priceless Inscriptions—Pope Directs Fighting of Flames.

ROME, Nov. 1.—Fire broke out this evening in that portion of the Vatican containing the hall of inscriptions, where the pope gives his audiences and which is adjacent to the famous Pinacoteca or gallery of pictures. Strenuous efforts were made to control the flames and the firemen of Rome were called to lend their help. In three hours the fire was under control. No lives were lost. No idea of the damage can yet be obtained. The pope came to the scene and remained until the arrangements to fight the fire were completed.

The first intimation was had when smoke was seen issuing from the apartment of M. Marie, which is located above that of Father Ehrlé, the librarian, who lived over the library itself. M. Marie is a celebrated French restorer of ancient manuscripts and illuminated books; he at present engaged in copying work and his first reproductions have been selected for part of the Vatican's exhibit at the St. Louis exposition. The famous Bramante staircase leads to that part of the Vatican where the fire broke out. The gendarmes broke in the doors of M. Marie's apartment and found him in a heavy sleep. It is supposed that he retired and forgot to take proper precautions with his kitchen fire, which probably blazed up and ignited some near-by hangings. Thus the fire started and it rapidly assumed such proportions that the gendarmes who were the first on the scene gave an immediate general alarm.

The moment the pope arrived his mind grasped the gravity of the situation and he ordered that the firemen be called. Within a few minutes the fire engines began working three rooms were already entirely destroyed by the flames, which were extending to the other apartments. The pope withdrew from the scene, but he directed the firemen to be called. Within a few minutes the fire engines began working three rooms were already entirely destroyed by the flames, which were extending to the other apartments. The pope withdrew from the scene, but he directed the firemen to be called. Within a few minutes the fire engines began working three rooms were already entirely destroyed by the flames, which were extending to the other apartments. The pope withdrew from the scene, but he directed the firemen to be called.

Information had been sent the Italian authorities, who hurried to St. Peter's. They were courteously invited to enter and did so. Therefore, for the first time since the fall of the temporal power of the Vatican, the mayor of Rome, the prefect, police officials and even Signor Ronchetti, the newly appointed minister of justice, entered the Vatican in their official capacities. They gave orders directing the work of combating the flames and participated personally in the fight. The entire museum of inscriptions, the rooms of Father Ehrlé, part of the library and the printing houses were entirely flooded with water. Many articles were saved, including some ancient and very valuable arms which were recently moved to the library room from the Borgia apartment. Many things that escaped the flames were injured by water, especially the precious private library of Pope Leo.

BLOWN TO PIECES

Five Montana Men Killed by Magazine Explosion.

KALISPELL, Mont., Nov. 1.—Coroner Willoughby has received a telegram from the justice of the peace at Hayden saying that five men were blown to pieces in an explosion at that place today. How the explosion happened and the names of the men could not be learned. It is supposed to have been the explosion of a magazine belonging to grading contractors.

HIS OPINION IS RATHER MIXED

Denounces Alaska Decision but Praises American Members of the Board.

BOSTON, Mass., Nov. 1.—A. D. Aylesworth, one of the Canadian members of the Alaska boundary commission, arrived here today from Liverpool. Speaking of the decision, he said:

"I think the decision was unjust and unfair to give all to the United States and nothing to Canada. Sir Louis Jette and myself had the opinion that the decision was wrong, while the others held that it was right. I want to say right here that your commissioners, Senators Turner and Lodge and Secretary of War Root, are grand men. They were extremely kind and courteous during the entire hearing."

When asked what effect he thought the decision would have on Canada's future, Mr. Aylesworth said: "I don't think it will have any political effect. The French Canadian people are most loyal subjects that England has in Canada. There is no more loyal British subject in Great Britain than Sir Louis Jette."

EVIDENCE OF FRAUD WAS DESTROYED

Serious Charge Is Brought Against Binger Hermann, Former Commissioner of General Land Office—He Is Said to Have Destroyed Thirty-six Large Letter Books, and Matter Will Receive Attention in Investigation.

Globe Special Washington Service. 1417 G Street.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 1.—Evidence of great significance in connection with the land fraud prosecution is believed to have been destroyed by Binger Hermann, when he left the office of commissioner of the general land office last year. Mr. Hermann is now a member of congress from Oregon, but he left the service of the interior department in such ill favor with Secretary Hitchcock, it is believed, that he will not transact much business for his constituents with the secretary of the interior.

It has been discovered that when Mr. Hermann, under stress of Mr. Hitchcock's opposition to him, left the general land office, he destroyed no less than thirty-six large letter books containing copies of letters written to various persons during his term of office. It has been reckoned that these books contained full 3,000 copies of letters. Mr. Hermann has been confronting with the charge that he destroyed the books and does not deny having done so. He does say, however, that the letters were personal ones, and did not pertain to the business of the interior department.

Secretary Hitchcock figures out that, according to this statement, Mr. Hermann must have written an average of ten personal letters every day during his incumbency of the office of commissioner of the general land office.

The manner in which the letter books were destroyed aroused suspicion at the interior department. Mr. Hermann, just before he left the office, directed a minor employee of the office to tear from the thirty-six letter books the right-hand half of each page and to return the stubs to him. By this method the addresses on each letter were reserved on the fragments of the pages which were returned to Mr. Hitchcock.

It is believed that Secretary Hitchcock will spring some sensational surprises in connection with the forest land prosecutions. The evidence in his possession incriminate persons of considerable importance, and the names of at least two or three of the persons believed to be guilty are known from one end of the country to the other.

There is not much doubt that the letter book incident will be well aired in connection with the coming trials of land grafters. —Walter E. Clark.

FOUR PERSONS KILLED AND CORPSE TORN FROM COFFIN

Disaster Occurs on the Railroad Track and Dead Woman's Body Flies Through Air

CHARLOTTE, N. C., Nov. 1.—Four persons, all white, were killed instantly and a corpse was torn from its coffin by a locomotive of a passenger train on the Southern railway, near Concord, this morning. The dead are: John Key, Benjamin Lippitt, Daniel Weaver and Miss Lulu Townsend. The victims were in a wagon with

the corpse of Mrs. Kate Lewis and were on their way to a neighboring burial ground. Just before the train was abreast of the wagon the mules drawing the wagon became unmanageable and swerved, carrying the wagon directly in front of the train. The casket containing the corpse was broken to pieces and the corpse was hurled through the air with the victims.

GONEY IS SCORCHED

Hundreds of Buildings on Island Go, Loss Being a Million.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—Coney Island today was swept by the most disastrous fire in its history, about 250 buildings being destroyed, entailing a loss estimated at not less than \$1,000,000. Several persons were seriously injured.

The fire started near the steeplechase park and swept along the Bowery district, which is filled with flimsy frame structures that burned like tinder.

The most severely injured include six men and five women. F. P. Henderson's music hall, erected two years ago of steel and brick, and costing \$250,000, and Louis Stauch's pavilion, valued at a like sum, are among the buildings destroyed.

Two men, Frank Conly, a salesman, and Peter A. Skelley, a bartender, are under arrest, suspected of being the cause of the fire. They had been seen passing in and out of the frame building in which the blaze was first seen.

DYNAMITE EXPLODES AND BURNS CARS

Tremendous Force of Explosion—Five Hundred Cars Destroyed.

CRESTLINE, Ohio, Nov. 1.—One of the most disastrous explosions ever known in railroad history occurred here tonight. A car containing dynamite exploded from a supposed collision or jar with another car, setting fire to every car within a radius of a quarter of a mile and these in turn starting a blaze to adjoining cars, until at least 500 loaded and empty freight cars burned. The explosion occurred at the west end of the immense Pennsylvania yards in this city. A hole forty feet deep was blown in the ground and the track was wrecked into all kinds of shapes for a long distance. The shock of the explosion smashed thousands of window glass and made many people sick because of the concussion. Railroad ties were blown a quarter of a mile.

Yardmaster Courtier and Clerk Geisinger, who were at work in the yard office a mile away, were seriously and possibly fatally hurt by the destruction of the building in which they were working. It cannot be told until daylight whether there has been loss of life.

Favors Sympathetic Strike

CHICAGO, Nov. 1.—The Chicago Federation of Labor today declared in favor of the sympathetic strike as a basic principle of trades unionism and the local delegate to the convention of the American Federation of Labor in Boston next week was instructed to exert every effort to have the national body adopt the resolution.

MOMMSEN EXPIRES

Distinguished German Historian Died Yesterday.

BERLIN, Nov. 1.—Prof. Theodor Mommsen, the historian, died at Charlottenburg at 8:45 o'clock this morning. He passed away without regaining consciousness, the change from life to death being observed only by his attending physician, who watched all night long with the family. Emperor William and various of the lesser German sovereigns have sent their condolences to the Mommsen family.

Christian Matthias Theodor Mommsen was born in Garding, Schleswig, Nov. 30, 1817. He studied at Altona and Kiel, was aided by the Berlin academy in his archeological explorations in France and Italy (1844-7), and in 1848 was attached to the staff of the Schleswig-Holsteinische Zeitung. For participation in the revolutionary movement of 1848-9 Prof. Mommsen was removed from the chair of jurisprudence at Leipzig, which he had filled for two years. From 1852 to 1854 he was professor at Zurich, from 1854 to 1858 at Breslau, and from that time till February, 1874, professor of Roman antiquity in the University of Berlin, where he was reappointed professor of jurisprudence at Leipzig and made rector of the university. He has since served in the reichstag. Prof. Mommsen was the author of a dozen works, mostly historical.

DIRELICT IS FOUND ON LAKE MICHIGAN

Steamer Is Unknown and Her Crew Probably Lost.

CHICAGO, Nov. 1.—A report was received at the hydrographic office here today from the lighthouse keeper at Frankfort, Mich., stating that the captain of the schooner Vega had sighted an upturned hull, apparently that of a vessel 200 feet in length, floating in Lake Michigan about thirty-five miles south of Frankfort. There was nothing in the vicinity to give any clue as to the derelict's identity. From the description of the wreck, the vessel is believed to have been a schooner engaged in the lumber trade between Chicago and lower Lake Michigan points. Vessels of this class carry crews of about seven men and it is believed that all of the crew were lost.

MISSING MILLIONAIRE IS HEARD FROM

Ransom of \$100,000 Is Demanded of the Father of Wentz.

BRISTOL, Tenn., Nov. 1.—Robert L. Brown, president of a coal company in Wise county, Virginia, is tonight quoted as having said that on Friday afternoon the Wentz family received tidings of Edward L. Wentz, the missing young Philadelphia millionaire.

A shrewd looking young man, it is stated, demanded of Wentz's father a ransom of \$100,000, stating that Wentz was held in captivity in the Cumberland mountains. The emissary was told to bring proofs, and departed to the mountain county. Detectives are keeping a sharp lookout.