

Carriages, Carriages



We have a larger and more complete line than ever of carriages, consisting of express, grocery, driving and farm wagons. Also a full line of harness. Second-hand carriages and harness on hand to be closed out cheap.

H. F. CUTLER'S STABLE Telephone 1312 Fear of City Hotel - - - Barre, Vermont.

THINK IT OVER It's the thinking man who comes here to buy his PIANO Think, do likewise and save money. H. A. GOULD, 56 Spaulding Street, Barre, Vt.

WOOD The place to buy Wood. A large stock of all kinds at these prices: Block Wood, per cord \$2.75 Limb Wood, per load 2.00 Chair Wood, per load 2.00 Soft Wood Slabs 1.75 Furnace and Shed Wood. I am prepared to do all kinds of moving and jobbing at reasonable rates.

Coarse and fine Sand for sale in any quantity. Coarse Sand for cementing at my sandbank, Farwell St. L. J. BOLSTER Telephone 405-2 383 North Main Street, Barre, Vt.

Coal and Wood PRICES OF COAL FOR JULY: Nut, Stove and Egg \$7.70 Grate Coal 7.45 Smithing Coal 7.45 A full line of Harness at lowest market prices. GALDER & RICHARDSON, Telephone 45-4. Depot Square.

COAL! COAL! Buy now but before buying talk with us. Lowest prices of the year. We handle D.L. & W., D. & H., and Scranton free burning coals, and can quote you on them these prices: Nut, Stove and Egg \$7.70 Grate Coal 7.45 We also handle several grades of Lehigh coals and would be pleased to talk with you about them. All inquiries answered promptly. D. M. MILES, Office 122 No. Main St. Yards Off Blackwell St.

COAL Buy now and save the advance of 10c per ton a month. Prices for July: Nut, Stove and Egg \$7.70 Grate Coal 7.45 These prices are on our D. L. & W. and Scranton Coal. Lehigh Coal 25c per ton extra. Tel. 237-21. MORSE & JACKSON.

UPHOLSTERING AND FURNITURE REPAIRING Hair Mattress Making and Renovating. Picture Framing and Mat Cutting. All work promptly done. H. P. BALDWIN, Worthen Block. Telephone 432-21

Set Doubt at Rest This can only be done by placing your Electrical Contracts in the hands of responsible people. It is a well-known and undisputed fact that it doesn't pay to experiment. You are not taking any chances when you are entrusted with your Electrical Work. We employ only experienced electricians and use the best of material. This insures genuine satisfaction. Let us quote you prices the next time you are in need of Electrical Work of any kind or description. Union men employed.

EDSON BROTHERS, Residence Telephone, 112-3. Business Telephone, 432-2. Hours in busy call. The others. Corner North Main St. and Keith Ave., Barre, Vt.

CABOT. Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Ainsworth are visiting relatives in Plainfield. Mrs. N. Bilecan is stopping at Lake Moray a few days with her daughter, Mrs. Edwin Lency. Will Stone and daughter have moved from the Nichols house at Lower Cabot to the residence of Justin Stevenson on southwest hill.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Alonzo Foster July 11st, at Marshfield. Orlando Heath, who has been seriously ill the past week is slowly recovering. Mr. and Mrs. L. Myers spent a few days in Barre this week. Miss Mary Ormsbee went Saturday to Vergennes to assist in the industrial school for a few weeks.

Miss Nellie Kimball will spend part of her vacation as assistant at the orphan home in Burlington. Phineas Ladd and family of Barre are stopping at the old home of Mrs. Ladd on Cabot plains.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Walbridge and Mr. and Mrs. Walter Myers went to Peacham Thursday to attend a game of base ball.

Miss Mabel Woodward of Burke is visiting at C. J. Woodward's.

Mrs. Fred Parrott of Montpelier is visiting her father, J. M. Fisher.

Mrs. Bell and daughter of Barton are guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Noyce.

Mrs. Dudley Blaine and daughter, Ruby, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Lance and other relatives the past week. "The glorious Fourth" was ushered in as usual about midnight by the clanging of church bells, reports from small cannons and other combustibles accompanied by a street parade headed by drum and several other musical instruments. People felt very thankful for the orderly way in which they conducted themselves instead of trying to be hoodlums.

Miss Catherine Bingham died at the town farm, where she has boarded since a child, on Thursday.

A QUAIN DOCUMENT. Minutes of the First Representative Assembly in America. The minutes of the first representative assembly in America as written by its clerk, John Twine, constitute a quaint and interesting document. They are headed: "A report of the manner of proceeding in the general assembly convened at James City, in Virginia, July 30, 1619, consisting of the governor, the council of estate and two burgesses elected out of each incorporation and plantation, and being dissolved the 4th of August next ensuing."

The assembly met in the "quatre of the church." Then, "forasmuch as men's affairs doe little prosper where God's service is neglected, all the burgesses took their places in the quire till a prayer was said by Mr. Bucke, the minister, that it would please God to guide and sanctifie all our proceedings to his owne glory and the good of this plantation." After the prayer the burgesses were summoned one by one to take the oath to the king, "none staggering at it." The assembly at once set to work to adopt English laws to Virginia conditions. It added a series of trade regulations to restrict the production of tobacco, to keep up prices and to encourage the output of flax, silk and wine. Thus before the Pilgrims were thinking of leaving Holland representative government was firmly established in the new world.—Exchange.

FOOLING A CAMEL. How the Arabs Let the Animal Exhaust Its Bad Temper. You all have heard stories about the camel—how patient and useful he is on long, hot journeys, so that he is often called the "ship of the desert." But he has one very bad fault. He likes to "pay back," and if his driver has injured him in any way he will not rest till he has returned the injury. The Arabs, who wander about the deserts and so use the camel a great deal, know about this fault of his and have a queer way of keeping themselves from getting hurt. When a driver has made his camel angry, he first runs away out of sight. Then, choosing a place where the camel will soon pass, he throws down some of his clothes and fixes them so that the heap will look like a sleeping man. Pretty soon along comes the camel and sees the heap. "Thinking to himself, 'Now I've got him,'" he pounces on the clothes, shakes them around and tramples all over them. After he is tired of this and has turned away the driver can reappear and ride him away without harm. Poor silly camel! He has been in what we call "a blind rage," so angry that he can't tell the difference between a man and a heap of clothes.—Maydower.

Dentistry in Japan. Up to a few years ago the dentists of Japan pulled teeth with their fingers. Forceps and other instruments are now being generally used.

PIMPLES "I tried all kinds of blood purifiers which failed to do me any good but I have found the right thing at last. My face was full of pimples and blackheads. After taking Cascarets they all left. I am continuing the use of them and recommending them to my friends. I feel fine when I rise in the morning. Hope to have a chance to recommend Cascarets to you." Fred C. Witten, 28 Elm St., Newark, N. J.

Beat For The Dowels Cascarets CANDY CATHARTIC THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP Pleasant, Palatable, Painless, Taste Good, No Food, Never Sickens, Weakens or Irrites, No Griping, No Strain, No Pain, No Vomiting, No Stomach Disturbance, Guaranteed to cure or your money back. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N. Y. 50c

Pittsburg's Labor Temple. At last it seems to be an assured fact that Pittsburg is to have a labor temple. A charter has been secured, and the site committee has been looking for a location on which to erect the building. The company is capitalized at \$50,000. This will have to be increased. At present there are 1,000 shares of stock at \$50 a share. The capitalization will be increased to about \$250,000.

THE BARRE DAILY TIMES MONDAY, JULY 8, 1907.

Every Mile of the Journey. A birthday is a milestone which is never passed again. Every mile of the journey of life increases the cost of insurance. 56th year. National Life Insurance Company of Montpelier, Vt. (Mutual). S. S. Ballard, General Agent, Montpelier, Vt. B. Ballard, Local Agent, Miles block, Barre, Vt.

TALK OF THE TOWN.

Masonic charms and pins at L. P. Austin's, "the watch and clock man."

Old gold and silver wanted at refiners' prices in exchange for goods at F. E. Burr's.

L. P. Austin sells stone cutters' glasses, all kinds and prices from 20c to \$2.00 per pair.

Stone-cutters' glasses, 20c per pair. Lenses, per pair, 5c. F. E. Burr & Co., 85 North Main street.

Moving pictures and illustrated songs at Hale's pavilion every evening and Saturday matinee at two o'clock.

Dodge's famous ice cream at the New England Fruit Co.'s ice cream parlor. Music all the time by the world's greatest singers.

"Had dyspepsia or indigestion for years. No appetite, and what I did eat distressed me terribly. Burdock Blood Bitters cured me."—J. H. Walker, Sunbury, Ohio.

Don't let the baby suffer from eczema, sores or any itching of the skin. Doan's Ointment gives instant relief, cures quickly. Perfectly safe for children. All druggists sell it.

Constipation causes headache, nausea, dizziness, languor, heart palpitation, Drastic physics grip, sicken, weaken the bowels and don't cure. Doan's Regulets act gently and cure constipation. 25 cents. Ask your druggist.

Never can tell when you'll mash a finger or suffer a cut, bruise, burn or scald. Be prepared. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil instantly removes the pain—quickly cures the wound.

Long Live the King! is the popular cry throughout European countries; while in America, the cry of the present day is "Long live Dr. King's New Discovery, King of Throat and Lung Remedies!" of which Mrs. Julia Ryder Paine, Truro, Mass., says: "It never fails to give immediate relief and to quickly cure a cough or cold." Mrs. Paine's opinion is shared by a majority of the inhabitants of this country. New Discovery cures weak lungs and sore throats after all other remedies have failed; and for coughs and colds it's the only sure cure. Guaranteed by Rickett & Wells of the Red Cross Pharmacy. 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

FOR EMPLOYERS TO PONDER.

How Operatives With Skill and Brains May Be Secured. In addresses made before the Eastern Public Education association John Golden, president of the United Textile Workers of America, and James E. MacCall, ex-president of the National Association of Cotton Manufacturers, dwell on the great need of technical schools, pointing out that skilled labor is becoming scarcer each day and that if this country is to maintain its supremacy in manufacturing industries something must be done to train the growing youth of the nation in the theory of the various lines of manufacture; that the textile mills were becoming more and more dependent on incoming foreigners to provide such labor. The fact that native boys were not attracted to the mills was deplored greatly. While this is admitted to be true, the question has often been raised whether more boys would not seek their life's vocation in the mills if the work was made more attractive. Skilled help requires better remuneration than unskilled. A boy learns the jeweler's trade and realizes that the more expert he becomes the more money he earns. If it was realized that the longer one operates a loom and the more expert he becomes his wages would be correspondingly increased, would it not induce more to enter the factories? But the argument is in equal force, "We cannot afford to pay above a certain amount." Yet the claim is made that expert, intelligent help can produce more and better than unskilled mechanical labor. Manufacturers should not lose sight of the fact that if they desire brains among their operatives they must offer sufficient inducements.—Joseph B. Buchanan in New York Journal.

An Economic Fallacy. It has been a special plea, put forth in equal force by those whose minds are given entirely to the direction of charity as well as by greedy charlatans, that the people should be satisfied rather with "half a loaf," which they urge is better than none. This has been sophistically pressed home in the past upon the minds of the working people. So far as it applies to the impoverished beggar it may be all right, but it is an economic fallacy to preach that doctrine to those who work, for, in truth, the policy of half a loaf being better than none for them simply fixes the practice of paying them half, and even a constantly diminishing portion of a loaf, instead of the whole, to which they are entitled as the result of their labor.—American Federationist.

Pittsburg's Labor Temple. At last it seems to be an assured fact that Pittsburg is to have a labor temple. A charter has been secured, and the site committee has been looking for a location on which to erect the building. The company is capitalized at \$50,000. This will have to be increased. At present there are 1,000 shares of stock at \$50 a share. The capitalization will be increased to about \$250,000.

UNIONISM'S ENEMIES.

Destructive Foes Not All Outside the Ranks.

TWO SOURCES OF DANGER. Powers For Evil That Retard the Progress of the Labor Union Movement. Traitor Worse Than Strike Breaker. One Test of Leadership.

Not all the destructive foes of unionism are outside its ranks. Labor unions are impeded in their work by internal conscious and unconscious foes, who, to a greater or less degree, are exercising their power to destroy. The unconscious foes are none the less deadly because they are unconscious. They comprise the hot headed, radicals who, though they may be honest in their purpose, are wrong in their reasoning. They think little, but talk much. They want the whole earth, and they want it now, and without any regard to local or general or special trade or industrial conditions, with supreme disregard of all laws of supply and demand or of laws of the union, they plunge the union into disastrous and sometimes illegal strikes and then condemn the union and its officers if it does not succeed, in this manner sometimes completing the destruction of the union they claimed to support as good union men.

This history of unionism records instances where organization proceeded at a rapid rate and promised speedily to remedy many of labor's wrongs, but all progress was stopped by a sudden epidemic of premature wage disputes, followed by illegal strikes. The entire attention of the executive and organizing staff of the union would then be directed to adjusting the illegal strikes, no attention being paid to the work of organizing meanwhile, and through this diverting the efforts of the executives from constructive work to an attempt to repair the damages caused by destructive work, accompanied with quarrels incident to failure, movements fraught with the welfare of hundreds of thousands of human beings have been wrecked through the unconscious exercise of the power to destroy by the unconscious foes within the ranks.

The redeeming feature of this class is that, their motives being sincere, many of them learn by experience to avoid the dangers of illogical radical methods and policies. A few, however, graduate, or more properly speaking, degenerate, from this class to the class of conscious foes within the ranks.

The conscious foes within the ranks comprise those who have personal grudges to settle or ambitions to serve and are willing to sacrifice the movement to gratify either personal ambition or personal spite.

The strike breaker is an open foe, and all know where to find him. He is a Hoesian, while the conscious foe within the ranks is a Benedict Arnold. He is in it for himself only. He aspires to lead, not by meritorious ideas or measures advocated by him, but by condemnation of everything advocated by everybody else. He is destructive and not constructive. He comes with fair professions on his lips and malice in his heart. He proposes to love the union much, but condemns everything connected with it except himself. Being busy destroying the work or reputation of others, he has no time to do any work or establish any reputation for himself and he soon fades because his dupes soon recognize him as one great in promises and little in performance.

When any one claims prominence, let those whose support is asked analyze his qualifications for leadership. The first test is whether he is destructive or constructive in his work. If the first, he will denounce everything and everybody, basing his whole position on criticism of others. If he does advocate anything new, it will be found to be unsound, the product of a narrow mind and sure not to succeed.

Such a nature is not capable of broad intelligence or real ability and is likely to be coupled with illiteracy or at least merely superficial knowledge.

Such a one will not measure up to the needs of leadership in any movement. If he is constructive, he will be found offering ideas instead of himself, and finally winning the support of members because of his loyal and unselfish service to the cause the members seek him instead of his seeking the members.

Not seeking office himself, he has no occasion to slander others, and he can say a good word for others, for the measures of others and for the union itself as it is now, without impairing his chances, because his candidacy is based on merit and on the spontaneous desire of his fellows and is not manufactured by himself and based on reviling others.

On labor unions depends the welfare of hundreds of thousands of the families of the members. Therefore not the members alone are interested, but if the unions suffer their families and dependents suffer; hence the greater necessity that the analysis should be keen and conclusive.

It is freely admitted that one has a right to aspire to leadership, but such a desire should not be gratified unless the members are satisfied that the aspiration rests upon something else besides the mere desire to hold office.

If they find him broad, intelligent, able, generous, honest, seeking the welfare of the movement and not himself, they can trust him.

If they find him narrow, ignorant, incapable, mean, tricky, a villain of others, a self worker and a destroyer, they had best let him alone.

It is the duty of the vigilant to guard against accident. Happily the only danger from the conscious foe within is that he may temporarily gain the support of well meaning members, but as we live in an age of ever increasing intelligence the rank and file are getting more and more able to separate the wheat from the chaff both as to measures and as to individuals. The labor union of the future will condemn "the conscious foe within" to eternal industrial solitude and will learn to ostracize those members who show any disposition to exercise the power to destroy. The labor union of the present needs to remember that construction is slow, it takes years to build a labor union, but that destruction is swift, and the union that took years to build may be destroyed in a few hours by a conscious or unconscious exercise of the power to destroy.—James Symonds.

EVERY MAN FOR HIMSELF.

A Doctrine Full of Menace to the Welfare of the Wage Earner. "Every Man For Himself" is the heading of an article in the Open Shop, a union hatting publication published by the National Metal Trades associations, says Shoe Workers' Journal.

The article complains that many employers in the metal trades refuse to join the Metal Trades' association (union) and mentions reasons given in several instances. One employer did not wish to associate with his fellow manufacturers. Another is running a successful open shop and "does not need to join." (His wages are said to be low by the author.)

Another wealthy employer will not pay \$50 per year dues. We have here then three commonly met types of individuals:

First.—The man who desires to be independent.

Second.—The prosperous man who doesn't need to join.

Third.—The cheap dupe type that everybody knows. The author then proceeds to attempt to terrify all three by holding over their heads the most direful threats of what the labor unions will do to them, hoping by these means to drive them all into the Metal Trades' association.

Now if such work as this is done by a labor man he is immediately denounced as an agitator and a demagogue. Of course if it is done by a capitalist it must be eminently respectable. At the risk of being called agitators and demagogues we will call the attention of wage earners once more to the fact that the walking delegates of capital are as never before active in trying to form unions of capital to oppose unions of labor and that they are bringing their skill to the work of overcoming all obstacles.

We must concede their right to organize, and we must not only claim the same right for ourselves, but we must exercise it.

No wage earner can afford to be classed in either one of the three classes referred to above. To him the most fatal doctrine is that of "every man for himself."

LABOR AND THE SALOON.

One of the most pleasing of latter day developments looking to a solution of the saloon problem is the new attitude of labor unions toward it. At least a dozen organizations, which have a membership of about 180,000, show a marked antagonism to the saloon. The secretary of the Journeymen Tailors, for example, says that all of its officers are decidedly opposed to the use of intoxicating liquors as a beverage, and that, although formerly very few tailors were sober enough to work until after the second or third day following Sunday, now "you will scarcely find a single member of the organization that is an habitual drunkard." The secretary of the International Order of Blacksmiths says that all of its officers do everything possible to oppose the influence of the saloon among its members, and that none of the local associations meets in halls connected with saloons.—Home Herald.

Opposed to Orientals. Queensland labor members have called the attention of the Australian federal government to the influx of Chinamen, who are alleged to be avoiding the immigration restriction laws by landing at some port in Australia where there is no government restriction.

LABOR BRIEFS.

The Wilkesbarre lace mills have advanced the wages of 1,100 employees 10 per cent.

Out of the twenty-one bills in the Oregon legislature framed in the interest of labor twelve have passed both houses.

All the news from the industrial battlefield in Germany points to the certainty that 1907 will be the year of great lockouts.

International Photo Engravers' union has signed a five-year arbitration agreement with the National Publishers' association.

The executive board of the International Bookbinders' union has decided to inaugurate the eight hour day throughout the country, beginning Oct. 1 next.

Union labor is renewing interest in a proposition to establish a labor temple in Boston.

Coptic Superstition. The Coptic Christians believe that on Christmas eve the nature of every savage beast is tamed, that children may play with a lion and that all venomous reptiles lose their power to harm.

Fire Hoss. An late as 1682 squirts or syringes were used for extinguishing fire in England, and their length did not exceed two or three feet, with pipes of leather. Water tight seamless hose was first made in Bethnal Green in 1720.

Use A NEW PERFECTION Wick Blue Flame Oil Cook-Stove. Because it's clean. Because it's economical. Because it saves time. Because it gives best cooking results. Because its flame can be regulated instantly. Because it will not overheat your kitchen. Because it is better than the coal or wood stove. Because it is the perfected oil stove. For other reasons see stove at your dealer's, or write our nearest agency. Made in three sizes and fully warranted. The Rayo Lamp cannot be equaled for its bright and steady light, simple construction and absolute safety. Equipped with latest improved burner. Made of brass throughout and beautifully nickled. An ornament to any room, whether library, dining-room, parlor or bedroom. Every lamp warranted. Write to our nearest agency if not at your dealer's. STANDARD OIL COMPANY OF NEW YORK (Incorporated)

WATCHES! The largest variety to be found in the city. See our LADIES' SOLID GOLD WATCH for \$10.00. FINE WATCH REPAIRING. F. E. BURR & CO., Telephone 10-21. 85 North Main Street, Barre, Vt.

YOU CAN SPEND YOUR NIGHTS in comfort if you buy your bed and fixings from us. One night on one of our beds with a Duplex Spring and Flake Felt Mattress will make you have that "Glad-that-you-are-alive" feeling—Beds from \$4.00 to \$35.00 Each. A. W. Badger & Co., Morse Bldg. Small Expenses. Small Prices. Funeral Directors. Licensed Embalmers. Residence Calls: - 23 Eastern Avenue and 115 Seminary Street. Telephones: - Store, 447-11. House, 447-21 and 431-11. Rubber-Tired Ambulance at a Moment's Notice.

He Who Is Best Prepared Gets Best Results. Mowing Machines, Horse Rakes and Tedders, now in stock and ready for business. A. W. ALLEN, SUNNYSIDE FARM. Telephone 140-2.

GET YOUR BUTTER AND FRESH EGGS From the Granite City Creamery. Also fine Ice Cream by the plate, quart or gallon. Our aim is to always have the best only. Save our Cash Checks and they will save you money. L. B. DODGE, Worthen Block, Keith Avenue, Just Off Main Street.

An advertisement in the Times will bring sure results. An Advertisement in the Times will bring sure results.

PRINCE CARL 5 CIGAR UNION MADE