

THE STATE REPUBLICAN.

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JEFFERSON CITY, MISSOURI, THURSDAY, JANUARY 30, 1890.

NUMBER 7.

EVERYBODY
TAKE NOTICE
 OF ... OF ...
 ★ **FRIDAY'S** ★
GREAT
SLAUGHTER
SALE!

Of Over Coats and Clothing of all kinds. Men's overcoats from \$1.75 up. Men's suits from \$3.00 up.
 I am determined to reduce my stock regardless of cost. Persons wishing to buy any goods in my line will save money by calling at my store before purchasing elsewhere. Don't forget the place.

Friday's Missouri Clothing House.

★ **JOHN A. LINHARDT** ★

DEALER IN
Staple and Fancy Groceries

SPECIALTIES

Glassware, Queensware, Tea and Dinner Sets, Chamber Sets, Library Lamps, Toilet Articles, Tobacco, Cigars, Woodenware, Ice Chests, Refrigerators, Grass and Garden Seed, Oysters, Fish and Game in Season.

Cash Paid for all Kinds of Country Produce.
 230 EAST HIGH STREET.

DANIEL GUNDELINGER,

Hardware Tinware
 Stoves Cutlery
 ETC. ETC.

The Most Complete Stock in Central Missouri of the Best and Cheapest Hardware, Tinware, Stoves, Cutlery, Etc. Exclusive agent for

The Celebrated Wire-Gauze Charter Oak Stoves
 AND QUICK MEAL GASOLINE STOVE.
 Door Frames, Window Frames, Wire Screen, Weather Strips, Spring Hinges, Bird Cages, Water Coolers, Etc., a Specialty. Tin Roofing Spouting and Jobbing of all kinds given prompt attention.
 No. 123 HIGH STREET.

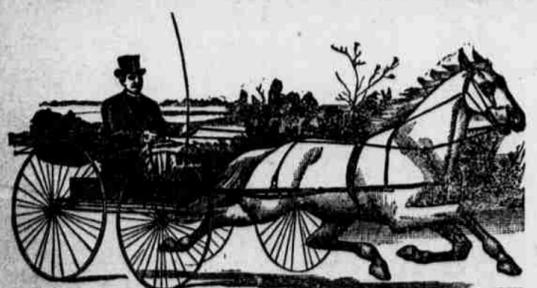
HENRY J. DULLE, President.
 BERNARD DULLE, Vice-President.
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CAPITAL STAR AND VICTORIA ROLLER MILLS.



Highest market price paid for grain.
FLOUR MEAL AND MILL FEED
G. H. DULLE MILLING CO.
 WEST MAIN STREET.

C. A. WARE'S
NEW LIVERY STABLES



LARGE QUANTITIES OF
Carriages, Surreys, Buggies, Road Carts
 FOR SALE AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.
 Second-Hand Rigs Bought and Sold.
 Mules and Horses Bought and Sold.
 The best and Finest Livery Rigs in the State.
EAST MAIN STREET.

EVERYBODY TAKE NOTICE

Lord HATFIELD will shortly take a trip to recruit his health.

It was reported on the 24th that Dr. Peters had arrived at Subaki.

The shoemakers of Erfurt, Germany, went out on a general strike, on the 23d, for an increase of wages.

Rev. Dr. TALMAGE took luncheon and spent the afternoon of the 24th with Mr. Gladstone at Hawarden Castle.

PRESIDENT HARRISON sent a telegram of condolence to King Humbert of Italy on the death of the Duke of Aosta the King's brother.

Mrs. HARRISON gave her first public reception, on the afternoon of the 25th, from three to five o'clock. It was numerously attended.

The British Admiralty has ordered a re-survey of the channel in the Mediterranean where Her Majesty's ship Sultan became stranded.

By the death of Mr. Christopher R. M. Talbot, Liberal M. P. for Glamorgan-shire, his three daughters inherit in equal shares an estate valued at \$5,000,000.

On the 24th Herr Most was sentenced to one year's imprisonment and \$500 fine for his recent utterances in speech in New York City about the time of the hanging of the Chicago Anarchists.

By a vote of 141 to 41 the Spanish Chamber of Deputies has passed a bill granting the right of suffrage to all male persons of Spanish birth and above the age of twenty-five years.

SUPERINTENDENT PORTER on the 27th, appointed Miss Phoebe Cousins, the well-known woman lawyer of St. Louis, Chief Special Agent in charge of the statistics of recorded indebtedness in that city.

At a banquet given in his honor, on the 21st, Mayor White of Windsor, Ont., said he was not afraid to stand by a platform the chief plank of which was political union with the United States.

On the 24th the Syracuse (N. Y.) Iron Works property, which has been in litigation since 1884, was sold on a judgment in favor of the holders of \$50,000 worth of the bonds of the assigned company.

"NELLIE BLY'S" actual time in making the circuit of the world, as computed by three official time-takers and verified by the New York World's announcement, was 73 days, 6 hours and 11 minutes.

The locomotive engineers of the Vanderbilt lines who had been in session at the 71st House in Buffalo, N. Y., for several days, left for their homes on the 24th, without making public any of their proceedings.

GENERAL SHERMAN will be given a dinner by the Union League Club of New York City on February 8, his seventieth birthday. President Harrison and the members of the Cabinet are expected to attend.

Miss BLAKE, the Cosmopolitan Magazine's round-the-world traveler, who started on the same day with Nellie Bly, is a passenger on the steamship Bothnia, which sailed from Queenstown for New York on the 19th.

The London Times bitterly condemns the English merchants at Lisbon who appealed to Mr. Gladstone to use his influence for arbitration and peace, and says they are cowards who prefer their pocket-books to patriotism.

On the 24th the schooner J. C. Craig arrived at Portland, Me., with the crew of the schooner Fairfield which sank on the night of the 23d, nine miles off Small Point. The crew took to the boats and were picked up by the Craig.

The Comte de Paris, at the termination of his visit to Lisbon, will, instead of returning to London, make a visit to America, lasting about two months, or until the existing feeling in Portugal against Great Britain shall have been appeased.

At a meeting of the House committee on civil service, on the 27th, the charges made against the commission by Representative Ewart, of North Carolina, were taken up, and the committee decided by a unanimous vote to grant Mr. Ewart's request for a thorough investigation.

It is stated that the Porte has issued an order prohibiting the use of the Greek language in the Cretan courts. As the judges and lawyers are ignorant of the Turkish language, which is ordered to be substituted for the Greek tongue, the gravity of the hardship imposed can scarcely be estimated.

The English syndicate which has been negotiating with local breweries at Cleveland, O., made a contract on the 27th, for the purchase of the Schlatter Brewing Company's interest for \$1,575,000; the Gehring brewery for \$1,000,000, and the Stoppel brewery for \$285,000. Securities will be placed on the market.

The State Department was informed, on the 27th, that United States Minister Palmer is sick with the dengue fever, which is prevalent in Spain. The disease is of a very malignant character, and the death rate at Madrid, Barcelona and Seville is stated to exceed that caused by cholera when that disease is epidemic.

A load of cinders was thrown into the Conemaugh river, at Johnstown, Pa., on the 27th, at a point where the Cambria Iron Company is building a dump, and an explosion followed that startled the whole town. Hot cinders were thrown a great distance and several small fires resulted. Buildings were shaken, windows broken and several narrow escapes from death occurred.

The Rio Grande express was blown from the track at Monument, Col., on the 25th, and several passengers were injured. The two coaches and sleeper which were blown from the track took fire, but by great efforts the train men succeeded in extinguishing the flames before any one was burned.

CURRENT TOPICS.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

FIFTY-FIRST CONGRESS.

In the Senate, on the 22d, the bill providing for a census of farm mortgages was further discussed and referred. A number of bills on the calendar were passed. February 3 was agreed upon as the day for taking up the Blair Educational bill, after which consideration of the calendar was resumed. In the House the Oklahoma-Texas Site Entry bill was passed, and the bill for the erection of three United States penitentiaries, one to the north and another to the south of the thirty-ninth degree of north latitude and east of the Rocky mountains, and one to the west of the Rocky mountains was considered in committee of the whole.

In the Senate, on the 23d, after the routine business of the morning had been disposed of, Mr. Ingalls called up the bill to assist the Emigration of People of Color from the Southern States, and asked that it be read a third time. The bill was then read and passed. It was a long speech in opposition to the measure, which was listened to with intense interest by crowded floor and galleries. In the House the bill was reported from committee, ordered printed and recommitted, after which the House went into committee on the whole on the Customs Administrative bill. The Senate was not in session on the 24th.

In the House, on the 24th, the bill to amend the Customs Administrative bill, the pending amendment being that requiring goods about the payment of the duty on which there is any controversy to remain in the custody of the Government pending settlement, which was finally defeated. The Senate was not in session on the 25th. In the House, immediately after the reading of the Journal, the Customs Administrative bill, the pending amendment being that requiring goods about the payment of the duty on which there is any controversy to remain in the custody of the Government pending settlement, which was finally defeated.

In the House, on the 26th, the resolution concerning the maltreatment of Henry J. Faunce, at Aberdeen, Miss., the reporter who cut down the effigy of Secretary Proctor and was beaten and driven out of town for so doing, was taken up, and Mr. Walcott delivered a speech in opposition to its adoption. The resolution was adopted. Mr. Ingalls and Mr. Hoar, in favor of the resolution. In the House bills were introduced appropriating \$2,000,000 for a post-office at Chicago; for the erection of three United States prisons was passed.

PERSONAL AND GENERAL.

The telegraph wires forming the medium of communication between London and the continental capitals were prostrated on the night of the 23d.

A heavy gale prevailed at Havre, France, on the 23d. The wind backed up the water of the river and the streets were flooded. Much damage was done.

On the 24th, at an execution at Montgomery, Ala., the sheriff cut the rope too soon, dropping a deputy through the trap with the doomed man.

In the Senate, on the 23d, the credentials of Wm. A. Clark and Martin M. Johnson as Senators-elect from the State of Montana were presented by Mr. Vest, read and referred. The four gentlemen claiming to be Senators-elect were, pending the contest, admitted the privilege of the floor.

NICHOLAS MEYER, of Chicago, on the 23d shot his wife dead and then suicided. Jealousy was the cause.

HENRY WILLIAMS, colored, made a wager at Hartford, Ky., that he could drink a quart of whisky in fifteen minutes. He won the wager, and had a largely-attended funeral.

In 1894 four silver dollars were coined by the United States mint. The whereabouts of three of the four has been known for years, but the fourth was missing. Coin collectors valued it at \$800, and a few days ago it was found in the possession of an old Norwegian in Minnesota, who had it stored away in a stocking. He sold it for \$150, and the present owner wants not less than \$1,000.

On the 24th a hurricane swept over many parts of Germany, destroying houses and doing great damage.

It was reported on the 24th that "Old Hutch," the great Chicago market manipulator, had been robbed by his "netting boys" of \$100,000. The old gentleman says the above amount is too large by at least \$97,000.

On the 24th the erecting and repairing shops of the Huntington & Broad Top railroad, located at Saxton, Bedford County, Pa., were destroyed by fire, together with a new engine and three coal cars. The total loss will reach \$50,000. The shops will be rebuilt at once.

An explosion of natural gas in a dwelling house at Columbus, O., on the evening of the 24th, in which two persons were injured, attracted thousands of spectators to the spot, when a second and more dreadful explosion occurred, dealing death and destruction on all hands. A runaway team attached to a heavy ladder-wagon added largely to the list of killed and wounded.

ASSISTANT SECRETARY TICHEMER has informed the Italian Chamber of Commerce of New York that no good reason is perceived for a change in existing regulations relating to claims for damage allowances on green fruits, more particularly, he says, as their requirements are regarded as necessary to protect the revenue from fraudulent damage claims.

The Treasury Department sustained the collector of customs at New York in his ruling that "embroidered linen (table covers) in which metal forms on appreciable and prominent figure are dutiable at the rate of forty-five per cent ad valorem, as manufactures in part of metal."

An undertaking is on foot to ship export American cattle over a Canadian road, with a shipping point at St. Charles Bay, Labrador, thus saving two days in time.

G. M. SMITH is in jail at Leveebrook, Minn., for forging the name of I. D. Gould, deceased, to a pension check for \$1,000.

THERE was a report in New York City, on the 24th, that a firm in Buenos Ayres had failed for \$6,990,000.

On the 24th George H. Lounsbury, cashier of the New York post-office, committed suicide because a shortage in his cash had been discovered.

On the 24th Mr. Glynepetre, British Minister to Portugal, telegraphed to the Admiralty that the presence of the British war-ship Enchantress was no longer required at Lisbon.

The Brazilian Minister of Finance cabled the Brazilian Minister at Berlin, on the 24th, that the Bank of the United States of Brazil has been established with a capital of 900,000,000 contos, all of which was subscribed in four hours.

The Iron Hill Company's hoisting works at Carbonate, S. D., were burned on the 24th; loss, \$100,000.

A. M. SAWYER, inventor of the Sawyer gun, used during the rebellion, died at Athol, Mass., on the 24th, aged sixty-four years.

H. S. FINCH, ex-collector of internal revenue for Western New York, died on the 24th, aged fifty-four years, from rheumatism and influenza.

Sorpo-VO-NA-O, chief of the Utes and the happy hunting grounds, is dead.

HENR KROTH, a German cloth-maker at Tomaszow, Russian Poland, has failed. His liabilities are half a million roubles. Herr Kroth's embarrassments were caused by the withdrawal of Russian trade and the enormous export duty imposed upon his products.

A Swiss Catholic congress will shortly be convened at Freiburg. It will be the first conference of the kind ever held in Switzerland.

The founding hospitals in Russia are to be reformed. Investigation discloses that seventy-seven per cent of the inmates die in infancy and another eleven per cent before they arrive at the age of twenty-one.

EMPEROR WILLIAM is devoting several hours each day to the practice of fencing.

PETROLEUM has been struck at Johnstown, N. Y., at a depth of 915 feet.

The Netherlands Government is meditating a considerable increase of its army, and two new French regiments have been stationed at St. Etienne.

The Austro-Hungarian Railway Company is about to issue three per cent debentures to the amount of \$100,000,000.

Up to the 25th there had been twenty-three wrecks within three weeks on the Savannah & Western railroad.

CASABIAN farmers want more protection against American dressed beef.

CONSIDERABLE surprise and dissatisfaction was expressed at the British Legation, in Washington, on the 27th, over the premature publication of the Anglo-American extradition treaty.

The funeral of Adam Forepaugh, the showman, took place, on the 27th, from his late residence in Philadelphia. The interment was at the Laurel Hill Cemetery.

GEO. MILLER, a lodger at the Barrett House, in New York, was found dead in his room, on the morning of the 27th, from asphyxiation. Two gas burners were found turned on full force and not lighted.

The schooner G. C. Kelly, from Boston, went ashore at Tusket, N. S., on the 27th. Three of her crew were drowned.

HUNDREDS of people sitting in farm houses on the snow-covered plains of South Dakota are going mad from want and starvation.

An explosion of natural gas, on the night of the 26th, in one of Root & Keating's tannery houses at Olean, N. Y., shook the entire city. The house was badly wrecked and several Italians were injured.

LATE NEWS ITEMS.

In the Senate, on the 28th, the bill to relieve the treasurer of the United States of the amount now charged to him and deposited with the several States, was passed, as was also the Direct-Tax bill. The remainder of the open session was consumed in a heated discussion of the resolution regarding the late Aberdeen (Miss.) outrage. In the House the bill granting certain public lands to the city of St. Augustine, Fla., for a park, was passed. One of two other bills were passed, and the House devoted to a discussion of a bill reported from the committee on banking and currency to provide for the issue of circulating notes to National banking association.

The French press, without regard to politics, deny indignantly the statements of the Westphalia Gazette and other German papers that France is fomenting the strikes in Germany and supporting the strikers with money.

Miss. SARA HANSENBERG HAYES, the last surviving child of Commodore Bainbridge, who commanded the frigate Constitution in her celebrated fight with the Java, in the war of 1812, died, on the 28th, at the residence of her son-in-law, in New York City. She was in her eighty-seventh year.

HERMAN KEMPENSKI, a naturalized American citizen of Russian birth, who visited his native country over a year ago, and was arrested under military law for evading duty, and sentenced to banishment to Siberia, has been released on the demand of Secretary of State Blaine.

At a meeting of the congregation of St. Jacob's Church, Buffalo, N. Y., on the evening of the 28th, Pastor Ernst, who was accused of fraud in connection with a music festival, was dismissed.

The ballot was unanimous. Mr. Ernst read a long statement to the congregation, but it had no effect. Nothing has been done toward filling his place.

On the 28th Postmaster Van Cott of the New York Post-office made a statement of the deficiency found in the accounts of G. H. Lounsbury, late cashier, to date of January 24, 1890. The statement shows that the total deficit is \$47,350.52.

In the New York Supreme Court chambers, on the 28th, Judge O'Brien handed down his opinion in the case of the New York League Base Ball Club for an injunction restraining Short-Stop Ward from playing with any other than the New York club. The Judge decided the case in favor of Ward, refused to grant a preliminary injunction, and insisted upon a speedy trial.

MISSOURI STATE NEWS.

Condition of St. Louis Banks.

Secretary of State Lessor has completed a compilation of the returns made to him by the St. Louis banks doing business under the State law. The call was made on the banks to show their condition at the close of business on December 31, 1889, and the figures given below indicate that the St. Louis financial institutions are in a very healthy state. The last call prior to this one was made in July last, and it showed a total of \$43,730,577.41, but of this \$3,257,295.35 was matured exchange, and under the law which went into effect with the Revised Statutes, this item is now omitted. The statement of the St. Louis banks shows the following:

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts unob- served security	\$2,500,000 15
Loans and discounts unob- served security	57,242 23
Real estate at present cash value	17,500 75
Real estate at present cash value	1,000 00
Other bonds and stocks at their present cash market price	6,075,000 00
Real estate at present cash value	644,604 94
Due from other banks, good on sight draft	5,575,742 79
Checks and other negotiable securities	1,800,000 00
United States notes, legal tender	4,225,760 00
Gold and silver certificates	72,000 00
Silver coin	20,484 94
Total	\$43,730,577 41
LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	\$3,750,000 00
Surplus funds on hand	3,858,512 94
Deposits subject to draft at sight by banks and bankers	2,098,293 81
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and other parties	2,895,437 57
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and other parties	\$1,171,154 67
Bills payable	1,000 00
Accounts payable	1,000 00
Total	\$43,730,577 41

St. Louis Receipts and Shipments.

Secretary Morgan of the St. Louis Board of Trade has completed the compilation of that portion of his annual report which relates to the railroad and river freight business of the city. The figures are very encouraging from any standpoint, showing as they do a total increase in receipts of 1,165,124 tons, and an increase in shipments of 345,519 tons. There was a falling off of 4,773,550 bushels in the amount of coal received in the year, as compared to that received the year previous. The mild weather of the past two winters, and the introduction of gas as a fuel may in a measure account for this.

Experience of a Couple of "La Grippe" Patients.

Dr. James McClure, of St. Louis, had a severe attack of "la grippe" recently, and his experience is exceptional. Said he: "I suffered with the fever for three days, the temperature reaching, I should say, 105 or more. I could not accurately determine in my own case. The third morning I awoke and found myself thoroughly wet as though I had come from a bath tub. My perspiration during the night was most profuse. I hastily placed my hands together, when, to my surprise, I found all the skin from the palms came off, and I was left with raw, tender and as white as a new born babe, and so remained for several days. One of my patients, suffering precisely like myself, accompanied by the intense fever and profuse perspiration, had a more extended peeling off process. He was literally skinned from head to foot."

Killed While Coupling Cars.

Edward Huffington, a switchman on the Diagonal road, was killed at St. Joseph while attempting to make a coupling. The cars ran over his head, mashing it to a jelly and strewn his brains over the track for a distance of twenty feet. Huffington was twenty-one years of age and unmarried.

Why He Succeeded.

The fact that Conrad Hobbs, the St. Louis barber who committed suicide by taking a dose of morphine recently had misappropriated and squandered the estate of Peter Scherlin, of which he was executor has just come to light and furnishes a clue to the motive for the rash act.

Suing Her Parents.

Miss Clara Waldecker, a singularly beautiful woman of twenty-eight summers, who claims to have supported herself ever since she was fourteen years of age, is before the courts in St. Louis as plaintiff in a suit for the amount of 100 notes (\$2,400), in which her parents are defendants.

Can Her Teeth.

Mrs. Robert Craig, a St. Louis milliner, while laboring on one of the hallways, while laboring on one of the hallways, that she was quizzed by persons who wished to murder her, cut her throat with a table-knife, inflicting an ugly gash, which, however, will not necessarily prove fatal.

A Pettis County Tragedy.

John Hastings, thirteen years old, the son of Squire Samuel L. Hastings, of Dumppville, Pettis County, was accidentally shot and instantly killed, a few days since, by his brother William, aged seventeen years. The boys were hunting rabbits, when William's gun was accidentally discharged, the shot striking the boy in the left breast in the region of the heart. He fell dead in his brother's arms. Coroner Overstreet decided that an inquest was not necessary.

A Rumor About Archbishop Keeler.

It is currently reported in Pubnico, Ia., that Bishop Hennessy, of that diocese, is soon to be made Archbishop of St. Louis. The telegram containing this important piece of information was shown to Very Rev. Phillip P. Brady, V. G., at St. Louis, and was by him pronounced a rumor not to be relied upon.

Thirteen Horses Cremated.

Thirteen horses were cremated in a St. Joseph stable a few nights ago. There were 126 horses and mules in the stable when the fire broke out. The celebrated trotting mare, "Two Eyes," a fast pacer, a promising colt and a valuable stallion were among the animals cremated. The horses were owned by Peter Podvany, who loses \$11,000, with \$4,000 insurance.

Death of an Old-Time Merchant.

John C. Davis, an old-time merchant of St. Louis, and the founder of one of the large business enterprises of that city died several days ago.

THE WORLD'S FAIR.

The Bill Prepared by the Sub-Committee of the House Committee on Quadracentennial Celebrations and Which Will be Presented in the House—The Measure a Conglomerate of the Local Bills.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The sub-committee of the special House committee on the World's Fair bill, has completed the World's Fair bill, and it will be reported to the full committee to-day. It is made up chiefly of sections taken from the bill introduced by Mr. Adams and Mr. Flower, with occasional extracts from the bill of Mr. Frank. It is to be called: "A Bill to Provide for Celebrating the Four Hundredth Anniversary of the Discovery of America by Columbus, by Holding an International Exhibition of Arts, Sciences, Manufactures, and the Products of the Soil, Mine and Sea."

The time of opening the fair and the place where it is to be held are not mentioned in the bill.

The bill begins with a long preamble, setting forth the appropriateness of celebrating the four hundredth anniversary of the discovery of America by holding an exhibition of National and international character. A commission is to be created, composed of two representatives of each of the States, to be chosen by the Governors of those States, one from each Territory and the District of Columbia, and a sufficient number to be chosen by the city in which the fair is to be held. This commission is created into a corporation, with full powers as such. The commissioners are to be appointed within thirty days of the passage of the act. The commission is to hold its meetings in the city where the fair is to be held. Articles imported from foreign countries for exhibition at the fair are to be admitted free of duty, and in connection with the admission of foreign goods \$50,000 is appropriated. The commission is to fix the day on which the exhibition is to be opened and to arrange a programme for the opening. The President and the Secretary of State are to announce the exhibition to foreign countries by proclamation. Subscriptions to the stock of the exhibit are to be received in the sum of \$20,000,000, and \$5,000,000 is to be pledged before the commission can do any act.

It is provided that the first meeting of the commission is to be held thirty days after its appointment, when books of capital stock are to be opened. The officers of the exhibition are to hold office for one year. The commission is to prepare a classification of exhibits. It is to have the right to issue bonds. The certificates of stock are to be issued by the Secretary of the Treasury and provision is made against their being counterfeited. The commission is empowered to convert its property into cash at the close of the exhibition. It is to report to the President from time to time. The corporation is to terminate January 1, 1893. The United States is to be free from any liability for the debts of the exhibition, but \$1,000,000 is to be appropriated by the Government to assist it. Provision is made for a Government exhibit. The Congress is to have the right to alter, amend, or repeal this act at any time.

The friends of Washington on the committee will submit a separate bill and a minority report, opposing the financial scheme proposed. It is expected the reports will be ready to go to the House Thursday.

TERRIBLE ACCIDENT.

Awful Explosion in the High School Building at Lexington, Ky., During Experiments in Chemistry—Twenty Persons Injured.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., Jan. 29.—Twenty persons were injured at two o'clock yesterday afternoon in the high school at Lexington, in this county, by a terrific explosion which was heard all over the city. While Prof. Jess, surrounded by pupils and teachers, was conducting an experiment in chemistry in which oxygen was being