

NEW WAY TO SELL MEDICINE.

Rickett & Wells Give Guarantee Bond With Mi-o-na, the Flesh-Forming Food.

The proprietors of Mi-o-na, the marvelous flesh-forming food and digestion regulator, have made arrangements with Rickett & Wells to sell this remarkable preparation in a new and hitherto unheard of way; furnishing a guarantee bond with every package.

GUARANTEE BOND.

In buying a package of Mi-o-na, the purchaser is requested to have this guarantee signed by Rickett & Wells as their absolute agreement to refund the money, if Mi-o-na does not give an increase in weight, and cure dyspepsia and all stomach troubles.

Signed.....

Rickett & Wells will give the above bond with every 50c box of Mi-o-na they sell. You run no risk in buying Mi-o-na.

For years there has been a demand for a natural means of increasing the flesh and Mi-o-na has come to supply this need. It is not a cod liver oil preparation, but a combination of flesh-forming elements with remedies that regulate and aid digestion and restore health.

Everyone who is troubled with dyspepsia, headache, distress after eating, dizzy feeling or loss of appetite or who is losing weight and in a rundown condition, should take the guarantee bond to Rickett & Wells and commence the use of Mi-o-na at their risk, remembering that the treatment costs you nothing unless it does all that is claimed for it.

THIS COSTS YOU NOTHING.

The Red Cross Pharmacy Will Return Your Money if Mi-o-na Does Not Cure Dyspepsia and Increase Flesh.

There are hundreds of people in Barre who were not the least bit surprised when they read in the Times that the Red Cross Pharmacy is selling Mi-o-na under a guarantee to refund the money in case it did not cure indigestion and increase weight.

This remarkable preparation is a true flesh-forming food, that builds up good, healthy, solid tissues, and makes thinness and scrawny a thing of the past.

It tones up the digestive organs, and will cure the worst case of indigestion, headache, dizziness, or the depressed, weak condition that afflicts nearly everyone who suffers with stomach trouble. Mi-o-na does not simply relieve; it does lasting good.

In 85 out of every 100 cases where Mi-o-na is used, the result is a restoration of perfect harmony between height and weight and an absolute and permanent cure of all stomach troubles.

There are today hundreds in Barre who are recommending Mi-o-na because it cured them. A few months ago they were thin and dyspeptic, and could eat nothing without fear of stomach trouble. Since using Mi-o-na they have made noticeable gain in flesh, can eat what they want, and when they want, without fear of suffering.

Remember that you risk nothing in buying Mi-o-na. If it gives you the desired effect the cost is trifling, if it fails the Red Cross Pharmacy will pay for the remedy themselves.

LETTER FROM THE RED CROSS PHARMACY

Will Sign Bond to Refund Money Unless Mi-o-na Restores Health.

To the Editor of Daily Times: Dear Sir—Having heard that some people question the sincerity of our offer to refund a purchaser's money if Mi-o-na does not cure dyspepsia, increase the flesh and restore health, we are writing you this letter to say over our own signature that this offer is made in good faith and will be lived up to by us both in the spirit and the letter.

We will give the following bond with every 50c box of Mi-o-na we sell. There is no risk in buying Mi-o-na.

GUARANTEE BOND.

We hereby agree to refund the price paid for Mi-o-na, if the purchaser tells us that it has not increased flesh and given freedom from stomach troubles.

Red Cross Pharmacy.

So many of our customers have told us of the great good Mi-o-na has done them that we are more thoroughly convinced than ever that there is but little risk to us in selling Mi-o-na under this guarantee.

The demand for Mi-o-na is increasing rapidly and it is the most popular of all medicines we sell for the cure of stomach troubles. If it did not have unusual merit we could not afford to guarantee it.

Your readers can see that they run no risk whatever in buying Mi-o-na.

Respectfully yours, Red Cross Pharmacy.

Large size white aprons for 25c. each at Veale & Knight's.

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THE WORLD'S GREATEST
PIANOS
"PACKARD," "STARR,"
"RICHMOND."
Although quality is the highest, my prices are very low. For terms, etc., address
J. P. DONOVAN,
MUSIC MERCHANT, MONTPELIER, VT.

STUDENT HARVESTERS.

Collegians to Spend Vacations on Kansas Wheat Farms.

LARGEST NUMBER FROM PRINCETON

Men From Cornell, Harvard and Other Seats of Learning to Earn \$2.50 Per Day by the Sweat of Their Brows—Thousands of Hands Needed to Gather the Crop.

Tuxedos, dancing pumps and dress shirts laid aside for coarse suits of store clothes, overalls, rough dark blouses or jumpers and wide rimmed straw hats, forty students of Princeton, Harvard and Cornell recently "shipped" from New York for the southwestern wheat belt, says the New York Times. There, with the motley gangs of laborers, they will work in the fields from sunup till dark, garnering the bumper crop. Then at night they will turn in at the roughly improvised camps in the farmyards or sleep out in the open. This for their health and \$2.50 a day and board, which they have been guaranteed.

The students who will turn farm hands during their vacations, according to Superintendent Bealin of the state free employment bureau, with whom they were "booked," are a husky looking lot of fellows, nearly all of them of the "football type"—large, rawboned, broad shouldered. Some of them have never done any hard work, but they have physiques, Mr. Bealin says, that ought to stand almost any amount of strain, and seem to have not only determination to work hard, but unconcealed enthusiasm over the prospect of three months in the harvest field.

Since the appeal for men came to Mr. Bealin from the Kansas farmers, through the state labor bureau at Topeka, he has received hundreds of letters from men, young and old, asking what work was offered, how long it would last, what wages would be paid and what railroad fare could be secured. With the first day's batch came several letters written on excellent linen stationery that bore the monograms and names of really "swell" seaside hotels.

The writers said they were college students who wanted to work during vacation and modestly said that they were abled-bodied, possessed of some strength and were willing to work hard. Superintendent Bealin's answers that the farmers in Kansas would pay \$2.50 a day and board, that the season would continue for 100 days from July 1 and that transportation could be had for \$26.65, round trip, brought a number of responses. Several young men who were living near New York went personally to the free employment bureau office in that city and waited their turn in the long line of poor men and women who were seeking a place to earn a living.

Princeton has sent the largest gang of "hands." Twenty-five students from the New Jersey college have signed. They have by common consent placed themselves under the leadership of W. J. Simpson and C. R. Prentiss of the class of '06. Smaller gangs are made up of Cornell and Harvard students, while there have been three or four from La Salle Institute of Technology of Troy, N. Y. Among recent additions to the list were three medical students who live in Brooklyn.

"Last year," said one of the students, a stocky, sunburned young man who wore a light suit, low shoes, hellebore socks and a panama hat with a colored band, "I dallied away my entire vacation. I had a lot of sport in the same old way, but it certainly did get tiresome. I want diversion. I have never traveled much in the west, and I'd like to learn about the country and the people. A hundred days of hard work wouldn't hurt any man, would it?"

The students are not the only persons going from New York to help harvest the Kansas crop of wheat. A large number of men of all sorts and conditions, from the unemployed mechanic to the Bowery loafer, apply at the employment bureau's office for information as to what the job is. The superintendent is circumspect in choosing the men to send west. The man who does not strike Mr. Bealin as a sober, well intentioned man gets turned down. Most of the applicants, however, Mr. Bealin says, are fine appearing workmen, above the average.

Many of them cannot go, because, they say, they have not the money to pay the fare. They had expected that transportation would be furnished free of charge. Such a practice, Mr. Bealin says, would be dangerous, as many men would get tickets to Topeka and then leave the train this side of there, and the farmer would not be benefited by his outlay. Other still less scrupulous men might drop off at Jersey City and sell their tickets.

The demand is so urgent in Kansas that no chances can be taken. Thousands of men are needed there to harvest the crop, and there is a possibility that much grain will be wasted or destroyed because of the inability to garner it before damaging weather sets in. The statement of needs sent to Mr. Bealin shows that in Russell county, Kan., 2,500 men must be had within a few days, 1,500 in Pawnee county, 1,500 in Reno county. In other counties the situation is similar.

Glass Sand in Kansas.

An immense deposit of glass sand has been found in Wilson county, Kan., which is said to be equal to any imported. In the same region are found large quantities of silt cake and lime, the other principal ingredients of glass, and it is predicted that Kansas will soon come to the front in the glass industry.

NEED OF ZIONISM.

Only Permanent Solution of Tragic Jewish Question, Says Zangwill.

Israel Zangwill, the famous Jewish author and ardent advocate of a practical Zionist movement, writing to the editor of the New York World from London about the recent massacre of Jews in Russia, says:

"My latest information from Kishineff is that the damage exceeds \$100,000. The Russian official account admits that 700 houses and 600 shops were looted, and I do not think I am libeling the Russian authorities when I say that in such a case the official account is certain to be well within the mark.

"There was never a more impudent pretense than that the massacre resulted from the maltreatment of a Christian woman in the neighborhood by a Jewish proprietor. For weeks the Jews of Kishineff have been living in the shadow of a blood accusation. They were panic stricken because they felt that the explosion was coming. Therefore they would have been extraordinarily careful in their dealings with Christians.

"Of course I am tremendously in favor of the appeal. I am giving myself, and yet I have a certain grudgingness in asking for money for Jews for cure instead of prevention. It is always so. If the money spent in the last twenty years for undoing the evil suffered by Jews were spent on a plan for doing them good, we should not have these horrible events nor demands upon our purses.

"The moral of the whole wretched business is the absolute necessity for Zionism. It is not necessary for the Jews comfortably established in America, but for the great mass of our people—and half of the Jews in the world live in Russia—it is the only permanent solution of the tragic Jewish question."

FAVORS OKLAHOMA STATE.

Secretary of the Interior Hitchcock Impressed by His Visit.

Oklahoma has won a staunch supporter for its statehood in Secretary of the Interior Hitchcock, says a special dispatch from Enid, Okla., to the Chicago Inter Ocean. He stopped at Enid recently on his tour of the territories and made a speech to 5,000 citizens.

"My trip to Oklahoma," said he, "has changed my mind upon the advisability of admitting the territory to statehood. Conditions are remarkable and prosperity apparent. You are entitled to statehood, and while the interior department has little to do with congress, I shall upon my return to Washington recommend immediate statehood for Oklahoma."

Secretary Hitchcock is quoted as saying later in an interview, "I am opposed to statehood for Indian Territory until such a time as existing treaties expire and the land is subject to title."

STATUE TO MAJOR REED.

Plan to Honor Man Who Fought Mosquitoes Carry Yellow Fever.

A movement is on foot to persuade congress to authorize a statue in honor of the late Major Reed of the army, who in his researches as an army surgeon made the discovery that yellow fever was carried by mosquitoes, says a Washington special dispatch to the New York Times. The announcement made a stir in the medical world, and the name of Major Reed became well known everywhere.

His contributions to science have had a powerful influence on medical methods in the army. Orders were recently issued that the native troops in the Philippines as well as the Americans should sleep under mosquito nets in order to protect them against the possibility of the spread of infectious fevers.

The Wombat and the Automobile.

As fast an animal has been found whose fur is suitable for automobile coats, says the New York Press. Bearskin, the fur of foxes, lynxes, minks and other animals have been tried, but they were not durable when exposed to the pelting of dust and gravel, and they were easily soiled by gasoline, grease and rain. The wombat is the animal which has come to the rescue of auto enthusiasts. It is a member of the marsupial family and hails from Australia and New Zealand. The fur can be dyed nearly any color, but brown has been found to stand the test better than any other shade. So valuable are the wombat pelts for auto coats that they are not used for any other purpose.

Peculiar Welsh Custom.

In the course of a trial at Carnarvon it was stated that in North Wales the custom prevails of making a collection from those present at funerals, the money being handed to the clergy or ministers instead of burial fees.

You Save One-Fifth

Most pastry recipes, in cook books, are made from flours containing much less gluten than does Pillsbury's Best Flour. Use one-fifth less of Pillsbury's Best Flour than such recipes usually call for.

The following is one of a series of articles devoted to the coffee industry in Mexico, prepared especially for us by one of the most noted historical experts of the United States. In this series, as well as in our coffee cultivation, we have spared neither pains nor expense to get the best. The Mexican Consul to the United States, now located in Boston, recommends this series as interesting and instructive. On account of its educational value we suggest that parents see that this series is read by their children.

From Plantation to Cup.
Chapter VIII.

"NOW MAY BE SEEN HOW CLEAN IS THE BEAN."
"Cleanliness is next to Godliness."



The natives still use the old hand method and the palm leaf fan for winnowing their coffee beans; but on large plantations, such as that of The Consolidated Ubero Plantations Company, modern machinery is used. This insures perfect cleanness for the beans, and keeps them from breaking, except in very rare cases.

The selected beans go in bags to our roasting establishments. Here the contents of the bags are spread out in a light, well-ventilated loft. Currents of air thoroughly dry and season the beans and mellow their flavor before they go to the roaster.

[To be continued.]

Every detail in the production of UBERO BRAND SELECTED COFFEE is under our direct supervision. We plant the seeds, bring up the tree, gather and dry the fruit, thresh and clean the beans, sterilize them, roast them and seal them in air-tight cans, which we sell to your grocer at a little less than the 35 cents, for which he will sell them to you. UBERO BRAND SELECTED COFFEE is most clean, most wholesome, most delicious. A trial will convince you. 35 cents a pound is the price.

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GROWN, ROASTED AND CANNED BY
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AID TO RACE SUICIDE.

Dr. Curtin Shows How Decreasing Birth Rate is Influenced.

FEES OF PHYSICIANS TOO HIGH

Charges in Motherhood Cases Have Advanced From \$10 and \$25 Up to \$25 and \$250, Says Philadelphia Doctor—Predicts Balance of Political Power Will in Thirty Years Be Held by Children of Foreigners.

"Is the Decreasing Birth Rate Influenced by the Modern Physician?" the subject of a paper read by Dr. R. G. Curtin of Philadelphia before the recent congress of American physicians and surgeons in Washington, has engaged the attention of prominent practitioners and men interested in the question of "race suicide" to the possibility that physicians may not altogether be without responsibility for the condition that exists, says a Philadelphia special dispatch to the New York Herald.

The reading of the paper at the congress was listened to with undivided attention by the men of medicine and surgery. It was admitted that Dr. Curtin had taken up a new line in the discussion of the problem and that he had presented certain deductions that invited the serious thought of every physician in the country.

In presenting the question of "race suicide" Dr. Curtin called attention to the fact that it has been repeatedly brought to public attention and particularly by President Roosevelt in recent utterances. The importance of preserving the human species, he indicated, was shown by looking over the older states of the country, where it is found that the greatest loss is among the old, influential families.

"The greatest number of children," he said, "comes from the unassimilated foreign population. Therefore it occurs to me that in thirty years the balance of political power will be in the hands of these children and not in the hands of the 'strain' that has brought our country to its present position among nations."

In appealing to the patriotism of the native born inhabitants of the country Dr. Curtin takes the position that in families where there is an only child such a child is apt to be petted, spoiled, perished, without self denial or straightforward manhood. He indicates that such citizens will not be able to cope with the foreigners.

"The decline of the birth rate," he said, "is a subject that should be taken up and a warning sounded. According to the statistics gathered by college presidents, it appears that educated persons have very few children. Three years ago there met in a suburban hotel near Philadelphia seventeen couples that had been married, on an average, four years. There was not a single child in the whole party, but several dogs were prominent."

Discussing the physician's position in the matter, he indicated that he has a

responsibility.

"To begin with, he can do a great deal of harm," he said. "The doctor's advice is generally very potent with loyal patients, therefore let it be of a high moral character. I have never heard any one who has given explanation of the question of 'race suicide' speak of the part that the doctor takes in this great tragedy.

"By high prices he may increase the family expense to such an extent as to plunge the young husband into debt."

He stated that in cases of motherhood where formerly the usual charges were from \$10 to \$25, they have advanced from \$25 to \$250. In the matter of nursing, he also stated, was another change. Formerly little nursing was needed. Now it is necessary to have a trained nurse for eight weeks. These reasons he advanced as among those in which a doctor may influence the birth rate. Dr. Curtin also gave considerable attention to the giving of bad advice by physicians, together with surgical operations, as other influences that had much to do with the situation.

"Among the causes of the diminished birth rate not generally mentioned," he added, "are the changes in the method of living. The apartment house, which is growing in favor, is a bad school for good wives and mothers, especially those that are young. Children are not wanted in such quarters. The servant question often drives families to the apartment houses, as a rule, turn a cold shoulder upon the woman who is a fond mother or commiserate her for her enslaved position."

Continuing he said: "Another cause is the pursuit of manly callings by women. First, it makes them feel independent of marriage. Second, they take the work from men, so that the men cannot afford to marry.

"Another cause is the nervous trades, which bring on exhaustion and unfit women for maternity and housekeeping. Clerks, stenographers, shop and factory girls are to be included in this category.

"A cause that has grown up of late may be mentioned. The study of genealogy is, in some cases, the cause of a growth of pride of birth, making the individuals feel that they are too good for those about them."

Dover to Calais in Forty-five Minutes

The new turbine steamer the Queen, which was recently launched at Dumbarton, will cross the English channel from Dover to Calais in forty-five minutes. She is 310 feet long and forty feet wide. Her chief feature is a very large promenade deck, and the absence of the usual bulky machinery gives her unusual cabin room. She has five screws.

Shrapneling at Porphires.

Gunners in the French navy are having this summer some excellent practice with their secondary batteries and machine guns. The waters off Brittany and Normandy are overrun with porphires, which are doing great injury to the fishing industry. Complaints were made to the government and as a result the commander of the fleet at Brest was instructed to let his men practice on the "sea pigs." The number killed has not yet been reported.

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