

PACKERS' STRIKE IS OFF AND ARBITRATION ACCEPTED

SOUTH ST. PAUL MEN HEAR THE GOOD NEWS

President Donnelly Sends Word
of Settlement at Close of
Dull Day

The strike is off, and the men will return to work in the South St. Paul stock yards Friday morning.

The South St. Paul strikers last evening received the news that the questions causing the walk-out had been submitted to arbitration with the greatest enthusiasm, and the official announcement from the national officers in Chicago was awaited with the greatest eagerness.

When the first announcement was made it was received with some doubt, the strikers apparently fearing that the news was not correct. With confirmation the tired pickets took on new life and discussed the situation in an animated manner. Nine days of striking had somewhat exhausted the men, many of whom had, during the entire time, been on picket duty on an average of sixteen hours out of each twenty-four.

The large number of pickets gathered about the headquarters could not suppress their elation, and with a glad cry they sent the news of the settlement to the non-union men in the plant, most of whom spend the evening hours sitting on the fence surrounding the buildings.

Being in doubt as to the nature of the settlement in detail, the men on the inside wondered whether they were being sacrificed, but the strikers did not worry. They held that Swift & Co. need all the non-union men now employed and all the strikers also, and in the flush of success many of the union members expressed the belief that the men who had accepted work would be permitted to become members of the union and retain their positions.

News Pleases All Parties

The news of the settlement was also gladly received by the officials of Swift & Co., and by Gen. M. D. Flower, president of the Stock Yards company, who joined with the officials of the union in expressing the greatest satisfaction with the end of a strike that apparently threatened to be tedious and long fought. Not one of the men mentioned had any idea that there was any definite prospect of a settlement so soon.

Without exception the officials of the company and of the union said that they would abide by the agreement made in Chicago, and that the South St. Paul men will return to their places at the same time as do the Chicago men. The union men were loud in their praises of the masterful manner in which President Donnelly had conducted the strike, and the company officials said that, as the grievance really existed in Chicago, and that there had been no feeling in the matter in South St. Paul, they would not feel in the least embarrassed in taking back the men who walked out Tuesday last week.

"The announcement that the strike is settled is the most welcome news that has come to me in many months," said President George Willis, "and you can rest assured that so far as the members of the South St. Paul union are concerned, they will carry out the agreement made in Chicago to the letter. The pickets will be removed from around the plant as soon as orders to this effect are received from President Donnelly. As the strike was ordered from Chicago and has been settled there, the South St. Paul union members will not return to work until ordered to do so by the authority that ordered the walkout."

Mr. Steep More Than Pleased

"I am more than pleased," said Business Agent George Steep, "for the crucial time in the conduct of the strike had arrived, and I feared that there would be some difficulty in controlling the men. When I first received news that the strike is off I was out making a personal roundup of the pickets, and was inducing them to give up their clubs. It has been my experience that after the first week of a strike it requires the greatest care to preserve order, and on this line have been busy for the past two days."

"In my opinion the South St. Paul men will not return to work before Friday morning. They are tired from long hours of picket duty, besides which it will be necessary to hold a meeting of the union tomorrow and officially decide to accept the settlement. When the men go back it will be in a body, and not a few at a time. The men have been warned that their conduct from the time of the receipt of the news of the settlement until they go to work will count for or against them, as with the signing of the agreement, as I understand it, they virtually become employees of Swift & Co. and are subject to the rules of the concern."

"It will be a pleasure to again have a full force of men," said J. S. Barnes, manager of the Swift plant, "and certainly I am pleased that a settlement has been effected. The South St. Paul men had no grievance, but were striking to uphold the stand taken in Chicago, and therefore the workmen can be restored to their former places with

TEN FAIR "LINE UP AND HOLD THE LINE" GIRLS



One of the Few Pleasing Sights in South St. Paul During the Strike

a complete absence of feeling prejudicial to them. Labor troubles are a menace to business, a strike particularly affecting the productive possibilities of a plant of the size of the one at South St. Paul, and it will be a great relief to have the old men return and have them take up the duties they so well understand.

Will Abide by Chicago Agreement

"Of course we shall abide by whatever agreement was made in Chicago and will live up to its provisions. It is doubtful if, for a few days, we can put all the men to work as the receipt of stock has been light since the strike and will doubtless continue so, to some extent, for a few days after the official announcement of the settlement, but the old men will be given employment as fast as the receipt of live stock will justify."

"The past week has been a strenuous one," said M. D. Flower, president of the Union Stock Yards company, "and it is a satisfaction to know certainly that the difficulty between the men and the strikers has been adjusted, and that business at South St. Paul will be allowed to assume its former volume. With the strike settled I would like to advise all stockmen that we will buy live stock at the highest market price, and that particularly choice butcher cattle are needed. Such stock will command a good price, in my opinion, and there could not be a better time to ship."

The last day of the strike at South St. Paul was the most quiet of the nine in which the men and the company contended for mastery, the blockade having been raised according to the order of National President Michael Donnelly.

Entrance Was Not Blocked

At no time in the day was the entrance to the plant blocked, although pickets were constantly maintained, and an effort made to induce persons desiring to enter the plant in search of work to forego such intention. In all but about fifteen cases the arguments were successful, the workmen generally induced to seek other employment.

The picket system, as usual extended around the works, and at the end of the day, and before the news of the settlement had arrived, the union officers expressed their satisfaction with the outcome of the first day without a blockade, and promised that the picket line would not be renewed. An additional telegram was received from President Donnelly, in which he reiterated his former command that the men who had been on picket duty should be removed from the plant.

The signed statement of Judge C. C. Doss reflecting on Mayor Lytle commanded much attention and was one of the principal topics of conversation. Judge Doss stated by his assertions and reiterated that the statement contained his opinions of the mayor and that he would under no circumstances retract. Mayor Lytle denied a rumor generally circulated that he intended to have Judge Doss arrested on the charge of criminal libel, but that it was possible that he might seek legal satisfaction from the judge after the settlement of the strike, and gave out a statement in reply to that made by Doss. Mayor Lytle said:

Gives Doss the Retort Courteous

"Replying to the statement of C. C. Doss concerning my conduct and respecting me personally, I will say:

"My conduct during the strike was vindicated on the very day on which Doss' charges were published. Since the walkout I have contended at all times that complete order would be restored unless arbitrary action was taken by the authorities before the men had come to the conclusion that they had no right to blockade the street. The piping of Doss cannot take from me the credit of having correctly sized up the situation and acting in a manner that caused the crisis to be passed without serious trouble. If a hot-head, like the judge would have us believe that he is, had been in charge there would have been a riot that might have resulted in the loss of life."

Business Agent George Steep, for the union, said that the demand of President Donnelly that the blockade be raised at once and not again be put in force will be carried out in the future. He further said:

"Of course the members of the union will bow to the demand of the president, and there will be no further blockading. The outcome of the first day without a blockade has proven so satisfactory that no effort will be made to restore the practice, and in fact there is no desire on the part of the men to have the condition restored."

"To our minds it was proven that the claims of the officials of the company that there are a great many men ready to go to work was not well founded, and we contend that not more than eight new men took advantage of the free entrance to the plant. That this number came with the intention of going to work, but when we showed them our average earnings for the three months before the strike they were willing to go in search of other work."

Company's Officers Surprised

The officers of the company were evidently surprised upon their arrival to find that the blockade had been abolished and that entrance to the plant was not blocked. They went in without being stopped by the strikers standing about.

When John Weir, who has been a member of the union, started along the street entering the gates he was approached by a number of the strikers

and was urged to forego his determination to go to work. In the quarrel that ensued the epithet of "scab" was applied to Weir, following which, it is claimed, that he struck Michael O'Brien, one of the strikers. Weir was arrested and taken to the police station. Supt. Burns gave \$25 bail to guarantee Weir's appearance for trial.

Thomas Lawler, one of the strikers, appeared at the court room window while arrangements were being made for Weir's release, and pushing his head through the window called out: "What's the matter with making that man give bail. I have not seen the color of his money, and he is no better than any other man."

"Keep still, the court is in session," cautioned Chief of Police McCormick. "I won't keep still," persisted Lawler. "That hungry-looking guy should be compelled to put up the money."

Arrest that man," commanded the judge.

Whereupon Lawler bolted down the street. Chief McCormick went to the door, but did not pursue Lawler.

Engineer Shows Sympathy

A Great Western switch engineer demonstrated his sympathy for the strikers in a decided manner. A couple of boxes of meat, to be taken to St. Paul Park, were put on the engine according to custom. While the engine was in the yards the engineer deliberately kicked the boxes from his engine, and they were taken back to the depot. The engineer was cheered by the strikers, but went about his business without comment and refused to give his name.

At Haynes, the man accused of having called for ropes with which to hang Charles Fitch, was dismissed by Judge Doss, Mr. Fitch declining to prosecute, and Wenzel Nechville, charged with issuing a non-union man, was taken to Hastings for trial by Sheriff Grissim, who made the arrest.

The evening was spent by the men in celebrating and it would have been difficult to find in the country a happier set of workmen. Without exception they expressed themselves as anxious to return to their old places without delay, it being the unanimous declaration that doing picket duty is harder work than that required in the packing plant.

It was admitted by some of the men that as the days dragged by without a settlement they had become somewhat doubtful as to the outcome. Several of the men asserted that they made up their minds to seek other employment, it being impossible to find one who would admit that he contemplated returning to work before an agreement had been reached.

A dummy dressed to represent a non-union man was carted about the streets by the happy unionists, who, although they indulged in considerable hilariously, were orderly, and the pickets remained on duty throughout the night, and a number of men left the Swift plant. As these passed by they were closely scrutinized by the pickets. The union men declared that fully half of the non-union men will have deserted their posts by morning, preferring to leave their employment to facing the union men when they return.

Doss Has Striker Arrested

Thomas Lawler, one of the strikers at South St. Paul, went to the office of Judge C. C. Doss, of the municipal court, last evening, and said that he had trouble that the men had previously quarrelled at once ensued.

Doss claims that Lawler threatened to strike, and Lawler is very sure that the judge drew a revolver and said that he would shoot. The judge exercised his authority and called upon the patrolman Robinson to place Lawler under arrest. The officer did as directed, and Lawler was turned over to his father, Patrick Lawler, the city jailer, who was compelled to put his son in a cell.

The incident aroused much feeling, and it is said that Lawler will today secure from County Attorney O'Keefe a warrant for the arrest of Judge Doss. It is claimed by the friends of Mayor Lytle that an effort will be made to oust Judge Doss from office in consequence of the attack made on Lytle by Judge Doss.

Mayor Lytle was in St. Paul last night, returning from White Bear, when the news of the settlement was settled, and started at once for South St. Paul, saying that he desired to see the people and have them recognize at last that he had acted wisely in pursuing a conservative course in refusing to run the risk of creating a riot.

Gov. Van Sant heard the first news of the settlement of the strike from a Globe reporter.

"It gives me more pleasure than anyone can understand to learn that the strike has been settled," he said. "It is certainly the best news that could be heard, and I am more than glad that there was no violence worth mentioning at South St. Paul on the part of the strikers. It is certainly a most serious struggle between the men and the managers of the packing plants. I trust that the negotiations will come to a successful termination and that work will be immediately resumed at South St. Paul. The settlement of the strike will be a great relief to many men not directly interested in its outcome, for it jeopardized interests which everybody wants to see prosper, for on them depends largely the prosperity of the country."

STEADY DEMOCRAT, SAYS CLEVELAND

Continued From First Page

be sufficient to fill our measure of satisfaction so as to cause us to forget any fears of trepidation that may have vexed us during the days just past.

Sentiment Has Changed

"I do not overlook the fact that two clear and unimpeachable verdicts of the people stand recorded in favor of the gold standard, and that its perpetuity has been secured by federal enactment; but I insist that, in refusing to indulge in any further free silver or double standard vagaries, the convention did not, on account of existing conditions, merely make a virtue of necessity, but that it voiced instead an actual and wholesome change in sentiment among the rank and file of Democracy."

"Here is found abundantly sufficient cause for gratitude and congratulation on the part of all those who love true Democracy. I want to go further than this, and to express a reverent belief that certain convention utterances, apparently untoward, have worked together for Democracy's good and that a happy outcome has been reached through a leading wiser and more certain than the wit of man could have devised."

"Senator Tillman and I have occasionally differed; but I do not take offense if I applaud and give hearty concurrence to his expression of the belief that 'Providence has taken kindly hold on our affairs.'"

Davis Likes Parker

Special to The Globe
NEW YORK, July 20.—Ex-Senator Davis, accompanied by Norman E. Mack and Secretary Hendley, returned from Exopus tonight.

"I found Judge Parker to be an affable gentleman," said Mr. Davis. "He impressed me as a strong man. He comes up to everything I have ever heard about him."

"Yes," said Mack. "The two candidates fell in love with each other on sight."

That's right," Davis continued. "We did, and that just expresses my feelings for Parker."

Taggart Pledges Indiana

Special to The Globe
NEW YORK, July 20.—Thomas Taggart, when asked directly tonight as to the national chairmanship of Democratic committee, said: "If the Democratic leaders need me I will be ready to serve them to my utmost ability. Two words express my idea of the ticket of Parker and Senator Davis. It's a 'sure winner.' I hope New York state will do as well as Indiana. Indiana will go solid for Parker and Davis."

Will Bridge the Pasig

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 20.—The insular bureau of the war department has invited proposals for the erection of a steel bridge across the Pasig river at Manila in order to accommodate the increased traffic. The city of Manila is built on both sides of this river.

Will Let Us Protect Seals

ST. PETERSBURG, July 20.—Much satisfaction is expressed in official circles here at the United States' offer to take part in the protection of the seals at the Kommander islands, and it will doubtless be gladly accepted, unless objection is made by Great Britain, which has undertaken the task. But there is no reason to expect anything but Great Britain's cordial acquiescence.

ELKS LINE UP 15,000 STRONG ON PARADE

Robinson Is Elected Secretary
and Buffalo Selected for
Next Meeting

CINCINNATI, Ohio, July 20.—Elks to the number of 15,000 in uniform, with many floats and designs and forty bands, with a total of 1,200 horns, made up the great parade of the grand lodge on the main day of its fortieth meeting. Following the parade were barbecues in the parks, with refreshments for the multitudes. While all sorts of entertainments were in progress late in the afternoon and evening, the grand lodge held a business session to elect a grand secretary, all other officers having been elected last night. There had been much agitation over the administration of retiring Grand Secretary Reynolds, and a lively contest for his place.

After repeated ballots last night for grand secretary, the first ballot today resulted as follows: Fred C. Robinson, Dubuque, 313; T. R. A. Burke, Richmond, Vt., 286; David L. Watson, Toledo, 18. There were several scattering votes. Frank T. Hier, of Cincinnati, then entered the race, and Robinson received 273 votes.

Robinson Has Hot Time

When it was announced that Robinson finally had a majority of 2, his friends carried him down the center aisle on a chair and there was a great demonstration. Robinson is a small man, and he was carried around on the shoulders of his friends for some time, and at times was tossed from one to the other, like a ball.

Buffalo was chosen for the forty-first meeting place next July.

Tonight there was a large ball at the Exposition building, given by Shriner in honor of the visiting Elks, while other entertainments were in progress in different parts of the city. Tomorrow morning the "session of sorrow" will be held, with many events for the afternoon and evening.

SOUTH DAKOTA PARTY ARRIVES IN FRISCO

Includes Gov. Herreid and Daughter,
Who Will Christen Cruiser

SAN FRANCISCO, July 20.—Gov. Charles N. Herreid, of South Dakota, and a party of ten have arrived here to participate in the ceremony attendant upon the launching of the cruiser South Dakota at the Union Iron works next Thursday.

Miss Grace Herreid, daughter of the governor, will christen the new warship. Immediately after the ceremony the party will return home by the Northern route.

BEDE MAKES MERRY FOR CHAUTAUQUANS

W. J. Bryan to Talk at Albert Lea Meeting,
Which Is Great Success

Special to The Globe
ALBERT LEA, Minn., July 20.—Congressman J. Adam Bede and M. J. Wade, of Iowa, kept a large crowd greatly interested for two hours this afternoon at the Chautauqua, and each speaker was warmly applauded. Each speaker was heard three times, the opening being thirty minutes, then twenty, and five minutes to close. While the debate was good-humored the speakers did not hesitate to crack smarting jokes upon each other and the parties.

Saturday afternoon W. J. Bryan will be the attraction, and he is to speak upon his impressions of Europe with a dash of politics thrown in. The Chautauqua has been a great success.

TEXTILE WORKERS DECIDE TO STRIKE

Thirty Thousand Operatives Will Go Out
in Fall River

FALL RIVER, Mass., July 20.—By a vote of 1,510 to 396 the textile workers tonight decided to strike on July 25 in all of the so-called union cotton mills of Fall River, where a 12½ per cent reduction in wages has been announced, to become operative next Monday. Thirty thousand employees are affected.

When in doubt as to how your money should be invested, read "The Globe's Paying Wants."

Visitors Welcome

You are always welcome at this store, and don't feel obliged to buy when you come. We'll be glad to have you make this store your headquarters; use the rest room on the second floor, the free telephones, and the thousand and one other conveniences provided for your use and comfort.

Schuneman & Sons

The Northwest's Greatest Store. Sixth and Wabasha Streets.

Wash Goods Remnants

These qualities and these prices have taken St. Paul by storm. Women are buying not only for present wants, but for next summer as well. Thursday's special bargain offerings include these two:

Remnants of Voiles, fine Batistes, Gingham, Chambrays and Duck Suitings, in lengths for all purposes at, per yard..... **8c**

Remnants of Batistes, Lawns, Cords, Gingham, Calicoes and Challes, in good, usable lengths—at, per yard..... **4c**

There are many other special lots, including the entire range of washable materials, and the prices range at half and less than half regular value.

Ladies' Underwear

Worth to 19c for 11c.

Cotton Vests, in plain and drop-stitch, fancy lace trimmed, some with short sleeves, in colors pink, sky and white. Your choice Thursday at..... **11c**

Our regular 15c to 19c values.

Hammocks

We have two lines of hammocks to sell Thursday at prices far below actual value:

First lot..... **98c** Second lot..... **\$1.24**

No more to be had at these prices after these are gone.

MINNESOTA BUTTER LEADS IN SCORING

North Star Dairymen Distance
All Competitors in World's
Fair Tests

WORLD'S FAIR GROUNDS, ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 20.—The names of the winners in the first two of the four butter tests to be made at the fair were announced today.

In the first test W. F. Stahlman, of Loretto, Minn., H. H. Jensen, of Clark Grove, Minn., and M. Sundergast, of Hutchinson, Minn., tied for high score on creamery butter, each securing 98½ points.

In the second test W. A. Padden, of Plato, Minn.; N. C. Siveling, Knatvold, Minn., and W. B. Johnson, of Arlington, Iowa, tied on creamery butter with 98½ points each. Mrs. M. Holmes, of Orono, Minn., won both tests on dairy butter, securing 95 points on the first and 95½ on the second.

The next tests will begin Sept. 15. The butter scoring the highest average in the four tests, will receive the world's fair award.

AGREEMENT IS SIGNED AND 74,000 MEN WILL GO TO WORK

Continued From First Page

on Saturday. With the probabilities of the strike spreading, the allied trade unions took a hand in the controversy, and, after a conference lasting three hours, tonight, the whole trouble was amicably settled.

DOCTOR DOES WORK OF CATTLE SLAYERS

Done the Overalls and Swings Sledge
on Animals in Pen

CHICAGO, July 20.—Dr. Frederick Rupert von Kitch, chief of the Swift company's surgical staff, dropped his broadcloth today, donned the overalls and went to the killing pen to slaughter cattle. The doctor is a graduate of the University of Heidelberg and is a member of the German aristocracy. He showed that he could handle a hammer as readily as he handles a lancet. He stood above the cattle pen and struck down the steers one by one, with an aim so true and a blow so hard that there was no excuse for complaint to the humane society.

ATLANTIC STEAMERS

Port. Arrived. Sailed.
Hongkong.....Siberia.....Venture.
Sydney.....Oscar II.
New York.....Majestic.
New York.....Oscar II.
Copenhagen.....United States.
Genoa.....Perugia.
Newport.....Ethiopia.
Halifax.....Cartaginian.
Glasgow.....Ivernia.
Quebec.....Sardinia.
Genoa.....Hellas.
Christiana.....Hellas.
Liverpool.....Teutonic.

CASORIA

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Little*

Young Hair

That means rich hair, heavy hair, no gray hair. Is yours thin, short, gray? Just remember, Ayer's Hair Vigor always restores color to gray hair, all the dark, rich color it had years ago. It stops falling of the hair, also. Has been tested for 50 years.

"About a year ago my hair nearly came out. I thought I would try Ayer's Hair Vigor. I used only one bottle of it, and now my hair has come in thick and a little curly."—Mrs. Lizzie M. Smith, Saratoga, N. Y.

Small. All druggists. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Closing Out Crockery

LOOK **1/2 Off** WE TRUST YOU

One Haviland China Ice Cream Set, in Pink Lilies of the Valley Decoration. Something very fine. Was..... \$5.50 Now..... **\$2.75**

One Tete-a-Tete Set, Haviland China, Decoration in Pink Daisies, consisting of large Tray, Tea Pot, Sugar, Cream and two Cups and Saucers. Was..... \$8.00 Now..... **\$4.00**

The blue-bordered Gibson Plates, the Widow Series, something new and novel, just the thing for wall decorations, no two alike. Was..... 50c each Now..... **25c each**

SMITH & FARWELL CO.

The Home Furnishers. Sixth and Minnesota Streets, St. Paul.