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HOUSE IS NOW WAITING ON THE SENATE

Nothing Can Be Accomplished Before the Upper House Disposes of War Revenue Bill

Congressman Booher Declares That the People Know as Much as He as to the War's End

Congressman Charles F. Booher of this district is enjoying a few days at home—the first that he has spent here since December 1st last year, when he left for Washington—and he is enjoying these few days from the fact that he or no other congressman for that matter are needed in Washington until the senate catches up with its work. The House completed its part of the programme two months ago and sent its finished work over to the Senate. Now it must wait until

When the session May End Asked as to when he thought Congress would adjourn, he smiled and said: "That's a hard question to answer. The House of Representatives has been ready for six weeks to adjourn, but the Senate moves slowly; and has just begun consideration of the Revenue Bill that was passed by the House early in June, and unless the Senate speeds up it will not be ready to vote before the middle of September. However, it may get busy and vote much

NO PEACE NEEDED

The End of the World Will Come Before the Present War Can Be Ended.

If your house is not in order, it will be well for you to go to work getting it that way—that is if you believe as do many people who are now getting ready to meet in October. People who say that they believe the world is likely to come to an end at any moment have increased greatly since the war began. Formerly they were Baptists of the south and southwest, but these millennium Baptists now say their doctrines are spreading rapidly among the Methodists and Disciples of Christ in Georgia, Alabama, Tennessee, and in some measures in Louisiana.

The Rev. J. B. Phillips of the Baptist tabernacle, Chattanooga, is authority for the statement these people hold all the signs that are to be displayed before the second coming of Christ have been displayed, and so perhaps even before the Kaiser is beaten by the allies the world may end, and no peace negotiations need ever be entered into.

The fourth season of bible meetings at which this millennium doctrine is the central teaching will be held in Chattanooga in October. Interest in it is said to already surpass any former years, due to the war and the signs. To it are expected Methodists, Disciples, Presbyterians and even Congregationalists of New England in small numbers. The meetings last throughout October. The entire city of Chattanooga is said to be interested in them. These people say they do not get on housetops looking for the end of the world, but they do warn everybody to be watchful at all times and have their affairs in shape.

WHY HE STAYED SANE

Gov. Williams Refused to Lay Reports Off His Feet by Lying Reports of Penny-a-Liners.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla., Aug. 15.—When Governor Robert L. Williams said he didn't want to send troops to put down another "Crazy Snake" rebellion he apparently called the turn on the rioting at least, judging from reports received telling that the anti-draft demonstration is about off.

Back in 1909 the east was startled by the Crazy Snake outbreak. Chitto Harjo (Crazy Snake) had busted loose.

Hell was about to pop in Indian territory. All the stories that were ever told to campfire audiences about Custer and Buffalo Bill and the massacre of here or there, popped into the mind of the New York newspaper reader and there was a cry for rebellion news.

Incidentally, the governor of Oklahoma got excited. He called out the national guard and sent them to the scene. Though the only scene was unbroken blackjack, nevertheless it was the scene.

There wasn't any blood shed. There wasn't any uprising. There wasn't any fighting. But there was an unceasing clamor from the publishers of the east for news about slaughter.

So one free lance correspondent decided to satisfy the eastern craving. He gave 'em blood, with a big B.

And that great hoax—the Crazy Snake rebellion hasn't been forgotten. Accordingly, that's why Governor Williams didn't go wild over the draft riot of the tenants and the half breeds and the negroes to the southeast.

A VERY FAIR OFFER

Morris F. Westheimer, Formerly of This City, Presents Inducements to Find a Buyer for His Plant.

In view of the claims made by the Anti-Saloon League that distillery plants in dry territory can be profitably converted into manufacturing plants for other lines, Morris F. Westheimer, president of the Susquehanna Distilling Company, yesterday made the following offer:

"If Congress prohibits the manufacture of whiskey, as is now contemplated, we will sell our plant at 50 cents on the dollar of its appraised value, not including good will as an asset. This offer is made in good faith and we will pay 10 per cent commission to any one finding a buyer for us on these terms."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

SCHEINSMAN AND HIS FISH CARDS

George Scheinman sends some of his friends here cards from Balsam Lake, Wisconsin, where he is now fishing. It is to be hoped that George will soak up some of the lessons learned by Father of His Country when the cherry tree fell on him.

OLA MAY INJURED

Members of Arthur Pryor's Band Are Killed and Injured at Asbury Park.

In the Post of Burlington Junction appears an article which will be of interest to St. Joseph people, as all of the parties concerned are connected with Arthur Pryor's band, which is now playing the season at that resort. The Post says:

"Ola May, formerly of this place, and his wife were seriously injured in an automobile accident at Asbury Park, N. J., last Sunday. The Mays were riding in company with four other people when the chauffeur lost control of his car which was going at a high rate of speed. It ran into a telegraph pole and was completely wrecked, one young lady was instantly killed, and the others are all in a very serious condition. Ola had both legs and two ribs broken and was hurt internally. There is little hope of his recovery.

"Ola May is one of the most celebrated characters that ever hailed from this vicinity. For some years he was the leading cartoonist on the Cleveland Plain Dealer, more recently he has been working on a big daily in Michigan. He was also a musician of distinguished ability, being a member at one time of the famous United States Marine band. This summer he was the leading soloist of Arthur Pryor's band."

SILLY STORIES SPREAD

Foolish Things That Agitate People and Stir Up Trouble Should Be Suppressed.

There is not a week passes but that foolish—sometimes almost ridiculous stories—are started by irresponsible whose chief business seems to be to attempt to stir up trouble—and they generally do. It is always noticed that these silly irresponsible stories are never "fathered" by anyone, it always being stated that "a certain woman" or "a certain man" told so and so. Here is a sample of one of these late silly stories started by the Craig Leader in its issue of last week. It says:

"A Craig woman tells a story that she received from a relative in Clay county. Her relative tells her that not long ago a stranger called at the family home and asked for dinner. He was asked into the dining room and as the lady of the house left the room he was seen putting some kind of seasoning in a bowl of beans which were on the table. She communicated this fact to her husband, who, at the point of a double-barrel shot gun, made the stranger partake of his own concoction, with the result that he died a short time after from poisoning."

It is really remarkable that if such a thing had come to pass the big papers should hear nothing about it. Kansas City is only a few miles away and its, or no other papers have yet heard of it.

CAPT. F. H. CAESTER IS CONVICTED

Capt. F. H. Caester of the Fifth Infantry, Missouri National Guard, with headquarters in St. Louis, was found guilty Saturday by a court-martial at Nevada of unmilitary conduct in attempting to enlist through fraudulent methods into the Fifth Regiment men whose serial numbers came out first in the drafting for the national army. This announcement was made from the office of Brig. Gen. H. C. Clark at Nevada.

Caester has mailed cards to men whose numbers were drawn "ordering" them to report at the recruiting offices of the Fifth for examination. Similar cards were received by drafted men with H. S. Rumsey's name signed to them. Rumsey was excise commissioner in St. Louis under the Major administration. No action has been announced in this case.

SAVANNAH JOY RIDERS HIT AN INTERURBAN

Virgil Kline of Savannah and another man who gave his name as Lynch filled up on the juice of future punishment Tuesday night and then started in Kline's big car for home. They headed up St. Joseph avenue so fast that Cycle Officers Crawford and Pearce had a lively chase and only caught the joy riders when their car crashed into the Savannah Interurban at Randolph and St. Joseph avenue. Both men were considerably cut by flying glass, and were also bruised sufficient for Police Surgeon Cox's services to be needed. They were arrested and taken to the police station where they put up cash bonds and were allowed to go. On Wednesday morning they failed to appear and Kline's bond of \$25 on a charge of drunk and reckless driving and Lynch's \$5 bond on a charge of drunk were forfeited.

JACOB T. CHILDS AND FRANCIS M. POSEGATE

Two of the Early Business Men Who Helped to Make St. Joseph Famous

WERE YOUNG DURING BROOK'S CAREER

One of Them Represented His Country in the Land of the "White Elephant" and the Other Established the First Steam Printing Plant West of the Mississippi River and Spent Almost His Entire Life Here Filling Several of the Most Important Places in the Gift of the People or of the President of the United States.

In this issue appears another of the charming narratives of early St. Joseph by Frank H. Brooks, belga chapter 18 of his "Missouri Bygone", which are a feature of the Cass County Democrat of Hartsburgville.

In this chapter Mr. Brooks talks most interestingly of two men who were among the number of famous characters of early St. Joseph—Jacob T. (Jake) Childs and Francis Marion Posegate. Both of these famous men lived here at the time that Mr. Brooks sojourned in this city, and both were at that time prominently in the public eye, and later became even more so. Capt. Posegate died last year in St. Louis, where for the last years of his life he had been acting in an editorial capacity on the St. Louis Star. And now here is Mr. Brooks' pleasing chapter XVIII:

"But two, who were in the bud of manhood in my boyhood days in St. Joseph, remained prominent in the town when the Civil war was over, and continued conspicuous for some years after. This would not be singular, were it not offset by the fact that there were others who became known about the same time, and who passed out of the limelight long before the two of whom I am about to write—Jacob T. Childs and Frank M. Posegate. The former has not been dead many years. If the latter is dead, I have not learned of it.

"When I knew 'Jake' Childs he was a high-stepping youth, 'holding a case' on The Weekly Cycle, of which E. C. Davis was the editor. He boarded at the house where I lived. He was something more than a printer. He was what is now called a reporter. He wrote 'local items' for The Cycle.

"One day a steambot arrived at St. Joseph. This was the 'Peerless.' It was her maiden trip, and as she was a St. Joseph craft, she was presented with a silk flag for her jack staff. The flag was put on the halyards and run up by a young beauty of St. Joseph, Miss Fannie Frame, who later became the wife of State Senator John K. Craven of Kansas City. She was accompanied to the 'Peerless' by 'Jake' Childs and as 'we all' lived at the same house, I was asked to be the christening. If I am not 'piping,' Childs made the presentation speech. I know he wrote an account of the incident for The Cycle.

Was Sent to Spain

"I do not follow the career of Childs in detail. But I recall, as some who are still living will, that Childs broke

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HE FOUND OUT THE DIFFERENCE

He is a very small boy and he lives out in the vicinity of Lou Gabbert's home. That is as near as his identity can be disclosed—for there might be serious consequences around this print shop if names were published.

Paddy was this small boy's dog—and Paddy was nearer to his heart than anything on earth. When Paddy met swift and hideous death on the road his mother trembled to break the news. But it had to be, and when he came home she told him simply: "Paddy has been run over and killed."

He took it very quietly. All day it was the same. But five minutes before he had gone to bed there echoed through the house a shrill and sudden lamentation. His mother rushed upstairs with solicitude and pity. "Nurse says," he sobbed, "that Paddy has been run over and killed."

"But, dear, I told you that at dinner, and you didn't seem to be troubled at all."

"No; but—but I didn't know you said Paddy. I—I thought you said 'daddy!'"

COWARDLY WORK DONE

Mischief Makers and Malignantly Inclined Busybodies Cast Aspersions On Young Soldier Boys.

The local exemption boards have been the busiest people in St. Joseph this week—by far the busiest for the reason that so many things come up to hamper them—many of these absolutely unnecessary and others purely malicious—that the work of the boards is unnecessarily hampered and the hard work which they are called upon to perform is made doubly hard. As it is the four boards have done a tremendous amount of work, and are called upon to do much more, for it was learned this week that these boards instead of being simply temporary are in for the full time of the war—but to their credit it should be stated that they are doing their work cheerfully and well and are an honor to Buchanan county. The county board, made up of County Clerk Joe E. Hunt, Sheriff Ed Isaacson and Dr. Forest Thomas, has a harder row to hoe than the other boards on account of the fact that those who come before them are from widely scattered parts of the county and almost all of them farmer boys, nearly every one of whom is needed on the farm from which he was summoned, and is not like the average city boy whose services can be more easily dispensed with by his city employed people.

As an instance of the dirty work which is done by maliciously inclined people and those who have a grudge against some one an instance which came before the county board Wednesday will disclose. When Hunt, Isaacson and Thomas met in the afternoon they found a letter awaiting them signed by a man named P. H. Cushing, in which he made charges against five young men of the Eastern neighborhood, going into detail to show why these young men should not be exempted. These details gave the personal history of the young men and detailed the amount of property that their parents possessed and showed to the writer's satisfaction why they should be forced into service.

The fact of the matter is that it was a plain case of malicious interference, and to show how unjust it was it should be stated that two of the young men named in the letter, Fred Fisher and Oscar Nadler, had already been accepted by the board. The board members were justly indignant at the malicious attempt made to wrong the young men. The other men of the five were yet to appear for examination.

The county board has exhausted its first quota and on Thursday ordered a second quota to appear, thirty-three on Tuesday, thirty-three more on Wednesday and thirty more on Thursday next.

THE ST. JOSEPH BOYS

How to Reach Them When You Want to Communicate With the New Camp.

Proper addressing of mail for members of the National Guard now assembling at Camp Clark, Nevada, Missouri:

Mail for these troops should be addressed plainly, giving exact given name under which enlistment was made, with regiment, company, or unit, such as Field Artillery, Field Hospital, Motor Supply Train, Ambulance Department, Signal Corps, Engineer Corps, Infantry or Cavalry, and the rank. The following form of address is suggested:

Private John H. Smith,
Co. A, Second Regiment,
Missouri National Guard,
Camp Clark,
Nevada, Missouri.

By definitely addressing mail matter as above, any congestion or delay in handling at the Nevada postoffice will be avoided.

TRUCK COMPANY OFF TO NEVADA

Amid the cheers of several thousand relatives and friends Motor Truck company No. 5, Lieutenant Max P. Habacker commanding, left St. Joseph Union station Thursday night for Camp Clark training camp at Nevada. The company left by special train over the Burlington at 9 o'clock and as the train pulled out of the station the crowd cheered and waved handkerchiefs, but not all of the crowd—for there were mothers, sisters, and sweethearts there who covered their faces with their handkerchiefs and wept. The departure of the motor truck company takes the last unit of the national guard away from St. Joseph.

But on a vote on the question of eating horse meat the neighs would probably have it.

THE 'DEMON WHITE BREAD'

It Will Be One of the Next to Be Attacked After Rum Is Given An Inning.

The Salt Lake Tribune has already found the subject for the next onslaught of the dry forces after they have given the demon Rum an inning. A lecturer in that city last week stated: "Everybody who makes white bread should be in the penitentiary"—to which the Tribune adds:

"There you have it. No sooner is Demon Rum sealed up in his tomb than Demon White Bread becomes a target for the prohibitionist.

"All kinds of bread are good, we understand, except white bread. That species of our daily bread is not the kind referred to in the Lord's prayer evidently. It is of the devil's brood. It spreads disease and death. It causes indigestion and bad temper and breaks up families. Its ravages are terrible and yet there are those who defend it and who would argue that personal liberty is being invaded by those who urge laws against it. But we know that these same men talked about personal liberty when it was a question of abolishing Demon Rum. They defended the saloon and now they will defend the bakery that bakes white bread or the conscienceless housewife who shamelessly approaches the baker's counter—unprotected by a screen—and orders white bread for her toper of a husband. She even permits the children to nibble at the deadly concoction. Such men would defend the Chinese opium trade just as they defend the white bread slavers.

"Soon we shall see the police arresting white bread bootleggers trying to get home with a package of the contraband stuff under their coats. There will be white bread, 'holes in the wall,' white bread clubs to which degenerate men will resort in defiance of the law.—Salt Lake Tribune."

HIS FALL NOT UNCHECKED

John Cain and Lawrence Weakley Clash on the Merits of Their Companies' Payment.

Lawrence O. Weakley and John J. Cain are both in the life insurance game and they both have offices in the Corby-Forsee building. Thursday they clashed—good naturedly of course—over the prompt paying of their respective companies. Said Weakley:

"My company is right up to the minute. There is no trouble, no fuss and no wait of any kind. Why if the man died tonight," he continued, "his widow would receive her money by the first post tomorrow morning."

"You don't say?" drawled Cain. "See here, now, you talk of prompt payment! Our office is on the sixth floor of this building, which is fourteen stories high. One of our clients lived in that fourteenth story, and he fell out of the window. We handed him his check as he passed."

WHICH JUSTICE WAS THIS?

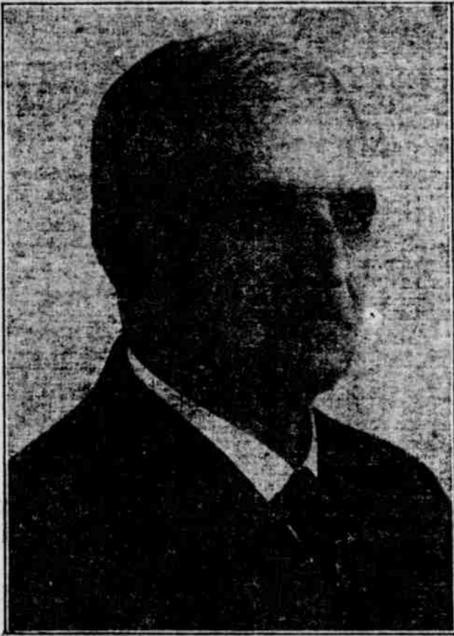
There are four justices of the peace in St. Joseph—and they are all good men—therefore possibly it is not wise to tell the name of the one who figured in this case, for it might result in a rupture of diplomatic relations between the editor and the justice, but nevertheless, one of them had an attorney trying a case before him this week and this lawyer had been so unthinking as to offend the justice by going beyond the bounds of respect in criticizing a ruling made by the justice. At this the court announced in rather a low voice which the offender did not hear distinctly, that a fine of \$10 was imposed for contempt of court. "What did he say?" asked the lawyer, leaning over the desk of the clerk. He was informed. Thrusting his hand into his pocket, the attorney said: "I'll pay. I never owed a justice debt."

SURPRISED THE MEMBERS

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.—The Army and Navy Club has been legislating for members of Congress. Chartered in the law which prohibits the sale of alcoholic liquors to anybody wearing uniform of the United States, the famous club has got back at Congress by closing its bar altogether.

"It's somewhat a sacrifice," said a prominent club member, "but we decided that if members of the service could not drink in their own club there was no reason why we should maintain a saloon for the Senate and House."

The framers of the "dry" law were taken off their feet when refused their morning's drink on the way to the Capitol today.—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.



CONGRESSMAN CHAS. F. BOOHER

the revenue bill is threshed out by that body before it can again proceed to work. The constitution allows the House or Senate to recess but three days at a time during sessions and as a result the House has been taking three day recesses ever since early last month. That is why Congressman Booher, Alexander, Rucker, Bolland, Romjue, Dickinson, Hamlin, Shackelford, Meeker, Dyer, Hensley, Russell and Decker are all at home for a few days—but each and every one ready to return on the moment's notice that the Senate is ready to vote on the revenue bill.

Mr. Booher looks well and says that he feels the same way. If he had hoped to have a rest during his brief visit at home he was doomed to disappointment, for no sooner was it known that he was here through the medium of a misquoted interview, in an afternoon paper, than the visits of his constituents began and have kept up with ever increasing regularity ever since. Desiring that the congressman should be fairly quoted and that the information he might be able to impart would be of benefit to the people of the district, an Observer representative in an interview with Mr. Booher asked him how long he thought that the present war would last, to which Mr. Booher responded:

"Any opinion I might have on that subject would be no stronger than the opinion of your readers, for we all derive our information from the same source, i. e. the daily press, and an opinion expressed today might be changed tomorrow. It was rumored in Washington that Senator W. J. Stone was preparing a peace speech. His position as chairman of the great committee of Foreign Relations of the Senate will enable him to place before the people the true situation of our foreign relations.

"Some well informed people believe that the new German chancellor is in favor of submitting peace proposals, while others equally well informed think otherwise, and Senator Stone will no doubt be able to throw light on the subject."

earlier. We should adjourn soon after this bill is passed.

"How long will you be at home?" "On the 4th of August the House entered into a unanimous consent agreement to take a recess every three days until the Senate fixed a date to begin voting on the Revenue Bill. When that time arrives the members will all return to Washington and take up the amendments put on the bill in the Senate."

Not Given to Criticism

"There is much criticism of our senators, and especially Senator Reed, for his stand on the Food Bill. Have you any comments to make on that subject?" It was asked.

"I am not given to the habit of criticizing members of Congress or senators for the positions they take on public questions; it is but natural that there should be a diversity of opinion on the great questions now confronting the nation. I entertain no doubt but that Senator Reed was sincere in the position he took and that he believed his opposition to Mr. Hoover was fully warranted by the facts in his possession.

"The bill is now a part of the law of the land, and whether it is wise or unwise legislation will soon be demonstrated. I believe it is a wise enactment and it will meet with the approval of all."

The Prohibition Question

He did not hesitate a moment when asked in reference to the vexatious prohibition question, and said: "That is a question that I suppose we shall like the poor always have with us. The Senate as you know voted to submit it to the people, and I have no doubt it will pass the House, but it will not come up for action until the regular session in December. As you know, I voted against submission to the 64th Congress on the ground that the Fourth District had by a majority of nearly 10,000 voted against prohibition in the state—and believing it was my duty to represent

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