

NEWS OF THE CITY

The temperature at 2:30 a. m. was 12 degrees below zero, no change since 7 p. m.

Political Equality Club to Meet—The St. Paul Political Equality club will meet this evening at Miss Fowle's, 309 Iglehart street.

Fred Schiffmann's Condition Improves—Fred C. Schiffmann is confined to his home suffering from influenza, but is not considered in immediate danger.

Judge Buck Appointed—Judge H. L. Buck, of Winona, former chairman of the Democratic state central committee, was appointed as a judge of the Winona normal school by Gov. Johnson yesterday.

Lynch Assumed Duties—E. G. Lynch, of St. James, assumed the duties of the assistant labor commissioner yesterday afternoon, succeeding W. H. Harrington of St. Paul, who held the position under John O'Donnell.

Will Select Delegates—Delegates from twenty-four camps of the Modern Woodmen in Ramsey county will be selected some time in February for the county camp which meets on the first Wednesday in April.

Col. Welch Joins the Staff—Gov. Johnson yesterday appointed Ernest L. Welch, of St. Paul, as a member of his staff. Mr. Welch will rank as colonel. He is a former resident of Henderson, where he had been prominent in Democratic politics.

Deny Vagrancy Charge—Mamie Janson and Katie Carlson, arrested Wednesday night on the charge of vagrancy by Detective Fraser entered pleas of not guilty to the charge in the police court yesterday morning and their cases were continued.

Assistance Unappreciated—Because he thought he knew more about fighting fires than the firemen Coleman McDonough attempted to run things at a fire on the West side yesterday afternoon and was arrested. He was sent to the workhouse for thirty days.

Killed in Runaway—Word was received yesterday that Mrs. George Mumby, of Williston, N. D., had been killed in a runaway on the Great Northern place Monday afternoon. Mrs. Mumby is survived by a sister, Miss Ellen Newell, of this city, living on East Seventh street.

BUILDING IN RUNS

Flames Destroy Stores in West Side District

A two-story brick building at State street and Fairmount avenue, owned by Harry Edelson, was destroyed by fire yesterday afternoon, nothing but the blackened walls and a few beams remaining on the building and contents reaches \$5,000; covered by insurance.

The ground floor of the building was occupied by the saloon of M. J. Malloy, 123 State street, a dining store run by Mrs. J. Weinstein, 124 State street, and the grocery store of R. Michaels, 126 State street. Edelson's baker shop was located in the basement. The second story was occupied by the owners of the stores.

The blaze started shortly after noon from a defective chimney on the second floor and spreading rapidly to the roof was soon beyond the control of the firemen. A special call was sent in for more apparatus and three engines were sent from the downtown district. In spite of the heroic efforts of the firemen the blaze spread to all parts of the building and about 2 o'clock the roof fell in.

CHURCH SENDS CALL TO ONTARIO PASTOR

Pulpit of Ninth Presbyterian Church offered to Rev. W. T. Hall

The congregation of the Ninth Presbyterian church, Broadway and Fairmount avenue, sent a unanimous call to Rev. W. T. Hall yesterday. The pulpit of the church has been vacant for several months since Rev. H. W. Knox, its former pastor, accepted a call to Thiel River Falls, although an attempt was made last fall when Rev. J. F. Hall, a brother of the man who has just been called, was asked to take the parish and could not accept. Rev. W. T. Hall now has a parish in Salisbury, Ont.

Permits to Erect Poles

The council committee on streets yesterday favorably upon the application of the Twin City telephone company to be allowed to erect poles upon St. Albans street from the alley lying between Fairmount and Cecelia avenues to Pleasant avenue and upon the south side of that alley. Other applications for the erection of poles by both telephone companies met with the approval of the committee.

REDAIDS

The Pike

A delicious confection Cookie, sold regularly at 15c per pound—put in the special price for one day only, 9c per pound. Something new—part cookie, part candy. Try it.

ORANGES

Fancy Navel, per box, \$2.00. Per dozen, \$1.60, 12c, 15c, 20c. Fancy Seedling, per can, 7c. Per dozen, \$7.00, 10c, 12c, 15c.

APPLES

Washington Apples, per bushel box, 90c. Jonathan Eating Apples, bushel box, 85c. Fancy New York Apples, by the barrel, bushel or peck. Fancy Michigan Apples, by the barrel, bushel or peck.

CANNED GOODS, ETC.

Pennsylvania Sugar Corn, per can, 5c. White Haven Indiana Tomatoes, can, 7c. Bay State 12c Peas (Early July), per can, 7c. Sweet Sifted Early Peas, per can, 9c. Beans, per can, 11c. 3-lb can Pharoah Peas, per can, 11c. 3-lb can Baldwin Apples, per can, 8c. 3-lb can Logan Blueberries, per can, 8c. Golden Wax Beans, per can, 5c. String Beans, per can, 7c. 3-lb Dell's Brand Soup, per can, 7c. 3-lb can Bull Brand Beans, per can, 7c. Silver Cow Condensed Cream, 3 cans, 10c.

ADVOCATE REVISION OF REVISED CODE

County Attorneys Spend Day Compiling Flaws in Work

Sixty-five county attorneys, members of the County Attorneys' association of Minnesota, spent all day yesterday considering the revised code and the Laybourn bill to abolish the grand jury under certain conditions.

The attorneys were agreed that the revised code requires revising and appointed a committee of five men who will confer with the house and senate judiciary committees today.

On the grand jury bill the attorneys were not unanimous, and they indulged in rhetorical displays that warmed the old supreme court chamber in spite of the frigidty of the weather. No vote was taken, for the debate showed the prosecuting attorneys to be hopelessly divided on the merits of the grand jury system.

Guard Their Sentiments

Inasmuch as the county attorneys are elected by men who would be affected by the abolition or abrogation of the grand jury system, it is not surprising that no statement of the preferences of the individual members of the association should be given to the public. It was said, however, that the county attorneys approved of that feature of the Laybourn bill which will permit a man to plead to a felony before a judge of competent jurisdiction, and upon the terms of his sentence without having to wait for the regular term of the district court for his county to convene.

Names Committee

President George T. Simpson yesterday appointed a committee, consisting of C. L. Hilton, Ferguson Falls; J. H. Maybury, Crookston; Constant Laro, Alexandria; and C. M. Crandall, Worthington, to confer with the proper subcommittees of the house and senate judiciary committees as to the names of the judges relating to the duties of county attorneys. The committee met last evening at the office of the attorney general in the capitol building.

CARS LISTED WRONG

The St. Paul City Railway company, represented by its attorneys, was an applicant before the board of abatement at the session in the city chambers yesterday, asking that \$158,333 be cut from the assessment levied against it by the state board of equalization.

Trolley Company Wants Tax Assessment Cut

The St. Paul City Railway company, represented by its attorneys, was an applicant before the board of abatement at the session in the city chambers yesterday, asking that \$158,333 be cut from the assessment levied against it by the state board of equalization.

CARS LISTED WRONG

The St. Paul City Railway company, represented by its attorneys, was an applicant before the board of abatement at the session in the city chambers yesterday, asking that \$158,333 be cut from the assessment levied against it by the state board of equalization.

Trolley Company Wants Tax Assessment Cut

The St. Paul City Railway company, represented by its attorneys, was an applicant before the board of abatement at the session in the city chambers yesterday, asking that \$158,333 be cut from the assessment levied against it by the state board of equalization.

REDINGTON DOES NOT WANT OUTSIDE HELP

City Clerk Would Prefer to Check Cycle Path Money in Office

The city clerk appeared before the council committee on streets yesterday afternoon to report on the money which was the intention of the Cycle Path association to put a man into his, the city clerk's office to oversee the collection of such assessments. Mr. Redington said that he did not wish to be construed as objecting to the request of the association, but that, as the addition to the funds which would pass through his office would be done and received by the department.

FROZEN WHEAT CASE HEARD BY LOCHREN

Decision Will Determine Amount of Duty on Damaged Grain

The case of the United States against the W. P. Devereux company, of Minneapolis, was up for trial before Judge Lochren in the United States circuit court yesterday. This case is more commonly known as "the frozen wheat case" and involves the duty on some frozen wheat which was imported by Devereux company from Winnipeg and which Customs Collector Peterson assessed at 25 cents a bushel. The importers appealed to the board of general appraisers, who ruled that the charge should have been 20 per cent ad valorem. Acting on instructions from the treasury department, District Attorney Horst appealed the case to the United States circuit court, where it is now being fought out.

PRISON CLAIMS MAN WANTED FOR POACHING

William Kerr Escapes Big Fine by Going to Penitentiary

The case of the state against William Kerr, of Lakefield, Minn., charged with attempting to export 2,000 ducks from the state in November, 1904, was abandoned by Sam F. Fullerton, agent for the state game and fish commission, yesterday. Kerr was tried on the same charge six months ago, convicted and fined \$20,000.

HUGE CRANE BREAKS

Workman at Wheel Works Is Seriously Injured

A serious accident occurred at the Great Wheel Works, on Stillwater avenue yesterday afternoon, when a huge crane used to hoist heavy iron tires from the forge broke near the pivot, throwing pieces of red hot iron in all directions.

REPRIMAND PENALTY FOR CAPT. O'CONNELL

Smelling Officer Punished for Being Absent Without Leave

COMPTROLLER BETZ ADVOCATES INNOVATIONS IN CITY'S LAWS

Urges Tax on Each Telephone and Telegraph Pole as Means of Driving the Wires Underground, and Suggests the Creation of the Office of City Statistician to Compile Municipal Reports—He Recommends the Appointment of a Commission to Consider Means of Lessening Burden of Taxation

Louis Betz, city comptroller, has issued his report covering the transactions of his department during 1904. He calls attention to the fact that in accordance with the resolution which was passed by the council in November the printing of a detailed description of each warrant issued was omitted.

He, however, recommends that in the next printing followed by the council in shortening his report be still further followed by the creation of the office of city statistician, which, he says, would greatly facilitate the publication of annual reports of the city officers.

Mr. Betz makes some radical recommendations in his forward, among other things suggesting that a license fee be exacted from telephone and telegraph companies for each pole erected and maintained in the city.

This, he says, would result in driving the wires under ground or adding to the fund of the city treasury.

He refers to the fact that the most progressive cities are those which have the largest bonded indebtedness and says that the municipal taxes all over the country have increased 100 per cent in the last twenty years because of the greater expenses that are now administered by city governments.

He declares that the most noted increases have been seen in towns where there is a tendency to keep away from bonded indebtedness.

He recommends that a commission be appointed to consider the matter of additional revenue if the property holders are to be relieved of some of the burdens of taxation in the future.

License on Vehicles

He comments on the system of paving and suggests a license for all vehicles, graded so that the wagon with the narrowest tire pays the most tax, while the wider the tire the less the cost of the license.

He would put the license fees derived from this source in a special fund to be used exclusively for keeping the roads in repair.

The report shows that the revenue of the city during the year was \$2,818,428, of which \$254,651 was in the shape of earnings of the various departments, such as the water department and workhouse.

The expenditures included \$1,916,244 under the head of ordinary expenses of the city government, \$1,272,000 on bonded debt and for the retirement and cancellation of bonds; \$117,294 for expenses in the furtherance of municipal enterprises, such as the maintenance of the water works and public market; \$374,617 for extraordinary expenditures for city government, and \$100,997 for extraordinary expenditures for municipal enterprises. The expenditures total \$2,008,525.

Among the extraordinary expenditures of the year were those for the new armory building, \$47,000, and new apparatus for the fire department, \$1,615. The other item of \$14,992 is charged for "assessments against exempt property." Other items are for land purchased, judgments paid, world's fair appropriation and new buildings at the park.

Expenses Exceed Receipts

It is pointed out that the expenditures were greater than the revenue, and Comptroller Betz shows that this is the result of spending the accumulation of certain funds that were not reimbursed by the departments in former years.

The following table shows the details of the per capita cost of city government for 1904, based on a population of 180,000:

General administration \$0.520 Public safety 2.705 Public charities and correction 0.295 Public highways and sanitation 1.615 Education and library 4.320 Recreation 0.715 Miscellaneous 2.946 Interest and public debt 2.775 Total per capita cost \$15.50

CARS MUST BE RED

Oil Inspector Orders Deputies to Enforce Law

J. A. McDermott, the newly appointed state oil inspector, is on the way to enforce the law that requires that all red cars and tanks only, and Mr. McDermott intends to see that the law is fulfilled to the letter.

He is preparing circulars which will be sent to his deputies throughout the state telling them to explain the law to the wholesalers and retailers of their districts and warn them that any reported violations of the law will be looked into immediately.

Mr. McDermott is, however, severely hampered by lack of funds, as the bill which placed the enforcement of the law under his department did not carry an appropriation with it and the regular appropriations hardly pay the operating expenses of the office, to say nothing of expensive law suits.

In most cases so far it has been necessary only to bring the law to the attention of the dealers and they have complied with it immediately. What trouble there has been has come up with the small dealers, who often object very strongly to throwing away their old cans or painting them. Since the law was passed there has not been a single large dealer who has objected to complying with it.

PRISON CLAIMS MAN WANTED FOR POACHING

William Kerr Escapes Big Fine by Going to Penitentiary

The case of the state against William Kerr, of Lakefield, Minn., charged with attempting to export 2,000 ducks from the state in November, 1904, was abandoned by Sam F. Fullerton, agent for the state game and fish commission, yesterday.

Kerr was tried on the same charge six months ago, convicted and fined \$20,000. The supreme court granted him a new trial, which was to have been held yesterday, but Mr. Fullerton went down to push the state's case. Kerr was charged with another offense and was convicted the day before Fullerton reached Lakefield. As Kerr is an old man and probably not live out the sentence which he will receive, the case against him was dropped on Mr. Fullerton's advice.

BOISTEROUS PASSENGER PAYS FINE AND COSTS

Ed Smith Makes Arrests to Law for Striking Brakeman

Ed Smith, colored, who was arrested Wednesday night charged with assaulting Joseph Ryan, a brakeman on the Great Western, was fined \$10 and costs by Judge Doss, of South St. Paul, yesterday.

REPRIMAND PENALTY FOR CAPT. O'CONNELL

Smelling Officer Punished for Being Absent Without Leave

Capt. John J. O'Connell, of the Twenty-eighth infantry, was reprimanded for being absent from duty without leave, in conformity with the sentence imposed upon him by a court-martial which met to try him last month.

Car approved the sentence and called the officer sharply to account for his offense. He said that it was the duty of the officers to present examples of discipline to the men, and that Capt. O'Connell's conduct in absenting himself from duty could not be so strongly criticized.

Gen. Carr then released the captain from arrest and restored him to duty.

Homer H. Abernathy, private in the Twenty-eighth infantry, was sentenced to three years' imprisonment and dishonor for desertion from the Twenty-eighth infantry, of the same regiment. Abernathy will serve his time in Fort Leavenworth, Kan. Buehler has recovered.

COLDS CAUSE SORE THROAT

Laxative Bromo Quinine, the world's best Cold and Grip remedy, removes the cause. Call for the full name and look for signatures of E. W. Groves.

RELIEF SOCIETY SUES THE POOR

Fuel and Clothing Is Furnished the Shivering Unfortunates

Great distress has been caused among the poor families of the city by the lack of fuel and clothing, and the Relief Society and other charitable organizations have been taxed to the limit to meet the demands for fuel and clothing.

All day long, from 6 o'clock in the morning until dark, ever since the cold set in, the waiting room of the Relief society has been packed with the suffering mass of humanity, most of them women, waiting for a turn to tell their needs to the secretary. Thread-worn and ragged garments, old shoes, and faces pinched by hunger and blue from the cold, all told the same story of the struggle with poverty, while the hopeless expression in the eyes of their owners showed that they regarded the struggle as a futile one.

When Secretary Hutchins appeared yesterday morning he was fairly besieged by eager women, armed with baskets, who begged piteously for just a little fuel or clothes for the children.

Many families have been supplied, but there is still some demand for aid, mostly for fuel, and many contributions have been received by the society from business men and merchants.

Families who have been set on their feet by the society and were able to take care of themselves under normal conditions have been forced to ask for help. This, however, has been impossible to buy enough fuel to keep from freezing.

Wagons Deliver Fuel

All day wagons were kept busy delivering fuel, and members of the different charitable organizations made visits about the city so that no one would be overlooked. As soon as a case of want was reported it was looked up, and if true was immediately attended to. Hundreds of blankets were delivered to the city, and in cases of sickness special measures were taken to provide against the cold.

While the demand for aid was widespread, there were not a few cases of extreme suffering, and Secretary Hutchins said last night that every family that had applied for aid had been attended to. There has been a liberal response to the call for help by the citizens, and the city's poor are now in a condition to withstand the weather.

Much Property Exempt

The property exempt from taxation makes a large total according to the report. The largest item in the list is that of the railroads, express and telephone companies and amounts to \$7,785,370. This property, of course, is assessed by other agencies than the municipality. The list follows:

United States government, \$1,670,310.00 State of Minnesota, 277,200.00 Property of Ramsey, 2,074,505.00 City of St. Paul, 2,074,505.00 Railroad, express, telephone, 7,785,370.00 Churches, 1,523,610.00 Educational institutions, 611,150.00 Hospitals, 264,610.00 Total, \$11,209,845.00

In the report Comptroller Betz shows a comparative table of assessed valuation, tax rate and tax levy from 1892 to 1894, which is as follows:

Total Tax rate Total Tax levys in dollars for city

1892 - \$125,235,589 \$2.00 \$1,680,500 1893 - 124,731,051 20.00 1,715,000 1894 - 123,424,424 19.00 1,297,000 1895 - 122,613,703 20.30 1,778,000 1896 - 93,107,741 21.40 1,312,000 1897 - 82,927,482 21.00 1,306,000 1898 - 83,032,482 21.00 1,376,000 1899 - 83,896,154 22.20 1,381,150 1900 - 86,527,646 24.00 1,251,900 1901 - 86,957,329 26.90 1,696,250 1902 - 90,089,155 31.00 2,650,900 1903 - 92,927,482 29.10 2,946,425 1904 - 95,775,382 27.00 1,806,685

From this it will be seen that the assessed valuation of all property in the city has decreased from \$125,000,000 in 1892 to \$95,000,000 last year. The tax revenue of the city last year, however, was \$1,806,685, as against \$1,680,500 in 1892. This result was accomplished by raising the rate of taxation from 20 to 27 per cent, and by the fact that the state, county and city rate in 1892 for each \$1,000 of assessed valuation, to \$7 for \$1,000 last year.

While the property subject to taxation in St. Paul is vastly more valuable now than it was fourteen years ago, the tax basis has been decreased and centralized so as to produce the needed revenue.

It will be noticed in the table that the rate of taxation increased generally as the assessed valuation of the taxable property decreased and its actual valuation increased.

The low point was reached in 1900, when the assessors returned the amount at \$86,900,000. The high mark for taxation was reached in 1902, when the taxes were levied in the proportion of \$31 for each \$1,000 of the assessment. Under this rate the city raised the highest amount of taxes and secured \$2,650,900.

REPRIMAND PENALTY FOR CAPT. O'CONNELL

Smelling Officer Punished for Being Absent Without Leave

Capt. John J. O'Connell, of the Twenty-eighth infantry, was reprimanded for being absent from duty without leave, in conformity with the sentence imposed upon him by a court-martial which met to try him last month.

Car approved the sentence and called the officer sharply to account for his offense. He said that it was the duty of the officers to present examples of discipline to the men, and that Capt. O'Connell's conduct in absenting himself from duty could not be so strongly criticized.

Gen. Carr then released the captain from arrest and restored him to duty.

Homer H. Abernathy, private in the Twenty-eighth infantry, was sentenced to three years' imprisonment and dishonor for desertion from the Twenty-eighth infantry, of the same regiment. Abernathy will serve his time in Fort Leavenworth, Kan. Buehler has recovered.

BOISTEROUS PASSENGER PAYS FINE AND COSTS

Ed Smith Makes Arrests to Law for Striking Brakeman

Ed Smith, colored, who was arrested Wednesday night charged with assaulting Joseph Ryan, a brakeman on the Great Western, was fined \$10 and costs by Judge Doss, of South St. Paul, yesterday.

Smith was charged with striking Ryan on the train, and when ordered to keep quiet by the brakeman struck him over the head with a dinner pail, inflicting an ugly cut. Ryan was unconscious for over an hour as the result of the assault.

Smith made his escape after the assault by jumping from the train, but was arrested on lower Seventh street by Detective Fraser late in the evening.

CHARLES BRING CITY

Talkey Sues City Railway, Alleging Inhuman Treatment

Claiming that he was thrown from an interurban car by the conductor and motorman, and that they so brutally beat and abused him that he will never recover from the injuries inflicted, George C. Talkey yesterday began an action in the district court to recover \$10,000 damages from the St. Paul City Railway company.

In his complaint Talkey, who was formerly employed in the fruit commission house of Samuel Cummings as a salesman, says that on May 30, 1904, he was a passenger on one of the defendant company's cars coming from Minneapolis to St. Paul, and that when Marion street and the intersection of the conductor, without any reason for doing so, stopped the car and proceeded to beat him.

Talkey alleges that the conductor, coming back to assist the conductor, neglected to open the gates to the exit and that they threw him against the gates with great force. He did not get through the gate with this first attempt and alleges that as he lay on the ground they trampled on him and kicked and then picked up and hurled over the gates.

Talkey alleges that in the encounter his left arm was dislocated at the elbow and that the injury has healed, leaving the joint stiff; that he was painfully injured internally and that he is wearing a brace for his ribs, contusions and cuts which have healed, but partially and have greatly incapacitated him for work.

Talkey alleges that in the encounter his left arm was dislocated at the elbow and that the injury has healed, leaving the joint stiff; that he was painfully injured internally and that he is wearing a brace for his ribs, contusions and cuts which have healed, but partially and have greatly incapacitated him for work.

Talkey alleges that in the encounter his left arm was dislocated at the elbow and that the injury has healed, leaving the joint stiff; that he was painfully injured internally and that he is wearing a brace for his ribs, contusions and cuts which have healed, but partially and have greatly incapacitated him for work.

Talkey alleges that in the encounter his left arm was dislocated at the elbow and that the injury has healed, leaving the joint stiff; that he was painfully injured internally and that he is wearing a brace for his ribs, contusions and cuts which have healed, but partially and have greatly incapacitated him for work.

Talkey alleges that in the encounter his left arm was dislocated at the elbow and that the injury has healed, leaving the joint stiff; that he was painfully injured internally and that he is wearing a brace for his ribs, contusions and cuts which have healed, but partially and have greatly incapacitated him for work.

Talkey alleges that in the encounter his left arm was dislocated at the elbow and that the injury has healed, leaving the joint stiff; that he was painfully injured internally and that he is wearing a brace for his ribs, contusions and cuts which have healed, but partially and have greatly incapacitated him for work.

Talkey alleges that in the encounter his left arm was dislocated at the elbow and that the injury has healed, leaving the joint stiff; that he was painfully injured internally and that he is wearing a brace for his ribs, contusions and cuts which have healed, but partially and have greatly incapacitated him for work.

Talkey alleges that in the encounter his left arm was dislocated at the elbow and that the injury has healed, leaving the joint stiff; that he was painfully injured internally and that he is wearing a brace for his ribs, contusions and cuts which have healed, but partially and have greatly incapacitated him for work.

Talkey alleges that in the encounter his left arm was dislocated at the elbow and that the injury has healed, leaving the joint stiff; that he was painfully injured internally and that he is wearing a brace for his ribs, contusions and cuts which have healed, but partially and have greatly incapacitated him for work.

Talkey alleges that in the encounter his left arm was dislocated at the elbow and that the injury has healed, leaving the joint stiff; that he was painfully injured internally and that he is wearing a brace for his ribs, contusions and cuts which have healed, but partially and have greatly incapacitated him for work.

Talkey alleges that in the encounter his left arm was dislocated at the elbow and that the injury has healed, leaving the joint stiff; that he was painfully injured internally and that he is wearing a brace for his ribs, contusions and cuts which have healed, but partially and have greatly incapacitated him for work.

Talkey alleges that in the encounter his left arm was dislocated at the elbow and that the injury has healed, leaving the joint stiff; that he was painfully injured internally and that he is wearing a brace for his ribs, contusions and cuts which have healed, but partially and have greatly incapacitated him for work.

Talkey alleges that in the encounter his left arm was dislocated at the elbow and that the injury has healed, leaving the joint stiff; that he was painfully injured internally and that he is wearing a brace for his ribs, contusions and cuts which have healed, but partially and have greatly incapacitated him for work.

Talkey alleges that in the encounter his left arm was dislocated at the elbow and that the injury has healed, leaving the joint stiff; that he was painfully injured internally and that he is wearing a brace for his ribs, contusions and cuts which have healed, but partially and have greatly incapacitated him for work.

Talkey alleges that in the encounter his left arm was dislocated at the elbow and that the injury has healed, leaving the joint stiff; that he was painfully injured internally and that he is wearing a brace for his ribs, contusions and cuts which have healed, but partially and have greatly incapacitated him for work.

Talkey alleges that in the encounter his left arm was dislocated at the elbow and that the injury has healed, leaving the joint stiff; that he was painfully injured internally and that he is wearing a brace for his ribs, contusions and cuts which have healed, but partially and have greatly incapacitated him for work.

Talkey alleges that in the encounter his left arm was dislocated at the elbow and that the injury has healed, leaving the joint stiff; that he was painfully injured internally and that he is wearing a brace for his ribs, contusions and cuts which have healed, but partially and have greatly incapacitated him for work.

Talkey alleges that in the encounter his left arm was dislocated at the elbow and that the injury has