Druggists Know Best Medicine for Kidney Troubles

During the twenty-five years that I have been selling Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root I have never heard a complaint, as my customers always speak favorably regarding it. Three parties have informed me that they have been restored to health by the use of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root after suffering from Rheumatism, Liver trouble and Gravel. It is a pleasure to me to sell Swamp-Root as I believe it is the best medicine on the market for kidney, liver and bladder complaints.

Very truly yours,
ED. ROETHLEIN, Druggist,
1104 12th St., Cor. Monroe,
Lynchburg, Va.

Personally appeared before me this 1st day of November, 1915, Ed. Roethlein, who subscribed the above statement and made oath that the same is true in substance and in fact.

W. E. HAWKS,
Notary Public.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do For You

Send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample size bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention this paper. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.—Adv.

Usually the early bird catches the worm for the benefit of the little ones who are in bed.

SCALP IS STRONGLY ALKALINE and constant use will burn out the scalp. Cleanse the scalp by shampooing with "La Creole" Hair Dressing and darken, in the natural way, those ugly, grizzly hairs. Price $1.00.—Adv.

The future woman gets the vision it is the fool to believe sober women are unable to notice it.

To Drive Out Malaria And Build Up The System

Use the Old Standard GROVE'S TASTELESS chill TONIC. You know what you are taking, as the formula is printed on every label, showing it is Quinine and Iron in a tasteless form. The glycerine driver out malaria, the iron builds up the system. 50 cents.

Good Comp.

"What a leaden color your one land has, Mr. Jones."

"Yes'm; he's doin' yo' de blundage, ma'am."

WOMAN AVOIDS OPERATION

Medicine Which Made Surgeon's Work Unnecessary.

Astoria, N. Y.—"For two years I was feeling ill and took all kinds of tonics. I was getting worse every day. I had chills, my head would ache, I was always tired. I could not walk straight because of the pain in my back and I had pains in my stomach. I went to a doctor and he said I must go under an operation, but I did not go. I read in the paper about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and told my husband about it. I said 'I know nothing will help me but I will try this.' I found myself improving from the very first bottle, and in two weeks time I was able to sit down and eat a hearty breakfast with my husband, which I had not done for two years. I am now in the best of health and did not have the operation."—Mrs. JOHN A. KORNIG, 502 Flushing Avenue, Astoria, N. Y.

Every one dreads the surgeon's knife and the operating table. Sometimes nothing else will do; but many times doctors say they are necessary when they are not. Letter after letter comes to the Pinkham Laboratory, telling how operations were advised and were not performed; or, if performed, did no good, but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was used and good health followed.

If you want advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential), Lynn, Mass.

ECZEMA!

"Hunt's Cure" is guaranteed to expel and permanently cure this terrible affliction. It is compounded for that purpose and your money is promptly refunded without question if it doesn't cure you. It also cures Blotches, Pimples, Ringworm or any other skin disease. See what it is.

For sale by all drug stores or by mail from the
A. B. Richards Medicine Co., Sherman, Tex.

BLACK LEG LOSSES SURELY PREVENTED by Cutter's Blackleg Pills. Low-priced, fresh, reliable, preferred by Western stockmen because they protect where other vaccines fail. Write for booklet and testimonials. 10-dose size, Blackleg Pills $1.00; 50-dose size, Blackleg Pills $4.50. Use any injector, but Cutter's best. The superiority of Cutter products is due to over 17 years of specializing in vaccines and serums only. Insist on Cutter's. If unobtainable, order direct. The Cutter Laboratory, Berkeley, Cal., or Chicago, Ill.

FOR ACUTE ACHES OF THE FEET

Sprinkle one or two Allen's Foot-Ease powders in the foot bath and soak and rub the feet. It takes the sting out of corns and bunions and something nothing feel. Then for instant comfort, shake Allen's Foot-Ease into your shoes. All dealers sell it, 25c. Sample package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff.
For Restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair.
50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

Kill All Flies! They Spread Disease

Placed anywhere, Daisy Fly Killer attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, and cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over, will not soil or injure anything it may touch, and will last all season. Ask for

Daisy Fly Killer

Sold by dealers, or sent anywhere for 40c. HAROLD SOMERS, 150 DeKalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Every Woman Wants Paxtine
ANTISEPTIC POWDER
FOR PERSONAL HYGIENE
Dissolved in water for douches stops pelvic catarrh, ulceration and inflammation. Recommended by Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co. for ten years. A healing wonder for nasal catarrh, sore throat and sore eyes. Economical. Has extraordinary cleansing and germicidal power. Druggists, 50c, 1lb. pkg., or prepaid by mail. The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass.

W. N. U., ST. LOUIS, NO. 27-1916.

THE SIEGE OF YORKTOWN ☆

Here is told how American and French infantry, supported by the French navy, captured the army of Lord Cornwallis and definitely turned the tide of the Revolutionary War to victory for the Continental forces

THE SIEGE OF YORKTOWN

THE SUMMER OF 1781 was a time of despair for the thirteen American states at war with England. Their armies had been beaten, their money was gone, and it seemed that surrender was inevitable.

Sir Henry Clinton, the British commander, was in New York. Lord Cornwallis was in Virginia with an army, other British forces held Charleston and Savannah. Practically the whole South was conquered, and Lord Cornwallis was determined to add Virginia to his list.

Washington's feeble little army, with a French contingent under Count Rochambeau, was near New York watching Clinton. The only other regular force was in Virginia, commanded by Lafayette. The British fleet was at New York, while the French fleet was somewhere in the West Indies.

GRACE CHURCH AT YORKTOWN

Washington decided to bamboozle Clinton if possible. He made a great display with his troops before New York and convinced the British there that he intended to attack them. Clinton sent a hurried dispatch to Cornwallis asking him to send 3000 men. That was just what Washington wanted.

While Clinton and Cornwallis both thought Washington intended to attack New York, Washington left a small force in his intrenchments and started southward at night to trap Cornwallis. The French and American troops marched swiftly across New Jersey, through Philadelphia and down in Virginia, towards Yorktown, where Cornwallis had his headquarters.

Cornwallis Heard Too Late.

Cornwallis heard of Washington's approach, but too late to escape. He began to intrench at Yorktown and notified Clinton of his predicament. Lafayette, with his little force, took station at Williamsburg, only 12 miles away, and watched every move the British made. Williamsburg was a rebellious town, and at that time capital of Virginia. It was there that Patrick Henry made his famous speech in the house of burgesses in March, 1775, when he said:

"There is no retreat but in submission and slavery. Our chains are forged; their clanking may be heard on the plains of Boston. . . . I know not what course others may take, but as for me, give me liberty or give me death."

Cornwallis had 7000 soldiers and 3000 teamsters and others. The French fleet under Admiral de Grasse had sailed for the American coast, and the British fleet was forced to take station to cover New York, where it was believed the French would strike. The two fleets met in battle and September 11, while the American army was at Annapolis, the French fleet sent the British ships skurrying back to New York in defeat. That had an important bearing on Washington's campaign, for it prevented Clinton from sending reinforcements to Cornwallis.

Cornwallis now saw the net drawing around him. He sent messenger after messenger calling for more troops. None came. He was hemmed in. The French fleet blockaded the mouth of York river, and September 28 the French and American army marched out from Williamsburg and spread around the doomed town. Yorktown in that day was only a village of some 60 houses.

The French troops occupied half the lines and the Americans the other half. They began regular siege tactics. Parties of sappers would steal out from the lines at night and silently build new parapets nearer the British lines. It was risky duty, but volunteers in plenty were found for the work.

All Was Not Well.

The night of October 6 Maj. Elias Fenner, who had surveyed the ground, commanded a redoubt building party. They stole quietly to within a quarter of a mile of the British lines. A few men stood guard while the others worked. No one was allowed to talk. The handles of all the tools were muffled so that not the slightest sound would be made. They were so close that the call of the British sentries of "Twelve o'clock and all's well," came clearly to the ears of the Americans. Had the British only known it, all was not well.

When morning came the British were astounded to see the fort that had risen during the night. Major Fenner had done his work well. His earthworks had been completed and two cannon mounted in them. As soon as the British saw this they began a furious bombardment, but it was futile. The American redoubt had been well built.

The next night heavier guns were placed in the American works, and a few nights later the daring Major Fenner built a line of earthworks so close to the British redoubts that one could almost hurl a ball from one to the other.

October 12 the French and American commanders decided to storm two of the strong British positions. They were large earthen redoubts defended by troops and artillery. Two columns were organized among the French and American light infantry. A column was to attack each redoubt.

Col. Alexander Hamilton commanded the Americans. He had his men fix bayonets and then led them quietly to the attack. They were almost at the British defenses before a sentry discovered their dim forms in the night. The alarm was given and firing began immediately. The Americans disdained to reply. They scrambled up the steep earth walls and drove the gunners away with the bayonet.

Cornwallis Is Desperate.

Such courage was too much for the British. Some ran and others threw down their arms.

The French met with a stiffer reception. For an hour and a half the fighting went on in their redoubt. Then the British capitulated. Thus, in one night, the allied army had sealed Cornwallis securely in the trap.

Cornwallis now became desperate. He tried every means he could invent to force Washington to withdraw. October 14 a strong party of British troops made a sortie. They fought bravely but were outnumbered and before morning came had been driven back into their works.

The British general next tried to move his army across the river and take Washington on the flank. Winds and high water forced him to abandon this project.

All this time Cornwallis had been using the home of Governor Nelson of Virginia for his headquarters. Governor Nelson commanded the militia in the army of Washington.

The night of October 15 General Washington sent for Governor Nelson and told him that he planned to bombard the town and show Cornwallis how helpless resistance was.

Brave Governor Nelson.

"But," Washington added, "your home may be destroyed in the fight."

"Do not let that stand in the way," Governor Nelson replied. "I will fire the first ball at my house myself."

The next morning the brave governor kept his word. He aimed and fired the first shot of a terrific cannonade that covered every part of the British lines.

Amid the uproar of the cannonade the Americans heard the British drums beating the parley. Soon a white flag came over the ramparts and a British officer delivered a message from Lord Cornwallis asking for a 24-hour truce, during which time commissioners would discuss surrender.

Washington refused. In 24 hours he knew Clinton might send a fleet and more troops and Cornwallis would escape. He gave the British two hours. The commissioners met immediately, and before the brief time had passed arrangements had been made for the surrender of the British.

MAN'S RIGHT TO HAPPINESS

People Are More and More Coming to Realize the Significance of Words of Declaration.

"We hold these truths to be self-evident," wrote Thomas Jefferson in the great Declaration, "that all men are created equal, that they are endowed by their creator with certain unalienable rights, that among these are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness." What a splendid heritage these "truths" have been! They have always been a court of last resort to which men marching in the advance have been able to appeal. The ideal of equality has warred against slavery and the caste spirit. The ideal of life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness has been a constant incentive to keeping opportunity open to all men. The goal has always been distant. But the way has been plain. Today men are realizing as never before the meaning of the right to the pursuit of happiness. They are understanding that it is mockery to start a child in life unequipped, and tell it that it has full liberty for the pursuit of happiness; that it won't do to permit industrial accidents to disrupt families, and that a whole program for industrial justice is an essential part of the Declaration of Independence. It is a heartening fact that never have so many persons been aroused to the necessity of bringing Jefferson's words out of the clouds and of setting them up as a practical creed for the nation's life.—Kansas City Star.

Patriot Had Short Life.

The signer of the Declaration of Independence to die at the earliest age was Thomas Lynch, who died at the age of thirty years. Arthur Middleton passed away when only forty-four. Button Gwinnett died at the age of forty-five, and Thomas Stone died at the same age. Joseph Hewes was forty-nine when he died. William Hooper was forty-nine, John Penn died at the age of forty-eight, and George Ross died at the age of forty-nine.

It is another strange thing among the signers that the youngest, Thomas Lynch, Jr., died at the earliest age.

Its True Teachings.

The basis of our acts as a nation should be common sense, self-restraint and just conservatism. To the man who puts duty before fame should be given the attention of our people. Then, and not until then, shall we be following out at home the true teachings of the Declaration of Independence.

The Fourth of July.

The Fourth of July is a day consecrated to the principles of human freedom—the birthday of the American Declaration of Independence—the anniversary of the origin of the most momentous experiment in popular government ever attempted in the history of the earth, which has proved successful beyond the dreams of its founders, and has influenced politics in every quarter of the globe, and after more than a century of trial remains today an inspiration to all mankind.

BETTER THAN ANY POCKETS

For Absolute Safety, the Old Lady's Plan Was Pretty Well Perfect.

It was in the Pennsylvania depot at Jersey City. A man who had been half asleep on one of the benches for some time suddenly roused up, carried his hand to the breast pocket of his coat and then called out:

"I have been robbed! Someone has picked my pocket!"

"Have much money?" asked an old lady who sat near him.

"Over $40."

"Sakes alive! but what a loss. Sure you had it when you left home?"

"Of course I am."

"Didn't leave it under your pillow, or change your coat?"

"No!"

"I noticed you feeling around your coattails before you went to sleep. Reckon look back there before you give up."

He carried his hand back and ten seconds later held his lost wallet up to sight. He began to apologize and stammer, but the old lady threw up her hands and checked him with:

"Young man, you orter be more careful, you might of accused me of stealin' that money, and it would have been a nice thing for my church folks to hear of, wouldn't it? When the news got home to my old man he'd have been so kerflustrated that he'd have forgotten to feed the shoats or milk the cows and there's no knowing how he'd have got along locking up the house and going to bed."

"Oh, I shouldn't have accused you ma'am," protested the man.

"Well, I'm glad on it, and being as this excitement has come on about picking pockets I guess I'll see if my money and tickets is safe."

And she reached down, slipped off a calfskin shoe from her right foot, and shored friendly into it, with she remark:

"There's a ticket, and there's a dollar bill, and I hain't been robbed. Just try it, young man. Beats cost, tail and all other pockets all holler. Got to stand you on your head to git it, and every time you set you foot down you know it's there. I've carried $10 all over New York this way and got out safe and safe."

Labor Will Be Scarce.

An investigation made by some of the railroads of the country indicates that 500,000 foreign-born persons would return to Europe immediately after the war for various reasons. Friends and relatives have been killed, their homes have been devastated. There has been no communication between millions of families for over a year. Other evidence indicates that some of the warring countries are planning a campaign upon America for the purpose of inducing able-bodied men to return to their native lands to aid in the rebuilding process. They want men, and they want the accumulated capital which these men will bring back with them; and 500,000 men with $500 each would mean an addition to the capital resources of Europe of $100,000,000. It is probable that great stretches of Europe now divided into great feudal estates will be broken up into small holdings, to be sold to natives and returned foreign-born from America as small farms. For many nobles of central Europe have been killed. Many more have been bankrupted. The shortage of labor will make it difficult for them to work their estates. It is not impossible that the United States may be a country from which the able-bodied will emigrate, rather than a country into which they will immigrate. This, of course, is a matter of speculation. It will depend upon industrial conditions in Europe on the one hand, and industrial conditions in America on the other. Adding to this is the pending legislation at Washington, which may restrict immigration by means of the literacy test and other limitations upon the number of incoming aliens.—Engineering Magazine.

Making Gunpowder.

A process has been devised by the use of which gunpowder and other high explosives can be manufactured aboard a railway train in motion. The machinery includes device for performing all the essential operations of powder making, from the first compounder, where the elements are mixed, through press, a cutting wheel, a hot air drying apparatus, to a glazing cylinder for giving the grains their final polish. If the whole proves as practical as the inventor believes it will its effect will be to render powder plants less liable to destruction in time of war than is the case at present. It also will be possible to manufacture explosives in the very train that is carrying them to the front.

Turned Around.

Things are not always what they seem—nor so old, either.

"Is this a genuine antique?" asked the customer suspiciously.

"Certainly," replied the dealer, in an offended voice. "It is more than six hundred years old."

"That's remarkable," commented the customer dryly. "It is dated 1812."

But the antique dealer was not to be caught napping.

"Let me see," he said. "Why, so it is! That's the fault of my assistant. He's put the figures on wrongly. It ought to be 1218."—Pittsburgh Chronicle-Telegraph.

Self-Regulated Electric Iron.

Equipped with a simple form of thermostat, there has been introduced an electric iron which automatically maintains its temperature at any desired point. Adjustment in temperature is effected by turning the knob, after which the thermostat member turns off the current when the heat exceeds the limit set and again closes the circuit when the temperature falls slightly below the lower limit.

A Dainty Touch.

"And her mean husband thinks she's extravagant."

"Why?"

"Just because she insists on having Fido's monogram stamped on his dog biscuit."

IMITATION IS SINCEREST FLATTERY but like counterfeit money the imitation has not the worth of the original. Insist on "La Creole" Hair Dressing—it's the original. Darkens your hair in the natural way, but contains no dye. Price $1.00.—Adv.

Methodist Women Gave $278,000.

The amount raised last year by the Woman's Missionary society of the Methodist Episcopal church, South, for the work in the foreign field was $278,792.29. The amount given during the week of prayer for the new work in Japan was $13,751.71.

IF YOU OR ANY FRIEND suffering with Rheumatism or Neuritis, write or telegraph, write for my FREE BOOK on Rheumatism—Its Cause and Cure. Most sufferers heard from never written. It's absolutely FREE. Jesse A. Cass, Dept. G. W., Brockton, Mass.—Adv.

Topics.

"There is nothing like the weather as a topic of conversation.

"That remark," observed Senator Sorghum, "leads me to infer that you have never concerned yourself much about the tariff."—Washington Star.

Pluck loses no time on account of tough luck.

The Effects of Opiates.

THAT INFANTS are peculiarly susceptible to opium and its various preparations, all of which are narcotic, is well known. Even in the smallest doses, if continued, these opiates cause changes in the functions and growth of the cells which are likely to become permanent, causing imbecility, mental perversion, a craving for alcohol or narcotics in later life. Nervous diseases, such as intractable nervous dyspepsia and lack of staying powers are a result of dosing with opiates or narcotics to keep children quiet in their infancy. The rule among physicians is that children should never receive opiates in the smallest doses for more than a day at a time, and only then if unavoidable.

The administration of Anodynes, Drops, Cordials, Soothing Syrups and other narcotics to children by any but a physician cannot be too strongly decried, and the druggist should not be a party to it. Children who are ill need the attention of a physician, and it is nothing less than a crime to dose them willfully with narcotics.

Castoria contains no narcotics if it bears the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Genuine Castoria always bears the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Speedy.

"Does that new watch of yours keep good time?"

"You bet it does! There isn't a clock in town that can keep up with it."

STILL IN THE AGE OF YOUTH.

You will look ten years younger if you darken your ugly, grizzly gray hairs by using "La Creole" Hair Dressing.—Adv.

Humanity is a good thing to combine with insurance policies.

Luck and laziness never go together.

Disappointing Movie.

"I've seen it—hadn't no good."

"It gets long, doesn't it?"

"Yes, but they don't show yer that."

WOMAN'S CROWNING GLORY is her hair. If yours is streaked with ugly, grizzly, gray hairs, use "La Creole" Hair Dressing and change it in the natural way. Price $1.00.—Adv.

Silence has every other kind of a blast backed off the boards.

Pure water will corrode glass.

It's a Picnic Getting Ready for a Picnic

If you choose

Sweet Olives Pickles Sweet Relish Ham Loaf Veal Loaf
Chicken Loaf Fruit Preserves Jellies Apple Butter
Luncheon Meats Pork and Beans

Libby's Ready to Serve Food Products

Insist on Libby's at your grocer's

Libby, McNeill & Libby
Chicago

SCHEME PROVED A FAILURE

Tight-Fisted Old Gentleman More Than Met His Match in Shrewd Physician.

A tight-fisted old man, feeling very sick, asked a friend to recommend a physician. The friend named a certain specialist.

"Is he very expensive," asked the sick man.

"Well, not so very. He'll charge you four dollars for the first visit and two dollars for each one after that."

The old fellow soon afterward walked into the office of the physician named by his friend, and upon being admitted to the consulting room planked down two dollars, remarking: "Well, doctor, here I am again."

The physician calmly picked up the money and put it in a drawer, which he locked securely. The sick man looked on expectantly, awaiting the next move.

"Well, I'm ready to be examined," he said at length.

"I don't think it's necessary," replied the shrewd specialist. "There's no need to do it again. Keep right on taking the same medicine. Good-day, sir."

Selfish people are not selfish enough to keep their troubles to themselves.

Blessings of poverty only look good to millionaires.

CAUGHT IN GARDNER'S NET

Tramp Expected to "Land," but as It Turned Out He Was the One "Landed."

They are telling a story about Representative Gardner and his fervent preparedness campaign.

It seems that a begging tramp approached a group of congressmen, and one of them pointed out Mr. Gardner and said:

"Nothing doing here. Weary, but that gentleman there is very charitable, and if you tackle him you'll be apt to make a haul."

"Thanks, boss," said the tramp huskily, and he hurried to Mr. Gardner, while the others looked on with interest.

The tramp and the statesman were seen to talk earnestly together for some time. Then their hands met—a piece of money plainly passed between them—and the tramp stepped jauntily away.

"Well, did you land him?" a congressman asked the tramp.

"No," the tramp answered cheerfully. "No; I gave him a quarter toward his splendid national preparedness campaign."

Every man expects to become great some day, but he keeps putting it off.

The man who looks straight ahead misses a lot on the side.

They Stand Up—

Unlike common corn flakes, the **New Post Toasties** don't mush down when milk or cream is added.

And they have a charming new flavour—delicious, different, the true essence of the corn—not found in corn flakes heretofore.

The intense heat of the new process of manufacture raises tiny bubbles on each delicious brown flake and these little puffs are the identifying feature.

These new flakes are firmer, crisper, and don't crumble in the package—in comparison, ordinary corn flakes are as "chaff."

Your grocer can send you a package of

New Post Toasties