

PARKER IS NOTIFIED.

Champ Clark Carries the Democratic Message to Esopus.

SPEECHES MADE IN THE RAIN

Inclement Weather Fails to Dampen the Enthusiasm of the Horde of Visitors—Committee's Steamer Sagamore Has a Stormy Voyage.

Esopus, N. Y., Aug. 11.—Notification day, the greatest day in the modern history of Ulster county, arrived with a pouring rain, which set in just after daylight and confounded the prophecies of those who had faithfully promised Judge Parker ideal weather conditions when he was to receive formal information of his selection by the Democratic national convention as its nominee for president of the United States.

At midnight there was no sign of anything but the fairest kind of a day, but when Judge Parker arose at his usual hour the rain was coming down in a steady pour from a leaden sky. The unpropitious weather and the comments of his family and guests on the subject were received by the judge himself with a smile, and he went about the business of the day with his usual cheery spirits.

There was an unusually large gathering at breakfast at Rosemount, and the table at whose head Judge Parker sat had about it practically all of his immediate relatives. Beside his own family and that of Rev. Charles M. Hall, his son-in-law, there were present Mrs. John H. Parker of Derby, Conn., the judge's mother; Mrs. Alfred Tanner of Kingston, sister of Mrs. Parker; Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Miles of Derby, Conn., brother-in-law and sister of Judge Parker; Mrs. Daniel Manning of Albany, widow of President Cleveland's first secretary of the treasury, and Dr. J. C. Rieloff, the German counsellor at St. Louis, who is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Hall.

At 10:30 there was some indication of a break in the storm, though the rain continued unabated. It was announced that unless the weather cleared the notification ceremony would take place upon the steamer Sagamore, upon which the notification committee was to arrive.

Former Senator David B. Hill sent his secretary, P. J. Manweiler, down from Albany on the early train. Mr. Manweiler, who was accompanied by M. A. Delaney of the Democratic state headquarters at Albany, was met at the Esopus station by Rev. Charles M. Hall and driven to Rosemount.

The earliest visitors from a distance were Colonel O'Sullivan and his daughter, Miss Mary O'Sullivan, who came from New Orleans to be present at the notification.

The West Shore train arriving just after noon brought a Tammany delegation which had missed the Sagamore.



CHAMP CLARK.

Judge Parker's house. The guests of the committee and the other passengers disembarked five minutes later and arrived at Rosemount immediately after the reception of the notification committee. Cord Meyer headed the procession of the committee, which was met by Judge Parker at the south entrance of his home. After all members of the committee had been introduced they passed around the veranda to the grounds where the ceremonies were held.

It was decided at the last moment to hold the ceremonies on the lawn, as at first arranged, instead of on the boat, and flags blossomed forth as if by magic upon the speakers' stand and



along the ropes around the inclosure. Banners of the different states were swung in front of the speakers' stand, forming a graceful addition to the other decorations. Many other emblems which were used at the St. Louis convention were also hung about the grounds. Before the ceremonies were begun the Seventh Regiment band, which was stationed on the grounds north of the house, played several selections.

Senator Hill arrived from Hyde Park almost simultaneously with the Sagamore.

Judge Parker's family were escorted to the summer house on the lawn by National Chairman Taggart and New York State Chairman Meyer. Mr. Taggart and Mr. Meyer, accompanied by Representative Clark, chairman of the notification committee, then escorted Judge Parker from the house to the stand. The candidate was greeted with cheers. There was no wait in the ceremonies. As soon as the little party reached the stand Representative Clark began his address.

Parker Speaks in Rain.
Chairman Clark was enthusiastically cheered throughout his address and at its close was accorded an ovation which merged into the reception extended to Judge Parker. During the speaking rain began to fall fitfully, and many umbrellas were raised.

At the close of Mr. Clark's address he handed to Mr. Parker the formal document of notification, signed by all the members of the committee. The audience listened with deep interest to Mr. Parker's reply and frequently applauded the speaker's words. After the close of the speaking the assemblage adjourned to the veranda, where a reception was held and the former judge received the congratulations of his followers.

SUFFERINGS OF CZAR'S MEN

Pitiful Letter From a Jew at Port Arthur—Would Welcome Death.

A letter from Abraham Strauss, a Jewish soldier in the Russian army at Port Arthur, has been received by B. Fine, a prominent merchant of Fulton, Mo., says the New York Times. Strauss and Fine were born in the same Russian village.

The letter, which is dated June 17, tells a pitiful tale of the hardships that are being undergone by the Russian soldiers. A translation of part of the letter reads:

"Several months ago I was taken as a soldier by the Russian army, was at once sent to the front and am now at Port Arthur, one of a company of 800. As soon as they took us from the recruiting office they sent us to Yaloventog, and from there dispatched us to Sevastopol, where we stayed fifteen days, and were all sent together to Port Arthur. The trip took forty-eight days by rail, and at the end of the journey we were so fatigued that our friends hardly knew us when we arrived.

"Food we get once in twenty-four hours, and then very little—too much to starve on, but hardly enough to live on. The few kopecks that I had when I left home are all gone, and I have not one kopeck left. You know how it is to be a Russian soldier without money, a Jew especially. It is a hardship that I cannot describe.

"We got in here on Feb. 10, and the same day they dressed us in soldiers' clothing, with guns on our backs, and we put on guard, and in that way we stand for hours at a time. We are not allowed to change clothes or sit down while on duty, and in the few hours that we are off duty we must sleep with our clothes on and guns strapped to us.

"We must be ready for death at all times, and I pray that it will come to me soon, for I would accept it with joy. But, to my sorrow, death has not come, and God only knows how long we will have to suffer."

Ink Stains.
Ink stains can be entirely removed by applying a thick layer of salt on the stain before the ink has dried.

RUSSIANS ANXIOUS.

They Admit Possibility of Early Fall of Port Arthur.

FEAR LIAOYANG SURROUNDED

Military Experts Doubt if Kuropatkin Can Retreat if He Wants To—Strong Column From Newchwang Marching to Flank Him.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 11.—Nervousness over the situation at the front seems to be increasing since the occupation by the Japanese of the Wolf hills, before Port Arthur. It is admitted that the besiegers have an elevated position, whence employed guns can command the fortress, and, while still professing confidence that General Stossel will be able to hold out with his comparatively small garrison against the enormous number of the attackers and their evident disregard of men, the state of affairs creates more apprehension than the war office and admiralty care to acknowledge.

Similar misgivings exist regarding General Kuropatkin's position, the advantages of the new Japanese base at Newchwang in greatly simplifying the problem of provisioning their army being fully realized. But it is the report that the Japanese are working up westward of the main Russian army which occasions the greatest uneasiness. The rumor that they are moving up toward Simlita, a short distance west of Mukden from Newchwang, is generally believed.

Kuropatkin Practically Pocketed.

With the Japanese cordon threatening south and east and a column threatening the Russian line of communications in the rear toward Mukden, the appearance of the Japanese on the other side of Mukden would almost pocket General Kuropatkin if he has resolved to accept battle with his whole army at Liaoyang. Military attaches here are extremely doubtful whether General Kuropatkin could now withdraw even if he so desired.

Another alarming feature of the situation in connection with the Japanese western column is the report that it includes many Chinese who are Japanese subjects from the island of Formosa, whose influence on the local Chinese and the soldiers of General Ma and Viceroy Yuanshikai is feared.

The czar has received dispatches from General Kuropatkin, dated Aug. 8 and Aug. 9, mentioning a few minor reconnaissances, but saying that there has been no particular change in the positions on either the east or south fronts. On the south the Japanese advance posts are nine miles north of Halcheng. Daily fusillades occur between the Russian and Japanese outposts. General Kuropatkin points out that the Japanese are using bullets of different caliber, some with nickel and others with copper coverings, showing that their reserve men are now in the fighting line.

Turkey Will Let Russians Pass.

Constantinople, Aug. 11.—The porte has definitely accepted the assurances of Russia as to the character of the volunteer fleet vessels seeking to traverse the Dardanelles. In a note to the Russian embassy agreeing to the exit of the steamers the porte emphasizes the fact that its understanding of the Russian statement is: Vessels of the volunteer fleet shall not carry arms or munitions of war; they shall fly the commercial flag throughout the voyage and shall traverse the straits separately, at stated intervals.

Godfrey Hunter Beaten.

Louisville, Ky., Aug. 11.—Dispatches to the Evening Post indicate the nomination of D. C. Edwards for congress over Dr. Godfrey Hunter by the Republican primary in the Eleventh district. Mr. Edwards' majority is figured at 254, with two counties in a remote part of the district missing. These two counties are said to be strongly for Edwards. The Eleventh is a Republican district and the nomination is equivalent to election.

Tailors' Strike in Chicago.

Chicago, Aug. 11.—The executive board of the Garment Workers' union has agreed to endorse the strike of the cutters and will call out all the union members, whether men or women. This action means that 6,000 to 7,000 tailors will be made idle. When the cutters quit on a technical disagreement over hours of labor and wages it was not thought serious by the employers, for it was the dull season, and few large orders were on hand.

King Edward Goes to Bohemia.

London, Aug. 11.—King Edward has started for Marienbad, Bohemia, to take his annual cure at the baths. He travels incognito as Duke of Lancaster. His majesty's stay at Marienbad will be entirely of a private character, with the exception of the occasion of Emperor Francis Joseph's visit to him there Aug. 16.

Heavy Receipts of Live Stock.

Chicago, Aug. 11.—Despite all efforts of commission men the day's receipts of live stock were so heavy as to astonish the packers. There were 23,000 cattle, 25,000 hogs and 15,000 sheep. With the New York packing plants closed by the strike, the disposal of all the receipts was admitted to be a difficult problem.

Satelli Returns to Rome.

New York, Aug. 11.—Cardinal Satelli and his party have sailed on the steamer Sardegna for Europe.

SEVENTY-FOUR BODIES FOUND

Twenty-eight Missouri Flier Victims Still Missing.

Pueblo, Colo., Aug. 11.—Seventy-one bodies of victims of the Rio Grande railway disaster at Eden, Colo., Sunday night, when the Missouri flier plunged off a trestle into a creek flooded by a cloudburst, have been identified, three other bodies have been recovered, but not identified, and twenty-eight of the 153 passengers on the ill-fated train are still unaccounted for.

Undertakers and livermen were severely taxed to supply hearses and vehicles for the funerals of wreck victims. Downtown the streets were crowded with people watching the funeral processions, and business was almost at a standstill.

The search for victims of the wreck was resumed, but the chances of further recovery of dead grow fainter as time passes, although many persons supposed to be victims are as yet unaccounted for.

The coroner's jury has resumed its investigations. It has been learned that several men have been driven away from bodies they were about to rob. Holding of bodies for ransom has also been reported.

Driven Out of Victor.

Victor, Colo., Aug. 11.—John Harper, former president of the Victor Miners' union and late manager of the Miners' union store in this city, one of the band of deported unionists and who returned to the camp, has been seized at his home by a party of masked men and driven out of the district. Mr. Harper's son Ritchie, about twenty-one years old, was also compelled to accompany his father, Young Harper, however, was brought back about an hour after his father had been taken and reported that at a point a short distance below the town of Lawrence the men who had him and his father in charge decided that he should be returned. Two of the masked men were detailed for that purpose. Sheriff Underwood and Chief of Police Naylor started in pursuit of the departing crowd.

Big Fire Near Rochester.

Rochester, N. Y., Aug. 11.—South Lima has been almost swept out of existence by fire. Flames were discovered issuing from a barn owned by Frank Ryers. A heavy wind was blowing and the flames quickly spread to the Ryers' residence. The general store was next in flames, and then the fire was communicated to the great cold storage plant for which South Lima is famous. These buildings and four other residences and barns were destroyed. The loss is \$50,000, about half of which is covered by insurance. South Lima is three miles south of Livonia and is the greatest onion and celery region in the United States.

General Davis Finds Wife Dead.

New York, Aug. 11.—General George W. Davis, governor of the Panama canal zone, who had been summoned home because of the illness of his wife, learned upon his arrival here that Mrs. Davis was dead. Mrs. Davis had been passing the summer in the Adirondacks region. When she became seriously ill several days ago the governor was notified, and he left Constantinople last week on the steamer Alliance. Mrs. Davis died soon after the steamer sailed.

Two New British Battleships.

London, Aug. 11.—The admiralty has invited the Clyde shipbuilders to tender for two battleships of 16,500 tons and high speed. It is said that these vessels in the matter of armament and armored protection will eclipse anything yet attempted. That the admiralty officials are in a hurry to get the vessels started is indicated by the fact that the tenders must be sent in by Sept. 9, which is unusually short notice.

Veterans Arriving in Boston.

Boston, Aug. 11.—Veterans from various parts of the country, with members of their families and others interested, have begun to arrive in Boston to take part in the national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic next week. The local committees say that the arrangements for the encampment are more extensive and elaborate than ever before and that 100,000 veterans will be present during the encampment.

Automobilists on Their Last Lap.

Springfield, Ill.—Aug. 11.—Refreshed by a night's rest, forty-one of the hundred or more automobilists on their way from Boston and New York to St. Louis have left Springfield for the last lap of their long journey. A stop will be made at the Eads bridge until all cars arrive there, and the automobilists will then proceed in a procession to the world's fair grounds.

Forest Fires Devastates Wyoming.

Lander, Wyo., Aug. 11.—A forest fire is raging in the Wind River mountains between this place and Thermopolis and already is reported to have destroyed a large area of timber. The fire is working eastward, and a number of ranches and mining properties are directly in its path. The inhabitants and forest rangers have turned out to fight the flames.

Strangled Herself With Corset String.

Rome, N. Y., Aug. 11.—Mrs. Truman Christian, sixty-five years old, committed suicide at her home in Verona by attaching a corset string to a bedpost and strangling herself. A recent sunstroke is supposed to have affected her mind.

Prominent Nyack Man Dead.

Nyack, N. Y., Aug. 11.—William W. Hinton, a prominent business man, has died suddenly. He was sixty-two years old.

My Stomach "It feels so uncomfortable. Food distresses me. I get blue and despondent. My doctor says it's my stomach." And what did your doctor tell you to take? Ayer's Sarsaparilla. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

FRENCH PATRIOT DEAD

Waldeck-Rousseau Succumbs Under an Operation.

MANY YEARS IN CABINET.

Served Under Gambetta in the Early Days of the Republic—Himself Premier For Three Years, Longer Than Any Other Minister of France.

Paris, Aug. 11.—Former Premier Waldeck-Rousseau is dead as the result of an operation.

Pierre Marie Erneste Waldeck-Rousseau was born at Mantes, France, Dec. 2, 1846. He studied law at St. Lazare, where he practiced for some time before settling at Rennes. There he made his first entrance into politics, being elected deputy in 1879. He then became prominent in the ranks of the Republican union, which was very conspicuous in opening the way for innovation and the present Republicanism and was considered one of the most



WALDECK-ROUSSEAU.

prominent orators of the assembly. His best work was for the reform of the judiciary.

He was re-elected on Aug. 21, 1881, and on Nov. 14 of the same year, although only thirty-five years old, was admitted into Gambetta's cabinet as minister of the interior. The short lived ministry of Gambetta did not offer a fitting chance to Waldeck-Rousseau to prove his ability at that time. The resignation of the government took place Jan. 29, 1882. Having been offered the same portfolio in Jules Grevy's cabinet, he held the same from Feb. 21, 1883, till the resignation of Grevy's cabinet in February, 1885. In 1886 he was elected senator, although he was not present at the election. In 1889 Waldeck-Rousseau was entered at the bar of Paris and since then pleaded some of the most important cases of the time. He also favored a revision of the Dreyfus case.

On June 22, 1889, Waldeck-Rousseau was called upon to form his own ministry, and after having been successfully in office for over three years he resigned in June, 1892, his ministry having the longest duration of any cabinet under the Republican regime. Shortly after his resignation as premier, having been repeatedly taken ill with trouble of the stomach, according to some versions cancer and others tumor, Waldeck-Rousseau retired from public life. An able statesman and leader, he distinguished himself as one of the foremost men of the republic.

Our Consulate in Paris Robbed.

Paris, Aug. 11.—Consul General Gowdy, on arriving at the American consulate, found that his private desk had been forced, the woodwork badly smashed, petty cash and postage stamps, amounting to several hundred francs, abstracted and his papers ransacked. The big safe of the consulate bore conspicuous traces of unsuccessful attempts to force it open. The safe contained a large sum in cash and important documents. The police are making the fullest investigations.

Hotel Turned into a School.

Catskill, N. Y., Aug. 11.—The Prospect Park hotel, erected nearly forty years ago on the bluff overlooking the river north of Catskill point, has been leased to the Rev. W. P. Albrecht, principal of the Pentecostal Collegiate Institute at North Seltuna, near Providence, R. I., who will convert the building into an educational institution to be known as the Hudson River Holiness institute, a coeducational college preparatory school, strictly interdenominational.

Bibliotheca.

During the most of the sixteenth century the English people called the Bible the Bibliotheca, or the library, the word being limited in its application to the Scriptural writings.

"Gorgeous."

"Gorgeous" came to have its present meaning in the sixteenth century. "Gorget" was the name applied to the high Elizabethan ruff, so an elaborate dress was called gorgeous, and elaboration of any sort came to be called gorgeousness.

THE SULTAN YIELDS.

Promises to Give Leishman Satisfactory Answer Soon.

Washington, Aug. 11.—Minister Leishman reports from Constantinople that he has received a message from the porte promising a favorable communication in a day or two regarding the American representation in reference to the school question and other matters.

Officials of the state and navy departments conferred during the day regarding the orders to be given the American European squadron when it arrives at Smyrna. The admiral's sailing orders were simply to proceed to Smyrna, and officially he does not know of the purpose of his cruise.

It is said that he probably will understand the situation so well that it will hardly be necessary, and in fact will be rather inexpedient, to give him any official orders immediately. His ships therefore probably will lie in the harbor of Smyrna, in close touch with the cable and so with Minister Leishman at Constantinople and with Washington.

Jewell's Squadron Passes Messina.

Messina, Sicily, Aug. 11.—The American squadron, bound for Smyrna, consisting of the Olympia, Baltimore and Cleveland, Rear Admiral Jewell commanding, has passed through the strait.

Noted Innkeeper Dies in Paris.

Paris, Aug. 11.—T. E. Roessle, owner of the Hotel Arlington, Washington, has died suddenly at the Grand hotel here. Mrs. Roessle was at his bedside at the time of his death, which is believed to have been due to heart failure. It is understood Mrs. Roessle will take the body of her husband back to America. Mr. Roessle was one of the best known hotel proprietors in the United States.

Carrie Nation's Philanthropy.

Chicago, Aug. 11.—A dispatch to the Inter Ocean from Richmond, Ind., says: Carrie Nation, the temperance advocate, while passing through Indiana has mailed a check for \$1,150 to the Home For Wives of Drunkards at Topeka, Kan., as a personal gift. Mrs. Nation maintains her activity, and she still carries marks of the recent encounter with saloonists in Kentucky when she was assaulted with a chair.

Panama Congratulates Reyes.

Panama, Aug. 11.—The news that General Rafael Reyes had assumed the presidency of Colombia was received with satisfaction in all circles here. Congratulatory messages were exchanged between President Amador and President Reyes, and it is believed that diplomatic relations between Panama and Colombia will be established soon.

THE ROYAL BOX.

The Duchess of Fife shares with her mother the love of angling. She has a fishing rod which cost close on \$500.

King Edward goes to church regularly, but he invariably gets in late, cutting out all the service preliminary to the sermon.

The emperor of Austria scarcely ever shakes hands, even with the most exalted visitors or privileged persons. His usual form of greeting is a courtly bow.

Rumors are current in Berlin that a wonderful work of fiction by an "exalted personage" is shortly to be issued, and it is further hinted that his personage is the versatile Kaiser, who has not yet tried his hand at novel writing.

TOWN TOPICS.

New York has a daily fixture leakage of 44,000,000 gallons of water.

The sea wall at Galveston is completed. It cost \$1,198,318. It is 17,503 feet long, 16 feet high, 16 feet at base and 5 feet wide on top.

The city of New York, in the twelve months ending with last February, for the first time in its history, passed the billion mark in the number of 5 cent fares paid to local transit companies.

Since the opening of its new tunnel, which brings it drinking water from far out in the lake, Cleveland's number of typhoid fever cases has shrunk from fifty-eight a week in 1903 to about two at present.

SCHROON LAKE

The Finest Lake In the Adirondacks.

Via Adirondack Railroad to Riverside and Lever's Coaches and Steamer Evelyn.

HOTELS ON SCHROON LAKE.

- Leland House.....C. T. Leland, Mgr. Schroon Lake, N. Y.
- Ondawa House.....F. C. Bailey. Schroon Lake, N. Y.
- Taylor House (and 15 Cottages), C. F. Taylor, Jr., Mgr. Taylor's on Schroon, N. Y.
- Watch Rock Hotel.....George Cecil, Prop. Adirondack, N. Y.
- Moon Hill Camp.....Miss Helen Warner, Prop. Pottersville, N. Y.
- Wells House.....J. B. Wells, Prop. Pottersville, N. Y.

For rates please write to the above addresses, also for booklets and further information.