

# THE MONTGOMERY TRIBUNE.

VOL. IX.

MONTGOMERY CITY, MISSOURI, FRIDAY, JANUARY 11, 1901.

NO. 13

Though the Hawaii Delegate in Congress has no vote in the House, he draws in mileage, \$2,000 as a consolation prize.

Colonels A. W. Lafferty and James Ball were in St. Louis Wednesday, trying the Donaldson case in the Court of Appeals.

An American soldier sends home from Luzon a narrative of "a hike eastward toward the Pacific." Old geographical ideas have been much revised during the past two years.

Erecting a hole in the ground is hardly a myth in Alaska, where a telegraph pole is set in a blasted opening, and water poured around the base to freeze solid.

A Georgia woman netted \$2660 last year by making old fashioned cane syrup after her mother's recipe. The introduction of glucose trash has opened an opportunity to honest workers.

## CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE.

For the benefit of a number of inquiring friends we give below the names of the Republican Congressional Committee for this the 9th District of Missouri:

Gasconade county, R. A. Breuer, Herman; Ralls county, Dr. W. L. Birney, Oakwood; St. Charles county, T. C. Breuer, St. Charles; Pike county, F. L. Wilson, Bowling Green; Crawford county, J. M. Munro, Cuba, Mo.; Audrain county, Hon. W. M. Treloar, Mexico; Lincoln county, Dr. S. R. McKay, Troy; Montgomery county, D. W. Major, Montgomery City; Warren, Hon. W. L. Morsey, Warrenton or St. Louis.

W. L. Morsey, Chairman. S. R. McKay, Secretary of Committee.

## THE STORM.

The heavy sleet that began to fall here on Tuesday night continued all day Wednesday and telephone wires all over town began to give way under their heavy load of ice. Maple trees suffered more than any other in town. The streets and sidewalks on Thursday morning were thoroughly obstructed by broken limbs that gave way under their big load of ice.

By 5 p. m. Wednesday, 35 telegraph poles between here and Wellsville were reported to be down. By half after six, 244 poles were reported down, or all between this place and Wellsville except about twenty. A heavy wind swept across the country between here and Wellsville about six o'clock p. m. and the poles went down as so many straws.

Between here and St. Louis, not so much damage was done although the wires were down and telegraph and telephone messages had to wait for repairs on the lines. The electric lights were off Wednesday night and our city was in the dark.

## FLORY'S POSITION.

Hon. Joseph Flory recent republican nominee for Governor of Missouri, and railroad commissioner, has issued a statement to the public defining his position in regard to his holding the office should Gov. Stephens attempt to appoint a successor to Mr. Harrington the democrat who was elected to succeed Flory, but died a few weeks ago. Mr. Flory's statement is as follows: "There has been much unnecessary speculation concerning my position as to the office of railroad commissioner. The will of the people respecting that office has been disappointed by the untimely death of Mr. Harrington.

I have been advised that under the circumstances there is no vacancy to be filled by appointment, and that my term continues until the next general election.

I am aware that a different opinion is entertained by some lawyers, whose abilities entitle their views to respect.

Personally, I have no desire to continue,

on narrow technical grounds, in office beyond the period for which I was elected. The will of the people in such matters should serve as nearly as possible. As the death of Mr. Harrington makes it impossible to carry out that will in express terms, any appointment to the office on the assumption that a vacancy will occur should be made by the Governor, who was elected at the same time and by the same majority of voters who elected Mr. Harrington. Against any other attempted appointment I will feel constrained to defend my title to the office.

JOSEPH FLORY.

The St. Louis Republic commenting on Mr. Flory's position says:

"Mr. Flory's position in regard to the railroad commissioner's office is commendable. He states the honorable and correct view when he says that the will of the people should be obeyed and that he is ready to retire that a successor may be appointed by the Governor elected on the ticket with the lamented Joseph Harrington. He is within his rights when he says that he will contest any other appointment."

## Christian Education.

Extract From Dr. J. J. Rice's Paper Watch Night, in Fulton, Mo.

Sometimes you hear it said that there is too much college education.

Well, let us see; we have nearly 75 million people; how many of them are in college?

Teachers, 12,475; students, 155,091—according to statistics of 1897.

Do you know what has made the United States the marvel of the world? Education. Russia spends twelve times as much for war as she spends for education. The United States spends twelve times as much for education as she does for war.

The results are two-fold; first, such an enormous development of material wealth that the United States is acknowledged to be the richest nation on the face of the earth, and to-day a tramp may enjoy comforts that Geo. Washington, the millionaire of a century ago, could not buy; second, a civil and religious liberty without a parallel in the history of fifty centuries.

You will be surprised, perhaps, when I tell you that the new things—the new advances in education have, ninety times out of a hundred, originated in Christian schools and have been copied by State schools after their success has been demonstrated.—20th Cent.

## McKinley Will Meet Diaz.

When President McKinley visits El Paso on his way to California, after his inauguration, citizens of El Paso will arrange to bring President Diaz of Mexico for a visit to the border. The two chief executives of the great American republics are to meet, according to the program, at the center of the bridge over the Rio Grande. The incident promises to be one unique and memorable in the Southwest.

## \$5.00 In Gold.

Any Man, Woman or Child who will secure the Largest number of Cash Subscribers to the

Montgomery Tribune,

—AT—

\$1.00 Each.

Clubs must be in by Dec. 25th., 1900. Send your Subscriptions in as fast as they are secured and the one who secures the largest number above Ten by January 25th., will receive the \$5.00 in Gold. NOW is the time to BEGIN.

THE TRIBUNE PRINTING CO.  
Montgomery City, Mo.

Jefferson City, Mo., January 7.—The Missouri Democracy, through its official agents in the State House of Representatives to-day turned a big somersault and declared in specific terms for "Sound money, expansion and other progressive ideas of the present century." Mr. Carter the Republican member from Grundy offered the following resolution:

"Whereas, on the 5th day of January, 1815 was fought the memorable battle of New Orleans, which resulted in a glorious victory for American arms and immortalized the name of that grand old hero, Gen. Andrew Jackson; and

"Whereas, To commemorate the event and honor the name of Old Hickory, that staunch old Democrat of yore, who believed in the principles of sound money, expansion and other progressive ideas of the present century, we deem it appropriate to honor his memory and the glorious victory he won; therefore be it

Resolved, That the Adjutant General of Missouri order a salute of thirteen guns to be fired from the capitol grounds at noon January 8, 1901, in honor of Old Hickory and the battle of New Orleans."

To the great surprise of many of the Republican members, Mr. Murphy, one of their colleagues from St. Louis, violently opposed the resolution and boisterous scenes ensued. The St. Louis member undertook to make a disparaging comparison of Democratic statesmen of the old school and those of the new, but after a pointed declaration the spittoons were set to work, references were made aloud to members of Mr. Murphy's party and he was howled down.

The Carter resolution, however, was adopted, much to the merriment of the Republican members. Some of the Bryanized Democratic Representatives evinced signs of nervous disorder bordering on hysteria, and one of them rushed to Mr. Hackney, of Jasper, and urged him to amend the resolution by striking out the "sound money, expansion and other expressive ideas." The amendment was at once submitted, but promptly voted down, and the Democratic wing of the party of Bryan, Altgeld, Tillman, Weaver and others of their ilk stands pledged to the latest and soundest Republican doctrine.

## FIGHT OVER CLERICAL FORCE.

Democratic Caucus Adds Forty to the Number of Plums.

Jefferson City, Mo., January 8.—The clerical force wrangle began to-day, was in full blast to-night and promises to be fiercer than at the last memorable session. It opened when the following report was submitted by the committee on clerical force:

"Your committee on clerical force recommend the election of two reading clerks, and that all applicants for appointment in the House submit to the committee on clerical force application in writing indorsed by the member from their county."

After a number of inquiries for information and mutterings of discontent, the report was referred back to the committee. As a result of the Democratic House caucus to-night, held behind closed doors, the clerical force will be increased about forty members, as a starter, a sort of "feeler," as it were. Of course, it was asking the needy and worthy Democratic members too much to come down from 256 to 190 clerks and employees, and after a sober second thought the critical proposition was increased, and the force increased nearly 50 per cent. A new member insisted that the fight was "settled forever" when the caucus adjourned, but those who witnessed the endless strife over the clerical force two years ago ridiculed the statement.

It was decided to give every Democratic member one clerk at \$3.50 per day, including Sunday; committee chairmen, two clerks at the same figures; the chief clerk to

have a force of fifty employees, the engrossing clerk twenty, and the enrolling clerk seventeen. The chief clerk is allowed to appoint four clerks on his own account; the engrossing and enrolling clerks one each on their own account.

The Democratic members, excepting the committee chairmen, will be permitted to enter a free-for-all for the janitors, spittoon cleaners, sweepers, water carriers, superintendent of heating and ventilation and assistant custodian of the cloak room and assistant pages, etc.

Mr. Hackney of Jasper, who was presumed to lead his counsel to the caucus in behalf of Col. Phelps, led the fight on the floor for the increase.

H. Martin Williams, of St. Louis and W. L. McCleary of Platte, were elected reading clerks by the caucus.

In the Sedalia public schools the teachers have a "Parents' Day," one of the "Days" being held at the Broadway school recently. From two to four o'clock on Friday afternoon about 350 of the patrons, mostly ladies, were welcomed to the school. There was a short literary exercise in each room, the copy books, writing specimens, drawing specimens spelling books and various written exercises of each child were placed on its desk, the children were sent home and the parents invited to look at the work, compare, criticize and consult with the teacher, but above all to make the acquaintance of the teacher.

It was a good opportunity for the teachers and patrons to learn more of each other, and as a result to be in closer sympathy and more hearty co-operation. The better patron and teacher understand each other, the more effective will the school become. Sedalia's plan of "Parents' Day" is commended to other schools.

The report on the River and Harbor bill, submitted by Chairman Burton, contains much information concerning the appropriations carried by that bill, a total of \$59,935,415. The total number of improvements provided for are 408, of which 232 are rivers and 146 harbors. These were selected from improvements aggregating \$300,000,000, which U. S. Army engineers had estimated for.

Senator McComas predicts the formation of a Socialist party in the U. S. and that Mr. Bryan will be its leader and candidate for president. He cites Mr. Bryan's speeches in the late campaign as proof that he is already more of a socialist than anything else.

Some surprise was felt and expressed by the republican leaders of the house, who had long ago decided that the question of the restriction of suffrage in the South should not be taken up at this session of congress when Representative Olmsted, without conferring with anyone, and entirely upon his own responsibility, offered a resolution providing that such an investigation should be made before the re-apportionment bill was acted upon. Although Mr. Olmsted had a perfect right to do this, was somewhat surprising, and of course could have but one result—the shelving of his resolution, by sending it to the census committee. Even if there had been no other objection, it would not be possible to procure the information upon which to make even the most hurried investigation within the life of the present congress. There was a regrettable wrangle between Chairman Hopkins, of the census committee, the author of the committee re-apportionment bill, and Representative Littlefield, of Me., who is supporting the substitute introduced by Representative Burleigh, of Me., in which both gentlemen used unparliamentary language, and had to be called to order by acting speaker Dalzell. It is natural enough that Mr. Littlefield and the other Maine members should support the Burleigh bill, which retain the present number

of members from their state, while the Hopkins bill reduces it by one, but it is none the less regrettable that he should have seen fit to make personal attack upon Mr. Hopkins in supporting the bill. The fight over this bill is likely to go on all the week. It is entirely outside of party lines.

Hon. M. S. Quay is at his Washington home. When asked whether he entertained any doubts of his election, he said in a very positive tone: "I am just as confident of being elected to the Senate, if I live, as I am if the Pennsylvania legislature will meet on January 15th." Mr. Quay declined to discuss the story that he contemplated resigning shortly after re-entering the Senate, but his closest friends say the story is all moonshine, and that, unless something not now expected should occur, should cause him to change his mind, he will serve the entire term. So certain is his election regarded in Washington that he is already being congratulated on his return to the Senate, where he has many warm friends.

## This Preacher is Short.

Rev. W. M. Langtry, wife and little son, of Clayton, spent several days with Mrs. Langtry's parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Moore, near Flint Hill, last week. By the way, a good joke has leaked out on Rev. Langtry and has found its way into cold, cruel type. Soon after his taking charge of the Presbyterian church at Clayton, a stately carriage halted at the parsonage and a well dressed lady and gentleman inquired if the minister was in. Mrs. Langtry, suspecting what was wanted, invited them in and rushed back to the rear of the house where she gave a colored boy a quarter to rush down town and hunt up the preacher and send him home post haste. Mr. Langtry arrived and soon had the knot tied in his usual beautiful and impressive style, and the happy couple were soon being driven rapidly away to the city. But before departing, the groom very cautiously passed an envelope to the minister which was modestly placed in his pocket without notice. Soon after the sound of the horses' hoofs had died away, the minister and family repaired to an inner chamber, happy over the thoughts of the many Christmas presents they would purchase for themselves and little son with the contents of the envelope. The envelope was carefully opened, when to his behold, it contained the enormous sum of \$1. Now Mr. Langtry spends his evenings figuring up profit and loss as follows:

ASSETS.	
Cash on hand from marriage	\$ 00
Total amount of assets	\$1.00
LIABILITIES.	
Cash to negro boy	\$ 25
Recording marriage license	1.00
Total amount of liabilities	\$1.25
RECAPITULATION.	
Total amount of liabilities	\$1.25
Total amount of assets	1.00
Total amount of deficit	\$ 25

It has been intimated that Mr. Langtry will get out a bond issue to cover the amount of deficit.—Wentzville Union.

No brother Dickey, there is no use to issue the bonds. Brother Langtry can take the money out of his purse, pay the deficit and issue a "Certificate of Indebtedness on pale gray paper" place it away in his strong box and tax his congregation 5 per cent on it and he will have a good and safe investment.

C. C. Beck one of Montgomery county's most worthy young men and whose home until recently has been near Gamma, this county, has accepted a position with Park's Music House, Louisiana, Mo., and will make his headquarters in Montgomery City, after January 15th. Mr. Beck expects to handle everything in the music line from a Jews harp to a Piano or organ, sheet music orders will have his special attention.