Tailoring.

Having had many years experiance in measuring and fitting, and seeing the people of this vicinity appreciate nice stylish clothing, we have added one of the most handsome lines of cloth to our all ready complete clothing stock.

All Wool Pants like this made to order $3.50 and upwards.

Our plan of doing business in the tailoring line is different from most others, we take no orders from books, but buy the cloth from some of the best woolen mills in Chicago, and have the garments made by experienced tailors, dowhen made. ing away with the middle man's profit, enabling us to make all wool suits from $12.50 up. All wool Pants $3.50 up. Our line represents 700 styles. We have in stock a nice line of cloth in full patterns, this gives you an idea how the garment will look glad to show you plain our plan Will only be too guarantee fit and through and examine fully, we Remember we workmanship. ready made suit will sell you a body, Men's Suits cheaper than any dren's 75c up. $2.50 up. Children's Bargains to be found in our Shoe Department.

Great Western Clothing & Cloak Co.

OREGON, MO.

N. B.—We are getting some of the most up-to-date dressers on our list.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

MAYOR.

Believing that I have the good of our little city at heart to as great an extent as most of her citizens, I hereby announce myself as an independent candidate for the office of Mayor of the City of Oregon, Missouri, subject to the decision of the voters of said city, at the election to be held on Tuesday, April 3, 1900. R. C. BENTON.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of city Marshall, subject to the decision of the voters of the city at an election to be held on Tuesday, April 3rd, 1900.

CLARENCE O. MOLTER.

THE Democrats are howling because Marc Hanna said trusts could not be bad until they ceased to be good. The Illinois supreme court has just decided that the Associated Press is an octupus.

The St Louis Republic, The Kansas City Times, The St. Joseph Gazette are all members of this trust.

TEN months ago the Democratic legislature of this state and its Democratic governor signed a bill, granting the right to the street railways of St. Louis to consolidate their interests, thus creating a monopoly. Only last week, this street railway trust, declared a dividend of 40 per cent on their investment of $23,000,000. How's that for an anti-trust party?

THE lobby of the sugar and tobacco truste got in its work on the Republican member. * * *—Kansas City Times.

The lobby of the sugar, tobacco, whiskey and coal trusts got in their work on the Democratic congress, during the pending of the Wilson bill, and secured "exceptions" that enabled them to make a cool hundred millions, at the expense of the people. So disgraceful was this transaction that Mr. Cleveland refused to signed the bill and Mr. Voorhees characterized it as "infamous."

THE profits of the Standard Oil trust was $80,000,000 for 1899; the iron trust, $21,000,000; the coal trust $20,000,000, and the paper trust that much if not more and yet the government protects these robbers by a great tariff which the people pay and their the trusts rob the people in price of the articles they make.—Ex.

We have always labored under the impression that there was no tariff duties on coal oil; and none on coal. We are sure there is none on the St. Louis street railway trust, created by the Missouri Democratic legislature and the Democratic governor. This street railway trust has just declared a 40 per cent dividend on its $23,000,000 of capital—and this trust has only been in existence nine months.

BOTH for failing to enforce the laws already on the statute books and for the existence of the major part of the evil which those laws were framed to eradicate, is the republican party responsible.—Kansas City Times.

The state of Missouri has had a vigorous anti trust law upon its statute books since 1891. The state has been continuously under Democratic rule since that law was passed, but its enforcement has not been sufficiently prompt and vigorous to make its existence known. Not a single trust has been deprived of doing business in Missouri that we have heard of, although this law has been in existence for nine years. This law includes "pools, trusts, agreements, combinations, confederations, or understandings with any other corporation or partnership, individual or association." Our contemporary should modify his remarks above to read:

Both for failing to enforce the laws already on the Missouri statute books, and for the existence in our state of the major part of the evil which those laws were framed to eradicate, is the Democratic party responsible.

STATE Superintendent of Schools Carrington has issued a letter to the press of the state explaining about the shortage in the school moneys for this year, but it does not explain. The facts are the Jefferson City ring has about depleted the state treasury and are now tapping the school fund, and the children of the state will have to suffer. Do you approve of Democratic methods? If so keep on voting the Democratic ring ticket. If not vote to oust them? —Crawford Mirror.

Yes; they held up the insurance companies to the tune of $100,000. Under our laws money derived from fines and forfeitures, shall go to the credit of the state school fund. The Jefferson City gang did not do this, they placed this large sum to the credit of the state revenue fund, thus weakening the school fund just that amount.

THE McKinley administration, by its attorney general, has met the charge that the law against these monopolies has not been enforced with the excuse that it does not fit the conditions complained of.—Kansas City Times.

Mr. Olney declared the Sherman law "defective;" Mr. Harmon said it was "inadequate." Both of these gentlemen were attorney generals under Mr. Cleveland. Neither of these gentlemen while in office made a single move to make the law either effective or adequate. In every case where it "fits" the Sherman law, it has been found adequate and effective, as in such cases as the addystone Pipe case, The Wire Nail case; The Utah Coal case; The National Harrow case; the Eastern and Western Joint Traffic association. The Kansas City Live Stock commission. Can the Times name any trust that has been busted by the Missouri 1891 anti trust act? It seems to be both "ineffective" and "inadequate"—in other words—it is a dead letter upon Missouri's statutes.

The Questions Answered.

A number of our Democratic contemporaries are running an article, presenting five questions supposed to cover those points in a resolution introduced for the purpose of inquiring into the management of the national treasury, by Secretary Gage. All of these questions were promptly met by the national secretary, and as his answers have not yet been published by these papers, will give them from week to week until the five are answered. The third query is as follow:

Third—What record was kept of telephone messages between the treasury department and the Standard oil bank?

To this Secretary Gage replied:

"It has not been the practice of secretaries of the treasury to preserve conversations. It may be said in general, however, that in the transaction of the business of this department with the National City bank, or with any other bank, no conversation has been had, either by telephone or face to face, which has reference to any relations official or private, otherwise than as fully set forth in my communication to the senate, dated Jan 10, 1900. No agreement, past, present or in contemplation has ever been had with the National City bank otherwise than is literally set forth in my communication to the president protempore of the senate of Jan 10, 1900."

As Others See It.

Democrats are accustomed to boast of the superb financial management of Missouri affairs and the plethoric condition of the treasury. The letter received Monday by Macon's health officer who had telegraphed asking the secretary of the State Board of Health to come here, throws interesting light on this subject. He said that the last General Assembly had left the board bankrupt, and that while the law made it his duty to attend to the very business Dr. Scrutchfield had summoned him to investigate, he could not do it at his own expense and that citizens here would have to make voluntary contributions to defray expenses the law provides shall be met by state appropriations. This, taken in connection with the governor's explanation of his veto of the university appropriation, is very significant.—Macon Republican.

No, not a dollar did they have to protect our people from the ravages of epidemics like small pox, but they had money with which to supply each representative of the Xtch general assembly with a clerk, and each state senator with two, at a cost of $400,000. Not a dollar with which to protect our people from the ravages of such loathsome disease but they had $1,000 for increases in the expense accounts of the office of secretary of state, superintendent of schools and state auditor.

Not a dollar have they to protect the citizens of Macon county, yet the authorities that be down at Jefferson City took from the taxpayers of Macon county $10,000 more taxes in 1892 than in 1891; $4,000 more in 1895 than in 1894, and $2,000 more in 1896 than in 1895.

Not a dollar did they have with which to care for Missouri's sick soldier boys as they returned from fever stricken camps—but they had locked up in her vaults in the general revenue fund, $300,000 of foreign insurance tax, that legitimately belonged to the county school funds of the state. The loyalty and patriotism of the people of St. Louis cared for Missouri's sick soldiers. The loyalty and devotion of the people of Macon county to her afflicted can care and will care for those with this terrible disease, and do their best to prevent its spreading.

Treasury Manipulation.

After much pressing by a reporter for a St. Louis Republican morning paper, Honorably Lyman J. Gage, whose modesty is only exceeded by his 5 per cent philanthropy, consented to explain the whys and wherefores of his method of making certain national banks government depositories.—Kansas City Times.

It was Grover Cleveland, who established the "Method" of making certain national banks government depositories. To such extremes did he carry this method, that he would not use the surplus in the treasury to pay off any of the national debt, prefering to let his pet national banks have the use of this money without interest, and he did not do so until congress compelled him by a resolution, and then only paid off as little as possible, leaving millions constantly in the hands of his pet bankers.

Silver Items From United States Treasury Report for Jan. 1900.

The silver coinage by the United States mint for January, 1900, was 1,550,000 in dollars.

The number of silver dollars in circulation in January, was reduced a little more than 2,500,000.

The total number of silver dollars in the treasury at the close of January was 417,404,684.

The value of the siler bullion in the treasury accumulated by the Sherman act is $79,721,632.

Since January, 1895, the number of silver dollars in the treasury was increased 51,551,565; the circulation during this period has only increased a little more than $10,000,000, showing very clearly that there is more silver coin in the country now than is demanded.

For the payment of silver bullion accumulated by the United States treasury under the Sherman act silver certificates were issued. Of these $87,871,280 are still in circulation. The bullion on hands for which they were issued is less than this by something more than $8,000,000, showing that people would rather have paper than the cumbersome metal they represent.

The amount of subsidiary coin in circulation was at the end of January $80,346,414, an increase of more than $400,000 since the year began.

Taylor to Control.

The legislature of Kentucky adjourned sine die Tuesday of this week. A conference between Adjutant Generals Collier and Castleman resulted in a perfect understanding being reached. Governor Taylor will continue to act as governor. Governor Beckham will make no move toward securing purification of the state buildings until the court of appeals has decided the matter. The legislature appropriated $100,000 for the use of Governor Beckham in reorganizing the state militia.

Among the more conservative men in each party the opinion prevails that the worst is over and that when the court of appeals renders its decision the danger of civil war in the commonwealth, which has been terribly imminent, will entirely have passed away. To the Democratic leaders with a full understanding of the situation only one cloud appears on the political horizon, and that is Governor Taylor's future course.

Pleasantly Surprised.

The home of Wesley Zachman and wife, near New Point, was the scne of a merry party of young people Tuesday evening, March 13, 1900, the occasion being a birthday surprise given in honor of Mr. Zachman's brother Frank. The evening passed pleasantly with games and music, after which a dainty luncheon was served.

Those present were: Roy Hardman and wife, Dan Hardman and wife, Misses Maude, Allie and Eva Hershner, Julia and Jess Kunkel, Daisy Hardman, Lula Intermill, Blanche Stephenson, Cora and Lydia Smith, Daisy and Grace Hershner, Stella Willer, Mattie Feitz, Bertha and Pearl Price, Lucy Ebert, Mina Derr; Mae Zachman, of Oregon, Messrs. Ira Hershner, Dolph and Beryl Kunkel, Bert Intermill, Irl Stephenson, Charles Smith, Tom Derr, J. C. Morris, Fred Morgan, Clint Price, Ed. and Albert Feitz, Wes and Chris Meyer, John Stone; Charley Zachman, Oregon.

At a late hour the young people departed to their homes, wishing Frank many happy returns of the day.

Notice of School Election

Notice is hereby given to the qualified voters of the City of Oregon school district, that the annual election of said district will be held at the court house in the city of Oregon, Holt County, Missouri, on

Tuesday, April 3, 1900,

for the purpose of electing two directors to serve for three years.

Also to vote on a proposition to increase the annual rate of taxation to forty-five cents (45) on the one hundred dollars' valuation in said district to maintain an eight months' school.

A. H. BAILEY, President.
J. T. THATCHER, Secretary.

The Tie That Binds.

The following marriage licenses were issued during the month of February:

Amos Charles D., and Cordelia Burge, of Bigelow, Feb 11, by P. F. Lundy, J P.

Bridges Dell and Ada McAfee, both of Fores, by Wm. M. Price, J. P., Feb 4.

Buck Jno. C., and Dora Ahrens, both of Corning, Feb 22, by Rev. Carl Gaenssle.

Bond Wilmer O., of Oregon and Anna L. Bembenger, of Forbes, Feb 8, by Rev. J. W. Stephenson.

Freed Jacob G., of Mound City, and Cora E. Boswell, of New Point, Feb 15, by Rev. Samil Knupp.

Fitzmaurice Thas A., of Forest City, and Emma Murphy, of Oregon, Feb 22, by Rev. Father Nipper.

Gray Edgar and Maude Davis, both of Craig, Feb 18, by Rev. Jno. A. Currie.

Hunzinger Robt and Louisa Fink, both of Oregon, Feb 28, by Rev. John Lauer.

Kennish Edward C., and Alice E. Collison, both of Maitland, Feb 25, by Rev. Isaiah Bauserman.

Morgan Frank and Emma M Young, both of Oregon, Feb 14, by Rev. H. A. Sawyers.

Norris Merlin E. E. and Flora Keown, both of Oregon, Feb 14, by Elder W. T. Maupin.

Parker Charles L., of Ridgway, and Sarah C. Casebolt, of Mound City, Feb 4, by Rev. H. A. Sawyers.

Riley Clarence A., of Maitland, and Anna L. Coleman, of Oregon, Feb 14, by Rev. Henry A. Sawyers.

Secrist Jas. L., of Forest City, and Sarah Dozier, of Mound City, Feb 20, by Jno. H Steele, J. P.

Sharpe Dill and Bertha M. Wright, both of Craig, Feb 21, by Rev. J. C. Kindred.

Williams Jesse D., of Maitland, and Nellie Hodgin, of New Point, Feb 13, by Rev. Isaiah Bauseman.

Warner Geo. P., and Cora Shaner, both of Maitland, Feb 28, by Rev. S. Knupp.

The State Convention.

The Republican state committee has issued the official call for the state conventions to be held in Kansas City on May 15, and in Jefferson City on September 11th. The Kansas City convention will nominate candidates for governor, lieutenant-governor, secretary of state, state treasurer, state auditor, attorney General, railroad and warehouse commiesioner, two presidential electors at large, and ratify the nomination of one elector from each congressional district. The convention will also select four delegates at large to the National Republican convention, which meets at Philadelphia, June, 19 and four alternates.

The judicial convention, at Jefferson City on Sept 11th, will nominate candidates for judges of the supreme court and the St. Louis and Kansas City court of appeals.

Holt county Republicans under the call will be entitled to eight delegates in the Kansas City convention and six delegates in the Jefferson City meeting. The call provides that these delegates must be selected at least twenty days before the date of the state conventions. This will require that the Republicans of Holt county meet in county convention to select delegates to the Kansas City convention not later than April 25th.

Sudden Death.

A. W. Brownlee, one of Clay township's most excellent citizens and prosperous farmers, died quite suddenly at his home near Maitland, Tuesday, March 13th, 1900. Mr. Brownlee arose Tuesday morning in his usual health, and went out to his barn and lots to do his feeding. He was taken suddenly with severe vomiting, and not returning in a reasonable time, members of the family went to look for him, and found him completely prostrated and vomiting most violently. He was at once removed to the house, and expired in less than an hour.

Mr. Brownlee was born in Washington county, Pennsylvania, January, 3, 1852. He was twice married. His first marriage was to Miss Tillie Mountz, of his native county, in May 1873. She preceded him to the great unknown several years ago, and some ten years ago he was married to a daughter of James McNeal, who with her daughter, Laura, survive him.

The deceased came to this county in 1879 and purchased a farm near this city, and in 1882 he sold this and bought 160 acres near Maitland where he had lived up to the date of his death.

At the Altar.

A very pretty wedding was quietly held in the Hyde Park Presbyterian church Wednesday when Miss Estella B. Comer, sister of Mrs. E. W. Stevens of this city, with whom she has made her home for the past ten years, was married to James McD. Livesay. The ceremony was performed by Rev. James McFarland. Miss G. Pepen presided at the organ. Mr. Livesay is a prominent lawyer in Denver and is well known throughout the state for his ability in his profession. He has a host of friends here and in Gilpin and Clear Creek counties. Miss Comer was born in Holt county, Missouri. She is a charming young lady and is greatly beloved by all who know her. They will be at home to their friends after April 10 in their elegant new home at 745 Sherman ave nue.—Denver (Col.) Daily News, March 11, 1900. Many of our people will remember Miss Stella Comer, who was born and raised here, and whose mother and brothers still resides here. They no doubt will wish her a long and happy life.

Final Settlement.

Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Catharine A. Green, deceased, that the undersigned executor in charge of said estate, intends to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of Holt County, State of Missouri, to be begun and holden at Oregon on the 14th day of May, 1900.

ALEX VANBUSKIRK, Executor.

NOTICE.

All parties owing us on account or note, are hereby requested to call in and make settlements. We need the money.

SCHULTE BROS.,

OREGON, : : MISSOURI.

"Depend Upon Yourself."

A marvelous record has Charles M. Schwab, the vigorous young president of the Carnegie Steel company, limited. Twenty years ago he was earning one dollar a day in that great hive of human endeavor. Now, at 37 years of age, he is in supreme control.

The writer was sent on a trip of 1,000 miles to find out the secret of his success. We plunged at once into the story of his life; how he first acquired a public school education in his native village of Loretto, Pa., and, at 15 years of age, drove a mail wagon between Loretto and Crescent, a neighboring town. A year latter found him working in a grocery store at Braddock, at $10 a month and board. There he worked hard all day and slept in the store at night as a watchman. Occasionally he was given a few hours for recreation and these he invariably spent in the steel works at Braddock, which had a fascination for him. In 1880, to his great joy, he obtained a place in the Carnegie works. The plant then was not the great concern it is now, nor was the young man's position a lucrative one, yet the opportunity to gratify his inclination was a most welcome one. He became a stake driver in the engineer corps at $30 per month, during the erection of some buildings. Every stake he drove proved to be a mark of his own progess, binding him more and more closely to the works. In just seven years of study and work he became chief engineer, and was sent, in that capacity, to build the great Homestead steel plant, which he managed for two years after its completion. Then he was sent to be manager of the Edgar Thomson Steel works for two years.

"How do you explain your rapid promotion?" I asked.

"In the first place," replied Mr. Schwab, "I always stood on my own feet—always relied upon myself. It is really a detriment to have anyone behind you. When you depend upon yourself, you know that it is only on your merit that you will succeed. Then you discover your latent powers, awake to your manhood, and are on your mettle to do your utmost. It is a very good motto, to depend upon yourself. I am a great believer in self reliant manliness.

"There was one thing that I discovered very early—that it would be well to make myself indispensable, instead of continually looking at the clock. Employers appreciate, to the full, men who may be trusted to do their work as if they were working for themselves, and endeavoring to carve out fortunes.

"We do everything in our power to make men realize their importance. Once a week, every Saturday, I have the heads of the various departments, upwards of forty, take luncheon with me. Not a word of business is permitted during the meal; but, after everything is cleared away, we discuss matters in hand and exchange opinions. Every one of the gentlemen present is at liberty to advise, to suggest, and to air his ideas. The value of these meetings is very great. Another thing I have learned, and that is that, while one may have many conceptions, when he must speak them before an audience, he gives them more careful consideration, and generally they prove of permanent value. Always be sure of your facts. You lessen the esteem of your superiors if you are not.

"On Monday, the gentlemen who have lunched with me call their head men together, and have similar meetings.

"When I first went to work for Mr. Carnegie, I had over me an impetus, hustling man. It was necessary for me to be up to the top notch to give satisfaction. I worked faster than I otherwise would have done, and to him I attribute the impetus that I acquired. My whole object in life then was to show him my worth and prove it. I thought and dreamed of nothing else but the steel works. In consequence, I became his assistant. I attribute my first great success to hard and active work. I found that those who were quickest were those to be promoted.

"At that time science began to play an important part in the manufacture of steel. My salary, at the age of 21, warranted me in marrying, so I had a home of my own. I believe in early marrages, as a rule. In my own house I rigged up a laboratory and studied chemistry in the evenings, determined that there should be nothing in the manufacture of steel that I would not know. Although I had received no tecnical education, I made myself master of chemistry and of the laboratory, which proved of lasting value."

The strength and superior qualities of American armor plate the substantial strength of our battle ships and cruisers are largely due to Mr. Schwab, who raised the standard of armor, and this may be followed back to his first experiments in his laboratory.

"The point I wish to make," continued he, "is that my experimental work was not in the line of my duty, but it gave me greater knowledge. Achievement is possible to a man who does something else besides his mere duty that attracts the attention of his superiors to him as one who is equipping himself for advancement. An employer picks out his assistants from the best informed, most competent and conscientious."

At this point I asked if Mr. Carnegie had not proved a factor in his encouragement.

"Yes," said he, "Mr. Carnegie and others took a general interest in me, which I tried to foster by doing my level best. A man who is not susceptible to encouragement will not succeed. I never encourage those who are not susceptible to encouragement those who are willing to continue in the even tenor of their ways. They are not extraordinary individuals. They attract no attention, are overlooked, or drop out. You see the point. A man must be wide awake and up to date. His future mostly depends upon himself."

"Do you think the chances for a young man today are as great as they were when you began?"

"There were never before so many opportunities for the right kind of young men. For example, one of my head men told me that he had three weeks trying to find a man competent to take charge of an important position, and, when I last saw him, he had not succeeded. Employers everywhere are on the lookout for competent, pushing, 'get there' men; and, when they are found, they do not easily part with them."

It has been shown how Mr. Schwab tried to make himself indispensable. One day, after he had risen to be general manager of the Carnegie Steel company, a gentleman from England walked into the office, and offered him a larger salary than the President of the United States receives, if he would take charge of his English works. Mr. Schwab refused, but did not tell Mr. Carnegie. Some months afterwards, Mr. Carnegie heard of it, and took pains to say to Mr. Schwab that he "must not think of it."

"It is not what I want," he replied.

"What is it you do want?" asked Mr. Carnegie.

"To be a partner in your company," said Mr. Schwab.

He became one, and in 1897 was elected president.

"Here is another point," he continued: "first be master of what you undertake, and the money will follow." Saturday Evening Post.

—A gentleman invited some friends to dinner, and as the colored servant entered the room he accidentally dropped a platter which held a turkey. "My friends," said the gentleman, in a most impressive tone, "never in my life have I witnessed an event so fraught with disaster in the various nations of the globe. In this calamity we see the downfall of Turkey, the upsetting of Greece, the destruction of China and the humiliation of Africa."—Exchange.

—Says the Dexter Advocate: "Lloyd A. Stuck and Miss Nellie Deem were married last Tuesday at Winfield. We hope our readers will not Deem us bold if we suggest that Lloyd was stuck on Nellie."

Final Settlement.

Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the partnership estate of Andrew Hershner, that the undersigned administrator in charge of said estate, intends to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of Holt County, State of Missouri, to be begun and holden at Oregon on the 14th day of May, 1900.

JOSIAH J. PIERCE, Administrator.

Public Sale.

I will sell at Public Sale at my farm, 3 miles west of New Point, Mo., and 6 miles north of Oregon, and one half mile east and 1 mile south of Lincoln school house, on

Tuesday, March 20, 1900.

the following described property, to-wit:

One Wagon; 1 set of Harness; 1 Horse, 10 years old; 1 Mare, 7 years old; 1 John Deere Combined Lister; 1 Cultivator; 1 Harrow; 1 breaking Plow; 2 Cows, will be fresh in a few weeks; 1 3 year old Heifer, will be fresh in a few weeks; 1 Sewing Machine, good as new; 1 Wardrobe; 1 Iron Kettle that holds 40 gallons; 1 Cooking Stove, 1 Steel Range Stove, good as new; 2 Heating Stoves; 1 Extension Table; 1 good Clock; 1 Washing Machine; 5 head of Hogs; 15 bushels of Potatoes; 4 tons of Millet Hay; 1 yearling Heifer Calf; Household and Kitchen Furniture.

TERMS OF SALE:—All sums of $5 and under cash in hand. On all sums over $5 a credit of 12 months will be given, purchaser giving note with approved security, bearing 8 per cent interest from date. Terms of sale to be complied with before any property will be allowed to be removed. Sale to begin at 10 a. m., sharp.

FRANK BARTZ.
R. C. BENTON, Auctioneer.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

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"Sweet Bells Jangled Out of Tune and Harsh."

Shakespeare's description fits thousands of women. They are cross, dependent, sickly, nervous a burden to themselves and their families. Their sweet dispositions are gone, and they, like the bells, seem sadly out of tune. But there is a remedy. They can use

McELREE'S
Wine of Cardui

It brings health to the womanly organism, and health there means well poised nerves, calmness, strength. It restores womanly vigor and power. It tones up the nerves which suffering and disease have shattered. It is the most perfect remedy ever devised to restore weak women to perfect health, and to make them attractive and happy. $1.00 at all druggists.

For advice in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

REV. J. W. SMITH, Camden, S. C., says: "My wife used Wine of Cardui at home for falling of the womb and it entirely cured her."

New Goods Every Day.

We have a full line of Bed Room Suits, A large line of side Boards, Chiffoniers, Book Cases Dining Tables, Center Tables, Kitchen Cabinets, Iron Beds, Baby Carriages Rockers, Dinera and everything usually kept in a first class Furniture Store. Have just received some new Carpets, Matting, Oilcloth Linoleum, Window Shades, Etc.

We also have a stock of Mixed Paints. If you are going to do any painting this spring give us a call. Yours to Command,

DENNY & RAYHILL, Oregon, Mo.

OPENING SALE

---OF---

Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Garments

This sale will be full of convincing illustrations, showing the immense advantage of buying Lehman's high art custom made garments. Everything we show must first pass the test of our most critical examination before it can be placed in our stock. It must be correct in style, strictly up-to-date and well made. We then mark it with our spot cash, small margin of profit, thus placing thoroughly reliable goods within the reach of the most humble purse.

Dozens of styles of custom made suits. Here are a few made of Oxford grey melton cloth, fly front jacket with mercerized lining, stashed seams, box pleat skirt with percaline lining and water proof binding. Value, $7.50. Lehman's price **$4.95**

Here they are at **$5.00**

All wool, homespun, light grey, tight fitting double breasted jacket with silk serge lining and scalloped reverse, box pleat skirt with good lining, worth fully $12.50. Lehman's price **$9.00**

High grade black pebble cheviot, double breasted, tight fitting jacket with black taffeta silk lining with four rows of stitching. Skirt made with box pleat back. Super quality lining, a $22.50 value for **$16.50**

DRESS SKIRTS. Fine tailored skirts at Lehman's spot cash money saving prices. Good quality navy serge. Easily worth $2.50. We say **$1.90**

Here's an extra bargain. Black Crispi, the new weave. Box pleat, handsomely finished. The $5.00 sort for **$3.50**

WRAPPERS. Here's a specimen value made of quality print cloth, black, red and dark blue grounds. Zouave effect, trimmed with fancy braid. Pleated back, half belt. Lined waist. Special price only this week **89c**

SILK WAISTS. Out of many bargains we select two made of taffetta silk with flare cuffs, tight fitting sleeves. Front has 12 fine tucks. Colors are black, royal, cerise and heliotrope. Great value at **$3.75**

Made of taffeta silk. 13 rows of stitching in front and 7 in back. Corded stock collar with high points. Flare ruffle. Colors are black, cardinal, violet and rose heliotrope, French grey and black. Worth $6.50. Here they are at **$5.00**

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR. Our prices do not exceed value of material. Ladies' gowns made of good muslin. Mother Hubbard style, yoke has 19 tucks, and lace trimmed. Value, 75c. Lehman's price **50c**

Special value in corset covers at a quarter of a dollar. Full front with lawn ruffle, also lace trimmed with "V" neck. Worth 35 to 40c. Take your pick at **25c**

Gowns made of fine nainsook full front, surplice yoke with two rows of lace insertion. Neck and sleeves finished with lace ruffle. The 85c sort for **65c**

Drawers to match above. Made with umbrella flounce and one row of fine lace insertion. Price **60c**

20th Century styles in Spring Jackets—now in. Box coat with velvet collar, made of fine imported light tan broad cloth, heliotrope satin lined, two rows stitching, strap seams, pearl buttons, worth $16.50. Our price **$13.50**

Ladies' Jackets made of cloth, notched fly front, coat back, fancy buttons. Worth $5. Our price **$3.50**

LEHMAN BROS.

The Store for Bargains.

515-517 Felix Street.

ST. JOSEPH, : MISSOURI.

No Peace.

It does not appear that peace is near for South Africa as the result of the negotiations opened through the United States, Lord Salisbury having promptly rejected the government's offer of mediation. Absolute unconditional surrender now seems the only terms that will be considered by the English government.

The Boers may make another fight, but there is little doubt that Lord Roberts will occupy Bloemfontein this week. The Boers retiring from Orange river will find themselves between two British armies and their guns are almost bound to fall into the hands of the British, while the occupation of the capital of the Free State will strain the alliance of the two republics to the utmost.

Notice.

On Monday, March 19th, 1900, L. I. Moore the grocer will commence soliciting your orders for groceries. Also will deliver your dry goods and meat free of charge.

Bright's Disease.

Bright's Disease is no respecter of persons, it attacks rich and poor, the strong and robust, the rich and poor, the active body and brain workers, the fathers of families, the head workers in every sphere of life, meaning to discourage the vast majority of those only who are dead. Sutton's Sure Kidney Cure is the only guaranteed remedy for Bright's Disease.

Your money back if it fails to cure. Price $1 bottle. For sale by Chas. O. Wood.

For Rent or Sale.

A farm of 160 acres, 7 miles east of Oregon, 100 acres in cultivation. Plenty of timber and water. House has two rooms. Call on Jas. Dodgens, Lewis Wagner, Sebring, Mo.

Final Settlement.

Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Mariah Beers, deceased, that the undersigned administrator in charge of said estate, intends to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of Holt County, State of Missouri, to be begun and holden at Oregon on the 14th day of May, 1900.

J. M. CURTIS, Administrator.

ABSTRACTS OF TITLE

To Holt county lands and town lots promptly and accurately made by

PETREE BROS.,

OREGON, - - - MISSOURI

We have purchased the abstracts compiled by Gouv. Morris, since owned by A. VanBuskirk and are prepared to furnish abstracts of title to any lands or town lots in Holt county on short notice. When in need of any thing in that line call on or write us. We want your business.

PETREE BROS.,

Up Stairs in VanBuskirk Building,

OREGON, : : : MISSOURI.