

Liquid Kidney Remedies Contain Dangerous Alcohol.

MRS. REBECCA T. SAULTNER WAS CURED AFTER YEARS OF KIDNEY TROUBLE.

Aug. 26, 1903, Mrs. Rebecca T. Saultner of 1770 Girard Ave., Minneapolis, Minn., wrote: "For a long time I had severe pains and lameness through my kidneys with brick dust deposits in the urine. Years ago I had a similar attack and was cured by using Dr. Pettingill's Kidney-Wort Tablets, which relieved me at once, and I am now in perfect health. No one need suffer from kidney troubles when they can secure Kidney-Wort Tablets."

"We could not hold our intelligent class of patrons a day," says one of Boston's high class druggists, "if we sold liquid kidney remedies that we know contain dangerous alcohol. We do recommend Kidney-Wort Tablets, because the Tablets are free from alcohol and prepared from a well-known prescription of Dr. Pettingill."

DR. PETTINGILL'S

Kidney - Wort Tablets

Non-Alcoholic, Concentrated Doses, Sore Preventive.

MANIAC IN WHITE HOUSE

Armed Man Seeks Interview With the President.

GAVE OFFICERS HARD FIGHT

After Desperate Encounter Insane Visitor Is Put Into Police Van, Where He Again Attacks His Captors.

Washington, Oct. 6.—A desperate hand to hand encounter with an armed insane man who was determined to see President Roosevelt occurred in the vestibule of the White House shortly before noon.

The man, who gave his name as Peter Elliott and his home as Minneapolis, Minn., was overpowered by the officers on duty at the White House entrance and carried to a police van which had been summoned. He was placed in the van in the custody of two officers. Seemingly to realize then for the first time that he was under arrest, Elliott began a furious struggle with his captors for liberty.

He drew a revolver from the right side pocket of his trousers and attempted to shoot Officer James Cissell. The officer grabbed his hand and wrestled the weapon from his grasp. Elliott's struggles were so fierce, however, that the two officers in the cramped quarters of the van were unable to overcome him. Officer Cissell then drew his revolver and fired two shots to attract attention.

Chief Usher Thomas Stone and Officer Parker of the house force, who had assisted in carrying Elliott to the van, attracted by the shots, rushed back to the vehicle and assisted in overpowering him.

Undoubtedly Insane. Elliott is undoubtedly insane. Several days ago Secretary Loeb received a letter postmarked Washington and written on letter paper of the St. James hotel, this city. The letter inclosed a photograph of Elliott and an incoherent request for an interview with President Roosevelt. The letter was signed "Peter Ell," the statement being made immediately under the signature that the writer was registered at the hotel as Peter Elliott. It was evident to Secretary Loeb that his correspondent was insane, and he issued directions at once that the officers on duty both at the White House and at the executive offices should be on their guard against him. The photograph was turned over to the secret service officers.

Nothing was seen of the man until Sunday, when the president attended morning services at Grace Reformed church. Elliott appeared near the entrance to the church and made an effort to speak to the president, but he was foiled in his endeavor by the secret service officers. At that time the man manifested no symptoms of insanity and quietly left the vicinity of the church when ordered to do so by the officers.

About 10 o'clock he appeared at the executive offices. Entering the vestibule he inquired for President Roosevelt. One of the doorkeepers asked him why he wanted to see the president.

"Oh, just for fun," he responded. "The president sent for me, and I just want to see him."

Elliott was told to return next month. He smiled and walked away, not offering the slightest objection to the rebuff which he had received. His appearance attracted very little attention, and he gave no indication at that time of insanity.

All of the officers, both at the White House and at the executive offices, however, were warned to be on the lookout for the man and not to take any chances with him.

Shortly before 12 o'clock Elliott walked up to the main door of the White House, stopped inside and inquired of Officer Cissell if he might see the president. Chief Usher Stone and Officer Parker were standing just within the vestibule at the time. Mr. Stone told the man that he could not see the president just at that moment as he was engaged, but that he might possibly arrange to see him after awhile. In-

Father John's Medicine Gives Color, makes flesh and strength for the thin and pale. No weakening stimulants.

GROUT MAKES A REPLY.

Calls Him and R. Fulton Cutting Puppets of Platt.

WILL FIGHT TO FINISH.

Sanction For Comptroller Will Carry Case to Highest Court Before Letting Republicans Take Him Off Ticket—Mayor's Manifesto.

New York, Oct. 6.—That the fusionists have been under the direct domination of Senator Platt while pretending to be nonpartisan is the accusation made by Comptroller Grout in his statement just made public, in which he declares that Platt made Mayor Low and R. Fulton Cutting change their minds.

In his statement to the effect that Mayor Low and Mr. Cutting had at first agreed that there was no propriety in the comptroller accepting the Democratic nomination and later revised their opinions Mr. Grout says: "I suppose I may not complain if during the past week both Mr. Low and Mr. Cutting, under the influence of Mr. Platt, Mr. Woodruff and Mr. Bruce, have revised their opinion; and,



MAYOR LOW.

having won the advantage which he (Mayor Low) was quite willing should be won for him, it seems he is now willing at a demand inspired by T. C. Platt and his associates to have Mr. Furness and myself cast from the ticket."

Mayor Low has given out this reply to Comptroller Grout:

"I have read the comptroller's statement. I have no recollection whatever of any such second conversation in my office as he speaks of. When everything has been said that can be said, the fact remains that until my conference with Mr. Grout and Mr. Furness on last Monday evening I had no appreciation of any change in their attitude of antagonism to Tammany. When I realized for the first time that neither of them was any longer ready to enter upon an aggressive anti-Tammany campaign, it seemed to me a situation that vitally concerned those who placed us all in nomination. I therefore put the matter before the representatives and left it in their hands. Mr. Cutting's action followed my letter to him."

Statement by Grout's Counsel.

There is every indication that Comptroller Grout and President Furness of the board of aldermen intend to cling with death grip to the Tammany endorsement and the questionable political positions into which they have clambered. Mr. Furness was asked whether there was any truth in the report that he would decline the Tammany nomination. He replied: "There is absolutely no truth in it. I will accept the Tammany nomination. That is final."

President Furness refused to say what he would do about the Republican nomination.

Luke Stapleton of counsel for Mr. Grout said:

"Mr. Grout's fight for a place on the fusion ticket will be a fight to a finish. It is our intention to carry the matter to the highest court of the state if it need be."

"The Republicans cannot force him off their ticket. The Republican city convention cannot legally reconvene and substitute any one for Mr. Grout or Mr. Furness on the ticket."

Henry Young, also counsel for Mr. Grout, made a statement of the same tenor as that of Mr. Stapleton.

Sentenced to Die at Auburn.

Buffalo, Oct. 6.—Nelson Boggiano, aged twenty-three years, has been sentenced to death in the electric chair at Auburn within the week beginning Monday, Nov. 16, for the murder of Harry Bender, with whose wife he was infatuated.

What a grand family medicine it is, grand-Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

THE EASTERN SITUATION.

Russia Does Not Regard Japan's Action as Unfriendly.

Paris, Oct. 6.—The Russian government has made it known that Japan's mobilization of troops for transportation to Korea does not up to today constitute an unfriendly act against Russia. At the same time the Russian government is being kept fully advised as to the extent and nature of Japan's military and naval mobilization. It appears from these official sources that Japan thus far has embarked three divisions of troops, and the Japanese fleet is now between Chemulpo and Fusan. The ships continue under steam, but nothing is known beyond this concerning their purposes.

Baron de Rosen, the Russian minister to Japan, has returned to Tokyo after an extended conference at Port Arthur last week with Admiral Alexeff, who was recently designated to assume supreme control of Russian interests in the far east. The results of this conference are not known.

Japan's Alleged Warlike Attitude.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 6.—According to the Novykray, published at Port Arthur, the warlike attitude of Japan continues. The paper comments on the discrepancy between the Japanese assurances of their aspirations for a pacific adjustment of the differences in the far east and Japan's secret preparations and military mobilization, as well as the continual orders for arms and warships, and says, "These ceaseless imposing armaments can only be regarded as proofs of Japan's aggressive schemes against Russia."

England Thinks War Unlikely.

London, Oct. 6.—In connection with the dispatch from St. Petersburg regarding the attitude of Japan it is announced that the British government's advisers give no ground to anticipate an outbreak of war between Japan and Russia.

Stole Half a Million.

Denver, Oct. 6.—The superintendent of a detective agency in Denver has verified a dispatch from St. Louis to the effect that N. E. Hammond, who has several assumed names and is under surveillance at St. Anthony's hospital in this city, has made a confession. He added that the confession covered all the crimes with which Bell stands charged. Bell is accused of having committed numerous forgeries, swindles and mail pouch robberies over the country, his operations aggregating something like \$500,000.

Tramps Try to Capture a Train.

Kallspeil, Mont., Oct. 6.—Thirty-five men took possession of a west bound Great Northern passenger train at this point. They refused to pay fare and demanded to be given transportation over the road. At Marlon Station, west of Kallspeil, they were put off the train and loaded into a box car of a freight train going east. The door was locked, and it was planned to arrest them when the train pulled into the city. Upon its arrival it was found that the door had been broken open, and all had escaped.

British Cabinet Rumors.

London, Oct. 6.—In reply to an inquiry as to the truth of the report that the delay in settling the cabinet crisis was due to the indecision of the Duke of Devonshire, lord president of the council, who, it was alleged, has sent his conditional resignation to Premier Balfour, the duke telegraphed, "I have no communication to make." This was accepted in Liberal circles as tending to confirm the report.

Ex-Postmaster General Dying.

Buffalo, Oct. 6.—Former Postmaster General Wilson S. Bissell is said to be dying. Dr. Dewitt Sherman, who has been attending Mr. Bissell, said after an all night vigil at the bedside of his patient: "Mr. Bissell is in a very critical condition. He may live through the day, but I cannot undertake to say whether he will any longer. His condition is desperate."

Theater Trust Gets Syracuse.

Syracuse, N. Y., Oct. 6.—Announcement was made at the theaters controlled by Hurlig & Semmon of New York that all booking of independent attractions to appear here had been canceled. Minnie Madden Fliske, Weber & Fields and others had been booked. This action closes Syracuse to the independents, all other theaters being in the syndicate.

Seven Hurt in Mine Explosion.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Oct. 6.—An explosion of gas occurred in No. 12 mine of the Plymouth Coal company at Plymouth in which seven men were badly burned. All the victims are foreigners. Two laborers, Anthony Vallinski and Vincent Lambro, were the most seriously injured. It is not known as yet what caused the explosion.

Exploding Boiler Wrecks Mill.

Beverly, N. J., Oct. 6.—The boiler in the hosiery mill of Turner Birchhead exploded, instantly killing John Stuckey, the watchman, and damaging the plant to the extent of about \$10,000. The boiler and dyehouse were demolished, and one end of the main mill was wrecked.

Khabel Pasha at Beirut.

Washington, Oct. 6.—The navy department has received a cablegram from Rear Admiral Cotton, dated at Beirut, Oct. 3, stating that Khabel Pasha, former governor general of Broussa, has succeeded Nazim Pasha at Beirut.

Thirteen Frenchmen Drowned.

Mansilus, Holland, Oct. 6.—The French lugger President Carnot has been wrecked off the Hook of Holland. Thirteen persons were drowned.

POWERS MAY STEP IN

Russia and Austria Send Identical Notes to Turkey.

HOPEFUL VIEW OF FRANCE.

Proposal to Make the Foreign Consuls in Macedonia and Other Disturbed Districts a Council of Administration.

Paris, Oct. 6.—It is the expectation in official quarters here that the Russian-Austro-Hungarian note to Turkey will soon have practical result in the creation of the foreign consuls in Macedonia and other disturbed districts into a council of administration to carry out the reformatory plans of the powers.

The foreign office is gratified at the presentation of the Russo-Austrian note, as it fully takes into consideration the wishes of France and Great Britain. Therefore the note may be said to be expressive of the desires not only of Russia and Austria, but of all the European powers. The organization of a council of the foreign consuls is already under consideration.

The identical notes sent by Russia and Austria instruct their ambassadors at Constantinople to notify the Turkish government that the two powers will insist on the execution of the Macedonian reforms outlined by those governments at the beginning of the year and accepted by the Porte, that they will come to the assistance of the victims of Turkish excesses and cruelties and that they will disclose soon "the details of the humanitarian action which they deem necessary with the object of supporting the inhabitants who have been deprived of all means of existence, facilitating their repatriation and restoring the villages, churches and schools destroyed by fire."

Turkish Troops Suffer a Check.

Constantinople, Oct. 6.—The Turkish troops in the Razlog district are reported to have suffered a check owing to insufficient forces to deal with the mobilized bands of insurgents. Reinforcements are being rushed forward. The authorities claim they will regain control of the situation in a few days.

Folk Goes to Washington.

St. Louis, Oct. 6.—In response to an invitation from President Roosevelt Circuit Attorney Folk is about to depart for Washington to discuss with him the necessity for asking congress to add bribery to other offenses mentioned in extradition treaties with countries other than Mexico. If the conference results in such action by congress it is thought the way may be opened for the return from France of Ellis Wainwright and Daniel J. Kelly from Canada, both indicted as bootleggers.

Three Small Children Drowned.

Cassville, Mich., Oct. 6.—George Hoether, a Russian employed on a farm near here, took his wife and four children rowing on the Pigeon river. While passing under a small foot-bridge one of the children stood up in the boat and, losing his balance, capsized it. Three of the children—John, aged twelve; Mary, aged four, and Lena, aged two—were drowned. The father is out of his mind as a result of the tragedy.

General Bradley T. Johnson Dead.

Richmond, Va., Oct. 6.—General Bradley T. Johnson has died at Rock Castle, Goodland county, the residence of his son. He was a native of Maryland and at the outbreak of the civil war cast his fortunes with the Confederacy. He rose to his high rank in the Confederate army by reason of gallantry and was prominent in Richmond and state politics for some time after the war.

Death of J. L. Kernochan.

Hempstead, N. Y., Oct. 6.—James Lorillard Kernochan, a well known New York clubman and society leader, has died at his home here. Mr. Kernochan had been ill for several months. His ailment was meningitis. Up to a year or so ago Mr. Kernochan was considered the leading gentleman jockey in this country. He was fifty-eight years old.

Chicago Press Feeders Strike.

Chicago, Oct. 6.—Big printing establishments here have been partially crippled by the refusal of members of Franklin union, No. 4, press feeders, to go to work in houses controlled by the Chicago Typothetae. Given the choice of forswearing allegiance to their union or losing their positions, a majority of the feeders failed to report for work.

Maine Cotton Mills at Work.

Augusta, Me., Oct. 6.—After being idle more than two months the cotton mills of the Edwards Manufacturing company have resumed operations on full time. The mills shut down on account of the high price of raw cotton on July 31. There is now favorable prospect for steady work for the 1,300 operatives.

Fight Blocks Traffic in Chicago.

Chicago, Oct. 6.—During a fight over the transfer slips four men were badly beaten, the South Halstead street electric line was stopped more than half an hour, thirty cars were blocked and the conductor and motorman were threatened with violence by fifty enraged passengers and witnesses.

The Alaskan Boundary.

London, Oct. 6.—At the session of the Alaska boundary commission Jacob M. Dickinson of American counsel continued his argument.

ATTENTION, SOLDIERS!

Surely the testimony of one of the survivors of the war of '61 will carry conviction to the mind of every thinking individual. We all know the men went through privation those years of fighting, and amid during those years of fighting, and amid the depleted physical condition of many of them at the close.

Dodge Center, Minn., May 23, 1902.

Gentlemen: I am one of the survivors of the U. S. military commission of the civil war. I am 67 years old, and owe my comfort in living these later years of my life to your Shredded Wheat, which I have used from my first knowledge of it, six years ago or more. I write to you that I have just received your circular, "The Vital Question," and Gen. Booth's "Report." I am amazed at the extent of your operations and the large, educative way your work is extending. Thousands of our brave fellows died of sheer hospital starvation from inability to assimilate the eternal toast and tea and farina and corn starch "hospital diet," but with the endless whiskey and quinine. In the extreme south I became invalid—a starch dyspeptic—never "bested" until I found your cereal. You have begun and done a great work. I am glad to see you are getting part of your reward in this world. I am, (Signed) J. M. SPERRY.

The Natural Food Company of Niagara Falls will be pleased to send their Cook Book, "The Vital Question," illustrated in colors, free to any address upon request.

AT THE

Wayne MacVeagh's Argument in Behalf of United States.

The Hague, Oct. 6.—Wayne MacVeagh, senior counsel for the United States, continuing his argument before the Venezuelan arbitration tribunal, declared that the question before the tribunal was one of ethics—namely whether or not the war against Venezuela was just and necessary.

He maintained that the complaint of Great Britain were merely a pretext for war and that Venezuela had a greater right on her side when she complained of the dispatch of a British vessel (the Ban Righ, later the Libertador, then the Bolivar and now the Colombian gunboat President Marroquin) from London to the Caribbean sea to deliver a cargo of arms to the insurgents' chief, General Matos, through the intermediary of agents at Trinidad.

Counsel said he found no precedent in history for such a purely financial war as he declared, was undertaken by Great Britain and Germany for the protection of railroad companies' bond holders and in support of the claims of the Disconto Gesellschaft.

Big Concern Goes Under.

Pittsburg, Oct. 6.—The Reese-Hammond Brick company of Bolivar, fifty eight miles out the Pennsylvania rail road main line, is in the hands of a receiver, being insolvent, with an indebtedness of \$900,000. Judge Lucien W. Dury appointed the Westmoreland Savings and Trust company receivers of the application of the Westmoreland Grocery company. The company had notes out, and when the banks called them the concern could not settle.

End of Paper Mill Strike.

Rimford Falls, Me., Oct. 6.—Although the strike at the International Paper mills was declared off last week, some men objected to making personal application for the positions occupied by them previous to the strike. Nevertheless less many have done so, and the mills will start up in part. A number of men are preparing the machinery for the opening. It is thought that the full force of 700 men probably, will not be working for some time.

Bravery of Providence Policemen.

Providence, R. I., Oct. 6.—At the risk of their own lives two patrolmen entered a burning house in the north end of this city and rescued eight men and a woman who were overcome by smoke. Several other occupants unaided made their way out of the building in safety. The fire, which started in a grocery store on the first floor of the structure, did little damage.

Great Mormon Convocation.

Salt Lake City, Oct. 6.—The seventy-fourth semiannual conference of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints, now being held here, is attended by a greater number of Mormons than any similar gathering in the history of the church. Fully 15,000 followers of Joseph Smith attended the opening exercises.

Ancient and Honorable's Picnic.

Boston, Oct. 6.—It being the two hundred and sixty-sixth fall field day of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company of Boston, with its guests the Honorable Artillery Company of London, it spent the day in a steamboat excursion along the north shore. The day's programme also included a reception and banquet in Symphony hall.

MODERN METHODS

The old safe at home should now be discarded for a

SAFETY DEPOSIT BOX

which will cost you a mere trifle. Call and examine those for rent by the

GRANITE SAVINGS BANK & TRUST CO.,

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