

Most Housekeepers Use A



Glenwood

You Would If You Knew About It

"Makes Cooking Easy"

Your Old Range taken in Exchange

REYNOLDS & SON, BARRE

A PECULIAR FUNERAL.

Two Men Incinerated in Steel Buried With the Metal.

Philadelphia, Nov. 20.—A funeral without parallel in this city took place yesterday at the Midvale steel works, where a 40-ton ingot of steel permeated with the flesh, blood and bones of two

workmen was buried with the solemn rites of the Roman Catholic church.

The workmen who were so strangely laid away were John Forkin and Joseph Gazda, two foreign speaking laborers who met a horrible death a week ago. A great crowd sought admission to the works but only the two sisters of Gazda, who depended upon him for support, and about one hundred workmen, who were on Sunday duty were permitted to attend the services with the officials of the company. Forkin had no relatives in this country. Among the officials was President Charles Harsh. All heads were bared and flags were lowered to half staff while two priests conducted the services. After the sisters of Gazda had been led away the great ingot was covered with earth and the funeral party dispersed. The grave of the men will be appropriately marked by the company.

'Doctoring'

With doubtful medicines is never satisfactory. Use BROWN'S INSTANT RELIEF, a guaranteed family remedy. All dealers. Money back if it fails. Norway Medicine Co., Norway, Me.

The Times' Daily Short Story.

A Four-story Story

[Copyright, 1905, by Homer Sprague.]
"Pa Perkins, have you gone and got a sunstroke or hit your foot a whack with the hoe?"
"N-no. I've got an idea!"
"Shoo! Now, Pa Perkins, don't you go to foolin' with them squashes and tryin' to make citrons or pumpkins out of them. When people want squashes they don't want anything else."
"Squashes be hanged!" he indignantly shouted. "I tell you I've got an idea that will make us rich as John Jacob Astor within two years! It's goin' to upset the hull world!"
"La me! Sit down on the steps and tell me about it while I finish this pie and get it into the oven. If you've got an idea it's something new, and I hope it won't strike in and make you sick. Now, then, what is it?"
"You've seen a beehive, of course?"
"I wasn't born blind."
"You know that a swarm of bees swarms every year?"
"Of course."
"But why do they swarm?"
"Why does a bull go around pawin' the earth and bellerin'? He does it because it's his nature. It's the nature of bees to swarm every spring, and just as you go in to do about it?"
"That's it—that's the idea—that's just what I wanted you to say!" exclaimed Pa Perkins as he rolled off the doorsteps in his excitement.
"Well, I've said it, and now what of it?"
"A swarm of bees swarms because the swarm gets so large that there ain't room for all in the hive. If there was room there'd be no swarmin'. Can't you understand that?"
"Y-es, you may be right."
"For two weeks before the swarmin' takes place they are all upset and loatin' around. The same is the case for two weeks afterward. There's a workin' month lost. S'pose that could be saved? Wouldn't they produce a heap more money? Wouldn't the owner of the hives be saved a heap of bother and trouble?"
"It looks that way, pa, but—"
"Now don't go to throwin' any cold water until you hear it all. S'posin' I had a four story beehive. That would give two swarms twice the room they have now. Havin' twice the room, they wouldn't swarm only once in two years instead of every year. Do you see the p'int?"
"I seem to, but lemme see how that pie is comin' on. Now go ahead ag'in. Why not make an eight story hive, and then they wouldn't swarm but once in four years?"
"It would have to be as big as a house for that," answered the man with an idea. "I'll start with a four story and see how that works."
"What! Are you goin' into bees?"

M. QUAD

Weak Lungs Bronchitis

For over sixty years doctors have endorsed Ayer's Cherry Pectoral for coughs, colds, weak lungs, bronchitis, consumption. Cures hard cases, desperate cases, old cases. You can trust a medicine the best doctors approve. We have no secret. We publish the formulas of all our medicines. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

PREMIUM SOLID GOLD FOUNTAIN PEN.

FOR CHRISTMAS.

For Eight of these Coupons and Sixty-Nine Cents we will furnish for a time Times Readers with a Solid Gold, fully warranted, Fountain Pen, polished barrel, rubber cap, screw section, beautiful delivery, worth \$1.50. Perfect satisfaction guaranteed. You will wonder how you ever got along without it. Carry your Coupons to Ricker & Wells, Barre, Vt.

PLAN A NEW STRIKE

Revolutionists Busy Preparing Political Tie-Up

THROUGHOUT ALL RUSSIA

Count on Aid by Peasants—Demonstration Will Be Timed to Uphold the Hands of the National Assembly.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 21.—With the collapse of the strike the leaders of the revolutionists say they will now devote their energies to the preparation of a universal political strike to sustain the revolutionary programme when the national assembly meets.

These plans, which were suddenly upset by the precipitation of the railroad strike last month, are exceedingly ambitious, involving the co-operation not only of the workmen of other cities, but of the peasantry, and, if possible, the army and navy.

To Be Urged to Obtain Arms.

The plague, which is moving northward from the Kirghiz steppe and which has not been stamped out in the Vista region, may also be made to serve the purpose of arousing the ignorant and superstitious peasants. The leaders will urge the proletariat everywhere to obtain arms and be prepared to fight for their rights.

NEW YORK NURSE WAS IN LOVE WITH A LAD

Woman Who Shot Herself Accused by the Young Man's Father With Persistent Aboynage.

New York, Nov. 21.—The police believe that Eleanor Liddle, the trained nurse who boarded at 49 West Ninety-fourth street, tried to take her life on Friday last because she was in love with Walter Danneuther, the 20-year-old son of Gustave Danneuther, a music teacher living in West seventieth street. One of the three sealed letters found in her room was addressed to Dr. W. E. Danneuther. Young Danneuther is a medical student. His father said: "Miss Liddle was continually pestering Walter. She would call him on the telephone at all hours of the day and night and even lie in wait for him on the street. It became unbearable, and Walter and a friend called on her and urged her to cease bothering him. She became very excited then and said she would kill first. Walter first met her in Pittsfield, Mass., where she comes from, and where I and my family spend our summers. I wrote to the young woman's father last week, telling how she was annoying my son, and the father said he did not know his daughter's whereabouts until he got my letter." Miss Liddle is doing nicely in the J. Hood Wright Hospital.

TO BOYCOTT NON-UNION GOODS.

Many Farmers Promise Their Aid to the Federation.

Pittsburg, Pa., Nov. 21.—The opening of the second week of the American Federation of Labor convention was marked by an address by E. A. Calvin of Fort Worth, Tex., representing the Farmers' Educational and Co-operative Union of America. Mr. Calvin stated that at the last convention of the Farmers' Union a resolution was adopted, putting on record the members for the future exclusive purchase of union-made goods. He said the purpose of the Farmers' Union was to eliminate speculation in cotton. Mr. Calvin extended the fraternal greetings of the Farmers' Union to the federation convention. F. K. Foster of Boston, secretary of the committee on president's annual report, submitted the conclusions of that committee. The committee commented extensively on the recommendations embodied in President Gompers' report and unanimously approved all of them.

The committee condemned the anti-union laws now in force in the United States as unconstitutional. President Gompers' views excluding Chinese and Japanese labor from this country were adopted. Congress was petitioned to pass laws providing for a universal eight-hour workday and also prohibiting the employment of child labor.

The committee on organization recommended that the brass molders' union affiliate with the iron molders' union. The application of the International Stone Masons' Union for a charter in the federation was refused. A resolution granting a charter to the steamfitters' union was strongly opposed by John Mitchell and action was deferred. The convention ordered the car painters' union now affiliated with the American Car Workers' Union to become a member of the Brotherhood of Painters, Paperhangers and Decorators of America. The committee on boycotts presented a resolution against the Western Union Telegraph company, condemning that company's attitude towards the commercial telegraphers' union.

MASS OF SORES

Awful Suffering of Little Boy from an Itching Humour

CURED BY CUTICURA

Not One Square Inch of Skin on His Whole Body Unaffected

"My little son, a boy of five, broke out with an itching rash. Three doctors prescribed for him, but he kept getting worse until we could not dress him any more. They finally advised me to try a certain medical college, but its treatment did no good. At the time I was induced to try Cuticura he was so bad that I had to cut his hair off and put the Cuticura Ointment on him on bandages, as it was impossible to touch him with the bare hand. There was not one square inch of skin on his whole body that was not affected. He was covered with sores. The bandages used to stick to his skin and in removing them it used to take the skin off with them, and the screams from the poor child were heart-breaking. I began to think that he would never get well, but after the second application of Cuticura Ointment I began to see signs of improvement, and with the third and fourth applications the sores commenced to dry up. His skin peeled off twenty times, but it finally yielded to the treatment. Now I can say that he is entirely cured, and is a healthy, happy little boy you never saw than he is today." ROBERT WATTAM, 4922 Center Ave., Chicago, Ill., Dec. 30, 1897.

SIX YEARS LATER

Mr. Wattam writes

"Your letter of the 21st in regard to the case of my little boy at hand. I am truly thankful to say that the cure effected by the Cuticura Remedies has been a most thorough and successful cure to date." Chicago, Feb. 23, 1903.

LA FOLLETTE TO BE SENATOR.

He Probably Will Relinquish the Governorship.

Madison, Wis., Nov. 21.—That Governor La Follette is actually to go to the Senate is no longer doubted here, though it was reported this week that owing to a revolt among his followers he had decided that the only way to save his prestige in Wisconsin was to remain governor and send another to the Senate. In this connection it was reported that L. L. Lenroot, speaker of the assembly, was to be the choice for senator, instead of governor, for which office he is running now. Lenroot is the man who has caused the revolt in the La Follette faction in Wisconsin, which threatens to keep the governor in the state. At the governor's wish Lenroot announced himself as a candidate for the nomination for governor, still nearly a year distant. Lenroot had preferred to run for the lower house of Congress against Judge Jenkins, but gave up this project to try for the state office. Lenroot is subservient to La Follette, while the governor was fearful that the other candidates would not be led by him. Lieutenant Governor Davidson, State Chairman W. D. Connor, Senator Hatien and several others were suggested as candidates upon whom La Follette and anti-La Follette men could unite, but they were rejected in favor of Lenroot, and there is serious question if the governor's machine is strong enough to pull Lenroot through in the face of the opposition. The governor is preparing to vacate the executive residence. His own house here is being renovated, but still there has been no public announcement of his intention on the question of the senatorship. The Lenroot candidacy, however, can be taken as positive evidence that La Follette is preparing to fill his chair with a man acceptable to himself.

TO GO INTO SENATE.

Decision of Gov. La Follette of Wisconsin.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 21.—There no longer any doubt that Gov. La Follette of Wisconsin has decided to go into the United States senate and to name as his successor as the state's executive A. L. Lenroot, speaker of the assembly, who, it is said, has announced his candidacy at the personal request of the governor.

Mrs. La Follette has been here for several days negotiating for a \$80,000 dwelling house in Grant avenue, Mt. Pleasant. She left the city without closing the deal, but there are rumors that before she did so she obtained an option on that and one other property. The La Follettes are also preparing to vacate governor's house in Madison. It was not the desire of Lenroot to be governor. He preferred, it is said, to be nominated against former Judge Jenkins and run for Congress. But La Follette would not listen to such an arrangement, fearful that with any man other than Lenroot in the governor's chair he would not be able to maintain his grip on the state machine.

Dr. KENNEDY'S FAVORITE REMEDY

It cures all kinds of Kidney and Liver Cures. It is adapted to all ages and both sexes, affording permanent relief in all cases caused by impurity of the blood, such as, Kidney, Bladder and Liver Complaints, Constipation, and weakness peculiar to women. Successful for 30 years. Prepared by DR. J. KENNEDY'S SON, Portland, N. Y. Sold all druggists.

Pike's Toothache Drops

Cure in One Minute.

CHICAGO DIVORCE-MAD

More Families Disrupted Than Ceremonies Performed.

2486 DIVORCES IN YEAR.

New York Has 2,060 Divorced Women While Boston Is Ninth on the List With Eight Hundred.

Chicago, Ill., Nov. 21.—The local court records show that Chicago has gone divorce-mad. More than half a hundred cases of connubial discord were docketed on Saturday, occupying the attention of six judges and a hundred lawyers. Nine-tenths of the divorces and one of separate maintenance were granted. The others are under advisement. On Friday only 35 marriage licenses were issued, while 17 decrees of divorce were granted, and 80 burial permits were issued. By the computation of statisticians, 32 of these would be for husbands or wives. Broken-up families were therefore forty-nine by death and divorce, and only 38 new families created.

On Thursday the families disrupted by death were 14 in number, and by divorce five. There were 49 marriage licenses issued, giving Cupid a majority. During the week 57 decrees of divorce were granted, and one of separate maintenance. There were issued 373 marriage licenses, which would indicate that an average of more than one per cent of seven local marriages came to the divorce courts.

The divorce cases come from all walks of life, but there is a surprisingly large number of them from the higher social, professional and business circles. Descriptions, cruelty and drunkenness are the common charges in the divorce bills of the poor, while such allegations as the maintenance of separate homes for women other than their wives and the purchase of costly gifts for the objects of their devotion abound in the divorce bills of the wealthy.

Chicago has the largest number of divorced women, their number by the last census having been 2,486. In New York there were only 2,060, of whom 600 were in Brooklyn. San Francisco had 1,010 and Philadelphia 1,030, these figures only including of course, divorced women who had not remarried. St. Louis had nearly 1,000, and Baltimore and Kansas City, the former a steady state and the latter a strenuous town, the same number, though the population of Baltimore is three times as large as that of Kansas City.

WON'T BUILD AT SEA LEVEL.

Canal Commission Holds Plan Impracticable.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 21.—The Isthmian Canal Commission does not intend to build a sea-level canal, even though that be the recommendation of a majority of the board of consulting engineers which is now putting on the finishing touches to its report. Chief Engineer Stevens is quoted as saying that if our Government is to build at sea level some young children would better be given places in the organization so that somebody connected with it could live to see its completion. The granite ledge to which reference was made in these despatches a few days ago as one of the strong arguments against the sea-level, is found to lie from a depth of forty feet to a distance of twelve miles making a task which could not be performed in less than sixteen years from the time that the earth excavation has been carried to the point where the removal of this stone could begin. This is only one of the troubles of sea-level construction.

But the recommendations of this commission board given to the Isthmian Canal Commission itself and not to the President or Congress except as the Commission sees fit to transmit them and with such recommendations as they may append.

CASH FOR CANAL.

\$16,000,000 Asked and Money Must Be Had or Work Ends.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 21.—The estimate of \$16,000,000 sent to the treasury department yesterday for future work on the Panama canal is for expenditure up to and including the fiscal year ending June 30, 1907. A part of this money will be required at once, and an emergency appropriation will be asked as soon as Congress convenes. It is stated at the offices of the commission today that, unless money is provided as soon as Congress convenes, all work must cease. The estimate is made without regard to the proposal to issue bonds. Advocates of a lock canal have not yet despaired of securing the construction of such a canal, notwithstanding the fact that the consulting engineers have decided in favor of a sea level canal. It is pointed out that the final decision rests with the president, and that the matter of time and expense will be considered by him very carefully.

It is known that the president is very anxious to have the work completed at an early date, and for that reason he is believed to favor a lock canal.

A strong minority report in favor of a lock canal will be made by the five engineers who disagreed with the majority.

The Indian never liked work but he wanted his squaw to get well as soon as possible so that she could do the work and let him hunt, therefore he dug possum root for her, for that was their great remedy for female weakness.

Dr. Pierce uses the same root—called Blue Cohosh—which was the favorite prescription skillfully combined with other ingredients that make it more effective and protect the stomach from functional disturbance.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is not nor ever was a "patent medicine," but it is the carefully wrought-out and thoroughly tested result of a real physician in a real practice. Dr. Pierce's unparalleled success with this remedy was such that more were used to it than any one doctor could attend to in a private practice. This induced him to manufacture it on a sufficiently liberal scale to meet the demand.

By his own special processes, he extracts, combines and preserves the medicinal qualities of the several ingredients without the use of alcohol (using chemically pure glycerine instead), thus rendering it absolutely safe for any woman of any age and in any condition to use freely. The names of the ingredients are: Lady's Slipper root, Black Cohosh root, Unicorn root, Blue Cohosh root and Golden Seal root.

Miss May Rohrbach, No. 78 Amsterdam Avenue, New York City, writes: "I had headache, backache, and was very nervous, scarcely able to sleep more than two hours a night. I was obliged to try Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, and was delighted with the result. Within a week I was sleeping splendidly. Continued using the 'Favorite Prescription' for eight weeks, and the result was such that I never since then your medicine has been my 'Favorite Prescription.' So, I recommend it to every one."

Constipation although a little ill, gets big ones if neglected. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Peppermint Cure constipation.

WEST TOPSHAM.

A. T. Smith was in Bradford Tuesday.

Royal Flanders of Orange was in town Saturday.

Moses Hood has moved to the Grant farm for the winter.

Horace White and W. C. Ackson were in Bradford on business Tuesday.

Henry Crockett of Orange is hanging the paper in L. P. Hight's new house.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. George H. Richardson November 15th.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Philbrick and son were in town Sunday from East Barre.

Dr. J. A. Dow was married Wednesday to Miss Jessie Bagley at the home of the bride.

John McIndoes of Fairlee visited his sister, Mrs. C. M. Tubbs, several days last week.

C. M. Tubbs arrived home Thursday from a four months' business trip through Maine.

The grange gave a supper and promenade at village hall Friday evening. A large number was present.

Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Smith returned to their home at Warren, N. H., Tuesday, having returned from a visit to New York state.

Fred Magoon left a three-year-old calf standing in front of John Flanders' store Wednesday and the animal started for home. It was turned into J. W. Jackson's yard, where it cleared itself from the wagon and went home.

George Phelps, a war veteran, died at his home Friday after a long illness with stomach trouble. The funeral was held at the church at Waits River, Rev. Mr. Dexter officiating. Interment was in Waits River cemetery.

AN OPPORTUNITY.

We want a wide-awake man in this locality to actively represent us in promoting the sales of the Wheeler & Wilson sewing machine.

This machine is backed by fifty-eight years of success; some of the early machines built by this company are giving faithful service to-day.

We can offer exceptional inducements to some one in this locality who can command a horse and wagon and devote his time to advancing the sales of our product.

Energetic men will find our proposition a money maker, capable of development into a permanent and profitable business.

WRITE FOR INFORMATION.

Wheeler & Wilson Mfg. Co., Factory and Head Office, BRIDGEPORT, CONNECTICUT, U. S. A.