

MINNESOTA WIVES TESTIFY Curing Hundreds HERE ARE THE NAMES OF A FEW.

Go and See Them They Will Tell You That Paw Paw Cured Them.

Dyspepsia Gets Out of the Stomach When Paw Paw Enters.

Nervousness Sleeplessness and Catarrh Are Positively Cured by PAW PAW

Here Is the Proof: Mr. W. F. Smith, living at No. 6 Gilliland block, St. Paul, has his testimony for Munyon's Paw Paw.

Prof. J. M. Munyon—Dear Sir:—I have been afflicted with dyspepsia and catarrh of the stomach for some time past and decided upon reading about the free distribution of your Paw Paw from the Dispatch office to give it a trial. I am pleased to state your Paw Paw remedy is all you claim for it, as it has greatly benefited me, and I purpose using it until entirely cured. Yours, with thanks, W. F. Smith, 6 Gilliland block, St. Paul.

Mr. Nels Erickson, of 77 East Fourth street, St. Paul, joins the big army of cured people by Munyon's Paw Paw. Prof. J. M. Munyon—Dear Sir:—I have been afflicted with dyspepsia and catarrh of the stomach for some time past and decided upon reading about the free distribution of your Paw Paw from the Dispatch office to give it a trial. I am pleased to state your Paw Paw remedy is all you claim for it, as it has greatly benefited me, and I purpose using it until entirely cured. Yours, with thanks, Nels Erickson, 77 East Fourth street, St. Paul.

Mr. and Mrs. Gustav Jansen, living at Fourth and Minnesota streets, St. Paul, cured of dyspepsia by Munyon's Paw Paw. Read what they say: Prof. J. M. Munyon—Dear Sir:—We have both been great sufferers from dyspepsia until we obtained your free samples of Paw Paw. The samples have done us so much good that we are going to continue using it as no other medicine can compare with the virtues of your Paw Paw. We have tried many advertised cures, but until using your Paw Paw we failed to obtain relief. Thanking you for your attention, Gustav Jansen and Wife, Fourth and Minnesota streets, St. Paul.

Mr. H. S. Sanford, suite 66 the Marlborough, Summit and Sixth streets, St. Paul, a pupil of Swoboda, the physical culture expert, says the following of Paw Paw: Prof. J. M. Munyon—Dear Sir:—I have been troubled with attacks of dyspepsia and nervousness, and tried many so-called cures for it, but found nothing to relieve me until I took your Paw Paw. I consider it an excellent tonic and sedative and would not be without it now for anything as it is the only remedy I can depend upon. Wishing you all success. Yours truly, H. S. Sanford, The Marlborough, Sixth and Summit, St. Paul.

So the good reports come in from every section. One cured person spreads the news to his friends of this new vegetable essence, which makes old stomachs almost as good as new. People who have been troubled for years with sleeplessness say that since taking Paw Paw they can sleep all night and get up feeling strong and refreshed. If you need a tonic, try a bottle of Paw Paw, and you will have no need for any other stimulant. Sold by druggists, mint bottle, \$1. Paw Paw Pills, 25c a box.

PRIEST IS CONVICTED Church and State in Porto Rico Clash.

SAN JUAN, P. R., Nov. 30.—The Rev. Felipe Villaloz, a Spanish priest of the Catholic church at Sumaco, has been convicted by the district court of a violation of the civil marriage law in marrying a couple without a license, and has been sentenced to pay a fine of \$200 or to the alternative of sixty days in jail. Bishop Blen, of Porto Rico, has appealed to Gov. Hunt to pardon Father Villaloz, which appeal the governor has under consideration. Father Villaloz claims that the laws of the church are above the civil code relating to marriage, and says that his course has been approved by Bishop Blen.

This is the first approach to a serious clash between church and state since the occupation of the island by the United States, though there have been other cases in which defiance of the civil marriage law has been shown. The feeling concerning the matter is intense.

MEET IN SECRET SESSION. Locomotive Firemen's Officers Hold Convention in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Nov. 30.—A meeting of the officers of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen of the lines of the Pennsylvania is in session here. About twenty delegates are in attendance. The firemen have asked for the same pay under the new schedule of nine hours a day as they received when they worked ten hours. Conferences with officers of the railroad have failed to produce any result, and, although no definite information is obtainable, it is thought the firemen have called the delegates together to take up this question and determine the course to be pursued to obtain what they demand.

GRAIN RECEIPTS SHOW BIG GROWTH

Annual Report of State Grain Inspection Is Made Public.

The report of Chief Inspector E. W. Eva, of the grain inspection and weighing department of the state railroad and warehouse commission, issued yesterday, shows that 231,316 cars of grain were inspected "on arrival" at the five terminal points, Minneapolis, Duluth, St. Cloud, St. Paul and New Prague, during the crop year of 1902, ending Aug. 31 last, as compared with 195,065 cars for the crop of 1901, and 188,632 cars for the crop of 1900.

There is a falling off, however, in the cars of wheat inspected as compared with the preceding year, which is made up in flax and coarse grains, as follows:

Table with 3 columns: Grain Type, 1900, 1901, 1902. Rows include Wheat, Corn, Rye, Barley, Flax, and Totals.

During the year the department inspected out of 37,777 cars of wheat, and 31,514,017 bushels of wheat; 6,822 cars of flax, and 14,752,610 bushels into vessels, and of coarse grain, 14,223 cars, and 9,236,171 bushels into vessels.

Of the wheat inspected on arrival there were 129,154 cars of northern spring wheat, 5,436 cars of winter wheat and 245 cars of Western white and red wheat.

Income Shows Increase. The receipts of the department from all sources during the year were \$265,555.28, an increase of \$7,917.24 over the previous year. Inspection fees yielded \$181,512 and weighing fees \$129,050.81. The disbursements were \$236,355.91, leaving the net gain over the previous year \$29,179.38, which, added to the cash balance of the previous year, makes the cash balance of the department now on hand \$80,268.36.

The board of appeals passed on 9,818 cars and 1,348 bushels of wheat, and the previous grade and dockage, and in 2,465 cases made changes. There were 9,623 cars received at terminals in bad order. The dockage on spring wheat for the year averaged 13.3 ounces per bushel, as compared with 19.8 ounces for the previous year. There was no dockage on 710 cars.

The reports of the state weighmasters at Minneapolis and Duluth, the chief terminals, accompanying the report, are also of interest. The reports of the Minneapolis department for the year were \$59,471.75, and the expenses \$70,600.77, leaving a deficit of \$11,128.92. The receipts of the Duluth department were \$46,756.50, and the expenditures \$38,347.20, leaving a balance of \$8,409.30.

The Minneapolis weighmaster's department has 69 employees, and inspections at 71 places, 16 mills, 45 elevators, 6 oil mills and 4 feed mills. At Duluth, however, are in vessels, and accounted for in bushels, the number of cars shipped out represents but a very small portion of the shipments from that point.

General Summary. The total amount of grain inspected into store during the year was 75,374,845 bushels, and the total shipments 65,387,960 bushels, 50,620,301 in vessels and 6,767,659 on land. The receipts of wheat were 41,474,838 bushels, and the receipts out of store were 35,800,284 bushels. There were 22,259,719 bushels of flax inspected into store, and 20,299,733 bushels inspected out of store.

COURT WILL POSTPONE HEARING UNTIL JAN. 4 Motion for Dismissal of Northern Securities Case to Be Heard.

Globe Special Washington Service, 1417 G Street. WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 30.—The supreme court will probably postpone the hearing on the motion made today to dismiss the Northern Securities case against the state of Minnesota company until Jan. 4, when the case will be argued on its merits. The court has already consented to advance the case to that date, which is three weeks after the hearing of the federal case against the Securities company. The request of Charles Fisk Jr., of New York, to file a brief in the case, as "amicus curiae," was denied by Justice Fuller. —Walter E. Clark.

MEET IN SECRET SESSION. Locomotive Firemen's Officers Hold Convention in Philadelphia. PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Nov. 30.—A meeting of the officers of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen of the lines of the Pennsylvania is in session here. About twenty delegates are in attendance. The firemen have asked for the same pay under the new schedule of nine hours a day as they received when they worked ten hours. Conferences with officers of the railroad have failed to produce any result, and, although no definite information is obtainable, it is thought the firemen have called the delegates together to take up this question and determine the course to be pursued to obtain what they demand.

"TIPS" FOR EXTRAS Pullman Company Looks With Disfavor Upon the Practice.

CLEVELAND, Nov. 30.—Supt. W. H. White, of the Pullman company, believed that the company's preference as to tipping would be for the discontinuance of the practice. He said: "The company expects that its employees shall give to the people from whom no tip is forthcoming exactly as good service as they can give from whom they receive tips. And if a case were reported where such a service was not accorded, it would be likely to go hard with that employee. But in all my experience, traveling myself and in connection with the Pullman service, I have known of but one or two instances where this rule has been violated."

"But if the whole traveling public would do away with the practice of tipping, I think the company would be pleased. But so long as the nature of men and women is human, so long will there be tipping. There is no question that there are many little favors and courtesies that will be extended to the man who goes down in his pocket with the servant, porter, bellboy, ship's steward or whatever position or wherever he may be employed, will not think of in the wages of those who do these little things like dimes and quarters and half dollars."

"While the service to all is not slighted by the porter in the case of those from whom he receives no tip, the porter, by long practice, has acquired a wonderful skill in knowing what to do and when to do it for their little extras."

ARMOUR MUST TELL OF REBATE SYSTEM Chicago Banker Will Testify in Bankruptcy Case.

CHICAGO, Nov. 30.—Investigations before Bankruptcy Referee Wean today cast some light on the "secret profits" amassed by James S. Watson, while president of the firm of Porter Brothers company, and it is said that railroad representatives are to be called into court to give further information on the same subject. Testimony given by George B. Robbins, of Armour and Co., showed that more than \$700,000 had been paid to Watson in the last six years as rebates on refrigerating charges made by the Fruit Growers' Express company.

Attorney Bach, who is conducting the examination, announced his intention of placing J. Ogden Armour on the stand Thursday to secure additional evidence in the matter and of inquiring into possible rebates made by railroads on transporting refrigerators. Mr. Robbins furnished transcripts of the express company's accounts with Mr. Watson and presented records showing large loans made to Watson personally by the Armour's. It developed that the documents that had been relied upon to show the number of cars handled for the Porter Brothers company since 1896 had been destroyed. Mr. Robbins explained that such records accumulated too fast to permit of their preservation.

CLEVELAND WILL SELL NARROW-GAUGE LINE Former President Will Foreclose a Mortgage on Railway Property.

FRANKLIN, Pa., Nov. 30.—Former President Cleveland is about to foreclose a mortgage upon the narrow-gauge Bradford, Bordell & Kenzua railroad, of which he is the exclusive bondholder. At one time this road paid large dividends. The road is only sixteen miles long, and while it has a few passengers induced Mr. Cleveland to take the entire bond issue. Mr. Cleveland still has the bonds, and the owners, it is said, owe him a much larger interest than he is going to sell the equipment at Bradford on Dec. 1.

ROADS MUST PAY TAXES. Supreme Court Upholds Decision of the Michigan Tribunal.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 30.—In the supreme court of the United States yesterday an opinion was delivered by Chief Justice Taft, in the case of The Wisconsin & Michigan Railroad Company vs. Auditor General Powers, of Michigan. The case involved the laws of Michigan relative to the right of that state to tax railroads lying north of the forty-fourth degree of north latitude. These roads were exempt prior to 1897, when the state passed a law repealing the statute of exemption. The railroad company contended that the passage of this act was a breach of contract, but the court held that this was not the case and affirmed the opinion of the court below.

WOULD SHIFT MINING SUIT FROM MONTANA Effort is Made to Get It Into the National Supreme Court.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 30.—A sample of the mining complications of Montana found its way into the United States supreme court today when Attorney Wayne MacVeagh, on behalf of the Johnstown Mining company, a New York corporation, doing business in Silver Bow county, Montana, sought to secure a writ of certiorari to take the case of the Butte & Boston Consolidated Mining company versus the Montana Ore Purchasing and other companies brought into this court, while it is still pending in the state court of Montana. The Johnstown company was not a party to the suit, in which the ore deposits in the Michael Davitt claim are at stake, but an order was granted by the court for an inspection by the Boston company of the workings of the Davitt claim. The Johnstown company asserts an entire right in the ore, and these workings only through the purchase of the order, and, although no definite information is obtainable, it is thought the firemen have called the delegates together to take up this question and determine the course to be pursued to obtain what they demand.

DES MOINES, Iowa, Nov. 30.—Joseph Stinson, son of wealthy parents at Chicago, died here today by drinking carbolic acid. He was without money and had been a comatose dependent. He had not been at home for a long time.

Dr. Williams' Perfect Food Powder Used by people of refinement for over a quarter of a century.

MINNEAPOLIS FIND FROZEN BODY IN REFRIGERATOR CAR Remains of E. E. Seburg, of Amery, Wis., Found Under Suspicious Circumstances.

The body of E. E. Seburg, apparently about twenty years of age, whose home is supposed to be at Amery, Wis., was found yesterday morning in a Soo refrigerator car under circumstances that indicate the possibility, but not the probability, that he was the victim of a murder.

His body was frozen stiff, and indication were that death came to him three days previous. Back of the left ear is a contusion which might have been received from an accidental fall or from a blow delivered with some blunt instrument. The body laid in an ice chest. In the pockets of the dead man were found 40 cents in silver and a postal money order for \$40.

The railroad officials are inclined to the belief that the man was stealing a ride and came to his death by swinging from the top of the car into the car at Gladstone. Papers on his person indicate that at one time he was a painter, working for the Glass Block company.

WEISMILLER GOES TO PRISON. Is Punished with Reformatory Sentence for Unjustifiable Assault.

John F. Weismiller, salesman for the Metropolitan Music company, was yesterday given a reformatory sentence by Judge Simpson and will be taken to Stillwater today. A strong effort was made by Weismiller's friends to have a fine inflicted, the payment of which they were prepared to meet. Judge Simpson, however, held that the assault was unjustifiable, and that the lack of evidence showing premeditation alone deterred him from giving Weismiller the limit, which would have been a five years' penitentiary sentence.

Horticultural Society Meets Today. A large attendance is looked for at the opening today of the thirty-seventh annual convention of the Minnesota Horticultural society to be held at the First Unitarian church. The annual meeting of the lot owners of Oakland cemetery was held yesterday, the reports of both the treasurer and superintendent showing the association to be in a gratifying condition. The investment for the perpetual care fund now amounts to \$123,000, and much work in the way of permanent improvement has been done the past year. More than 1,000 square feet of cement walk has been laid during the year, and 227 monuments have been erected.

WANT MAJ. SPEAR FOR LIEUTENANT COLONEL Maj. C. T. Spear has been brought out by Company C, 1st Infantry, M. N. G., as a candidate for the office of lieutenant colonel of the regiment. At a meeting of Company C last evening Maj. Spear was endorsed as the candidate for the office, and his chances of success are regarded as good.

EMPEROR HONORS SCULPTOR. BERLIN, Nov. 30.—Prof. Reinhold Begas, the sculptor, once Emperor William's favorite, but reputed of recent years to have lost the emperor's good will, today received the cross of the Hohenzollern order, set in diamonds, with an autograph letter from the emperor thanking the professor for his work in connection with the epidemic of the Empress Frederick.

WHENCE THE SULPHUR? CARACAS, Venezuela, Nov. 30.—For nearly three days the city of Cumana and state of Bermudez, has been enveloped in sulphurous smoke. The origin of the phenomenon cannot be explained, but the residents, numbering about 10,000, are afraid to leave their houses. Cumana has been destroyed six times by earthquakes.

FARMER SHOT WELL Killed Two Men and Mortally Wounded Another.

HODGENVILLE, Ky., Nov. 30.—Two men were killed, one mortally wounded and another seriously hurt in the Pine View neighborhood of Hart county last night. The dead: SQUIRE OSBORNE, DAVID OSBORNE, William Gardner, mortally. John Bennett.

The alleged murderer, Custer Gardner, a young farmer, was caught at Elizabethtown after a desperate fight, taken to Munfordville and lodged in jail. Under cover of darkness, while the intended victims were sitting around the fire, the assassin crept to the window of the room, and, placing his Winchester near the glass, fired several times, hitting the head of the floor, his head torn almost off. His son, David Osborne, was shot through the heart. William Gardner was shot through the head. Custer Gardner's right arm was shattered by a bullet. Squire Osborne was a district magistrate. The trouble had its inception in a family quarrel and developed into a feud. Custer Gardner has always borne a good reputation.

BROOKLYN'S LARGEST THEATER BURNS. NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—The historic Academy of Music, the largest theater in Brooklyn, completely consumed today by a fire which is believed to have been caused by an explosion in the building. The loss is \$300,000; no insurance. The fire started in the scenery on the stage of the theater, where men were preparing for the testimonial dinner to State Senator McCarren, to be given there tonight.

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CRYSTAL Domino SUGAR. A Triumph In Sugar Making! Sold only in 5 lb. sealed boxes!

Hence, no dirt, no waste, no possible adulteration. Every piece sparkles like a cluster of diamonds, the result of its perfect crystallization. You will be pleased the moment you open a box. You will be first-pleased when you have tried it in your tea, coffee, etc. SOLD BY ALL BEST-CLASS GROCERS.

WILSON TELLS WHAT HE HAS BEEN ABOUT

Secretary's Annual Report Covers the Business of the Agricultural Department.

The seventh annual report of the present secretary of agriculture has been submitted to the president. It opens with a discussion of the educational requirements of the research work of the department. Although the department has availed itself to the fullest extent of graduates of the agricultural colleges, it is necessary, in view of the rapid development of the work, to secure competent men wherever they could be found. In the training of specialists for its various lines of work, the department has become practically a post-graduate institution.

Secretary Wilson reviews at length the production and exports of American agricultural products. The increase in the exports of farm products for the half century ended in 1902 was from \$147,000,000 to \$552,000,000—500 per cent. The exports of farm products for the closing decade of the last century were over \$700,000,000, and for 1903 over \$788,000,000, an amount second only to that of 1901.

Of grain and grain products, the export exceeded in value \$221,000,000, and in the number of animals, meats and meat products the value of exportation was \$211,000,000. Discussing the balance of trade, the secretary shows that the favorable balance to the credit of this country is due entirely to the farmers. The balance of trade in favor of farm products during the last fourteen years, no year excepted, aggregated \$485,000,000. The products, other than those of the farm, during the same period, the balance of trade was adverse to this country to the extent of \$865,000,000. Our farmers not only canceled this immense obligation, but placed \$3,940,000,000 to the credit of the nation when the balance of international exchange was balanced. He concludes that "it is the farmers who have paid the foreign bondholders."

Magnitude of Production. Reviewing the magnitude of agricultural production, after giving the figures of the most important crops, Mr. Wilson states that the value of all farm products, not fed to live stock, for 1903 considerably exceeded their value in the census year, when it was given as \$3,742,000,000. According to the department's inventory of farm animals for Jan. 1, 1903, the value of horses was over \$1,000,000,000, of mules and pack animals, 600,000,000. The value of cattle of all kinds considerably exceeded \$1,300,000,000, of sheep \$168,000,000 and of hogs \$36,000,000. Losses from contagious diseases among hogs have been enormous, reaching as high as \$75,000,000, and seldom less than \$30,000,000. Some new and important discoveries by the Bureau of animal industry are reported in the case of hog cholera.

The secretary recites the inspection and general facts as to the industry in cattle and meat exports, an inspection which included cattle, sheep, calves, hogs and horses; total antemortem inspection of all animals, 59,230,713; postmortem inspection aggregated 37,261,829. There was one shipment of horse flesh. The cost of the work of ordinary meat inspection for the year was \$711,648.18. Secretary Wilson reports a satisfactory development of the best sugar industry. In 1896 29,220 tons of sugar were made. In 1902 the production was 32,000,000. Careful estimates put the present crop at about 260,000 tons. The growing of seed in the United States of the United States that forestry has for them a practical commercial value. This condition has been brought about by the effort of the bureau of forestry to deal with the concrete facts of a problem of national importance. Not only has a surprising interest in the subject been evidenced among lumbermen generally, but many lumber companies have already begun to put its plans into operation.

A large amount of work has been done by the bureau of forestry on public lands. Section has been made and approved of 104,159 acres in the Chippewa Indian reservation in Minnesota. The rules which will control the lumbering in this reservation have been prepared and have received the approval of the secretary of the interior. At the request of the secretary of war, a working plan for the timber tract at West Point was prepared. This plan is now being put into effect under the supervision of the forester. Working plans were also prepared for three Indian reservations in Wisconsin. Applications have been made by private owners for assistance in 94 cases, of which 37 were for timber tracts and 57 for woodlots. In its co-operative scheme for assisting private owners applications have been received altogether for the management of over 5,600,000 acres.

The importation of vegetable fibers amounts to more than \$20,000,000 annually and is constantly increasing. There are areas in this country well suited to the growth of flax and hemp, but our farmers must produce fiber of equal or superior quality to the foreign product, and at lower cost. Reduction in the cost of production must be brought about by the introduction of improved methods of handling the crops.

Improvement in Grain-Grading Methods. The department is striving to secure the general adoption of more accurate and systematic methods of grading grains. The secretary recommends a thorough study of our principal crops to determine the best way to increase production, and the advantage or disadvantage of changing seed from one locality to another. Arrangements have been made with many farmers to determine the best way to increase production, and the advantage or disadvantage of changing seed from one locality to another. Arrangements have been made with many farmers to determine the best way to increase production, and the advantage or disadvantage of changing seed from one locality to another.

Marked progress is reported in the work of the experimental stations, especially in the improvement effected by a closer union between the stations and the farmers. Numerous instances are given of the valuable work being done by the stations, with the suggestion that, if possible, additional financial aid should be provided by the national government. He reports that special appropriations for the better equipment and maintenance of the agricultural colleges aggregating over \$1,250,000 were being made by the states.

Agricultural Colleges. The attendance at the land-grant colleges for the year 1902 aggregated 46,699 students, of whom 6,299 were in agricultural courses. The graduates of these institutions in 1902 were 4,443, and since their organization over 50,000. Considerable advancement was reported in the way of secondary and elementary schools of agriculture. The agricultural high schools in Wisconsin have been so successful that a provision has been made for an increased number by the state legislature. Schools are about to open in California and Massachusetts, and in the report of the association for the American Agricultural Colleges and Experiment Stations he strongly recommends the introduction of courses in agriculture into the high schools of the department is now equipped with a farmers' institute specialist, and is preparing to render practical aid to the important work of farmers' institutes throughout the country.

The office of experiment stations has also continued its irrigation investigations with a view to furnishing information regarding the requirements and possibilities of irrigation in both the arid and humid regions of the East; to furnish expert advice to communities about methods of distributing water so as to lessen the loss from seepage and evaporation; to discover the best methods of handling water, and to gather such facts as are needed to answer inquiries received by the department. The investigations have been extended so as to include the arid and humid parts of the United States. The secretary points out the desirability of undertaking a special study of power in relation to running pumps, and to gather such facts as are needed to answer inquiries received by the department. The investigations have been extended so as to include the arid and humid parts of the United States. The secretary points out the desirability of undertaking a special study of power in relation to running pumps, and to gather such facts as are needed to answer inquiries received by the department.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—Charles D. Purroy was today retired as chief of the fire department by Commissioner Surges on his own application, on account of years of service, and will receive half pay during the remainder of his term. Deputy Chief Charles W. Kruger was detailed as acting chief until another chief shall be appointed.

CASCARET CANDY CATHARTIC. THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP. ANNUAL SALE—TEN MILLION BOXES. Greatest in the World. A MILLION GOOD FELLOWS have learned that "CASCARET at night makes you feel all right in the morning!" And they have told other good fellows, until the sale of CASCARET'S Candy Cathartic is OVER A MILLION BOXES A MONTH. Nature punishes excess and over-eating, over-drinking, under-sleeping result in stomach, liver, kidney and bowel troubles that are liable to become very serious. It is very unwise to wait until the morning feeling fine and dandy, ready for work or play. Beat for the Bowels. All druggists, 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C.C.C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back. Sample and booklet free. Address STERLING REMEDY CO., Chicago or New York, Ill.