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POTOSI JOURNAL.

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REPUBLICAN TICKET.

State Ticket.

Judge Supreme Court.
WILLIAM ROBINSON.
Superintendent Public Schools.
J. R. KIRK.
Railroad Commissioner.
JOSEPH FLORY.

For Congress,
JOHN H. RANEY.

For State Senator,
M. O. TAYLOR.

County Ticket.

Representative.
EUGENE C. BAUGHER.
Clerk County Court.
W. T. HUNTER.
Clerk Circuit Court and Recorder.
WILLIAM BENNETT.
Collector of Revenue.
MICHAEL M. FLYNN.
Sheriff.
HENRY L. SCOTT.
Assessor.
NORMAN F. ROBINSON.
Treasurer.
FREDERICK WILL.
Presiding Judge County Court.
GEORGE E. BRECKENRIDGE.
County Judge, 1st District.
JOSEPH C. COLEMAN.
County Judge, 2d District.
WILLIAM C. ION.
Prosecuting Attorney.
GARRET I. VAN ALEN.
Probate Judge.

.....
Coroner.
.....

Republican Speaking.

Hon. John H. Raney, the Republican nominee for Congress in this congressional district, will address the voters of Washington County at Potosi, on

Thursday, October 25th.

Republicans, turn out, and bring your Democratic friends with you.

THERE are no halls large enough to hold the people who are flocking to hear the Republican orators this year.

THE Democrats in this county are evidently getting badly scared, and are bringing out their best whips to bring the delinquents back into line.

IN last week's Independent we were likened unto a possum. Judging from the way our subscription list is growing the people of this county seem to be fond of possum.

EVERY time you buy a dollar's worth of white sugur you pay twenty-five cents to the sugar trust. This is what practical Democracy has done for you. Do you want any more of it?

NEW YORK Democrats are making Morton's election secure by fighting among themselves. The anti-machine members of the party have bolted Senator Hill and have nominated an opposition ticket.

THE party in power poses as an enemy of trusts. Will some one rise up and explain what Attorney-General Olney has done to enforce the anti-trust laws the Republican party placed upon the statute books.

THE Democrats say they stand pat upon the record the party has made. That is the only thing they have left to stand on, and the support is so rotten that lots of them are climbing down before the whole thing falls.

THE nominees on the Republican county ticket are all men of highest standing in the community and are worthy of any trust, yet there are some who would try to make the voters believe that these men are demons going about in human form.

THE "little," brainless," etc., JOURNAL is waking up quite an army of political writers for our contemporary across the street. If they really believe all they have been saying about us, it shows that it doesn't take much to scare them badly. Whistle loudly, boys, for you are pretty near the graveyard.

THE working of the new tariff law is tangling things up beautifully, and the latest thing it has accomplished is to involve the United States in a law suit with Brazil. The Brazilian exporters will bring action against our government for the amount of import duty that will be collected on imports from Brazil from the time the new tariff law went into effect until January 1st, 1895, which will amount to millions of dollars. This is the result of abrogating the reciprocity treaties without first giving notice of our intention to discontinue the treaties as the reciprocity laws demanded. If Brazil wins the indemnity suits, we may look for other cases of the same kind. Truly, the Democratic party is a grand muddler.

By their own acts the Democrats have condemned themselves, and now that defeat stares them in the face, they are trying to recover their lost prestige by bringing up issues that have long been dead and revive old prejudices. Ever since we started our paper they have been trying to force us into such a line of discussion, but could not, and now that they see the game is up, they have fallen into abuse. It has been our policy to show up the acts of the Democratic party of the present, not of the past. The people need no better argument to prove to them that Democratic legislation is wrong than the actions of that party within the last two years. There was no need for the Republicans to point out the bad character of the laws the past session of congress enacted or tried to enact, for the Democrats themselves exhausted their whole vocabulary of expletives in condemning their own acts.

WE don't believe we have a personal enemy in the world, but there are some men whom we know that are throwing clog after clog before our footsteps in trying to make a success of our business simply because we have undertaken to publish a Republican paper in connection with it. To such men the word "republican" acts like a red rag upon a mad bull, and they would rather have the community stagnate for want of business than to encourage republican enterprise. However, we are glad to say that such men are few and that we have the good will of a large majority of our citizens, and all the false reports that are circulated will have but little effect upon our ultimate success. We have heard rumor upon rumor as to who is backing this enterprise and put up the money for our first class outfit. For the benefit of those whom it may interest, we will say (and we believe our reputation for veracity is second to none), that our outfit was purchased with the savings of many hard years work at the printers case and that our backers are the good people of Washington county. We do not claim to be a second John McCullagh, but we have the courage of our convictions and whatever opinions are expressed in these columns are our own. In conclusion, we will say that this is not merely a campaign organ but a paper for the people and their interest is our interest.

THE Democrats claim that they put a tax on sugar in order to raise money to run the government with. Now let us see why it is that they havn't money enough to defray their expenses. When Mr. Harrison turned the government over to Mr. Cleveland there was a surplus of $124,000,000 in the treasury; the gold reserve fund of $100,000,000 was intact; the revenues of the country were sufficient to defray all the expenses of government and enough left over to provide for the payment of the national debt; business was prospering and our labor was all employed. This was the condition of the country when the Democratic party took up the reins less than two years ago. The first thing they did was to try and pass a law providing for the free coinage of silver. This caused gold to flow out of the treasury in a never-ceasing stream, and Secretary Carlisle began to encroach upon the gold reserve fund. To make this good, Mr. Carlisle issued bonds to the amount of $50,000,000, but this had no effect upon the outflow of gold and the reserve fund is still in a deplorable condition, and the people are saddled with the $50,000,000 additional debt. The party next began agitating the tariff question with the ultimate intention of establishing free trade. This resulted in a business depression, importations fell off and with it the revenues on which the government was dependent; our home industries were threatened, and manufactories were shut down, workmen were thrown out of employment and the country brought to the brink of ruin. Now the party had to find means of raising revenue. The House brought forth the Wilson bill with its income tax feature and passed it. The bill went to the Senate, and after many weary months of discussion and bargaining, the Senate loaded the bill with amendments, fought the income tax feature and added the tax on sugar, and then passed the bill in a shape that brought forth an indignant protest from the entire Democratic party. The House condemned it, but had to pass it because the Senate would not agree upon any other. The President refused to give the bill his signature and denounced the passage of it as an "act of party perfidy and dishonor." The bill now a law, but it brings in no revenue. The income tax feature of it is in such shape that it is doubtful whether it can be enforced at all. The sugar tax is being paid by the people since the bill became a law, but none of it goes into the treasury for several months yet, and before the government begins to derive any benefit from it the sugar trust will have robbed the people of forty or fifty million dollars. The party in power does not accept the present tariff law as a finality, but advocates further tariff reductions and as a consequence the business depression continues because of the uncertainty, and the revenues remain small. The party is trying to make ends meet by reducing the working force of the government and by cutting off pensions, still this will only be a drop in the bucket, and the next congress will have wrestle with a large deficiency.

The State Debt.

(See Walker's report page 120.)

Mr. Seibert in his little book says the Democratic party has reduced the State debt from twenty-one million in 1872 to six millions at the present time. Mr. Seibert knows in the first place, that according to his own report to the last legislature that the public debt (see page 16) is over eleven millions, and that the Democratic party has reduced the debt only a little over nine million dollars in twenty-two years. The debt on the first of January, 1871, was $26,[illegible] (see Walker's report, page 120). The general government has since paid to the state a vast sum of money, which belonged to all the people. The Democratic party used it to pay the public debt and issued certificates to the seminary fund. There are $4,331,[illegible] of these certificates now outstanding, and this added to Mr. Seibert's six millions represents the real debt. Mr. Seibert also knows this entire debt was a Democratic legacy to the state. It was saddled on the state to build railroads, and every dollar of the railroad debt was created prior to 1860, by Democratic legislation. When the Republican party came into power in this state, they found a Democratic debt of $[illegible] (see Walker's report, page 119). In the five years from 1865, the close of the war until they went out of power in 1870, they paid sixteen million dollars and left but little over twenty millions unpaid (see Walker's report, page 120). For five years after coming into power the Democratic party did not decrease the debt but $[illegible], and for the first three years on constantly increased it, and since then paid but about nine million dollars. In twenty-two years the Democratic party has been in power in this state, it has paid six million dollars less of the public debt than the Republican party paid in five years. Remember the Republican party came into power in this state, in the midst of war, with the state bankrupt, the bonds defaulted, the state obligations selling at fifty cents on the dollar, and no credit at home or abroad. In five years they decreased the debt nearly one half, restored public confidence and turned the State over to the Democratic party in a prosperous condition. The incidental expenses of the legislature before the war, was about five thousand dollars a session. Under Democratic extravagance in 1880 and 1890, it was $[illegible]. It was over eighty thousand dollars, in 1881 and 1882 and all the other departments have been run in the same way.

Blaine's Prophesy Verified.

Seven years ago, just after the delivery of Mr. Cleveland's famous tariff reform message, and while Mr. Mills, in his capacity as Chairman of the Committee on Ways and Means, was formulating the tariff bill of 1887, Mr. Blaine addressed a vast assemblage in Boston, apropos of what was then, as it is now, the palpitating question of the hour. In the course of his remarks, he said:

"I love my country and my countrymen. I am an American and rejoice every day of my life that I am. I enjoy the general prosperity of my country and know that the working men of this land are the best fed and the best clothed of any laborers on the face of the earth. Many of them have homes of their own. They are surrounded by all the comforts and many of the luxuries of life. I shudder, however, at the thought that the time must come when all this will be changed, when the general prosperity of the country will be destroyed. When the great body of workingmen in this land, who are now prosperous, will hear their wives and children cry for bread. That the day must come when the great factories and manufactories of this land will shut down, and there will be the space of a month, and the reason why it must be so is this: The great Southern wing of the Democratic party are determined to establish the doctrine of free trade in this land. They will be assisted by their Northern allies. The fight is now on. There is a great body of visionary, but educated men who are employed day by day in writing free trade essays and arguments in favor of that doctrine, which find their way into every Democratic newspaper in the land. The great body of our people have never experienced, themselves, the sufferings which always result when the protective principles are laid aside. Poisoned and excited by the wild statements of these writers, and the demagogic appeals of Democratic speakers, the result will be that, in the near future, those forces which are now working will be strong enough to defeat at the polls the party advocating the doctrine of protection. It must inevitably follow that uncertainty and doubt will ensue. The business men of the country, fearing the destruction, will decline to engage in business; consequently, mills will shut down and workingmen will be thrown out of employment. The people will then see, as we never have seen before, that they can not be prosperous and have work while this principle is threatened. In the midst of this suffering they will learn that the only way that they can be prosperous and happy is to vote for the party that will build up the industries by which they have gained a livelihood, because they can clearly see that where a manufactory is shut down there is no demand for the thing which they have to sell and that is their labor.

BELGRADE, October 15, 1894.

ED. JOURNAL:

In the issue of the Independent of September [illegible] [illegible] with a whip in each hand marching around the ring circus to whip the Democrats into line, and he finds that he makes such slow progress, that he falls back and lets the Republicans "whip over" ought to have learned ere this, that Republicans know no retreat.

And, again, I notice that "Old reliable" attempts to uphold Democracy and denounces the free Republican candidates. He also attempts to dignify the Wilson tariff bill, for which his party ought to feel grateful, for so bill never got beyond defense proof and got less than this miserable combination of free trade and protection. It taxes sugar and puts coal upon the free list; it admits free the wool produced by pauper labor of South America, but lays a duty on peanuts! violates all the theories of the Democratic party since 1860, and places [illegible] free trade Britain and Australia. [illegible] Democrat can boast of the [illegible] of the Democratic party since 1892, he possesses both philosophy and gall. In less than two years a Democratic President and congress made tramps and idlers of 1,000,000 American workmen; it closed our workshops and stopped the wheels of industry; it beggared the merchant and farmer; it destroyed confidence and has sown the seeds of anarchy.

If Missouri Democracy cannot see in the motions given Governor McKinley in our own State the downfall of free trade Democracy, then they would not believe "though one came from the dead." The American people can be fooled sometimes, but they can not be fooled twice in so short a time by Democratic bluster and false promises.

"Observer" has stooped so low down in referring to the G. A. R. as "spunges," that I wonder that the decent element of the Democratic party don't disavow him. He also appears to be particularly fond of singing and.

In conclusion let me say, that when the people vote in November next, the Democrats can sing "good-bye Grover, good-bye," and Wilson can then find time to banquet with his English free trade friends as often as he desires, as he will not be needed any longer in congress.

Yours to F. C. and L.,
"G. A. R."

STOVES,
Cheaper Than Ever,
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HOWELL'S,
EXCLUSIVE DEALER IN
Stoves and Tinware,
POTOSI, MO.
Satisfaction Guaranteed. Give him a call.

Notice For Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT LEXINGTON, MO., September 26th, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the Probate Court, at Potosi, Mo., on Saturday, November 10th, 1894, viz:

Joseph Kirby, homestead entry No. [illegible] for the southwest quarter of the southwest half of section twenty-six (26), and southeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section twenty-seven (27), township thirty-seven (37), range one (1) east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

James Loeller, Frank Loeller, Vincent Allen, Joseph H. Walton, All of Potosi, Mo.

JAMES H. CLARK, Register.

CONNOLLY'S.

In the lead, as usual, with the most

MAGNIFICENT STOCK OF GOODS

EVER SEEN HERE.

We appreciate the fact that shrewd buyers will trade where they can get the greatest value for their hard-earned dollars. A glance at our stock will convince the shrewdest buyers that

They Can Save Money by Trading with Us.

Never before in the history of Potosi have you ever seen such a Dazzling Display Of all kinds of goods at such low prices as we are now showing.

Dress Goods OF EVERY KIND. We know it to be a positive fact that we have a better assortment of staple and fancy Dress Goods than any store in Southeast Missouri.

CLOTHING FOR ALL MANKIND.

In this era of low prices, we can fit you out with an elegant outfit at a very, very small cost.

Space will not permit an extensive description of our stock, so we invite the people of this and adjoining counties to call and inspect our magnificent display.

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HOTEL AUSTIN,
POTOSI, - - MISSOURI.
Location the most central. All appointments First Class.
BARBER SHOP AND BATH ROOM ATTACHED.
Free Bus and Sample Room for Guests. Rates per Day, Week or Month most reasonable.
WM. M. SETTLE, MANAGER

OFFICE HOURS:
9 to 12 a. m.
AND FROM
1 to 5 p. m.

E. W. BLISS,
DENTIST,
Office in the Heinrich Building, over Post Office.
POTOSI, MO.

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Propose to Continue Business
AT THE OLD STAND,
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General Stock of Goods,
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Prices to Suit the Times.
Please Call And
EXAMINE OUR GOODS.