WESTERN CANADA CONTINUES TO WIN

The 1915 Yield of Grain Keeps Western Canada to the Front.

The great publicity that has been given to the grain yields of the Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the three provinces that comprise that portion of Western Canada east of the British Columbia boundary, has kept Canada to the front with a prominence that is unique.

The grain crop of the three provinces has now been harvested, and sufficient of it has been threshed so that it is no longer a matter of estimate as to the returns. It is safe to say that the entire yield of wheat will be upwards of 275,000,000 bushels, and the average yield well over 25 bushels per acre. In proportion to the aggregate this is perhaps the largest yield ever known on the continent.

Most of this wheat will grade No. 1 northern, and better, and with present prices the condition of the farmer is to be envied. Many individual yields are reported, and verified, and they are almost beyond belief, but they go to show that under the careful system of agriculture that produced these yields Western Canada would have far exceeded a 300,000,000 production of wheat in 1915 had the system been universal.

It was not in one or two districts that big yields have been made known. The reports come from all parts of the 24,000 square miles of territory in which the growing of wheat is carried on.

Mr. Elmir Seller, a farmer south of Strassburg, Sask., has harvested 5,465 bushels No. 1 hard wheat from 160 acres.

Jas. A. Benner, near Daysland, Alberta, says his wheat went over 40 bushels to the acre, with an all round crop of 33 bushels to the acre.

J. N. Wagner, near the same place, also lays claim to over 40 bushels of wheat per acre.

A Norwegian farmer, named S. A. Tofthagen, not far from Daysland, had 23 acres of wheat which gave a yield of 47 bushels to the acre.

Well, then, near Gleichen, Alberta, D. H. Engle of Humboldt, Iowa, owns a quarter section of land. This land was rented so that Mr. Engle should receive one-third of the crop, and this gave him $612.65, his net rental for the crop, and there was only 80 acres in crop.

Scores of reports give yields fully as large as those given above. A large field of spring wheat near Lethbridge averaged 69 bushels, another 59 and a third 56 bushels per acre. On the Jail farm at Lethbridge 25 acres of Marquis wheat yielded 60 bushels to the acre and weighed 67 pounds to the bushel. A test lot of one acre of Marquis wheat when threshed yielded 99 bushels and a 30 acre field averaged 60 1-3 bushels. This farm had 200 acres under crop to Marquis wheat and it is expected the average from the whole will exceed 50 bushels.

In all portions of Saskatchewan and Manitoba, as well, remarkable yields are reported, many large fields showing averages of from 40 to 55 bushels per acre.

When the story of this year's threshing is completed some extraordinary yields will be heard of. One farmer west of Unity, Saskatchewan, threshed 10,000 bushels of No. 1 northern from 200 acres and such instances will not be isolated.

Considerable of the wheat grown in Western Canada is finding its way to the markets of the United States, notwithstanding the duty of ten cents per bushel. The miller in the United States finds Western Canadian wheat necessary for the blending of the high class flour that is demanded by some millers. Already nearly a hundred thousand bushels of the 1915 crop has found its way to the Minneapolis, Duluth, St. Louis and other markets.

It was not in wheat alone that there were extraordinary yields. A farmer living south of Wadena, Sask., harvested 900 bushels of oats from ten acres. S. A. Tofthagen of Daysland before referred to had oats which yielded 110 bushels to the acre, while those of J. N. Wagner went 90 bushels to the acre.

As is pointed out by a Toronto paper Canada's great good fortune and splendid service as the Granary of the Empire are revealed in the record harvest from her rich fields of wheat and other grains. "The foundation of its prosperity is solid and enduring. While mines may be exhausted and lumber may disappear through improvident management, agriculture is a perpetual source of wealth, increasing from year to year by the stimulus of individual industry and personal interest. A wheat harvest of 336,250,000 bushels from 13,000,000 acres, an average yield of 26 bushels to the acre. The substantial nature of this growth in production is shown by the fact that the harvest returns are 72 per cent greater than the average for the past five years.

The same satisfactory and highly important success has been attained in other grain crops. The aggregate yield of oats is 481,035,500 bushels from the 11,365,000 acres under crop. Of this yield 305,680,000 bushels are from the three Prairie Provinces. These provinces also contribute 304,200,000 bushels of wheat. The barley harvest is 50,868,000 bushels from 1,509,350 acres, an average yield of 33.7 bushels per acre."

"The impression one gets in going through Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba," said a traveler from the East, "is that all the horses and teams and all the threshing machines engaged make no impression on the crops, and that it will take six months to thresh the grain out; but two weeks ago the Canadian Pacific railway were having a daily shipment of 1,700 cars of wheat from the three provinces, and a week ago they had got up to 2,100 cars a day. And besides this there is the Canadian Northern railway and the Grand Trunk Pacific, so an enormous quantity must be ready to move on the 15th of November. The wealthier farmers are building large granaries on their farms, while there is a great improvement in the storage facilities provided by the government."

It is therefore no wonder that the greatest interest was shown by those who attended the Soil Products Exposition held at Denver a short time ago, when it was demonstrated that it was not only in quantity that Western Canada still occupied the primary position. It was there that Western Canada again proved its supremacy. In wheat, it was early conceded that Canada would be a walkaway, and this was easily the case, not only did it win the big prize, but it carried off the sweepstakes. What, however to those who were representing Canada at this exposition, was of greater value probably, was winning first and second prize for alfalfa. The exhibits were beautiful and pronounced by old alfalfa growers to be the best they had ever seen. First, second and third cuttings of this year's growth were shown.

At this same exposition, there were shown some excellent samples of fodder corn, grown in the Swift Current district.

Topping the range cattle market in Chicago a short time ago is another of the feats accomplished by Western Canada this year.

On Wednesday, October 13, Clay, Robinson and company sold at Chicago for E. H. Maunsell, Macleod, Alberta, a consignment of cattle, 17 head of which, averaging 1,420 pounds, brought $8.80 per hundredweight, topping the range cattle market for the week to date. The same firm also sold for Mr. Maunsell 206 head, averaging 1,240 pounds, at $8.55, without a throwout. These were all grass cattle. They were purchased by Armour and company. Clay, Robinson and company describe the cattle as of very nice quality, in excellent condition, and a great credit to Mr. Maunsell. It speaks well for our Canadian cattle raisers that they can produce stock good enough to top the Chicago market against strong competition, there being over 4,000 range cattle on sale that day.

It is one thing to produce crops such as are referred to and another to get them to market. The facilities of Western Canada are excellent. The railway companies, of which there are three, the Canadian Pacific, the Canadian Northern and the Grand Trunk Pacific, have the mark of efficiency stamped upon all their work. Besides the main trunk lines of these systems, which extend from ocean to ocean, there are branch lines and laterals, feeders which enter into remote parts of the farming districts, and give to the farmer immediate access to the world's grain markets. The elevator capacity of the country is something enormous, and if the figures can be digested, the full extent of the grain producing powers of Western Canada may be realized. The total elevator capacity is about 170,000,000 bushels, or nearly one-half of the entire wheat production of the Dominion in 1915. Of this large storage facilities the country elevators number 2,800, with a capacity of 95,000,000 bushels.—Advertisement.

Attentive.

"Is Watson still paying attention to that widow he was courting two years ago?"

"You bet he is. They are married now, and he has to pay strict attention to everything she says."

THIS IS THE AGE OF YOUTH.

You will look ten years younger if you darken your ugly grizzly, gray hairs by using "La Creole" Hair Dressing.—Adv.

Followed Instructions.

The ship doctor of an English liner notified the death watch steward, an Irishman, that a man had died in stateroom 45. The usual instructions to bury the body were given. Some hours later the doctor peeked into the room and found that the body was still there. He called the Irishman's attention to the matter and the latter replied: "I thought you said room 46. I went to that room and noticed wan of thim in a bunk. 'Are ye dead?' says I. 'No,' says he, 'but I'm pretty near dead.' So I buried him."

A GRATEFUL ACKNOWLEDGMENT.

Mr. F. C. Case of Welcome Lake, Pa., writes: "I suffered with Backache and Kidney Trouble. My head ached, my sleep was broken and unrefreshing. I felt heavy and sleepy after meals, was always nervous and tired, had a bitter taste in my mouth, was dizzy, had floating specks before my eyes, was always thirsty, had a dragging sensation across my loins, difficulty in collecting my thoughts and was troubled with shortness of breath. Dodds Kidney Pills have cured me of these complaints. You are at liberty to publish this letter for the benefit of any sufferer who doubts the merit of Dodds Kidney Pills."

Mr. F. C. Case.

Dodds Kidney Pills, 50c. per box at your dealer or Dodds Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Dodds Dyspepsia Tablets for Indigestion have been proved. 50c. per box.—Adv.

An Outsider.

"I suppose you'll be in the gay social whirl this winter?"

"Who? Me?" replied Mr. Camrox. "Not a chance. The further my wife gets into society the more she realizes that I don't belong."

Dr. Pierce's Pellets are best for liver, bowels and stomach. One little Pellet for a laxative—three for a cathartic.—Adv.

The wrinkles caused by worry are the result of worrying over something that worry could not help.

WOMAN'S CROWNING GLORY

is her hair. If yours is streaked with ugly, grizzly, gray hairs, use "La Creole" Hair Dressing and change it to the natural way. Price $1.00.—Adv.

One can't always judge a man by what his neighbors say about him.

WETS GET MOBERLY

Recent Local Option Election Resulted in Defeat for the Prohibition Forces.

MAJORITY FOR SALOONS 509

Drys Succeeded in Carrying Only One Ward of City—Women Worked at the Polls.

Carrying all but one ward in the recent local option election at Moberly the wets won by a majority of 509 votes. The drys carried the Third ward, in which are located most of the churches and where practically all the ministers live, by but seven votes. A total of 3,112 votes were cast.

Wet leaders were followed on the streets all day by women who sought votes for the drys. Many of these women were armed with cameras and frequently took pictures of the wet leaders and Moberly saloon keepers. Oswald Ratzer, a saloon keeper, who made a public speech asking the voters to favor prohibition, worked at the polls all day in the interests of the drys. Ratzer, in his speech, gave what he declared was the history of saloon keepers' dealings with the public, told of the profits made on a gallon of whisky if "the drinks weren't too big," and stated that any man who would take two drinks of his whisky "would cut a man's throat." He declared that regardless of the result of the election he would not operate his saloon again.

Dry leaders conceded their defeat early in the afternoon.

Two Killed in Runaway.

Mrs. Butler Moore and Mrs. Nora Happy, sisters, were killed near Mayview by their team running away and overturning the buggy. The women had attended church in town and had left for their home. The accident was not discovered until morning.

Dead at the Age of 109.

John Holleran, said to be the oldest man in Missouri, is dead at his home, four miles north of Richards, aged 109 years and 6 months. He was born in County Cork, Ireland, and came to this country at an early date. He has been paralyzed for some years.

Registered Cattle, Diseased, to Die.

The Pettis county court has condemned nineteen head of registered Shorthorn cattle owned by N. H. Gentry of Wooddale Farm, that county, because of traces of tuberculosis. A commission was named to appraise the value of the stock.

Otterville Banker Dead.

J. D. Stark, president of the Bank of Otterville, ex-representative from Cooper county and warden of the penitentiary under Governor Stephens, is dead there. He was 73 years old and was one of the Democratic leaders of Central Missouri.

Heavy Motor Toll.

Twelve deaths in motor car accidents were recorded in St. Louis in October, and up to October 30 forty-two deaths had been recorded since January 1, it was announced the other day. In the ten months, 1,325 other persons have been reported injured.

W. R. C. Leader Dies.

Mrs. Thomas J. Dockery, a well known club woman in Missouri, and a leading figure nationally in the Women's Relief Corps, died at her home in Kirksville after a brief illness. She was state president of the W. R. C. for a number of years, as well as senior vice-president of the national organization.

Aged Brunswick Woman Dead.

Mrs. Anna Dye, 78 years old, is dead at Brunswick. She has been a resident of that vicinity all her life and had numerous relatives in that and adjoining towns.

Strawberries Ripe Again.

George Riggs, living near Pleasant Green, brought to Sedalia recently a quart of a second crop of strawberries grown by him. The berries are large and as luscious as the first crop.

Open Knife in His Lung.

Ora R. Tomlinson, a wealthy farmer of Rushville is bleeding to death in a hospital at St. Joseph as a result of swallowing a pocket knife with the blade open. An X-ray examination revealed that the knife lodged in his lung.

Bad Fire at Springfield.

Fire of unknown origin destroyed the mill department and coach shops of the Frisco at Springfield, doing damage estimated at a quarter million dollars, which includes four passenger coaches and one freight car. The loss is partly covered by insurance.

Diphtheria Closes Lamar Schools.

Lamar has closed the grade schools from the first to the eighth grade on account of diphtheria. The board of health also has closed the churches, shows and all places of public amusement to children under 15. There have been two deaths and several families are quarantined.

Triplets to Orrick Family.

Triplets—two girls and a boy—were born to Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Hanly, six miles southeast of Orrick, the other day.

Mrs. Painter's Mother Dead.

Mrs. Amanda Herndon, mother of Mrs. W. R. Painter, is dead at Carrollton. She was a native of Kentucky and a resident of Lexington, Mo., in her young womanhood. She aided the wounded of General Price's army in the battle in that city.

Nose Bleed Fatal to St. Louisian.

Carl Bruenner is dead in St. Louis of hemorrhage of the nose. His nose began bleeding Saturday and had bled intermittently until Tuesday, when he died.

TO USE SIMPLIFIED SPELLING

Missouri State Teachers' Association Adopts Resolution Favoring New Form—Officers Elected.

Simplified spelling will soon be official in all Missouri schools. The Missouri State Teachers' Association in session at Kansas City adopted a resolution in favor of the shorter alternative spelling of about three hundred words as the style to be used in the printed reports of the proceedings of the convention. Most of the teachers advocate adopting the style for all schools. The list is the same as that promulgated in 1907 and sponsored by Theodore Roosevelt.

Missouri schools have been among the pioneers favoring simplified spelling. The University of Missouri, through its faculty, joined the ranks last year. The following schools of Missouri are now using simplified spelling as adopted at the session: University of Missouri, Central Wesleyan College, Forest Park University, Missouri Valley College, Park College, state normal schools, First and Second districts, Tarkio College, Westminster College and William Jewell College.

The next annual convention of the Association will be held the second week of November, 1916, in St. Louis. This was decided on recommendation of the time and place committee.

The following officers for the year, suggested by the committee on nominations, were approved: President, W. W. Thomas, Springfield; first vice president, W. J. Stephens, St. Louis; second vice president, Miss Roxana Jones, Savannah; third vice president, Homer T. Phillips, Lexington; secretary-treasurer, E. M. Carter, Columbia; executive committee, H. L. Roberts, Cape Girardeau, six years, J. A. Whitefield, St. Joseph, six years and M. A. O'Rear, Springfield, filling a vacancy, four years; Mrs. J. M. Greenwood, Kansas City, a new member of the reading circle board; W. H. Martin, Kanasas City, recommended for re-election as state manager of the National Education Association.

ST. LOUIS TO DYE SEAL SKINS

Big Plant Soon to be Established There for Treating the Valuable Pelts of the Animals.

The successful termination of efforts to bring the sealskin dressing and dyeing industry to the United States was announced recently in St. Louis by Philip B. Fouke, president of a local fur company, which has the contract for selling government furs.

Within a month, Mr. Fouke announced, St. Louis will have a plant for the dressing and dyeing of sealskins, directed by the men who held similar positions in a London plant which until the outbreak of the European war handled approximately 95 per cent of the world's supply of sealskins. The operation of such a plant in America, Mr. Fouke said, will mean a reduction of 52 per cent in the cost to Americans of having raw sealskins dressed and dyed. The resultant reduction in the retail price should become evident at once, he said.

Secretary of Commerce Redfield Mr. Fouke said, was greatly instrumental in the carrying out of the plan to bring the industry to this country. The transfer of this industry from London to St. Louis, Mr. Fouke said, was one of the conditions upon which the government gave the local concern the contract to sell the skins which the federal fisheries department obtains from its reservations off the coast of Alaska.

The secret of the successful dressing and dyeing of sealskins is known only by two men, Mr. Fouke said. These men, formerly in charge of that work in London, were brought to St. Louis a few weeks ago when Mr. Fouke returned from a quiet trip to London. The plant which they will direct here will employ from 250 to 500 men and will have a capacity of from 25,000 to 50,000 sealskins a year.

But Thanksgiving is Near.

A. T. Crowe of Grassland Farm, near Hughesville, recently informed a Sedalia paper that he has a bronze turkey that has just begun laying eggs again after raising a brood of sixteen turkeys. The egg weighed seven ounces. This is said to be unheard of in this section.

Newspaper Man Dead.

E. A. Remley, Jr., of Columbia, a newspaper man widely known in Central Missouri, is dead in Chicago, after a two weeks' illness of pneumonia. Mr. Remley last year was part owner and editor of the Columbia Daily Times. He had worked on many papers in the South and West. He was 27 years old.

Killed on Narrow Culvert.

A narrow wooden culvert in a road a quarter mile south of Mayview, seven miles from Higginsville, caused the death of Mrs. Nora Happy, 61 years old, and her sister, Mrs. Emma Moore, 67 year sold, the other night. Both women were widows and Mrs. Happy lived alone.

A Bad Fire at Craig.

Four business buildings were destroyed by fire at Craig the other night. The loss was between $15,000 and $20,000. The fire is believed to have resulted from defective electrical wiring.

Columbia Churches to Unite.

The First Presbyterian church of Columbia has taken the lead in a movement to unite the Northern and Southern branches of the denomination in Missouri, divided since the secession of the Confederacy in 1861.

Macon "Dry" Vote Invalid.

The local option election in Macon December 8, 1913, is invalidated, according to a recent opinion by the Kansas City court of appeals. The court holds that booths are a vital provision in the Australian ballot law, and that their absence at an election is sufficient to nullify the result.

Buys Chariton Recorder.

E. E. Riddig has bought the Chariton Recorder and will take charge immediately. The paper will continue Democratic in politics.

AUSTRIAN AIRSHIPS BOMBARD VERONA

THIRTY ARE KILLED AND FORTY-NINE WOUNDED BY RAIDERS.

ITALIANS AT WORK ON COAST

Teutons Advance in Serbia and in Russia, Capturing 3,500 Prisoners—Another Italian Steamer Submarined.

Rome.—Thirty persons are dead in Verona as a result of three Austrian aëroplanes dropping bombs on the city. Thirty other persons were seriously and 19 slightly wounded. The bombs of the aircraft found most of their victims in the principal square of the city, where citizens and peasants from the outlying districts were attending the market. Nineteen persons were killed by one bomb.

Italians Shell Dedeagatch.

Saloniki.—The Italian cruiser Piemonte bombarded and destroyed the railroad station on the coast at Dedeagatch, Bulgaria, on Friday.

Submarine Sinks Ship.

Rome.—The Italian steamship Bosnia has been sunk by a submarine flying the Austrian flag. The passengers and crew boarded four life boats. Three of these craft have been landed, but the fate of the occupants of the fourth boat is not known.

Advance on Two Fronts.

Berlin.—The Teutonic armies have again thrown back the Serbians along their whole front, says the report at the German army headquarters. Serbians to the number of 1,773 were taken prisoners.

German troops also have penetrated the Russian lines and have taken prisoners 1,515 Russians, according to the announcement.

BOOKER T. WASHINGTON DEAD

Leading Negro Educator and Reformer Passes Away at Tuskegee, Alabama.

Tuskegee, Ala.—Booker T. Washington, the foremost teacher and leader of the negro, is dead at his home, the Tuskegee Institute, of which he was founder and president.

A widow, three children and four grandchildren survive. John H. Washington, a brother, is superintendent of industries at Tuskegee Institute.

Dr. Washington was born in slavery near Hale's Ford, Va., in 1857 or 1858. After the emancipation of his race he moved with his family to West Virginia.

Lake Steamer Missing.

Duluth, Minn.—The steamer Charles A. Luck has been lost with all hands, according to a report that has reached here.

Kansas Standard Oil Dividend.

Neodosha, Kan.—The Standard Oil Company of Kansas has declared a quarterly dividend of $3 a share, payable December 15, to stockholders of record November 27.

Belgians Are Executed.

Amsterdam.—The Hadelsblad learns from Brussels that two citizens of Cambria, condemned to death by courtmartial at Maubeuge, on October 22, were executed on November 1.

Ridder Leaves Only $1,000.

New York.—Herman Ridder, publisher, left a net estate of about $1,000. His will was filed in the Surrogate's court. It was executed in 1914 and bequeathed to his widow.

Two Couples Have Golden Wedding.

Mount Sterling, Ill.—Mr. and Mrs. Everett Schonen of this city and Mr. and Mrs. John Diss of Maryville, Mo., celebrated their golden wedding anniversaries in this city.

1,600 Italian Reservists Sail.

New York.—Sixteen hundred Italian reservists sailed for Naples on the Italian liner Taormina, a sister ship of the Ancona. The Taormina also carried 106 passengers.

5,000,000 Killed in War.

Basel, Switzerland.—Col. Heussler, a Swiss military statistician, calculates the total losses in killed in the present war at 5,000,000.

Churchill Sets Day to Start.

London.—Winston Spencer Churchill, whose resignation from the British cabinet was announced Friday, will depart next Wednesday to join his regiment in France.

Kaiser Going to Constantinople.

London.—According to a message, the kaiser passed through Orsava on his way to Sofia, where he will visit King Ferdinand for two days. After the visit the German emperor will leave for Constantinople.

Cardinal Mercier on Parole.

Lucerne, Switzerland. — Cardinal Mercier, archbishop of Malines, Belgium, arrived here on parole. Cardinal Mercier aroused the ire of the Germans by his pastoral letter of Christmas, 1914.

Woman and Child Drowned.

Wayne, Ark.—Mrs. T. T. Taylor and her 10-year-old daughter were drowned in St. Francis River at Wise Ferry, seven miles from here, when the skiff in which they were seeking to cross the river sank.

Aurora Warehouse Burns.

Aurora, Ill.—Fire in the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy ship yards here destroyed a warehouse filled with huge casks of gas, causing a loss estimated at $150,000. The cause is unknown.

CHARLES H. FLETCHER

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and flatulency. It assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Preparedness.

"What is your position on preparedness?"

"I am in favor of it," replied Senator Sorghum.

"Do you think it will operate to promote peace?"

"That's my view of it. Anyway, a candidate out our way who isn't in favor of preparedness may as well expect to have a terrible fight on his hands."

Used Whenever Quinine is Needed Does Not Affect the Head

Because of its tonic and laxative effect LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE will be found better than ordinary Quinine for any purpose for which Quinine is used. Does not cause nervousness nor ringing in head. Remember there is only one "BROMO QUININE." This is Laxative Bromo Quinine. Look for signature of E. W. Grove. 25c.—Adv.

There are women who put on airs because that is about all they have handy to put on.

IMITATION IS SINCEREST FLATTERY but like counterfeit money the imitation has not the worth of the original. Insist on "Le Creole" Hair Dressing—it's the original. Darkens your hair in the natural way, but contains no dye. Price $1.00.—Adv.

A bad break is often followed by a flood of tears.

TRAPPERS

WE ALL HELP YOU

E. T. TAYLOR

Great Six

WANTED, TIMBER

Choice White Oak, White Ash, Poplar, Pine and other timber, plain and figured. Write us what you have of your timber and location.

C. KLAS & BRO., INC., Buffalo, N.Y.

WHY "ANURIC" IS AN INSURANCE AGAINST SUDDEN DEATH!

Sufferers from Backache, Rheumatism and Kidney Trouble

Before an Insurance Company will take a risk on your life the examining physician will test the urine and report whether you are a good risk. When your kidneys get sluggish and clog, you suffer from backache, sick-headache, dizzy spells, or the twinges and pains of lumbago, rheumatism and gout. The urine is often cloudy, full of sediment; channels often get sore and sleep is disturbed two or three times a night. This is the time you should consult some physician of wide experience—such as Dr. Pierce, of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y. Send him 10 cents for sample package of his new discovery—"Anuric." Write him your symptoms and send a sample of urine for test.

Experience has taught Dr. Pierce that "Anuric" is the most powerful agent in dissolving uric acid, as it also melts sugar, besides being perfectly harmless and is endowed with other properties, for it preserves the kidneys in a healthy condition by thoroughly cleansing them. Clogged kidneys mean generation of the blood poisons, which as regulating blood pressure, "Anuric" is a regular insurance against apoplexy for all big meat eaters and those who deposit lime-salts in their joints, the druggist for "Anuric" put up by Dr. Pierce, in 50-cent packages.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription makes weak women strong, sick women well, no alcohol. Sold in tablets or liquid.

The Limit.

"For a camel to go through the eye of a needle is considered about the limit of impossibility, isn't it?"

"Oh, I don't know. It's no more impossible than for a collar button to slip out of one's fingers and roll toward the middle of the floor."

REAL SKIN COMFORT

Follows Use of Cuticura Soap and Ointment. Trial Free.

By bathing and anointing these fragrant supercreamy emollients impart to tender, sensitive or irritated, itching skins a feeling of intense skin comfort difficult for one to realize who has never used them for like purposes. Cultivate an acquaintance with them.

Sample each free by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. K, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Useful.

"John, dear," said his wife, "there was a poor man here today asking for old clothes and I gave him that shabby old overcoat of yours that was hanging in the attic. You didn't want it, did you?"

"Of course I wanted it!" exclaimed John wrathfully. "That's the one I always wear when I swear off my taxes."

To keep clean and healthy take Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They regulate liver, bowels and stomach.—Adv.

If a man's thermometer registers a couple of degrees higher than the one owned by his neighbor that convinces him that it is suitable.

Gold Comfort for the Hen.

For the purpose of preventing hens from setting, Ernest G. Marvin of New York city, in a patent recently issued, shows a number of empty eggs joined in a device by connecting tubes and valves for circulating cold water through the eggs in place of the natural and laborious method of the hen. The Scientific American remarks that this is hard on the hen.

SOAP IS STRONGLY ALKALINE and constant use will burn out the scalp. Cleanse the scalp by shampooing with "Le Creole" Hair Dressing and darken, in the natural way, those ugly, grizzly hairs. Price $1.00.—Adv.

Defining a Shopper.

The definitions given by children of certain words which stick the little tongue rather are sometimes amusing.

One little fellow, for instance, came to his mother with a surprising one the other day and said:

"Maw, Johnny is such a shopper that I won't sleep with him anymore."

"Why, Charley," said his mother, "whatever do you mean? A shopper—what's that?"

"Why don't you know? Why, when you women don't want to be reminded to have neither at pattern, but he knows, an' he says a shopper is a chap what won't take either one, so that's Johnny all over. He sticks in the middle an' wants to have both."

Painful Memory.

Wife (at dinner)—You don't seem to like rice.

Husband—No. It's associated in my mind with one of the greatest disappointments of my life.—London Opinion.

Don't Tell Your age