# THE SENTINEL.

Published Every Friday.

TERMS: $1.50 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE

DOBYNS & CURRY, Publishers

Friday, October 17, 1890.


## REPUBLICAN TICKET.

**State Ticket.**

For Supreme Judge,
ALEXANDER W. MULLINS.

For Railroad Commissioner,
JAMES MERRIFIELD.

For Superintendent of Public Schools,
FRANK P. SEVER.

**Congressional Ticket.**

For Congress,
NICHOLAS FORD.

**County Ticket.**

For Representative,
EDGAR J. KELLOGG.

For Judge at Large,
DAVID A. YOUNG.

For County Clerk,
ROBERT S. MEYER.

For Recorder,
JAMES F. KELLOGG.

For Circuit Clerk,
GOUVENEUR MORRIS.

For Probate Judge,
SAMUEL F. O'FALLON.

For Treasurer,
FRANK L. ZELLER.

For Collector,
GEORGE H. ALLEN.

For Assessor,
ALBERT G. WEBER.

For Sheriff,
WILLIAM H. FRAME.

For Prosecuting Attorney,
JOHN KENNISH.

For Judge—First District,
ARTHUR W. VAN CAMP.

For Judge—Second District,
HENDERSON L. WARD.

For Coroner,
DR. A. GOSLIN.

THE McKinley tariff law is having an unfavorable effect at Hudderstield, England. The manufacturers of worsted and other woolen goods there have been so badly worsted by it already that they will have it repealed as soon as Congress can be got together.

THE intelligent and self-respecsing citizens of Missouri have a chance to make a direct and effective protest against the worst form of political bossism, as represented by George G. Vest; and their highest duty to themselves and to the State is not to neglect such an important opportunity.

THE Democrats had an election in Georgia one day last week. They were greatly divided, but all being Democrats the election went Democraticward by several. There the Alliance allianced itself to the old machine. There was some great blowing done before the election of what the Alliance would do, but Democracy scooped it in as it will elsewhere if a good opportunity presents itself.

SENATOR GEORGE, during the last month of the late session of Congress, spent his time in the Mississippi Constitutional convention, taking his pay from the United States as a Senator and presumably as a member of the convention from the state of Missisippi. All this time he was paired with a Republican Sentor on political questions and silenced one vote. There is too much sharp practice carried on under the protection of Senatorial courtesy.

THE Independence Belge, the chief newspaper of Belgium, says that the passage of the McKinley bill insures the failure of the World's Fair at Chicago, for there will be no use for Europeans to compete where they will have no trade They forget that America will have enough to fill all the buildings that can be put on the grounds that have been set apart for that purpose. They forget too that they have "schweitzer case" to exhibit.

W. H. FRAME.—This genial gentleman, whose name heads this article is again in the field for the office of Sheriff, a position which he now holds and has filled acceptably and satisfactorily to a large majority if not the entire people of the county. Mr. Frame's fitness and qualifications for this important office is not nor can not be questioned as his past two years service has been faithfully and competently performed. He is making a splendid canvass and will be handsomely elected on the 4th of November next.—Maitland Herald.

IN an address made by Roger Q. Mills to the farmers of Iowa, August 22nd, he quoted from Thos. J. Sherman's article in the Forum the fact that seventy persons in the United States own $2,700,000 of the wealth of the country, and held the tariff responsible for this state of things. The dishonesty of the Mills' representation is at once shown a by glance at the list of persons given by Mr. Sherman with the business from which this wealth was obtained. Only four out of the seventy were made wealthy from protected industries and they were of those representing the smaller sums in the list. And Mills is the man western Democrats urge for Speaker of the next House, provided the Democrats have a majority.

HON. NICHOLAS FORD.—We had the privilege and pleasure last week of forming the acquaintance of the gentleman whose name heads this article, and was very favorably impressed with him. We found him to be a clear-headed courteous, positive gentleman, who is an able, deep thinker and fluent talker, and one endowed with every qualification both by nature, education and experience, which clearly fit him to fill a seat in the house of our national legislature, a position for which he is now a candidate and to which the voters of this district will surely elect him on the 4th of next month. Mr. Ford has twice served the people of this district in congress, with credit to himself and his constituents, and we believe that they will not fail in doing their whole duty and return him a third time.—Maitland Herald.

### Work of the Session.

During the first session of the fifty-first congress more important legislation has been enacted than by any two congresses for the past six years. In nine months the Republican congress has redeemed all the pledges which the Republican party made to the people. At the congressional elections to be held this fall it will ask for a renewal of the confidence of the people upon a record still incomplete. If the people believe in a party that keeps its promises, they must return the Republican party to power in this election. Much more might have been accomplished but for the obstructive and filibustering tactics pursued by the Democratic minority. The commerce of the country demanded that the more important measures before congress should be passed without unnecessary delay, but Democratic party position was paramount to the business interests of the nation. The most important and far-reaching legislation is the tariff bill. The economic difference between the McKinley bill and the Mills bill is revealed in the following:

The Republican bill places a duty on wool, the Democratic bill places wool on the free list. The Republican bill places a protective duty on all animals, vegetables, barley, hemp, tobacco, flax and all products of the soil; upon cotton goods, woolen goods, crockery, glassware, iron, steel, hardware, and cutlery. The Democratic bill places vegetables on the free list, leaves but a revenue duty on all animals, on barley and tobacco; moves toward a revenue duty on cottons, woolens, crockery, glassware, iron, steel, hardware and cutlery. The Republican bill places sugar on the free-list; the Democratic bill places the duty on sugar at sixty-five per cent. It will be seen that these measures are most marvelously unlike. It is not accident or chance. It is because one bill favors the protection of American agriculture, manufactures and labor, and the other bill opposes this policy.

Three pension bills were passed, the disability pension act providing that in considering the claims of dependent parents the fact of a soldier's death by reason of any wound, injury, casualty, or disease, which under the conditions and limitations of existing laws would have entitled him to an invalid pension, and the fact that the soldier left no widow or minor children, having been shown as required by law, it shall be necessary only to show by competent and sufficient evidence that such parent or parents are without means of support than their own manual labor or the contributions of others not legally bound for their support; an action in relation to oaths in pension cases; an act for the relief of soldiers and sailors who enlisted or served under assumed names requires the issuance of certificates of discharge or orders of acceptance of resignation upon application and proof of identity in the true name of such persons as were honorably discharged; an act increasing the pensions of soldiers and sailors who are totally helpless from injuries received or diseases contracted while in the service.

The law for the purchase of silver bullion, and the issue of treasury notes thereon, directs the secretary of the treasury to purchase from time to time silver bullion to the aggregate amount of 4,500,000 ounces per month. This bill restores silver to its full use as money.

An act to protect trade and commerce against unlawful restraints and monopolies declares every contract, combination in the form of a trust or otherwise, or conspiracy, a restraint of trade or commerce among the several states or with foreign nations to be illegal.

An act known as the original package act withdrawing federal protection from the importation of liquors into a prohibition state. It provides that all fermented, distilled, or other intoxicating liquors or liquids transported into any state or territory or remaining therein for use, consumption, sale or storage therein shall upon arrival in such state or territory be subject to the operation and effect of the laws of such state or territory enacted in the exercise of its police powers to the same extent and in the same manner as though such liquids or liquors had been produced in such state or territory, and shall not be exempt therefrom by reason of being introduced therein in original packages or otherwise.

A meat inspection law empowering the secretary of agriculture to make an inspection of salted pork and bacon intended for exportation.

An act appropriating money arising from the sale of public lands for the endowment and maintenance of agricultural colleges.

The customs administration law modifying the existing statute in regard to the collection of revenues.

Provision for the admission of two new states, Idaho and Wyoming.

The law creating Oklahoma a territory.

An act extending the criminal jurisdiction of the circuit and district courts to the great lakes and their connecting waters, designed to cure a defet in statutes previously passed.

A bill affecting public lands and restoring to the public domain between 7,000,000 and 10,000,000 acres.

The contagious diseases act providing that the president may authorize the secretary of the treasury to promulgate rules and regulations necessary to prevent their spread.

A special act authorizing new designs for the silver dollar and the five-cent nickel piece and an act discontinuing the coinage of the $3 and $1 gold piece and the three cent nickel piece.

The anti-lottery law forbidding the use of the government mails by lotteries and gift-enterprises.

An act appropriating $500,000 for the Hennepin canal; a bill providing for the purchase by the government of the Portage Lake canal and the Lake Superior Ship Canal Railway and Iron Company canal; a bill appropriating a liberal sum for the improvement of inland water ways, including an item of $150,000 for the Mississippi from the mouth of the Des Moines river to the mouth of the Illinois.

The weather service is transferred from the military to the Agricultural department of the government. After July 1, 1891, it will be entirely under the control of the secretary of agriculture. A chief will be established at a salary of $4,500 per year. The present Signal Corps will be discharged from the army and thereafter serve as civilians.

An act establishing a national military park at the battle field of Chickamauga, a national zoological park in the District of Columbia, the Rock River National Park in the district of Columbia, and a government park in Tulare county, California.

The building of the new navy has been pushed forward, and the legislation passed which will at last give us a navy worthy of our greatness as a nation.

It has passed an additional law, more stringent than the previous one in its provisions, against the importation of foreign laborers under contract.

An adjustment law, enabling claimants under the old eight-hour law to submit their cases to judicial arbitrament.

A law prohibiting the employment of convict labor on government works.

A law prohibiting the use of the product of convict labor by the government in any of its departments.

Shermans Anti Trust Law.

Conger's Compound Lard Bill.

Butterworth's National Classification of Grain.

The Anti Option Dealing Law.

This is only a part of the splendid record made at the session just closed. No Democratic Congress, even in the two years of its existence, in the history of the country, ever made one that can compare with it. That more has not been accomplished is due to the obstructive tactics of Democrats, who have however, been prevented from making these tactics successful by the adoption of new rules in the House, and by the firmness and courage of Speaker Reed.

### Concerning Mr. Ford.

The congressional campaign in this district will soon open in full blast, and the competing candidates will appear before the voters, presenting the principles which they hold, and giving the people an opportunity to judge who is best fitted to represent them at the national capital. Both candidates have, for the past few days, been out quietly looking at their fences to see that the holes are properly stopped, so that no voters should get away, and both express themselves satisfied with the outlook. The prospects should look especially bright for Mr. Ford, for, unless the attitude of the farmers and the workingmen of the district has been greatly misrepresented, they want just such a man as Nicholas Ford to represent them in Congress. Mr. Ford is a man of the people, who has labored for his living as diligently as any other man. He is no fair weather friend to the workmen or the farmers, coming to them with soft words and great promises for the future. He does not change his beliefs, for political advancement, or, while professing the greatest love for the farmer and workingman, endeavor to set them in deadly antagonism toward each other, and advocate a policy that will ruin both. He held and advocated years ago the same principles that he now believes in, and those beliefs are, in the main, almost identical as far as domestic policy is concerned, with the principles of the Alliance and the demands of organized labor. Long before the Alliance or the Knights of Labor as organizations were ever thought of, he advocated the abolition of the national banking system and the substitution of legal tender Treasury notes for its circulation. He believed in the free coinage of silver, and did as much as any one man in Congress toward maintaining the standing of silver as a currency. He believed in a more abundant currency, and had the independence to assert his beliefs when it was anything but the popular thing. Consequently he is no new convert. Indeed, he could take many of the leaders in the Alliance today and give them many valuable pointers on their own their own platform. While in Congress he was always the friend of those who toiled for their daily bread. He was not loud-mouthed in proclaiming this friendship, nor did he pose as an agitator, but whenever and wherever he could do something for the elevation of labor or for the advancement of its interests, he did it in his own quiet, but effective way. While he did this, he did not declaim against capital when legitimately used. He was proud of the material development of America, and particularly of Missouri, and nothing was left undone that he thought would result to the benefit of his state and district.

Nicholas Ford has always stood high in the estimation of the business men of St. Joseph. His name has come to be recognized as the synonym for honesty, integrity and fair dealing. There is no man in St. Joseph but would trust his affairs in the hands of Nicholas Ford, confident that every penny would be carefully kept and scrupulously returned, and every interest as jealously guarded as thought it were his own.

Should he be elected to Congress no partisan prejudices would be allowed to blind him or prevent him from doing his duty. He would act as his conscience dictated, with only the interests of the people of the whole district at heart. St. Joseph being the chief city of the district, he would see that no rival cities in other districts got an undue advantage.

Such have been the characteristics of Mr. Ford in the past, as proved by his record during two terms in Congress, and such are they now. Careful, prudent, intelligent, fearless, honest, quick to see a point and not slow in taking advantage of it, he would make a congressman of which St. Joseph and the state could take a high degree of pride. Indeed, the magnificent race he made for governor six years ago shows that his reputation has extended outside the district in which he lives, and that he is held in high esteem all over Missouri. The people of the entire state greeted his nomination with expressions of satisfaction and their eyes are turned anxiously toward the Fourth District, hoping to see him elected. It is because Mr. Ford is such a man as this, having such a record, reputation and character, that The Daily News commends him to the people of the district, irrespective of party.—St. Joseph News.


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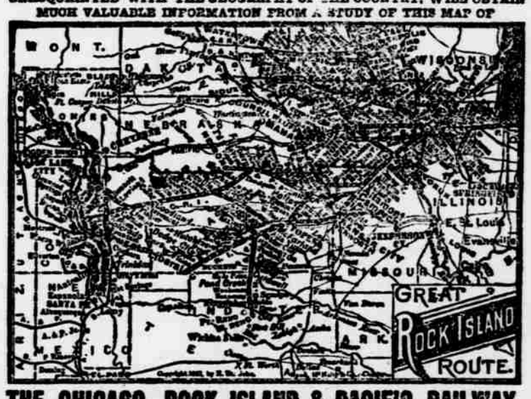


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### What the Administration Has Done.

"What has become of the surplus?" is shouted by every Democratic demagogue in the land. The answer is ready. It has gone to pay off deficiencies created by the Cleveland administration, and towards paying off the public debt. Of the latter there was paid off during the past month the sum of $42,316,240. The decrease in the bonded debt for the first nineteen months of the present administration has been $205,714,410, an average monthly reduction of $10,827,774.

The decrease for the first nineteen months of President Cleveland's administration was $76,968,020, an average monthly reduction of $4,050,948. The total decrease during the four years of President Cleveland's administration was $341,396,080, an average reduction of $7,112,437. The foregoing figures relate exclusively to the bonded debt and not to the "debt less cash in the treasury" at the various dates specified.

No administration ever made a better showing. The public money has been appropriated to legitimate purposes. Not a dollar has been stolen. There have been no defalcations among public officials. No jobs have been engineered through congress. On the other hand congress has passed many measures for the relief of the people, and not one for the benefit of corporations, combines and trusts.

The Republican party may well congratulate itself that the president and a congress elected by it have both proved faithful to the trust confided to them by the people.—St. Joe Herald.


### St. Louis

Is to have the same splendid passenger service from the Missouri river that Chicago now enjoys. In addition to the magnificent vestibuled evening train running from Napier, St. Joseph and Kansas City to St. Louis, The Burlington Route will put on the first of September a new morning train. Cars are now in course of construction at the different Burlington Shops, which, when completed will make this the most perfect train in the west. Both the morning and evening trains will be run solid between Denver and St. Louis. The train which now leaves Kansas City and St. Joseph in the evening places the passenger in St. Louis in time for breakfast the next day, while the train which will leave in the Morning will arrive in St. Louis in the early evening.

To passengers going to Denver and points west, these same trains offer their many advantages. Leaving the K. C. St. J. & C. B. R. at Napier they take the Burlington & Missouri River Railroad to Denver, which is by far the best and shortest line between the Missouri river and the west.

For further information, apply to your local ticket agent or A. C. Dawes, G P. & T. A., St. Joseph, Mo.


### Distribution of Fish.

OFFICE OF MISSOURI FISH COMMISSION, ST. JOSEPH, MO., OCT. 5, 1890

On and after the 1st of November we will be ready for the distribution of young fish. We have a large supply of young Bass, Croppie and German Carp at our St. Louis Hatchery, and of Croppie and German Carp at our St. Joseph Hatchery. We do not ship spawners; only the young fry.

All persons in the State of Missouri desiring to stock ponds should apply during November and December to Jas. W. Day, Sup't, St. Joseph, Mo., or to Philip Kopplin, Jr., 4620 Delmar Avenue, St. Louis, Mo., and the same will have prompt attention.

No fish sent out C. O. D. for cans.

Terms as follow: For cans and cartage to the express offices, $1.25 will be charged; when can is sent, charges prepaid, send only 25 cents by mail for cartage. Send, in all orders, the name of Post Office, County and nearest Express office.

On receipt of three cents postage, we will mail you a 100-page circular on fish culture, how to construct ponds and feed fish. Surface water ponds are only fit for German Carp.

H. M. GARLICHS,
Chairman Missouri Fish Commission.
A. C. GARLICHS, Secretary,
St. Joseph, Mo.

THE Republican House of Representatives found that its postmaster had been conducting himself in an unbecoming manner, so they turned him out. The Democratic members of this same House came home long before the expiration of the session to secure a renomination and begin their campaign. All of them took their pay as Congressmen while engaged in this business. But did the Democratic party managers in any or the districts object to this? Did any of their papers criticise this course on the part of their candidates and say it was wrong? Nary time. Furthermore they wont say a word against their pilfering candidates.

Prof. W. S. Scarborough's paper in the October Arena on "The Race Question," is attracting considerable attention. The Professor, as will be readily seen by the admirable picture which accompanies his paper, has very little, if any, white blood in his veins. The paper is a credit to the author and his race, temperate, logical, and able. Prof. Scarborough graduated from Oberlin University, Ohio, and from that Insitution received the degree of A. M. The Arena, in admitting a leading thinker of the colored race, to reply to the leading Southerners who have already been heard, displays the characteristic impartiality of this great Review.

MODERN Ghosts, the new "Odd Number" volume soon to be published by Harper & Brothers, represents the work of many individuals. Of the seven stories which it comprises, two are from the French and two from the Spanish, one is from the German, one from the Swedish, and one from the Italian. They were written by Guy de Maupassant, Gustavo A. Becquer, Pedro de Alarcon, Leopold Kompert, Alexander S. Kielland, and G. Magherini-Graziani, and translated into English by Jonathan Sturges, Rollo Ogden, Charles Flint McClumpha, and Mary A. Craig. The Introduction is by George William. Curtis.


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The best salve in the world for Cuts Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands Chilblains Corns and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by King & Proud.

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First Class 3 year old Apple Trees, 12 1-2cts each; $11 per 100; $100 per 1,000

Extra 2 year old trees at 2cts less.

Pear, Plum and Cherry Trees 35cts each.

All kinds of other stock at low prices. We warrant everything true to name. We solicit your orders, and guarantee satisfaction.

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### Trustee's Sale.

Whereas, Mary A. Brazel by her certain deed of trust, dated the 4th day of February, 1889, and recorded in the recorder's office of Holt County, Missouri, on the 11th day of February, 1889, in Book 51, Page 355, conveyed to A. G. Young, as trustee, the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the County of Holt and State of Missouri, to-wit:

Lot No two (2) block No three (3) of the original town of Forbes, Missouri, (Holt county) as same appears on town plat of Forbes, Mo.

Which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of a certain promissory note in said deed of trust described; and whereas, default has been made in the payment of said note and the interest thereon; now, therefore, I, the undersigned sheriff of Holt County, Missouri, might execute the powers of said trustee; and whereas, said trustee, A. G. Young, refuses to act as such trustee: now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note, and in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust, I, the undersigned sheriff of Holt County, Missouri, and as such trustee, will on

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 28th, 1890,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the north door of the Court House in the city of Oregon, in Holt County, Missouri, proceed to sell all, or so much of said real estate, as may be sufficient to pay said note, interest and costs of this proceeding—the sale to be at public auction to the highest bidder for cash in hand.

W. H. FRAME,
Sheriff of Holt County, Mo.


WE WANT MEN Good pay to the right kind of men to sell our reliable Nursery Stock.

NO EXPERIENCE NEEDED.

Write for terms to Standard Nursery Co., Rochester, N. Y. AS AGENTS

In writing, mention this paper.


## PROPOSED AMENDMENT

—TO THE—

## CONSTITUTION OF MISSOURI.

To be Submitted to the Qualified Voters at the General Election to be held in this State on November 4, 1890.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION submitting to the qualified voters of Missouri an amendment to the Constitution thereof, concerning the judicial department.

*Be it resolved by the House of Representatives, the Senate concurring therein:*

That at the general election to be held on the Tuesday next following the first Monday in November, A. D. 1890, the following amendment to the constitution of Missouri, concerning the judicial department, shall be submitted to the qualified voters of said state, to wit:

SECTION 1. The supreme court shall consist of seven judges, and, after the first Monday in January, 1891, shall be divided into two divisions, as follows: One division to consist of four judges of the court to be known as division number one, the other to consist of the remaining judges and to be known as division number two. The divisions shall sit seperately for the hearing and disposition of causes and matters pertaining thereto, and shall have concurrent jurisdiction of all matters and causes in the supreme court, except that division number two shall have exclusive cognizance of all criminal cases pending in said court: Provided, that a cause therein may be transferred to the court as provided in section four of this amendment. The division of business of which said divisions have concurrent jurisdiction shall be made as the supreme court may determine. A majority of the judges of a division shall constitute a quorum thereof, and all order judgments and decrees of either division, as to causes and matters pending before it, shall have the force and effect of those of the court.

SEC. 2. Upon the adoption of this amendment, the governor shall appoint two additional judges of the supreme court, who shall hold their offices until the first Monday in January, 1893, and at the general election in the year 1892 their successors shall be elected, who shall hold their offices for the term of ten years, as other judges of the supreme court. The two judges appointed by the governor, together with the judge elected at the general election in the year 1890, shall constitute division number two, and the remaining judges shall constitute division number one. The court shall elect its chief justice and each division a presiding judge thereof.

SEC. 3. The supreme court shall assign to each division the causes and matters to be heard by it, of which assignment due public notice shall be given, and all laws relating to practice in the supreme court, as well as the rules of the supreme court, shall apply to each division so far as they may be applicable thereto. The opinion of each division shall be in writing, and shall be filed in the causes in which they shall be respectively made during the term at which the cause is submitted, and such opinions shall be a part of the records of the supreme court. Each division shall have authority to issue the original writs and exercise the powers enumerated in section three of article six of the constitution.

SEC. 4. When the judges of a division are equally divided in opinion in a cause or where a judge of a division dissents from the opinion therein, or where a federal question is involved, the cause, on the application of the losing party, shall be transferred to the court for its decision; or where a division in which a cause is pending shall so order, the cause shall be transferred to the court for its decision.

SEC. 5. Whenever in the opinion of the supreme court the state of its docket will referrence to the speedy disposition of the business of the court will justify dispensing with the divisions hereinbefore provided, the court shall dispense therewith, and the court shall thereafter hear and determine all causes pending in it: Provided, however, that the court shall have the power to again divide itself into two divisions, in like manner and with like power and effect as hereinbefore provided, whenever in the opinion of six judges thereof, entered of record, the condition of its docket with reference to the speedy disposition of the business of the court shall so require; and in such division the four judges oldest in commission shall constitute division number one, and the remaining judges division number two.

SEC. 7. All provisions of the constitution of the state, and all laws thereof not consistent with this amendment, shall upon its adoption be forever rescinded and of no effect.

ATTEST: A true copy.

A. A. LESEUR,
[SEAL] Secretary of State.

### Trustee's Sale.

Whereas, Ezra Benson and Agnes Benson, his wife, by their certain deed of trust, dated on the 27th day of September, 1886, and recorded among mortgage records of Holt County, Missouri, on the 28th day of September, 1886, in Book 56 at Page 535, conveyed to H. T. Alkire, as trustee, the following described real estate and personal property, situate, lying and being in the County of Holt, and State of Missouri, to-wit:

Commencing at a point ten, 10, rods north from the southwest corner of the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section No. two, 2, in township fifty-nine, 59, of range thirty-eight, 38, thence running directly east a out 35 rods to the center of a small branch or creek, thence in a northwesterly direction down and along the meanderings of the said creek or branch to a point where said creek or branch crosses the line between the east half and west half of the southeast quarter of said section two, 2, aforesaid, thence directly south on the said line to the point of beginning, containing four acres more or less, and lying in the east half of the southeast quarter of said section two, 2, aforesaid.

Which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of one certain promissory note in said deed of trust described; and whereas, default has been made in the payment of said note and the interest thereon; now therefore, I, the undersigned trustee, at the request of the legal holder of said note, will on

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 5th, 1890,

between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the north front door of the Court House in the city of Oregon, in Holt County, Missouri, proceed to sell the above described property at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash for the purposes expressed in said deed of trust.

H. T. ALKIRE, Trustee.

### Trustee's Sale.

Whereas, Emmanuel S. Gillispie and Eva A. Gillispie his wife by their certain deed of trust, dated the 28th day of March, 1888, and recorded in book 65 at page 259 in the office of the recorder of deeds within and for Holt county, state of Missouri, conveyed to the undersigned trustee Daniel Zook, in trust, to secure the payment of a promissory note therein described and the interest thereon, the following described real estate situate, lying and being in the county of Holt, state of Missouri, to-wit:

All of lots two [2], three [3], four [4], five [5], six [6], seven [7], eight [8], nine [9], eleven [11], twelve [12], thirteen [13] and fourteen [14] in block fifty-five [55], Forest City as the same may appear on the plat of same on file in office of the recorder of deeds of said Holt county, Missouri. And, Whereas, default has been made in the payment of said note and interest due on said note, and by reason of said default according to the terms of said deed of trust all of said note became due and payable. Now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note, and in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust and the authority in me vested thereby, I will on

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 7th, 1890,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of that day, at the north front door of the court house in the city of Oregon, Holt county, Missouri, sell at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, the above described real estate for the purposes of said trust.

DANIEL ZOOK, Trustee.

### Trustee's Sale.

Whereas, John L. Elder and Sciota Elder, his wife, by their certain deed of trust, dated the 31st day of August, 1888, and recorded in the recorder's office of Holt County, Missouri, on the 31st day of August, 1888, and recorded in said recorder's office in book 63, page 423, conveyed to D. S. Alkire, as trustee, the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the county of Holt and State of Missouri, to-wit:

The west half of lot two [2] of the northwest quarter of section two [2], in township fifty-nine [59], range thirty-eight [38], Containing 40.93-100 acres.

Which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of a certain note in said deed of trust described; and whereas default has been made in the payment of said note and the interest thereon; now, therefore, I, the undersigned trustee, at the request of the legal holder of said note, will on

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 8th, 1890,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 4 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the north front door of the Court House in the city of Oregon, in Holt County, Missouri, proceed to sell all, or so much of said real estate, as may be sufficient to pay said note interest and costs of this proceeding—the sale to be at public auction to the highest bidder for cash in hand.

D. S. ALKIRE, Trustee.

### Trustee's Sale.

Whereas, Joseph R. Stone and Lydia M. Stone his wife, by their certain deed of trust, dated June 8th, 1889, and recorded in the office of the recorder of deeds of Holt county, Missouri, on June 29th, 1889, in book 65, page 62, conveyed to Wm. G. Richards, as trustee, the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the county of Holt and state of Missouri:

Lot seventeen, 17, in block nine, 9, in the original town of Maitland, Holt county, Missouri, and lots fifteen, 15, and sixteen, 16, in block two, 2, in the addition to the town of Maitland, Holt county, Missouri.

Which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of one certain promissory note in said deed of trust described; and whereas, default has been made in the payment of said note and the interest thereon now therefore, I the undersigned trustee, at the request of the legal holder of said note will on

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 6th, 1890,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the Court House door in the city of Oregon, Holt county, Missouri, proceed to sell for cash to the highest bidder, said real estate, or so much as may be necessary to pay said note, interest and costs of this sale.

W. H. RICHARDS, Trustee.

### Notice of Final Settlement.

All creditors and others interested in the estate of William Honea, deceased, are notified that the undersigned administrator of said estate, intends to make a final settlement of said estate at the next term of the probate Court of Holt county, to be holden at Oregon in said county on the 10th day of November, 1890

JOHN H. ROGREFE, JR., Administrator.