

DR. MARY WALKER has retired from public life, but the bicycle is accomplishing what she left undone.

It may not be generally known that the Hudson river is salty as far as Poughkeepsie, 75 miles from its mouth.

DIAMONDS valued at \$14,000,000 were taken from the mines at Kimberley, South Africa, during the year ending October 31.

The swell visiting card in China is a nubby piece of red paper about 4 inches wide and 2 inches long, with the name in black characters.

MRS. SCOTT, of Denver, routed three burglars and then fainted. She will go on record as one of the few women who ever carried a fainting fit.

MISS ANNA GOULD has the heart of a Coney Island summer girl. She has already turned down three princes, one count, one judge and an actor.

The historic world in holding its breath. Lotia has turned her attention to painting, and, if successful, the stage will know her no more.

A black basalt statue covered with fine inscriptions has been found on the site of the great palace of the kings of Babylon, where Belshazzar held his feast.

The old Poplar Point lighthouse, at the harbor of Newport, R. I., was sold at auction for four thousand dollars. Lighthouses do not come so high when Uncle Sam sells as when he builds them.

In proportion to the population France has more money in circulation than any other country. In France it averages \$40.50 per capita; in the United States, \$24.34; in England and Germany, \$18.42.

At one stroke the Italian government has suppressed fifty-five labor associations. Some of the societies were centers of dangerous propaganda among the working classes and menaced the public peace.

MOHAMMEDANISM seems bent upon the destruction of Christianity in Armenia. The recent massacre of 10,000 people is only one of ten in a series. Six occurred prior to 1855, one in 1859, and the others in 1876, 1878 and 1894. Armenia now has a population of about 5,000,000.

A gigantic lion's head of the finest Greek marble, seven feet high and in excellent preservation, was recently unearthed by some workmen at Kertch, in the Crimea. It is supposed to belong to the seventh or eighth century before Christ. It is to be sent to St. Petersburg and exhibited there.

It is gratifying to know that American shipyards can turn out first-class vessels for the merchant marine as well as men-of-war. The St. Louis, launched recently at Philadelphia, is the largest ship of that class ever built in western waters, and the St. Paul, which will be ready for launching August 1, is a companion craft.

When the late Oliver Wendell Holmes was in the zenith of his career an anonymous writer sent to him a few lines of verse and asked Mr. Holmes' opinion as to the worth while of the writer's continuing to write poetry. "Yes, by all means," replied the author. His correspondent was Hirt Hart, then a California newspaper reporter.

The Altruistic colony which was started in Ohio last spring to carry out Mr. Howells' ideas of a socialistic and ideal state has gone to pieces after a short and troubled career. All these patent ways of ushering in the millennium come to naught in the same way. It is a pretty hard world for the habitual discontents and the dreamers, but they will have to put up with it. No one and no system can relieve them of their cares and sorrows.

MUSH and milk surprise parties are popular in some eastern localities. Those who make the party sweep down upon the subject of the surprise with a box of corn meal and a jug of molasses. The mush is set to boil, the molasses is turned into taffy and abundantly pulled, cakes are baked, apples pared, and the mush is eaten along with fresh milk and rich cream. The mush and milk surprise furnishes a maximum of fun for a minimum of expenditure.

WILLIAM HAMMOND, of Eldrid, Sullivan county, N. Y., keeps 400 dogs. To properly support this canine army he has a bakery and meat-chopping machine, which in combination use up ten barrels of flour and half a ton of meat a week to make dog biscuits. These dogs do not all belong to Mr. Hammond. They are the property of sportsmen in New York, Brooklyn and Philadelphia. Hammond is a professional trainer of hunting dogs, and he is handling and breaking these dogs in the woods and covers of Sullivan county for service in the field and chase. Twenty hired men assist him.

The death of Anton Rubenstein in his Russian home marks the passing of one of the greatest figures in modern music. As a pianist he was reckoned the peer of Liszt and was remarkably prolific and potent as a composer. While he has been before the public for half a century he was at the time of his death in his prime as far as bodily vigor and artistic usefulness were concerned. For years he had stood alone on the great height, and now it is natural in the shadow of his biographer to say there is no musician to take his place. Time, however, will develop a new David to take up the harp.

GALUPLIA A. GROW, of Pennsylvania, may claim to be the champion majority-getter of the United States. He served continuously from the same district from 1851 to 1863 with majorities ranging from 8,000 to 13,000. Last February, as congressman at large, his plurality was 188,394. At the last election his plurality over Meyer was 241,015, and his majority over all Democrats, prohibition and social labor, was 204,514, the largest majority ever received by a candidate in the United States. Hastings, the governor-elect, crowded Grow, but did not reach the record breaker. His plurality was 241,897.

Epitome of the Week.

INTERESTING NEWS COMPILATION.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The arrangements were nearly completed for beginning construction of the American Methodist university in Washington.

The secretary of state has authorized Ministers Denby and Dun to conduct negotiations for peace between China and Japan.

FRANKLIN STURGEON, editor of the navy in his report for the fiscal year ended June 30 last shows that the total amount expended during the year was \$11,570,144.

In his annual report H. O. Morgan, treasurer of the United States, says the net ordinary revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30 were \$28,722,019, a decrease of \$88,007,409 as compared with the year before. The net ordinary expenditures were \$97,525,074.

The chief of the secret service of the treasury department in his annual report shows that during the year the total number of arrests made was 687, nearly all of which were for violations of the statutes relating to counterfeiting United States money.

RECHANGES at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 23d aggregated \$1,019,059,808, against \$1,019,292,328 the previous week. The increase, compared with the corresponding week in 1893, was \$70.

A COINTEGRATED \$30 United States note bearing the vignette of Hamilton was forwarded to the treasury department from Newark, N. J.

In the United States there were 322 business failures in the seven days ended on the 23d, against 270 the week previous and 383 in the corresponding time in 1893.

THE DEATH OF E. S. Hamlin, founder of the Cleveland (O.) Leader and a member of congress half a century ago, died in Washington, aged 86 years.

THE FRATERNAL congress opened its eighth annual session at Buffalo, N. Y., with featured beneficiary organizations represented having 2,000,000 members and an aggregate insurance of about \$2,400,000,000.

MAYOR-ELECT STRONG and Dr. Parkhurst were the guests of honor at the 125th annual banquet of the New York chamber of commerce.

IN NEW YORK the official vote gives Lewis P. Morton (rep.) a plurality of 132,818 over Grover Cleveland.

FLAMES IN B. F. Wilde & Co.'s coal pockets at Charleston, Mass., caused a loss of \$125,000.

AT MACEDON, N. Y., Rev. C. L. Padock was given judgment for \$10 against Mrs. William Bennett for a funeral sermon.

A TRAIN OVER THE Pennsylvania road crossed the 126 miles between Morrisville and Harrisburg in 104 minutes.

IN SESSION at Buffalo, N. Y., the national fraternal congress barred newspaper artists from its sessions owing to the printing of a caricature of its president.

SIMPLICITY marked the funeral of Robert C. Winthrop at Boston. There were no pallbearers or words of eulogy.

THE MOST destructive windstorm known in twenty years did great damage at Dunkirk, N. Y., and vicinity.

IN SESSION at Buffalo, N. Y., the National Fraternal congress elected S. A. Well, of Pittsburgh, as president.

GEN. JOHN C. FREMONT'S remains were placed in the Rockland cemetery at Sparkill, N. Y.

AT SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Rev. Frank L. Goodspeed was installed as pastor of the First Congregational church. He is the eleventh pastor in 257 years to occupy the First church pulpit.

IN SYRACUSE, N. Y., Robert Fitzsimmons was exonerated by the coroner's jury of any criminal intent in the death of Con Riordan.

FLAMES destroyed the barns of the Tractor company at Allegheny, Pa., and forty-nine horses perished.

WEST AND SOUTH. The death of Adam Vancell, who served through the Blackhawk war with Abraham Lincoln, occurred at Santa Rosa, Cal.

W. DOWNING and A. Halloran, prisoners in the jail at Tallahassee, Fla., fired the building and were cremated.

IN KANSAS three counties failed to cast 200 votes at the recent election and will lose their representatives.

AT LA GRANGE, Ill., Rev. H. S. Harrison, editor of the Advance, a Congressional weekly, was struck by a train and instantly killed.

SLIGHT shocks of earthquake were felt at Tacoma, Wash.

IN KENTUCKY at the recent election the democratic majority, as compiled by the secretary of state, is 2,173.

THE new superintendent of the United States naval academy at Annapolis, Md., Capt. Philip H. Cooper, issued an order prohibiting hazing.

MISSOURI STATE NEWS.

"Junketing" and "settling" Committees. Gov. Stone has appointed the "junketing" and "settling" committees of the new general assembly, as they are called.

The "junketing" committee is composed of Senator Charles E. Peers of Warren county, Representative James E. Davidson of Marion, and Representative J. H. Bothwell of Pettis. The two first named are democrats and the last a republican. This committee will meet in the executive office at 10 a. m. Tuesday, November 28, and organize by electing a chairman and clerk. After that all the state institutions will be visited and inspected and the committee will report to the general assembly. The "settling" committee is appointed to settle with the auditor and treasurer, and to examine the affairs of all the state officers. The appointments to this committee are Senator N. L. Bass of Randolph county, Representative John T. Short of Cole and Representative John E. Swanson of Sullivan. The first named is a republican, the other two being democrats. This committee will meet in the executive office at 10 a. m. December 1, to organize and proceed with the work in hand.

Resignation and Appointment. JEFFERSON CITY, Nov. 25.—James H. Bothwell, of Pettis county, who was appointed by Gov. Stone a member of the legislative committee to visit the various state educational and eleemosynary institutions, has been forced to resign on account of private business. The governor has appointed Maj. John L. Bittinger, of St. Joseph, to fill the vacancy.

Medical Students and a Graveyard. The students from the University Medical college of Kansas City got into trouble in Kansas City, Kas., a few nights ago.

At midnight word was received at police headquarters that grave robbers were at work in the cemetery and a police wagon with several officers started in search of the robbers. The search was made, but no signs of the robbers were to be found. The party started back to a hotel, and while on the way they were stopped by a man who offered them a ride to the right place. He led the party to the eastern outskirts of the cemetery. They found a man lying in a grave, and the man had been digging to the grave where the man had been lying. They found the man had had, but had left traces of their work. The man in the grave had been killed in order to secure her life insurance at Manhattan, N. D.

While robbing a grave in a neighboring town five students of a medical college at Kansas City, Mo., were arrested.

At the age of 101 years Mrs. Bridget Duffy died in Denver, Col.

MURDERER CORBETT Caught. Joseph Corbett, the murderer of Zude Gilbert, the old soldier, on Boulder Island, near St. Charles, about a year ago, has been caught in Helena, Ark. Sheriff Steiner of St. Charles received a telegram of Corbett's arrest, and wired back to hold him, and Gov. Stone ordered the sheriff to send Corbett to the penitentiary for which Corbett is wanted was a most atrocious one. A man by the name of Williams and several women were arrested last spring as accomplices to the crime, and have been kept at St. Charles ever since awaiting the arrest of Corbett.

Grand Lodge L. O. O. F. of Missouri held its forty-seventh annual convention in St. Louis.

The report of the grand jury showed that the number of arrests made by the employment branch of the order has been maintained during the year. The number of members in Missouri at last report was 4,322. The number of members in the state was 4,322. The number of members in the state was 4,322. The number of members in the state was 4,322.

Why Miss Townsend Was Fined. Miss Mary L. Townsend, who conducted a "racket" store at Rockport, insured her stock for twice its value, \$15,000, and hired two young men to set fire to it. They gave the plot away, and Miss Townsend was arrested and fined \$300.

Fatal Accidents. Marvin Bacon, aged 17, died at Marshall, from the effects of being kicked by a horse.

Ball Hawtley, aged 29, an amateur ball player, was run over by a train near Richmond, and killed.

Mozley's Plurality. The official vote of Douglas county has been received at Jefferson City. The official vote of the Fourteenth district for congress is: Arnold, dem., 15,187; Mozley, rep., 16,186; Livingston, rep., 5,591. Mozley's plurality, 1,088.

Elevator Burned. The Mason elevator, owned by E. A. Dessert, was destroyed by fire the other night. The total loss, including grain, will reach about \$12,000; insurance, \$3,400.

Injured in a Runaway. Mrs. John Wack and Mrs. Arthur Bell were driving in Salisbury, when their horse was frightened by a train and ran away. Both ladies were badly injured.

Courthouse Dedicated. Jasper county's new courthouse at Joplin was dedicated the other evening. Brief speeches were made, and then the rooms were cleared for a dance.

A Large Enrollment. The total enrollment of the state normal school at Warrensburg is over 200. This is the largest enrollment in November in the history of the school.

Two Years for Horse Stealing. Jerry Woodson, who has stolen many horses in Missouri and Iowa, was sentenced at St. Joseph to two years in the penitentiary for taking an animal.

Kindled a Fire With Money. A. A. Austin, a Randolph county farmer, put money in a pile of papers, and when he went to kindle a fire threw in \$125 in bills and a \$100 check.

Burned Out. The store building and stock of the general merchandise store of Clark & Martin, at Sullivan, were destroyed by fire. Loss, 20,000; insurance, half.

A Reward Offered by the Governor. The governor has offered \$200 for the arrest of Lane Britton, charged with the murder, in 1883, of Guideon and Aron Davis in Jasper county.

A Murderer Recaptured. Columbus Hayes, the murderer of William Sneed, who escaped from the Andrew county jail at Savannah, has been recaptured at Ottumwa, Ia.

A Plowman Gone. Willis Ellis, a well-known pioneer of Vernon county, died at his home near Nevada a few nights since. He was about 70 years of age.

Appointed Oil Inspector. Gov. Stone the other day appointed Julius F. Rautsch inspector of oils for the city of St. Charles for a term ending August 31, 1895.

A SOCIETY of Henry George single taxers has been formed in Berlin.

PORT ARTHUR'S FALL.

The Plan of Attack and Progress of the Battle. A Day of Desperate Engagements. Gen. Oyama's Report of the Fight and the Capture. The Japanese Loss in Killed and Wounded Comparatively Light—China's Loss Heavy.

YOKOHAMA, Nov. 25.—A dispatch from Port Arthur says that the first army forced the right wing and Kumanoto's brigade the left wing, while the advanced guns in the center opened fire on the citadel. The first army captured the principal western fort at 8 o'clock in the morning, entered Port Arthur at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, and had captured the Wagon fort by 3 o'clock.

Kumanoto's brigade meanwhile engaged the eastern forts, all of which were taken before 11 o'clock in the evening. The coast forts had not yet been subdued, but they fell next morning.

The fighting was desperate throughout the engagement. It is reported that the Chinese army was virtually destroyed, the killed and wounded numbering many thousands. The Japanese loss was heavy, but far less than that of the Chinese.

Gen. Oyama's Report of the Capture of Port Arthur. TOKYO, Nov. 25.—Gen. Oyama, in command of the Japanese forces, officially reports from Port Arthur, under date of November 22, that on the 21st the Japanese forces attacked the forts from the east. The right division of the army formed a line of attack from the westward with its artillery and parade ground at 8:30 in the morning and then advanced in the direction of Port Arthur, storming and capturing the Kokinsan fort en route. In the meantime the left division stormed and captured the fort to the southeast. On the 23d all the other forts were captured.

The enemy fought bravely throughout. The Japanese loss in killed and wounded will not exceed 300, while the number of Chinese killed and wounded and taken prisoners is as yet unknown. The Japanese captured a great quantity of ammunition and other materials, as well as many cannon. The Chinese forces numbered over 20,000.

The Payment of Retiring Allowances Recused—Captured at Port Arthur. SANGHAI, Nov. 25.—Sir Robert Hart, inspector general of Chinese maritime customs, has sent a circular to the customs employes saying that, on account of the present grave uncertainty, future disbursements of money in hand for the payment of retiring allowances will be at one-half the usual rate. He is unable to guarantee more.

It is stated that the Japanese secured at Port Arthur 100 tons of coal and 2,000,000 taels worth of ammunition. It is believed that the Japanese intend to seize forthwith the railway between Shan-Hai-Kwan and Tien-Tsin, lest the Chinese destroy it.

THE NEW CHINESE TREATY

Of Immigration Ratified by the Chinese Government. WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—The new treaty of immigration between the United States and China, which was concluded at Washington March 17 last by the signatures of Secretary Gresham and Minister Yang Yu, has been approved by the Chinese government, and will in all probability be ratified and go into effect by presidential proclamation this week.

The state department has been officially informed that the treaty was agreed to in Peking over a month ago, and it is daily expected that the Chinese legation in this city. The consent of the senate to the ratification of the treaty was given last summer.

A TERRIBLE ACCIDENT.

Three Persons Knocked from a Bridge and Killed by a Train. CUMBERLAND, Md., Nov. 25.—Yesterday morning at 9 o'clock a terrible accident at Green Springs, W. Va., eighteen miles east of this place, resulting in the death of Isaac Taylor, aged 60 years, his wife, aged 25, and a Miss Kidwell, aged 17 years. They were crossing the south branch bridge on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, when the New York and Chicago express train, west-bound, came thundering along at the rate of forty-five miles an hour and struck the three and hurled them into the river below, a distance of fifty feet, killing them instantly.

All three were badly mangled, the body of Miss Kidwell being horribly mutilated. The engineer said he did not see them until he was within two car-lengths of them, and then it was utterly impossible to stop the train.

THE INSANITY DODGE

May Not Prevent a Murderer and Blackguard from Meeting His Just Dies. JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Nov. 25.—United States Marshal McKay received instructions Saturday from Attorney-General Olney to go to Washington after R. E. Burford, who murdered a deputy United States marshal in Sumter county last year, and who was declared insane and sent to the National insane asylum. Burford has been declared sane by the authorities of the asylum, and will be brought back to stand trial. He was also indicted for sending obscene matter through the mails, but got off on the insanity plea. He will be tried before the United States court, which meets here next week, on both charges. He is of good family, and able counsel has been engaged to represent him.

NO CONTEST.

The Proposed Contest of the gubernatorial Election in Nebraska is Off. LINCOLN, Neb., Nov. 25.—The proceedings begun by the republican state central committee on behalf of Lieut.-Gov. Majors against Judge Holcomb, governor-elect, were dropped yesterday and there will be no contest. To-day was the limit of time for filing the notice, and last evening, after a conference lasting until nearly midnight, it was decided to abandon all proceedings in the direction of a contest.

HIS SKULL FRACTURED.

Serious Accident to Otto Hardifer, the Crack Cyclist. NEW YORK, Nov. 26.—While training yesterday afternoon on the old race track at Clifton, N. J., with the foreign champions, Otto Hardifer, the crack bicyclist, who is entered in the international tournament to open to-day, was badly injured. The rim of his front wheel burst, and the rider was flung over the handlebars. His skull was fractured, but how badly he was not yet been determined. He was removed to his home.

HEAVY DEFAUCATION.

The National Shoe and Leather Bank of New York Has Been Defeated by a Fraudulent Plan. Gen. Oyama's Report of the Fight and the Capture. The Japanese Loss in Killed and Wounded Comparatively Light—China's Loss Heavy.

NEW YORK, Nov. 25.—Through the dishonesty of Samuel C. Seelye, a bookkeeper in the National Shoe and Leather bank of this city, that institution has lost \$354,000 in the past four or five years. Seelye was an old and long-trusted employe. He worked with a confederate on the outside in the person of a depositor in the bank of thirty years standing.

The bank passed the old-style ledger-book method, which permitted this conspiracy to exist without detection. Under the old system no deposit slips are used, the depositor simply presenting a pass book in which the bookkeeper writes the amount of the deposit.

The scheme as worked by Seelye and his confederate was very simple. Seelye entered false credits on the pass book for small amounts, charged them in another account and carried these charges along in a clever way from year to year. These peculations began about five years ago and had swelled to the total of \$354,000 when the discovery was made of the defalcation.

Some time ago the bank decided to change the system of keeping books and adopt a more modern method. Seelye immediately knew that his falsification of the books would be revealed and disappeared, while the overhauling of the books was in progress. The confederate is known. The directors immediately held a meeting and have decided to make good the impairment at once.

The clearinghouse committee visited the bank and made the following statement: "A recent examination of the affairs of the National Shoe and Leather bank by the national bank examiner developed a defalcation of \$354,000, and after investigation by the clearinghouse committee this loss was confirmed. The committee are unanimous in the opinion that notwithstanding this loss the bank is in a sound condition and able to pay its depositors."

The following statement was issued by the president, John M. Crane, yesterday afternoon: "New York, Nov. 24, 1894. TO THE PUBLIC: A bookkeeper of this bank has disappeared, and the result of a thorough investigation made at our request by the national bank examiner has proven him a defaulter to the amount of \$354,000, to meet which the directors have called on the stockholders for an assessment to amply cover any deficiency. We append a statement by the clearinghouse committee. JOHN M. CRANE, President."

President Crane said he called the directors yesterday afternoon. "Seelye has been an employe of this bank for fourteen years. He came here recommended by a fellow clerk, and was getting a salary of \$1,800 per year as one of the bookkeepers. His honesty and faithfulness have never been questioned until we had undeniable proof of his dishonesty. "We have no idea, however, how long Seelye has been carrying on these peculations, but it must have been for two or three years. His method seems to have been of balancing of various accounts. Supposama had an account with our bank of \$30,000, and of another \$10,000. Seelye would take \$5,000 from one account, which he could take himself, and then put the \$5,000 to the other account, which would apparently balance the bank's accounts. To have secured the enormous amount would, of course, require an immense amount of balancing. He had to be very careful not to diminish that on attempting to draw the depositor would discover that his account had been tampered with. "The bank, of course, will be a loser to the amount of Seelye's defalcation, but the public can rest assured that the standing of our bank is not impaired. Our surplus is about \$200,000. Seelye's bond, furnished by the United States Guarantee Co., was for \$7,000 which, of course, will be forfeited."

Seelye's lawyer, Frank W. Angel, attended a directors' meeting by pre-arrangement with his client. He made a statement to the directors of the bank, being in substance the story of the defalcation as told to him by Seelye. Mr. Angel said Seelye told him that he himself had profited only \$11,000 by the big defalcation. The balance of the money, he said, had been secured by the depositor, whose name he did not give. The fact, however, that Seelye, the missing bookkeeper, is 40 years of age, and his home is in Brooklyn. Last Saturday the bookkeeper had a holiday. On Monday he failed to appear, and another clerk was put in his place. This was the first intimation given of anything wrong. The police were notified at once, and every effort was made to apprehend the two offenders. The fugitives, however, had a good start, and there is a possibility of their being well out of the country by this time. Seelye's wife and children are still at their home. The wife, prostrated by the shock of her husband's crime and flight, is at the point of death.

The Seelye defalcation is the largest since the Hill robbery of the Ninth national bank in 1891. Hill was president of the bank, and the discovery of his wrongdoing was not made until after his death. Hill's defalcation amounted to about \$450,000.

MISSOURI STATE NEWS.

Gov. Stone of Missouri Will Remove His Recorder of Voters at Kansas City. KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 25.—Yesterday morning it was authoritatively announced that Gov. Stone would at once remove Charles S. Owsley, recorder of voters for Kansas City, on account of the frauds perpetrated in his office.

H. Clay Adams, a druggist, and chairman of the democratic county committee, will be appointed to succeed him. It is also stated that the governor will appoint an assistant attorney general for this county to prosecute election frauds, the present officer being accused of dereliction of duty.

TWO MORE OF THE COOK GANG.

MISCOGEE, L. T., Nov. 25.—Marshal Crittenden yesterday brought William Bird and Perry Hysell, two members of the Cook gang, here and placed them in jail. Bird has been harboring the gang ever since the train robbery and evidence has now been found connecting him with that job.

At 7 o'clock last evening Henry and Frank Smith were brought in under arrest charged with attempting to hold up the Katy train at Blackstone, July 2. The marshals and Indian police are still on the hunt for the remainder of the gang.

TO AID EMPLOYEES.

A New Scheme of the W. L. Douglas Shoe Co. Will Furnish Their Help with Medical Attendance.

William L. Douglas, the president of the world famous W. L. Douglas Shoe Co., has always had a special interest in the army of men and women who inhabit the great factory at Montello during the working hours of the day, and who make the greatly advertised \$8 shoe.

It is a great believer in the idea that manufacturers should have this personal interest in the condition of their employes, and feels that if the idea is carried out to the extent that is possible, that it will result ultimately in the breaking down of the barriers which have been built up between employers and those whom they employ. He believes that the breaking down of these invisible but strong barriers would be a great thing for everybody concerned, as it would convince the workmen that their employers were not their enemies, as some of them seem to think now, but their friends, with a desire to do all for them that was in their power.

Having strong feelings upon this point, it is only natural that Mr. Douglas should give to matter some study and a quiet which he has now put to rest. He has a great plan in other places. He is satisfied that the scheme he has originated is a good one, and he has now put it to rest. He has a great plan in other places. He is satisfied that the scheme he has originated is a good one, and he has now put it to rest.

Today he handed to every person in his employ—and they form a small army—a card, a fact which is here given. This card entitles the employe to full and free medical attendance while employed by the W. L. Douglas Shoe Company. A competent and skillful physician will be present in the factory at 12 M. daily, except Sundays and holidays. The employe need not be troubled at home by sickness, the physician will give full and free medical attendance there.

W. L. DOUGLAS, SENIOR CO. BY W. L. Douglas, President.

CONDITIONS. The physician will not make visits outside the city limits. This ticket is not transferable, and does not entitle the employe to a salary or bonus, and must be returned as soon as the term of employment expires. This card is not a contract for wages, and is no part of the contract for wages, and may be made void by the company, at its own option, without notice.

This is a practical illustration of Mr. Douglas' plan, which he has carried out by the hundreds who receive the cards.

He says that he believes there are hundreds of workmen and workwomen who find a doctor's bill a great burden after a period of enforced idleness, and that if a slight ailment were to be treated by their employer is interested in them in some other way than simply to get all the work they can do, and to have them as frequent as they can be. He says also that there are men and women who keep right at work when it would be better for their health if they would lay off a few days and have medical attendance. Then again they will not feel free to consult the doctor when they are sick, and they will not go to the doctor if they do not feel that they would not do because of the cost.

The plan goes into effect to-day. Dr. S. J. Grever has been appointed to be the physician and carries upon his duties to-morrow. The plan is a good one.

Speaking of the W. L. Douglas Shoe Co., it may be said that the factory is the only one in the city where the principle of arbitration is recognized, and has full sway. Mr. Douglas is a firm believer in the principle and has been since the establishment of the state board of arbitration. He claims that labor troubles, which are so frequent as they are if manufacturers and help would recognize this great principle, and adopt it.

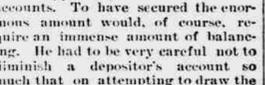
The firm obliges every man who is hired to sign an agreement to submit any disagreement that may arise, and which cannot be settled by the interested parties, to the state board of arbitration, the decision of that board to be final and to be binding on both sides. Pending a settlement of any disagreement the men agree to continue at work. This agreement went in force December 10, 1893, and has worked well. It is signed by the W. L. Douglas Shoe Co. and the Brotherhood of Leather Workers, Local 10, of the city.

"No, George," she said, "I can never be yours." "Then I am rejected," he moaned. "No, dear, I never would be a woman's suffragist, and cannot be any man's. You, however, may be mine if you will."—Harper's Bazar.

CLASS IN JOURNALISM.—Teacher—"What can you tell us of the power of the press?" "What studying history, and the press is nothing, miss." "You promised Charlie I wouldn't tell."—Detroit Free Press.

He Had Hip Disease

Was treated at the Children's Hospital in Boston, and when he came home had SEVEN



TUNNING SORES on his leg. Could not sleep. We have been giving him Hood's Sarsaparilla a year, and he is well, and plays as well as any boy. He has no more of the PICTURE OF HEALTH. JOHN C. BOYLE, Ware, Mass. Remember,

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