THE SENTINEL.

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DOBYNS & CURRY, Publishers

Friday, March, 17, 1893.

The Governor is Slapped.

In a lengthy opinion in the Kansas City Federal court on Tuesday last, United States Judge Phillips denied the petition of Benjamin F. Carpenter and Thomas D. Nevitt, St. Clair county judges, who sought to be discharged from imprisonment by a habeas corpus process.

The agitation of the question just at this time is due to the state's rights message of Gov. Stone to the legislature a few days ago. Tuesday afternoon a writ of habeas corpus was sued out by John H. Lucas, of the firm of Johnson & Lucas, attorneys for the judges. A brief was filed, and Judge Phillips delivered his opinion.

In regard to the position of the United States and the rights of the government, the decision gives this direct slap at the governor: "No lawyer or statesman will question the right of the supreme court to construe the Federal constitution and determine when a state law impairs the obligation of contract or that its decision is conclusive and becomes the supreme law of the land. It reaches the very depths of shallowness to imagine that any conflict of duty or obligation exists in the case of these petitioners. The excuse has no foundation in fact or law."

The decision closes as follows:

"It would be a disgrace to the state to repudiate it, and I believed it would be an insult to the honor and intelligence of the people of the county to suggest such an attempt. The proper solution of the problem is an adjustment.

Judge Phillips remanded the judges back to jail, but expressed the wish that the case might be taken to the supreme court and settled for all. Attorney Lucas will do this, and as soon as the papers are ready the case will be appealed. The point about the cumulative or "piling up" punishment made by the petitioners seems to have been well taken, for Judge Phillips remitted one jail sentence, which grows larger with each succeeding day, and only holds the judges now under a fine of $500 each.

Democratic Troubles.

It seems impossible at this late date to expunge the Chicago platform. The silver plank leaks out like a wagon tongue. Atlanta Constitution.

Cleveland declares that he is still in favor of tariff reform, but he prudently reserves his opinion as to the means of bringing it about. St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

President Cleveland starts with a fine stock of good intentions, and if he had a Republican congress to back him he might be depended upon to do excellent work. Milwaukee Wisconsin.

Among the seven alleged tariff experts appointed by the tariff "reform" league to assist the new administration in the preparation of a tariff bill not one has had practical experience in the great industries for which he assumes to prescribe legislation. New York Press.

As Mr. Kolb and the Weaverites could not carry Alabama on the wild and reckless wildcat platform of the Populist party, it appears that the enemies of organized Democracy will resort to a new plan. They propose to unfurl the flag of debased silver money and oppose the Democratic party, which stands committed to a parity of gold and silver. —Mobile Register.

It is a Law.

The Chandler immigration and contract labor bill, which passed the house at a late hour last night, became a law tonight when it received the president's signature. The terms of the bill require steamship companies to prepare and authenticate at the port of departure lists or manifests of their immigrant passengers, containing full information concerning them, and deliver them to immigrant inspectors on arrival, instead of transferring the passengers to the control of such inspectors wholly undocumented. Doubtful questions concerning the right of an immigrant to admission shall be decided after special inquiry by four officials, but an appeal can be made from a decision to the secretary of the treasury.

The bill increases by three the excluded classes of aliens as follows: Those that are over 16 years of age that are illiterate; cripples, blind persons or others physical imperfect, unless they can show satisfactorily that they will not become a public charge, and persons belonging to societies which favor or justify the unlawful destruction of property or life.

Want an Office.

Among the many applicants for office from Missouri is Richard Ennis of St. Louis, who is after the place of public printer. He has undertaken to advance his claim by issuing a neatly printed little pamphlet presenting on the first page a picture of himself, and on the others extracts of numerous daily papers and trade journals testifying to his fitness for the position to which he aspires.

Ex Governor Francis, who did not get into the cabinet, would like to go as minister to Italy, while Representative Mansur, who failed to pump the hurdles last year and consequently was badly distanced, wants a place as one of the auditors of the treasury. L. V. Stevens, the state treasurer, would like to be comptroller of the currency.

Other Missouri men who would like anything (but the larger the crumb the better) are Colonel Grif Prather, long identified with the Democratic national committee; ex Representative Wilson and Walter F. McIntyre, a St. Louis lawyer. The latter has a hankering for Japan.

THE PRESIDENT is not losing any sleep because of the failure of the senate to ratify the treaty providing for the annexation of Hawaii, and of the report that nearly one half of the senate is opposed to its present ratification, some of them mostly Republicans—because they doubt the wisdom of immediate annexation, believing a protectorate preferable; and others mostly Democrats—because they do not wish the credit of acquiring the islands to go to the Republican administration.

The Legislature.

The bill amending the law for the preservation of fish was passed by the house with two dissenting votes. Messrs. Collins, Moore of Mississippi, Russell and Davis of Henry made strong speeches in favor of the bill. The principal change it proposes in the law is to require persons who sell dynamite and other explosives to obtain a license for such purpose and only retail the same upon an application in writing with the affidavit that the person purchasing it will not use it unlawfully. It is claimed that this provision will prevent the wholesale destruction of fish by the use of explosives.

Mr. Coots, from the special committee appointed to investigate the charges against Adjutant General Wickham, made an extended report, entirely exonerating Mr. Wickham from any wrongdoing, but found the law defective. He said in his report: "Upon examination of the laws of the state as to disbursement of funds appropriated for the support of the militia and the office of adjutant general, we find the same to be very indefinite and inadequate to promote a thorough business like management of the affairs of the office of adjutant general."

A bill introduced by Mr. Davis, of Buchanan, was made a special order. It provides that railroad companies and all street car companies doing business in this state shall be subject to damages for injuries sustained by parties in consequence of negligence of employes or faulty construction of cars, appliances, roadbeds and other property, or by mismanagement of any steam, or electric motor, cable car or other propelling apparatus. This is a miniature fellow servants' bill, and lines are already being drawn in support of and in opposition to it.

Mr. Cristy offered a resolution to discharge all the committee clerks with the exception of the clerks of the committees on appropriations and accounts. Mr. Hawkins moved to table the resolution, which was lost. The resolution was then referred to the committee on clerical hire.

The committee on unfinished business reported favorably the house joint resolution fixing March 22, at 12 o'clock m., as the date of final adjournment of the general assembly.

The general road law bill was taken up and some clerical errors corrected and the measure ordered re engrossed.

The committee on judiciary reported favorably Senator Cockran's bill to limit the expense of political candidates. It is similar to the New York law and is generally known as the "corrupt practice act."

Senate bill giving county courts additional power in the matter of securing the drainage of swamp lands was read third time and passed.

The house suspended the rules and engrossed a bill relating to option dealings. It adds a new section to the law which provides that any person, company or corporation that may engage in the purchase and sale of shares of stock or bonds of any corporation, or petroleum, provisions, cotton, grain or agricultural products in any city of the state containing a population of 5,000 inhabitants or over shall subscribe to an affidavit or statement, under oath, signed by the president, secretary or treasurer of such company, or partnership or corporation, or by the person engaging in such business, setting forth that such company or person will not purchase or sell, or permit any member, officer or agent for him or them, to purchase or sell, any shares of stocks or bonds, etc., either upon margin or otherwise, except in good faith, with the full purpose and intention of delivering or receiving the actual shares or products whatever at the time or times and at the place and in the manner specified in such contract of purchase or sale, and such affidavit shall be filed in the office of the secretary of state on or before the 1st of June of each year. Any company or person, or any officer, agent or employe thereof, who shall engage in the business of buying or selling without first making out and delivering to the secretary of state the statement, on oath or affidavit, as required, and without having the certificate of authority of the secretary of state, shall be adjudged guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be fined in a sum not less than $500 nor more than $2,500.

Two road bills No. 570, which emanated from the Sedalia road convention, and No. 700, which was introduced by Mr. Davault and is intended to remedy some alleged weakness in the other—were made a special order. Both of these bills look to the use of money for road purposes, which are yet to be provided by constitutional amendment. As the house is divided in sentiment between a constitutional convention, and as some road laws of general application are now for advancement on the calendar, the future of these bills does not appear to be promising.

Representative Hawkins' bill regarding the punishment for seduction came up for passage and created considerable debate. The bill fixes the maximum age of the female at 18 years of age, and provides that the punishment for seduction shall be from two to five years in the penitentiary. Marriage is to be a defense to the prosecution, but if the female refuses the offer of matrimony, then the offender must go to the penitentiary. The last section provides that if marriage is resorted to in order to avoid prosecution, abandonment any time within ten years will again open the doors of the penitentiary. The bill was passed.

When the Hawkins bill providing for the repeal of the act authorizing county courts to pay for the board of prisoners confined in jail came up for passage a long debate was indulged in regarding the effect of the measure if it should be enacted. It was contended by Fagle, of Schuyler, and Moore, of Laclede, that since the law repealed a repealing law that the old law would not revive, and that there would be no law on the books to compel either the state or county to pay the board of prisoners. The lawyers of the house could not agree on the effect of the bill, and the previous question being moved in desperation the bill was defeated for third reading by two votes.

Hawkins' bill relating to the costs in criminal cases was defeated by two votes. This bill was drafted in accordance with the results of the researches of the committee on criminal costs. If enacted, it would save the state the burden of many costs which it is now compelled to bear.

Tutt's Pills don't interfere with work.

Jefferson City.

In St. Louis Journal of Agriculture of March 2, we notice an editorial on the stock yards bill that was killed in the house some days ago and a roll of members voting against the bill. The Journal seems to think it strange that this bill met so much opposition, when it limited the charges for feed at the stock yards so as to prevent extortion. Now, as I represent one of the very best agricultural and stock producing counties in the state, and voted against this bill, I wish to give my constituents, through THE SENTINEL, my reasons for not supporting this bill. First, the stock yards referred to in this bill are doing business under charters from the state, as private corporations. As such have we the legal right to regulate the price of their labor and feed furnished for stock, and establish the prices to be charged by an act of the legislature? I think not. But if I am wrong, and, as the friends of the bill contend we have, then would we not have the same right to regulate and establish the price of the labor and product of every other private corporation in the state, including that of corporate mills, canning factories, mercantile firms, etc. Some people seem to regard all these corporations in the same light of railroads, but we must remember that the railroads have been made common carriers by law which gives the legal right to regulate and establish rates while all private corporations have not been placed under the bane of law, and we have no more right to enact a law fixing the price on their labor and products than we have to pass laws compelling the farmers to sell their products at rates established by law. But the cry is that St. Louis stock yards charge one dollar a bushel for corn, and this they say is extortion and would be if that was all, but this same company pays four thousand dollars a year for water for which they do not charge a single cent, and as evidence that they are not robbing the public, their dividend on capital invested has never exceeded six per cent, and for last year it was only four per cent. The St. Joseph stock yards are largely in debt and did not earn enough money in the past year to pay the interest on their bonded debt. These are the only stock yards within the border of our state. The yards at Kansas City are in Kansas. The proposed reduction in the bill was twenty five per cent on charges which would simply drive them out of business. In the face of such facts I could not support the bill. In the same number of the Journal, we notice an article on the assessors' seal bill and urging every citizen of the state who believes in just taxation to send memorials or personal letters demanding the passage of the Brandom bill. Now I am opposed to this bill. I fought against it on engrossment and hope to see it defeated when it comes up for final passage. My reasons are: First, the federal constitution, Sec. 10, Art. 1, prohibits any state from passing any law impairing the obligation of contracts and this bill, if it becomes a law, would impair the obligation of contracts, because it provides that every year a note or bond runs without the assessors' seal the holder of note or land must forfeit one fourth of the same, not for revenue to the state, but for the benefit of the debtor. Under the operation of this law, a note or bond that runs four years without the assessor's seal would be absolutely uncollectable, hence the law would be unconstitutional. But the friends of the bill argue that it would be all right and bring all such paper from its hiding place. Yes, perhaps it would, and let us consider the effect, and don't forget now that this bill also provides that a man may put his own estimate of value on all such paper, hence, that class of men, who they now claim, perjure themselves to escape taxation, could and would give all their paper, good and bad in to the assessor at as low or even lower rate than they do now, while every man outside of Missouri, who holds a note or bond on the people of Missouri would, as soon as informed of such a law as this, send the same home at once for collection. The friends of the bill try to make light of this argument, but I submit this proposition and ask the reader to carefully consider the same. If you had notes on parties in Iowa and you would learn of such a law being passed in that state, how long would you be willing to hold the same and take your chances on collection? If you had paid the tax on it in your own state it would avail you nothing, and without the assessor's seal of Iowa your paper would be worthless after four years. Such a law would destroy the commercial value of Missouri paper in other states and no intelligent man who claims to stand up for Missouri can support such a measure. One member who came here under promise to support this bill, said to me, after hearing it discussed—he was thoroughly convinced it was a bad measure and he did not see how he could support it. There will be a hot contest over this bill on final passage and it remains to be seen, who will win. Among the items in the general appropriation bill is one of $17,000 for the current expenses of the governor's mansion for the next two years, a part of which is to go for recarpeting, repainting, refurnishing, new piano, servants, etc. As a member of the committee on appropriations, I opposed this in the committee room and will fight it in the house for the simple reason that it is an outrage upon the tax payers of the state. Some years back, the current expenses of the mansion was $2,000 a year or less. I find the total from 1877 to 1884 a period of eight years to be $12,200. Under Gov. Francis it grew to $16,000 for two years, and now it is to be $17,000 for the next two years. How is this for Democratic reform, retrenchment and Jeffersonian simplicity? While this has been increased, the appropriation for many other things has been cut down—among them the state board of agriculture has been severely cut and where $10,000 was appropriated two years ago for farmer institute work, it was left out entirely this time, but after a hard fight we get them to put in $8,000 for this work, which is not one-half what the farmers ought to have, but Mr. Rust, the chairman of the committee, said the place for the farmers to get his education, was at home on the farm, and not one dollar ought to be appropriated for them, and their work in this line. The appropriation for the insane asylum of St. Louis, which was $85,000 two years ago, is now cut down to $20,000 for next two years. The plea for cutting so much has been that with a falling off in the revenue of the state, it would be impossible to do otherwise. But on Saturday when a bill was referred to our committee for our consideration, appropriating $300,000 to put up the main building of the university at Columbia, some of us objected on account of lack of funds. But all at once Mr. Rust and a few of the committee who had been so very zealous in cutting down on almost everything else claimed that we had plenty of money and more than enough, and it would be a great shame not to give the university what they want. President Rothwell of the university, stated to the committee that while they would like to have the main building they could get along very well with what they have for the next two years, but the idea of Mr. Rust and a few others seems to be that it will be a grand thing and a great advertisement to the state to put up the main building, but I can hardly see that it is the right thing to do to cut and starve other institutions in the state to build the university in advance of what is needed.

N. F. MURRAY.

Sharp's Grove.

[Delayed letter.]

—Daniel Bertram, of western Neb., is now visiting relatives and his many friends in this section.

—The sale of Dave Bertram, last Saturday, was well attended and everything went high.

—We understand that Walter Browning has bought him a new buggy. Look out now.

—Fall wheat around here looks extra well, especially on the bottom.

—Rev. Rhodes preached at the church Sunday and Sunday night, Revs. Rhodes and Taylor will begin a series of meetings at the Baptist church, Tuesday evening, March 7.

—Walter and Sanford Browning will soon move over on Little Tark, where they have rented land, and will keep batch this summer, so they say.

—Chas. May is in St. Joe this week.

—Alex Grey and family were visiting in the Grove Sunday.

—Mark Parish left last Wednesday for Hardy, Neb., where he expects to find employment the coming summer.

—Van Taylor and wife were in Craig Sunday, called there by the illness of Mrs. John Krusor, who is at present lying very low.

NEWS GATHERER.

Arrested and Set Free.

Dr. J. H. Hansford says in the Western Pioneman: "If the first cough is properly treated, the first step in the direction of consumption arrested, the lungs strengthened, the breath set free, we need not fear consumption." Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs is the proper treatment for the first cough. No other remedy has proved so many cures of consumption. At all druggists. Large bottles 50c. and $1.

Mourning Among Democrats.

The feeling among the Democrats of the country is pretty well illustrated by the following from the Washington correspondence of the Republic:

"When the news that North Dakota had elected a Democratic senator reached the house of representatives today there was great joy among the Democrats. One enthusiastic member, a western member of national reputation gave vent to his feeling thus:

"We've got the presidency, we've got the house, we've got the senate now, by—if we can capture the cabinet, the earth, and all that pertains thereto will be ours."

But unfortunately it seems there is not much prospect of the Democrats capturing the cabinet.

Cleveland has somehow, or in some way, become imbued with the idea that the result of the late election was purely a personal victory of his own, and appears to think he is under no obligation to give the country a Democratic administration. From the Sedalia Democrat.

Would Like to Go Abroad.

Ex Representative R. P. C. Wilson, of this district, who retired as a member of congress on Saturday last, has confided to a few friends that he will apply for a consulship abroad. It has not been learned to what foreign post he desires to be appointed, but he will be liberally indorsed, as he is exceedingly popular among the members of the house.

Legalizing Lynching.

The bill introduced in the Texas legislature legalizing lynching is such an outrageous proposition that it can scarcely be credited. It grants immunity to homicides where the crime they perpetrate occurs before their victims have completed their offense. In such extreme cases as that of the negro who was tortured to death at Paris the offenders may be legally killed by a mob within sixty days after the misdeed. The bill provides, of course, for holding persons accountable where it is established that the victims of the mob are innocent, but this feature would prove entirely nugatory. This attempt to legalize popular brutality is a striking reflection upon Texas civilization.

Children of Mr. and Mrs. M. M. Soller Altoona, Pa.

Both Had Eczema

In Its Worst Form

After Physicians Failed, Hood's Sarsaparilla Perfectly Cured.

Great mental agony is endured by parents who see their children suffering from diseases caused by impure blood, and for which there seems no cure. This is turned to joy when Hood's Sarsaparilla is resorted to, for it expels the foul humors from the blood, and restores the diseased skin to fresh, healthy brightness. Read the following from grateful parents:

"To C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"We think Hood's Sarsaparilla is the most valuable medicine on the market for blood and skin diseases. Our two children suffered terribly with the

Worst Form of Eczema

for two years. We had three physicians in that time, but neither of them succeeded in curing them or even in giving them a little relief. At last we tried Hood's Sarsaparilla and in a month both children were perfectly cured. We recommend

Hood's Sarsaparilla

88 S standard family medicine, and would not be without it." MR. and MRS. M. M. SOLLER, 1412 2nd Avenue, Altoona, Pa.

HOOD'S PILLS cure liver ills, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, sick headache, indigestion.

Hits and Misses.

Discontent has never earned a dollar.

Many people would go to heaven if they could be admitted on excuses.

There are many giants in designing, but most all are pigmies in execution.

Distress rejuvenates true friendship but destroys the false.

Some men display their honesty lest their comrades should forget that they are so.

The pugilist is about the only man that really strikes it rich.

When your ship comes in remember that there are many that have stranded.

Any man can be a sage if he attends to some one else's affairs and not his own.

You need not go more than a stone's throw from your house to find abuses that need to be corrected.

The greatest fault that most men have is the lack of knowing that they have any.

You may not be responsible for being born into the world, but you are responsible for the deeds you do.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Curse.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

We the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

For Musical People.

The Song Friend for March is at hand with its wealth of Vocal and Instrumental Music and its bright, interesting and instructive paragraphs and articles on Voice Culture, Church and Instrumental Music, Theory, Musical News, etc. Among the pieces of choice music in this Number are "The Blue bird's Call" and "The Flower Girl," both charming songs that cost 60c. at a music store; also six new beautiful sacred songs by S. W. Straub. The Song Friend is a 32 page journal of rare excellence. The subscription price is only $1.00 a year, with a premium of three pieces of select music. The publishers, S. W. Straub & Co., 215 State Street, Chicago, offer to send one sample copy for 10 cents, and make liberal inducements to canvassers.

Female Weakness Positive Cure.

TO THE EDITOR.—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the thousand and one ills which arise from derangement of the female organs. I shall be glad to send the blessed medicine free to any lady if they will send me their Express and P. O. address. Yours respectfully, DR. R. D. MAR-HISH, Utica, N. Y.

After the grip, when you are weak and "played out," Hood's Sarsaparilla will restore your health and strength.

Order of Publication.

STATE OF MISSOURI } ss
County of Holt. }

In the Circuit Court of said county, April term, 1893.

William H. Sterrett, Plaintiff,
vs.
George Twist, Defendant.

At this 25th day of February, 1893, comes the plaintiff herein, by E. L. Alkire his attorney, before the undersigned clerk of said court, in vacation, and files his petition and affidavit, stating among other things that the above named defendant, George Twist, is a non-resident of the state of Missouri, and cannot be summoned by the ordinary process of law.

Wherefore, it is ordered by the clerk that said defendant be notified by publication that plaintiff has commenced a suit against him in this court, by petition and attachment, founded upon a note for $155.90, dated March 1st, 1890, to William H. Sterrett. That the property of the said defendant, George Twist, has been attached, to wit: The south east quarter of the southwest quarter of section twenty two (22), and the northeast quarter of the northwest quarter of section twenty-seven, (27), all in township sixty one (61) of range thirty-eight (38), west, 20.00 acres; off the east end of the west half of fractional section six (6) in township sixty of range thirty-eight (38), in Holt county, Missouri. And that unless the said George Twist be and appear at the Holt court at the next term thereof, to be begun and holden at the court house, in the city of Oregon, in said county, on the 24th day of April next and on or before the sixth day of said term, if the term shall so long continue, and if not then on or before the last day of said term, answer or plead to the petition in said cause, the same will be taken as confessed, and judgment will be rendered accordingly.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in THE HOLT COUNTY SENTINEL for four weeks successively, the last insertion to be at least four weeks before the first day of said term.

GOUY MORRIS, Clerk.

THE STATE OF MISSOURI, } ss.
County of Holt.

I, Gouy Morris, Clerk of the Circuit Court of Holt county aforesaid, hereby certify that the above is a true copy of the original order of publication, in the cause therein named, as the same appears in my office.

Witness my hand as Clerk, and the seal of said [SEAL] Court. Done at office in Oregon, this 1st day of March, 1893.

GOUY. MORRIS, Clerk.

Administrator's Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of an order of the Probate Court of Holt county, Missouri, made on the 18th day of February, 1893, the undersigned Administrator has taken charge of the estate, of Reuben King, deceased. All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit them to me for allowance within one year after date of said order, or they may be precluded from any benefit of such estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

This 3rd day of March, 1893.

A. W. KING, Administrator.

Notice of Final Settlement.

All creditors and others interested in the estate of George H. Stephens, deceased, are hereby notified that I, Giles A. Laughlin, Public Administrator in charge of said estate, intend to make a final settlement of said estate at the next term of the Probate Court of Holt county, to be holden at Oregon in said county, commencing on Monday, the 8th day of May, A. D. 1893.

GILES A. LAUGHLIN,
Public Administrator.

Final Settlement.

Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Richard Acton deceased, that I, L. E. Knowles, administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of Holt county, to be held at Oregon on the 8th day of May, 1893.

L. E. KNOWLES, Administrator.

Notice of Final Settlement.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned Public Administrator, Giles A. Laughlin, in charge of the estate of Amos Goldsberry, deceased, will make final settlement of his accounts with said estate as such administrator at the next term of the probate court, of Holt county, Missouri, to be holden at the court house in said county, commencing Monday, May 8, A. D., 1893.

GILES A. LAUGHLIN,
Public Administrator in Charge

Public Administrator's Sale of Real Estate.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an order of the probate court of Holt county and state of Missouri, made at the November term, 1892, I, Giles A. Laughlin, public administrator within and for Holt county, and in charge of the estate of Joseph Scott, deceased, will on MONDAY, APRIL 10th, 1893, between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of said day, and during the setting of the probate court, at the north front door of the court house in the city of Oregon, county of Holt, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash in hand, for the purpose of paying the debts of the estate of the said Joseph Scott, deceased, all the right, title and interest of the said Joseph Scott, deceased, at, in and to the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the county of Holt and state of Missouri, to-wit:

Lot 1 in block 3, in Bowers' Addition to the town of Fortes, Holt county, Missouri.

GILES A. LAUGHLIN,
Public Administrator.

German M. E. Church Directory.

FRED FIEGENBAUM, PASTOR.

Sunday school every Sunday, 10 to 11 A. M.

Preaching every Sunday from 11 A. M. to 12 P. M.

Preaching every Sunday at the Nodaway church at 2:30 P. M.

Sunday school every Sunday at the Nodaway church at 1:30 P. M.

Christian Church Directory.

A. G. ALDERMAN, PASTOR.

Sunday school every Sunday, at 9:30 A. M.

Preaching on the second and fourth Sundays in each month, 11 A. M., and 7:30 P. M.

Y. P. S. C. on the second and fourth Sundays in each month at 6:30 P. M.

Prayer meeting every Thursday evening, 7:30 P. M.

All are cordially invited to attend.

M. E. Church Directory.

REV. C. H. JOHN, PASTOR.

Sunday school every Sabbath, at 9:30 A. M.

Preaching every Sabbath, at 10:45 A. M., and at 7:30 P. M.

Class meeting at 11:45.

Prayer meeting every Thursday, at 7:30 P. M.

Business meeting of the official board, the third Monday of each month, at 7:30 P. M.

Epworth League Sunday at 6:30 P. M.

Presbyterian Church Directory.

T. D. ROBERTS, PASTOR.

Preaching in Oregon every first and third Sabbaths, at 11 A. M., and every Sabbath night;

Westville, second and fourth Sabbaths, 11 A. M.

Mill Creek, third Sabbath, 3 P. M.

County farm, first Sabbath, 3 P. M.

Prayer meeting every Thursday night.

Sabbath school, 9:30 A. M.

Y. P. S. C. on the first and third Sabbaths, one hour before preaching service

The Church of Christ, Scientist,

Sabbath School meets every Sabbath morning at 9:30 in the west room over Seeman's shoe store. Everybody invited.

Time Table.

Below will be found the time of departure of the passenger trains over the K. C. road and also the Denver through trains—the Burlington route:

GOING NORTH:

No. 1 Leaves Forest City at 2:00 p. m.
No. 3 Leaves at 1:35 p. m.
No. 5 Nebraska City and Villisca, leaves at 5:27 p. m.
No. 15—Burlington Route, leaves at 10:55 a. m.

GOING SOUTH:

No. 2 Leaves Forest City at 1:11 p. m.
No. 4 Leaves at 2:05 a. m.
No. 6 St. Joseph Passenger, leaves at 10:23 a. m.
No. 16 Burlington Route, leaves at 7:51 p. m.

ROBERT MONTGOMERY, President. LEVI ZOOK, Vice President.
ALBERT ROECKER, Cashier. CHAS. D. ZOOK, Ass't Cashier.

The Montgomery & Roecker

BANKING COMPANY,

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