

Church Directories.

Presbyterian Church.
H. A. Sawyers, Pastor.
Sabbath school at 9:30 every Sabbath.
Y. P. S. C. E. every Sabbath evening one hour before preaching.
Prayer meeting every Thursday evening at 7:30 p. m.
Preaching every Sabbath morning and evening by the pastor.
Everybody cordially invited to attend above services.
Woodville—First and third Sunday of each month.

Christian Church.
J. F. Bickel, Pastor.
Bible school every Lord's day 9:45 a. m.
Y. P. S. C. E. every Lord's day 7 p. m.
Junior Y. P. S. C. E. every Lord's day 3 p. m.
Prayer meeting every Thursday evening.
Preaching every first and third Lord's day morning and evening.
Meeting of official board every first Lord's day.
All cordially invited to attend all meetings of the church.

Evangelical Church.
H. E. Bowers, Pastor.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
Prayer meeting Thursday at 8 p. m.
Services every Sunday morning and evening.
Regular preaching services the first and third Sundays at 11 a. m., and the second and fourth Sundays at 8 p. m.
Preaching at Nickell's Grove on the first and third Sundays at 8 p. m., and the second and fourth Sundays at 11 a. m.
All are cordially invited to attend.

M. E. Church.
Henry Crampton, Pastor.
Preaching every Sabbath morning and evening at 11 a. m., and 7:30 p. m.
Sunday school every Sabbath at 9:45 a. m.
H. Bailey, Supt.
Prayer meeting every Sabbath at 7:30 p. m.
Epworth League Junior every Sabbath 2:30 p. m., and senior one hour before preaching every Sabbath evening.
Business meeting of the official board the first Monday of each month, at 4:30 p. m. J. A. Kreek, secretary of the board.
W. F. M. Society meets the first Friday of each month 2:30 p. m.

German M. E. Church.
H. A. Siekmann, Pastor.
Sunday school, 10 a. m.
Preaching every Sunday at 10:45 a. m.
Sunday school at Nodaway church at 1:30 p. m.
Preaching every Sunday at the Nodaway church at 2:30 p. m.
Everybody cordially invited to attend above services.

M. E. Church, Forest City.
W. T. Merrill, Pastor.
Preaching on the second and fourth Sunday in each month, 11 a. m., and evening.
Preaching on the first and third Sunday evening.
Sunday school every Sunday at 9:30 a. m.
Junior League at 2:30 p. m., and Senior League at 7 p. m. J. A. Lease, Pres.
Prayer meeting every Tuesday evening 8 p. m.
Ladies' Aid society every Friday at 2:30 p. m. Mrs. E. A. Scott, Pres.
Preaching at Kinsey school house on the first and third Sunday mornings.
Sunday school at 10 a. m. John F. Waggoner, Supt.
All are cordially invited to attend.

Christian Church, New Point.
Thomas Dry, Pastor.
Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.
Preaching on the first and third Sundays in each month, 11 a. m., and evening.
Y. P. S. C. E. every Sunday evening, 8:30 p. m.
All are cordially invited to attend.

Curzon Christian Church, Bluff City.
W. H. Hardman, Pastor.
Preaching on the second and fourth Lord's day at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.
Bible school each Lord's day at 10 a. m.

Oregon Protective Association.
Meets the first Saturday afternoon in each month at 1:30 p. m., at the office of R. C. Benton, 8 M. Stout Secy.

Christian Science.
Services: Sunday 11 a. m., Wednesday 8 p. m., over C. O. Proud's drug store.
Reading room at same place open Wednesday 2 to 4 p. m.
All are cordially invited to attend.

TIME TABLE.		A
All trains daily except as otherwise noted.		Daily Except Sunday
Train No.	FOREST CITY TRAIN SERVICE.	Depart
27	For Council Bluffs and Omaha from St. Louis and St. Joseph.	8:20 a. m.
15	For Lincoln, Denver, Colorado and Pacific Coast from Kansas City and St. Joseph.	1:20 p. m.
21	For Council Bluffs, Omaha, St. Paul and Minneapolis from Kansas City & St. Joseph.	2:28 p. m.
A 43	For Tarkio and Nodaway Valley branches from St. Joseph.	5:17 p. m.
23	For Council Bluffs, Omaha, St. Paul and Minneapolis from St. Louis, Kansas City and St. Joseph.	1:29 a. m.
A 31	Way freight north bound.	9:30 a. m.
A 46	For St. Joseph from Villisca and Nodaway and Tarkio Valley branches.	9:30 a. m.
22	To St. Joseph and Kansas City from St. Paul, Minneapolis, Omaha and Council Bluffs.	2:52 a. m.
20	To St. Joseph and Kansas City from St. Paul, Minneapolis, Omaha and Council Bluffs.	1:05 p. m.
26	To St. Joseph and St. Louis from Omaha and Council Bluffs.	8:32 p. m.
A 82	Way freight south bound.	2:28 p. m.

Where to Locate?

why, in the territory traversed by the **Louisville and Nashville Railroad,**

Great Central Southern Trunk Line,

Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi and Florida,

Farmers, Fruit Growers, Stock Raisers, Manufacturers, Investors, Speculators, and Money Leaders

will find the greatest chances in the United States to make "big money" by reason of the abundance and cheapness of

Land and Farms, Timber and Stone, Iron and Coal, Labor—Everything!

Free sites, financial assistance, and freedom from taxation for the manufacturer.

Land and farms at \$1.00 per acre and up, and 500,000 acres in West Florida that can be taken gratis under the U. S. homestead laws.

Stock raising in the Gulf Coast District will make enormous profits.

Half fare excursions the first and third Tuesdays of each month.

Let us know what you want and we will tell you where and how to get it—but don't delay, as the country is being up rapidly.

Printed matter, maps and all information free. Address, **R. J. WEYMSS,** General Immigration and Industrial Agent, LOUISVILLE, KY.

MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY

TO THE **Rockies and Beyond...**

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE, VIA PUEBLO.

THROUGH SERVICE TO COLORADO, UTAH AND THE PACIFIC COAST.

Elegant Pullman Sleeping Cars, Observation Parlor Cafe Dining Cars, meals a la carte, with Electric Lights and Fans, Reclining Chair Cars (seats free).

R. C. TOWNSHIP, G. P. and T. Agt., St. Louis.

Trustees Sale.
Whereas, Louisa Long, a widow, by her deed of trust dated the 14th day of August, 1900, and filed for record August 14, 1900, in the office of recorder of deeds within and for Holt county, State of Missouri, and recorded in book 89, at page 308, conveyed to the undersigned trustee, in trust to secure the payment of the promissory note in said deed of trust described, the following described real estate lying and being in the County of Holt and State of Missouri, to-wit:
All of lots five (5) and eight (8) in block number thirteen (13), as the same are designated upon the plat of the city of Oregon county seat of Holt County, Missouri.
And whereas default has been made in the payment of said note in said deed of trust described, together with the interest thereon; and whereas the legal holder of the note in said deed described, has requested me to execute the power vested in me by the terms and provisions of said trust deed; therefore, in compliance with said request, and in pursuance of the provisions vested in me by said deed of trust, I will on
WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1902,
between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day at the north front door of the court house in the city of Oregon, Holt County, Missouri, sell at public vendue for cash in hand to the highest bidder the above described property or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy said debt and interest and the cost of executing this trust.
GEORGE F. SEEMAN,
Trustee.

FUREKA HARNESS OIL

Kein anstrich hat no effect in harness wear. Fureka Harness Oil is the only oil that keeps the harness supple and pliable. No harness is complete without it. It is the only oil that does not become sticky and gummy. It is the only oil that does not become rancid. It is the only oil that does not become hard. It is the only oil that does not become brittle. It is the only oil that does not become flammable. It is the only oil that does not become poisonous. It is the only oil that does not become offensive. It is the only oil that does not become expensive. It is the only oil that does not become scarce. It is the only oil that does not become unpopular. It is the only oil that does not become obsolete. It is the only oil that does not become antiquated. It is the only oil that does not become out of date. It is the only oil that does not become obsolete. It is the only oil that does not become antiquated. It is the only oil that does not become out of date.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Promotes a luxuriant growth, prevents falling out, restores gray hair to its youthful color. Cleans scalp disease, hair falling, itching and itching.

CHEAP SETTLERS' RATES TO THE FAR WEST AND NORTHWEST.

The Burlington Route will renew the cheap one-way Settlers' rates every day during September and October, 1902, to Montana, Idaho, Washington, Oregon and California, such as \$30.00 from St. Louis, to California, Portland and Puget Sound territory, with correspondingly low rates to Spokane, District and the Helena-Helena District.

CHEAP ROUND TRIP TOURIST RATES TO COLORADO-UTAH.

During certain periods of August and September the Burlington will make such remarkably low first class round trip rates to Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo as \$21.00 from St. Louis, and \$15.00 from the Missouri River good all summer; at other periods only one fare plus 25c.

VISIT THE OLD HOME—EAST.

Home visitors' excursions to points in Ohio and Indiana; dates of sale September 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30 days.

HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSIONS.

First and third Tuesdays of August, September and October to many sections of the West and Northwest.

Round trip tickets with 21 days' limit. Consult your nearest ticket agent or write us of your proposed trip and let us advise you the least cost, send you our publications and otherwise assist you.

JOHN DE WITT, L. W. WAKELEY, D. P. A., 8th & Felix Sts., Gen'l Pass'g Ag't, St. Louis, Mo.
C. M. LEVY, VINE HOVEY, Agent, St. Louis, Mo., Forest City, Mo.

New Train Service Between St. Joseph and Chariton, Ia. Via Grant City.

Attention is directed to the new train service of the C. B. & Q. between St. Joseph, Mo., and Chariton, Iowa, via the new line lately completed between Grant City and Albany Junction.

In addition to trains 111 and 112 between Chariton and Kansas City via the old main line, there are new trains 114 and 113 running as follows:

No. 114 daily except Sunday from Chariton to St. Joseph via Bethany Junction, Grant City and Albany Junction, leaving Chariton 5:45 a. m., arriving St. Joseph 12:30 noon, making connections at St. Joseph with south bound train of the K. C. St. J. & C. B., No. 20.

North bound trains from Kansas City, No. 15 and 21 connect at St. Joseph with C. B. & Q. train No. 113 leaving St. Joseph daily except Sunday at 2:45 p. m., running north via Albany Junction Grant City and Bethany Junction, arriving Chariton 9:30 p. m.

L. W. WAKELEY, General Passenger Agent.

One Way Colonists Rate.

To Washington, Oregon, California and intermediate territory every day in the months of September and October during 1902.

Rate from Forest City to Billings and intermediate points, \$15.
To Helena and Butte, Mont., \$20.
Spokane, Wash., \$22.50.
Tacoma, Seattle and Portland, Ore., \$25.00.

Ogden, Salt Lake City, Utah, \$20.
San Francisco and Los Angeles, Cal., \$25.
VINE HOVEY, Agent, Forest City, Mo.

Round Trip Rates.

The Burlington announces reduced rates to the Ak-Sar-Ben festival and street carnival at Omaha, Sept. 24 to Oct. 4, 1902. One and one-third fare, tickets sold Sept. 25-28, return limit, Sept. 29. One fare on round trip tickets sold Oct. 1, 2, 3 return limit Oct. 6.

President's day at Omaha, sale of tickets Sept. 27th, return limit, Sept. 29. One fare for round trip.

Rate of one cent per mile per capita in each direction for bands in uniform, 15 members or more. Tickets on sale in same territory and same dates as above.

To St. Joseph annual fair and race meeting. One fare for round trip. Tickets on sale Sept. 15 to 20 inclusive, return limit Sept. 22.

To Skidmore Pumpkin Show. One and one-third rate for round trip; on sale Sept. 16 to 19 inclusive, return limit Sept. 20th.

VINE HOVEY, Local Agent, Forest City, Mo.

LAND FLOWING WITH HONEY.

Old Settler Tells of the Early Days in Georgia.
Mr. Jacob Kumm is now 83 years of age, but has comparatively good eyes of himself, says the Milledgeville (Ga.) News. Mr. Kumm's father was one of the first settlers in this section. He was a major in the United States army, and was stationed with some troops at Mount Pellar Hill, near McComb's Mount. At that time there was considerable opposition to the presence of the troops in this section, and Mr. Kumm, Sr., resigned his commission and purchased the land around the fort, thus becoming one of the first landowners and taxpayers of the county, and he and his descendants have been taxpayers here since. Mr. Jacob Kumm entered the land in 1837, at the close of which he returned, and has resided here ever since. He says he remembers when what is now Milledgeville was a great forest, filled principally with large poplar trees, many of which were over four feet thick. These trees drew many bees until there was so much honey that it would drip from the large trees on the undergrowth below and thus spoil your clothes as you walked through the bushes. Everybody had more honey than he could consume.

CRUISER IS KEPT BUSY.

Detroit of Great Service to the United States Navy.
One of the most serviceable of Uncle Sam's warships is the unprotected steel cruiser Detroit, which has been utilized in nearly every station of the navy. The Detroit went into commission July 29, 1893, and was built in Baltimore. It has a speed of over 18 knots and is a particularly serviceable vessel on quick voyages between ports. The dimensions are as follows: Length on water line, 257 feet; beam, 37 feet; draft, 15 feet 8 inches; displacement, 2,085 tons, two propellers; horse power, 5,227. The armament: Main battery, nine 5-inch rapid-fire guns; secondary battery, six 6-pound rapid-fire guns, two 1-pound rapid-fire guns, one gatting gun, three torpedo tubes. It has a crew of twenty officers and 254 men.

Old Proverb Justified.

Once upon a time an inquisitive man, who acted regardless of the ancient proverbs that contain good advice, was given a horse that had a streak of viciousness in its character.

When the giver had departed, after having received the thanks usually given on such occasions, the receiver, having deep curiosity as to the horse's eye, raised his great upper lip with his two thumbs and proceeded to inspect his teeth.

He found that the horse had sufficient teeth for biting purposes, for the animal, resenting the intrusion of the two thumbs in its mouth, closed on them with a vicious snap, with the result that the man found himself with only eight fingers on his two hands.

Moral—It is dangerous to look a gift horse in the mouth.

Blackberry a Profitable Fruit.

All things considered the blackberry has been our most profitable bush fruit. Its commercial advantages are great. It is a heavy cropper, a fairly reliable yielder, easily picked, continues many years in profitable fruitfulness, and generally is in good demand. Its disadvantages are softness for long-distance shipment, a slight tendency to scald, and a season of fruiting that brings it into direct competition with peaches. However, this real disadvantage of season often becomes a decided advantage during a short peach crop, which often occurs. It then has the market to itself without a dangerous competitor.—Country Life in America.

Gen. Hooker in War Times.

George S. Boutwell tells in his recently published book of reminiscences that he was present at an interview between Gen. Joe Hooker and Charles Sumner, to whom Hooker applied to assist him in obtaining a Massachusetts regiment on the plea that he was a native of that state. "In the course of the conversation Hooker said that if he could obtain a regiment he would come to the command of the army and take Richmond." This was in May, 1861. Hooker had then recently arrived from California and his appearance indicated poverty. His dress was worn and his apparel was that of a decayed man of the world.

A Cure for Blindness.

A mechanical cure for blindness has been brought out, called the "ophthalmic oscillator," the invention of Dr. Henry F. Garey of Baltimore. Several prominent men have testified that the oscillator actually restores sight, in chronic cases where there has been a gradual and steady loss of sight, without any external manifestations of disease. It is a sort of vacuum treatment by which the eyeball is rapidly worked backward and forward, giving it a sort of esthetic exercise, such as is used to strengthen other portions of the body.

Dispute Over Explorer's Reward.

The conferring of the rank of hereditary nobility on the Asiatic explorer Sven Hedlin has evoked a violent controversy in the Swedish press. Some radical journals demand that the law be altered so as to make such a proceeding impossible hereafter. Others point out that Sven Hedlin might have been honored in a more practical and doubtless more welcome way by paying the debts he has been obliged to incur and restoring to him the large share of his private means he has sacrificed.

NEW USE FOR SNOWBALLS.

Farmer Put Them into Well and Obtained Good Water Supply.
"Speaking of drinking water," said one of a group of men waiting for the shower to pass over, "the best I ever drank was on my uncle's farm, down in Brown county."

"We lived on top of a clay hill and had a well very deep, sixty feet, I reckon; but it never had any water in it until ten years ago. A heavy snow fell that winter and he filled the well with snowballs. He rolled up balls until they were large enough to go into the well cleverly and then dumped them in until it was packed to the top. They were packed so closely that they did not melt until late the following summer, but when they did they produced a supply of water I never saw surpass for purity, softness or coolness. It was delicious."

"Strange to say, this well, always dry before, has produced a plentiful supply since. The water, while not as good as that from the snowballs, is still excellent and celebrated throughout the neighborhood."

BOOMS A GHASTLY TRADE.

Unique Advertisement of an Undertaker in the Barbadoes.
The following unique advertisement recently appeared in the columns of the Barbadoes Bulletin:

A. E. GOODRIDGE, Undertaker.
Best American Hearses—Can't Be Beat.

The Best Carriages, Fine, Fast Horses, Polite Servants.

Best of All—Erics to Suit All Classes. The Only Establishment in the Island With a Corpse Preserver.

The corpse can be kept in perfect order for any time. A person in England, America or the West Indies can return here and review the corpse of their beloved departed; or, on the other hand, the body can by this machine be carried to either of the above mentioned places for interment, if required. Many have been kept in this machine for upward of one month.

My Motto—I Am Determined to Please.

The "Initial" Girl.

The initial girl is the peculiar development of the current season. Her monogram is to be found on all her feminine wear, from her stockings to, well, her handkerchief. She has reduced the bare-brown-armed girl to a second place. Down at Manhattan Beach the limit of the initial girl appeared in a bathing dress. She reached the limit, too, in a combination with the sun-browned arm girl. On her bare right arm was what appeared to be from a distance a round patch of white paper, but closer inspection showed that her monogram had been cut in the white paper, and she was holding that arm to old Sol that he might complete the work by burning her initials into her plump, pretty round right arm. That's the limit.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Japan's Postal Service.

Mr. Muraki, post and telegraph director of the Japanese kingdom, recently arrived in San Francisco from Japan, accompanied by a young Japanese nobleman, who has resigned from the army in order to study at Leipsic university. Mr. Muraki says that Japan's postal service is more than self-supporting, and he believes this is due to the fact that the government runs the telegraph and operates postal and telegraphic systems under the same department. The plan nets the government 3,000,000 yen annually. Mr. Muraki will not remain long in this country. He is on his way around the world studying postal systems and must be in Japan by May, 1903.

Deputies of All Work.

Last year French deputies used up \$2,400 worth of note-paper, but this is not to be wondered at, seeing that they are bombarded with letters from constituents demanding various services, including the finding of a good wet-nurse for a baby, the purchase of fresh fish at the Halles and the buying of bonnets for electors' wives. Not long ago one deputy received an artificial arm, which had belonged to the child of one of his constituents. The child had died and the father requested the deputy to dispose of the useless limb at the best price obtainable.—Paris correspondence London Mail.

Peculiar Fad of New Yorker.

Nicholas H. Torney, a wealthy New York broker who was the double of Andrew Carnegie in appearance, died a day or two ago. It was his fad to live for an occasional month or so in some Bowery lodging-house and then change over to the Hoffman or Astor house, being equally well known in all of the places. So generally was he recognized on the Bowery that regular patrons of one lodging-house were always referred to him as "the regular of room 37." That was where he slept when he first made his appearance there something over ten years ago and that was where he died.

The Australian Dukite.

One who has been all over the world and yesterday: "Your Martinique friend, fer-de-lance, is not to be compared with the dukite snake of Australia. It is like the pictures you have seen of sin, a long, red snake, with eyes the living embodiment of evil. The dukites never go alone. If you are unfortunate enough to kill one without killing its mate the latter will follow your trail remorselessly, like death, or fate, and, though you camp twenty miles from the spot, it will kill you as sure as you killed its partner."—Washington Letter.

Government and Farmers.

If there be one interest which more than any other has had the watchful care of the government for the last 40 years, it is agriculture. If there be one interest which more than any other is, at this date, the recipient of peculiar favors from the government, it is farming. That there are some abuses in the tariff that impose unnecessary, and, therefore, unjustifiable, burdens on the farmers, as well as upon the masses of their fellow citizens engaged in other pursuits, is undeniable. But as a whole the production of American industries has been, is now, and will for some years to come be incalculably helpful to the agricultural interest. It has built up the home market—the cities and villages—whose demand for farm products is today creating wealth for their producers. They are not complaining of the increased cost of subsistence, for they know that most of it goes to them. Not only this indirect benefit of protection is making the farmers forehanded, but they are greatly helped by tariff schedules framed directly in their interest.

The government has given away farms by the hundred thousand, and the agricultural department, through its various bureaus, has added hundreds of millions to the farmers' gains. It has shown them how to protect their live stock from the ravages of disease, their crops in fields, orchards and vineyards from devastation by insects. It has introduced new varieties of cereals, grasses, root crops, and fruits, and shown the farmer when, where and how to plant them. There has been as great an advance in agriculture as in manufactures, and the agricultural department has been a very potential factor in producing it. That department took up and intelligently promoted the good roads movement whereby the value of farms has been enormously increased. The farmers quite as much as other classes are the beneficiaries of the good work accomplished by the forestry bureau.

When an agricultural and a manufacturing interest conflict, the farmer appeals to congress and wins. Let him who questions the accuracy of that statement look at the several acts of congress for the protection of the dairy business. Are there any other national laws marked by so much of special favor to a single interest? We know of none.—Washington Post.

On the Unfitness of Things.

That childless couple of Michigan fruit farmers who adopted twenty-two children from a Minneapolis founding asylum must give us all time to meditate on the eternal unfitness of things. Here are two good people with a wealth of affection to bestow which must go to the nameless children of strangers, while good folk hereabout must bewail the oppression of half a dozen offspring relentlessly draining the parental patience and the family larder. In "high society," too, are those mothers who meet their children once or twice a year, if fate throws them in each other's way, while other mothers who dwell near their progeny long enough to make a formal introduction unnecessary find the strain so exacting as to require an annual rest cure.

That must ever be the way of this funny world, it really does seem. Frivolous girls, too, will be pestered with swarms of worthy admirers, and girls with nobility of character and unsurpassable virtues of mind and manner must be unworthy loved or unhappily mated. Men and women married will cry piteously for freedom; men and women single will deplore their wretched state. "To him who hath shall be given," to the luckless shall be denied. This man cannot lose, that one cannot win. What we yearn for passionately is put, oh, so far beyond us; while of what others clamor for we have enough to cloy our taste! There are Alices who have jam every day, other Alices who had no jam yesterday and expect to get none tomorrow!

So with the childless couple. How soon will they wish their small orphan asylum away? Let us hope never.

The most expensive hat on record.

cost \$1,500 in gold, and was presented to General Grant while in Mexico in 1887. It is now on exhibition in the National museum at Washington—perhaps the finest Mexican sombrero that was ever made. While William H. Seward was secretary of the state in Lincoln's cabinet some of his admirers in South America sent him a Panama hat which cost \$1,000. It was on exhibition in a show window in New York for a year or more. Panama hats used to be frequently sold as high as \$500 each. A New York hatter says that in 1867 he sold three hats at that price in a single day, but they are no longer in the market. The most expensive hat he has sold for several years was bought by a New York banker last summer for \$110. It was the last fine Panama hat in stock. Such hats are still worn by the hidalgos in South America. They are not made in Panama, but got that name because that city was formerly the greatest market for them. The finest straw hats come from Guayaquil and Payta, Peru. They are made of the fibre of the pita, or pine apple plant, which is as soft and pliable as silk, and some of them are so fine that they can be folded up and carried in the vest pocket.—William Curtis' Washington Letter.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

Artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps and all other results of imperfect digestion. Price 50c. and \$1. Large size contains 2 1/2 times small size. Book all about dyspepsia mailed free. Prepared by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago. Sold by W. W. AIKEN Oregon, Mo.