

TELLS READERS HOW TO GET RELIEF FROM INDIGESTION

The following tells why every thing eaten will be promptly digested and not left in your Stomach to ferment and sour.

As there is often someone in your family who suffers an attack of indigestion or some form of stomach trouble, why don't you keep a case of Diapasin in the house handy?

This harmless blessing is prepared in the form of 22-grain Triangles, and are eaten like candy, but they will digest anything you can eat without the slightest discomfort, and regulate a sour stomach five minutes after.

Tell your pharmacist to let you read the formula plainly printed on these 60-cent cases of Pape's Diapasin, then you will readily see why they cure indigestion, sour stomach, heartburn, and prevent all such miseries as belching of gas, eructations of sour undigested food,

nausea, headaches, dizziness, constipation and other stomach disorders.

Some folks have tried so long to find relief from indigestion with the common everyday cures advertised that they have almost made up their minds that they have something else wrong, or believe there is a case of nervousness, gastritis, catarrh of the stomach or cancer.

This is a serious mistake. Your real trouble is, what you eat does not digest; instead, it ferments and sours, turns to acid, gas and stomach poison, which putrefy the entire digestive tract and intestines and, besides, poison the breath with nauseous odors.

A hearty appetite, with thorough digestion, and without the slightest discomfort or misery of the stomach, is waiting for you as soon as you decide to get a 50-cent case of Pape's Diapasin.

One Triangle taken after eating will promptly digest and prepare for assimilation into the blood 3,000 grains of food, and is so absolutely harmless and pleasant that no one could realize they were taking such a blessing.

A Marked Discrepancy.

I had known Mrs. Anita Merivale ten years when she surprised me by calling at my office to see me on professional business. She surprised me more by announcing that she wished my services in getting a divorce from Tom Merivale, her husband.

I had supposed the Merivales were getting on very well together, but such a supposition was dispelled by what Mrs. Merivale told me about their married life. From her standpoint there was nothing whatever of good in her husband. He was bighearted with her about everything. He never took her to amusements, never gave her presents and beat her down to a ridiculously small sum in the matter of dress. He did whatever she disliked, no matter if he were cognizant of that dislike. He would read his newspaper at the breakfast table, though she had frequently told him that such conduct was abhorrent to her.

Though every matchbox in the house was provided with a receptacle for burnt matches, he would throw them anywhere and everywhere. His cigar ashes he threw on the floor. These and many other shortcomings pertaining to the husband I made a list of, and when they were all in I confess the list was not especially formidable and by no means warranted the words with which I closed the plea.

And the said Thomas D. Merivale has made her life a burden and altogether miserable.

I had known Merivale, though not so intimately as his wife, and regarded him a very good fellow. I concluded to send for him and have a talk with him, hoping that the matter might be settled out of court, or possibly I might effect a reconciliation. He was surprised that his wife had gone so far as to seek a divorce. Indeed, he was not aware that she felt herself especially aggrieved. I told him that I would take any course he might suggest with a view to satisfying his wife.

After explanations as to the mistake they had made in naming Merivale among the dead he asked his wife what she was doing in my office. She prevaricated, Merivale called upon me to produce any papers I might have drawn for his wife. At a knowing look from him I complied. He read first the divorce papers, then the application for damages. Then, looking up at his wife, he said:

"There is a slight discrepancy in these papers. Which am I to consider a correct statement?"

Mrs. Merivale was cornered. "E'm," said Merivale, looking from one paper to the other and reading. "And the said Thomas D. Merivale has made her life a burden and altogether miserable," then, "That he was in all respects a liberal and devoted husband, and the bereavement is a crushing sorrow."

Mrs. Merivale buried her face in her hands, and her husband looked at me and—winked.

Presently Mrs. Merivale sprang up, threw her arms about her husband's neck and, choking with sobs, cried: "Oh, Tom, forgive me!"

As I had observed that her grief at the loss of her husband was genuine, I now saw that her repentance was genuine.

"Let me join," I said, "in your wife's request. I dare say a brooding over small matters produced an unfortunate result. She thought she was in earnest, but I knew she was not."

Mrs. Merivale was forgiven, and I believe the couple have since lived together contentedly.

S. HUNTER HALSEY.

ASTOR BOUGHT CHESAPEAKE FLAG

Now He Has Presented It to the Royal United Service Museum in London.

and he asked me to delay filing the papers as long as possible. On his promise not to take any legal action himself I consented.

One morning I took up a paper and read an account of a terrible railroad accident. I started at seeing among the list of killed the name of Thomas D. Merivale. "That ends the matter," I said to myself, "between Merivale and his wife. This is a decree of divorce that no earthly court can gain-say."

A week later, while I was at my office, Mrs. Merivale was announced. She was dressed in mourning and seemed to be in deep grief. Her sorrow appeared to be genuine.

"I presume," I said, "that you have come to announce that since your husband's death you will not need my services."

"I have come to say that I will need your services, but for a different purpose from the one for which they have been engaged. How far have you proceeded with the divorce?"

"I have not filed the papers," she said. "I wish you to make others. I am advised to sue the railroad company for damages."

I repressed a smile. As for my client, she did not see the ludicrous feature of the situation.

"How much will you claim?"

"They say I should have \$100,000. Tom had a large salary that dies with him. The interest on \$100,000 at 5 per cent would be \$5,000. Tom spent at least that on me, and I suppose in law I am entitled to what I lose."

I made a new set of papers which recited the great benefits the life of Thomas D. Merivale conferred on his loving wife, Anita Merivale; that he was in all respects a liberal and devoted husband and that the bereavement was a crushing sorrow.

The papers were signed, sealed and sworn to when the door opened, and who should appear but "the said" Thomas D. Merivale. Mrs. Merivale, notwithstanding her eye to the main chance, showed that her statement concerning her bereavement was truthful by falling in a faint, from which she soon revived.

After explanations as to the mistake they had made in naming Merivale among the dead he asked his wife what she was doing in my office. She prevaricated, Merivale called upon me to produce any papers I might have drawn for his wife. At a knowing look from him I complied. He read first the divorce papers, then the application for damages. Then, looking up at his wife, he said:

"There is a slight discrepancy in these papers. Which am I to consider a correct statement?"

Mrs. Merivale was cornered. "E'm," said Merivale, looking from one paper to the other and reading. "And the said Thomas D. Merivale has made her life a burden and altogether miserable," then, "That he was in all respects a liberal and devoted husband, and the bereavement is a crushing sorrow."

Mrs. Merivale buried her face in her hands, and her husband looked at me and—winked.

Presently Mrs. Merivale sprang up, threw her arms about her husband's neck and, choking with sobs, cried: "Oh, Tom, forgive me!"

As I had observed that her grief at the loss of her husband was genuine, I now saw that her repentance was genuine.

"Let me join," I said, "in your wife's request. I dare say a brooding over small matters produced an unfortunate result. She thought she was in earnest, but I knew she was not."

FAREWELL TO JACK

Los Angeles Kisses Her Hand to Fleet To-day

FLEET WEEK IS OVER

Ships Continue to Be Visited by the Thousands—Yesterday 3,300 En-listed Men Toured the City in Automobiles.

Los Angeles, April 25.—Farewell day in this city was devoted by everyone to the feverish entertainment of the fleet, and to-day when the sixteen ships sail away with a parting salute of 100 guns, there was not a man aboard who did not find amusement provided for every hour of the week's visit.

Yesterday morning the seven beach towns were in the whirl of special programs prepared for both officers and tars, while in Los Angeles itself the round of entertainment continued. There was an automobile tour for 3,300 men, whom Admiral Thomas allowed to land immediately after breakfast. They marched in a body to the heart of the city, where at 10 a. m. 600 automobiles were waiting to take them aboard. In the business section the tour partook of the nature of a parade and big crowds gathered to see the blue-jackets roll by. The ride lasted four hours.

TRAIN BANDITS SCARED AWAY.

Had Fifty Sticks of Dynamite to Blow Open Treasure Boxes, But Their Nerve Failed Them.

Butte, Mont., April 25.—Lack of nerve at a critical moment caused the failure of a desperate attempt last night to hold up the westbound north coast limited at a point two miles west of Welch's Spur and about twelve miles east of Butte, on the line of the Northern Pacific.

Rudolph Wenk, Paul Flenius and Albert Teasdale have been arrested for complicity in the attempted hold up and are being held in the county jail here. Wenk and Flenius, who are Germans, admit having participated in the flagging of the train, but they declare they were forced to act by two armed and masked desperadoes, who, when the train had come to a halt, lost their courage and ran away.

Flenius and Wenk walked to Welch's Spur station, where they arrived and told of the affair. They said that the bandits had fifty sticks of dynamite with them and had planned to blow up part of the train to get the money supposed to be aboard. A stick of dynamite was found on top of a low bluff beside the cut in which the train was stopped.

What was supposed to have been the report of torpedoes, thought to have placed on the train, were reports of shots fired at the engineer by the two bandits, according to the two Germans.

THREE DEATHS IN CYCLONE.

The Storm Causes Serious Losses in Nebraska.

Benard, Neb., April 25.—A cyclone swept through Cumming county and into Thurston county at noon Thursday, and three people are known to have been killed and several injured, and a number of houses were destroyed. Telegraph and telephone wires are down. The tornado struck the house of John Mangleson, near Pender, Neb., and carried into the air the wreckage of the house, and Mr. and Mrs. Mangleson. Both were killed, and their bodies were carried a mile. A heavy downpour of rain and hail followed the cyclone, which swept northward through the Winnebago Indian reservation, where much damage is supposed to have been done. The houses there being of the most flimsy character. The storm passed within a quarter of a mile of Pender and caused consternation in that town.

Do You Think For Yourself?

On do you open your mouth like a young bird and gulp down whatever food or medicine may be offered you?

Do you are an intelligent thinking woman. In need of help from weakness, nervousness, pain and suffering, there is means advanced to you that there are tried and true, honest medicine of pure vegetable origin, sold by druggists for the cure of women's ills.

The makers of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription for the cure of weak, nervous, run-down, overworked, debilitated, pain-racked women, knowing this medicine to be made up of ingredients, every one of which has the strongest possible endorsement of the leading and standard authorities of the several schools of practice, are perfectly willing, and in fact, are only too glad to print, and send, the formula, or list of ingredients of which it is composed, in plain English, on every bottle wrapper.

The formula of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription will bear the most critical examination of medical experts, for it contains no alcohol, narcotics, harmful, or habit-forming drugs, and no agent enters into it that is not highly recommended by the most advanced and leading medical teachers and authorities of their several schools of practice. These authorities recommend the ingredients of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription for the cure of exactly the same ailments for which this world-famous medicine is advised.

No other medicine for women's ills has any such professional endorsement as Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription has received. In the unqualified recommendation of each of its several ingredients by scores of leading medical men of all the schools of practice. In such an endorsement not worthy of your consideration.

A booklet of ingredients, with numerous authoritative professional endorsements by the leading medical authorities of this country, will be mailed free to any one sending name and address with request for same. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

LINE-UP ON MANCHURIA

The Powers Divided Into Two Groups

RUSSIA AND JAPAN STAND

Against All Others—Fleet Visit an Encouragement to China—Has Aroused Some Suspicion on This Account.

Pekin, April 25.—American influence in Peking is strongly opposed to the proposal that the American fleet of battleships call at Chinese ports because during the past few weeks the conditions in Manchuria have created an international situation which is regarded as dangerous. Furthermore, the spontaneous alignment of the Powers, for the first time since the conclusion of the Russo-Japanese war, and the attitude of encouragement to China discerned in this American demonstration have aroused suspicion. Germany, France and the other Powers support the coming of the fleet and Great Britain acquiesces to the proposal, but the final position of Russia is uncertain. This is by reason of the Russo-Japanese unity on the question of the government of Russian and Japanese subjects in Manchuria, as well as Russia's self-confessed dependence on receipt of the Russo-Japanese relations to insure peace in the Pacific.

There is an impression here that neither Secretary Root nor Baron Rosen, the Russian ambassador to Washington, is favorably disposed to the present plan of the statesmen of China to effect a coup d'etat in Manchuria, but China is convinced that the United States will not be able to retire from its position in the matter of the control of the municipality of Harbin, and she, therefore, hopes to have favorable consideration from Washington of her plan. China is apprehensive lest the United States should now weaken in her support of the principal clause of the Portsmouth treaty, for this would permanently defeat the effects and the object of Chinese administration in Manchuria. Because of this apprehension it would take only a trifle to precipitate a crisis, and in this connection it is interesting to note that both the United States and the United States desire to suppress so far as possible news of the recent occurrence at Moul-don when several Japanese attacked the staff of the American consulate.

The reading by Japan a few days ago of Baron Hayashi, the Japanese minister to China, thus putting an end to his temporary filling of this post, which has lasted for a year, is taken here to show that Japan recognizes the advent of a new phase in the Manchurian question. The Powers are aware that the policies of Russia and Japan are based upon secret agreements and memoranda, instead of upon actual or just treaties, and this fact has been revealed by the developments of the current situation. It is said here that an effort is thus made to establish the effort of thus being made to establish the principle of secrecy in important agreements.

ASKS AUTHENTICITY OF THE SCRIPTURES.

Abbe Loisy, Famous Modernist, Wants Proof of The Miracles.

Paris, April 25.—Abbe Loisy, the most celebrated of the French modernists, who was recently excommunicated by the Pope, has just published an interesting volume of letters, exchanged with various members of the clergy between 1903 and 1908. In a letter to Abbe Briouet, the editor of the Review of the French Clergy, he says:

"I defy you to prove the historical authenticity of the Scriptures, on which are founded the apologetics of Catholicism as officially expressed by the council of the Vatican. The council speaks of miracles and predictions which Moses, the prophets and especially Christ, made in abundance and which constitute the surest and clearest proofs of divine revelation."

"I defy you to show me a single passage of either Testament which contains a definite prediction incontrovertibly realized. I defy you to show me an indubitable miracle sufficiently authenticated to be cited as irrefutable proof of the Jewish or Christian religion. I defy you to prove the formal institution of the church of Christ. I defy you to prove by Christ's authentic teaching the revelation of the fundamental dogmas of traditional Christianity. I defy you to prove the divine institutions of the sacraments."

ROY INSISTS HE KILLED CARKINS IN SELF-DEFENSE

Severe Cross-examination for Glacia Calla's Husband.

Paris, April 25.—Paul L. Roy, the Frenchman who is accused by his American wife, known as Glacia Calla, of the murder of her brother, George A. Carkins, at Newington, N. H., last January, was yesterday examined a second time before M. Bonnard. His attorney, M. Aubin, was present.

Roy underwent a severe cross-examination, but he did not vary in any essential detail from the version of the killing of Carkins, which he already has given to the press, namely, that he killed the man in self-defense.

A Skin of Beauty is a Joy Forever

DR. T. FELIX GEURAUD'S ORIENTAL Cream or Magical Beautifier.

Removes Tan, Pimples, freckles, black and red spots, wrinkles, and all skin blemishes, and restores the natural beauty of the face. It is the best of all skin preparations. It is the only one that is guaranteed to be effective. It is the only one that is guaranteed to be safe. It is the only one that is guaranteed to be pleasant. It is the only one that is guaranteed to be economical. It is the only one that is guaranteed to be reliable. It is the only one that is guaranteed to be successful. It is the only one that is guaranteed to be permanent. It is the only one that is guaranteed to be perfect.

Geuraud's Cream is the best beauty preparation in the world. It is the only one that is guaranteed to be effective. It is the only one that is guaranteed to be safe. It is the only one that is guaranteed to be pleasant. It is the only one that is guaranteed to be economical. It is the only one that is guaranteed to be reliable. It is the only one that is guaranteed to be successful. It is the only one that is guaranteed to be permanent. It is the only one that is guaranteed to be perfect.

CONSTITUTION FOR WOMAN'S CLUB

ARTICLE I. NAME. The name of this Association shall be the WOMAN'S PERSONAL APPEARANCE CLUB.

ARTICLE II. OBJECT. The object of this Association shall be the improvement of the natural appearance of each of its members.

ARTICLE III. MEMBERSHIP. Section 1. Membership in this Club shall be of two classes, Active and Passive. Section 2. Active Membership shall be limited to those who intelligently devote a reasonable share of their time to the object of this Association. Section 3. Passive Membership shall be confined to those who, while disinclined to investigate the opportunities for personal improvement, are willing to accept the advice of those who do.

ARTICLE IV. OFFICERS. The offices of President, First and Second Vice-President, Secretary and Treasurer shall be honorary in character, and may be assumed, at will, by any member, when such assumption advances the good of the cause.

ARTICLE V. MEETINGS. Section 1. Regular meetings may occur upon bright days, following the careful preparation of members for the purpose. Section 2. No member shall be admitted to any regular meeting whose appearance does not instantly stamp her a member of the Club. Section 3. Special or unexpected meetings between members may occur at any time or place; therefore each member should at all times be mindful of her membership and never appear untidy or be seen with dull, brittle or unsightly hair.

ARTICLE VI. QUORUM. Section 1. One member shall constitute a quorum for the execution of any plan or the use of any prophylactic not out of harmony with the object of the Association. Section 2. Upon special occasions a larger number may constitute a quorum, provided the purpose of the meeting interests and instructs those who are known to be loyal to the Club.

ARTICLE VII. AMENDMENTS. Section 1. But one amendment is permissible under this Constitution. Section 2. Article III may be amended by the addition of a section permitting Auxiliary Members. Section 3. Any married man may become an Auxiliary Member by promptly and cheerfully purchasing—for his own family—such toilet remedies or requisites as may be desired by any Active or Passive Member.

NOTE 1. It is passing strange that we have no clubs for the improvement of one's natural appearance; "a back to nature club," so to speak. We certainly need them, for we all know that one lecture by a capable dermatologist would be more helpful to the complexion than a ton of beauty lotion.

NOTE 2. No one has other than encouragement for literary clubs, but we are forced to admit that many, many hours are devoted to looking up the deprecations of some ancient Buceanor, when the time would be worth more if spent in combating the deprecations of dandruff germs.

NOTE 3. Upon this very subject, how many know the cause of the dandruff germ and the havoc it creates in a luxuriant growth of hair? It is a deplorable fact that, up to within very recent years, one century after another rolled by without any important addition to our knowledge of hair preservation.

NOTE 4. Nearly six thousand years ago, or to be exact, 4,000 B. C., the mother of the Egyptian King Chata (second king of the first dynasty) tried to save the hair of that monarch with a mixture of dogs' paws, dates and asses' hoofs, ground up and cooked in oil (Egyptian Papyrus). Similar remedies have been popular ever since.

NOTE 5. Just when cantharides took the place of dogs' paws in hair remedies is not known, but Hippocrates, "the father of medicine," used it four hundred years B. C., and it has been in constant use—with no benefit whatever—up to within the present decade. Most hair remedies contain it even now. What is "cantharides?" Simply a foul smelling dried fly or bug from the Levant that has been dried, powdered and soaked in alcohol. The elder Pliny, A. D. 23, and also Dioscorides, overcame the "mousy" odor with hot vinegar.

NOTE 6. It remained for the eminent German, Unna, (ask your doctor about him) to discover that the real cause of dandruff, itching scalp and falling hair is an invisible microbe growth of vegetable character that lodges and develops in the sebaceous glands of the hair follicles in the scalp. This shows that the disease is contagious and also that the use of dead animals or bugs is worse than useless.

NOTE 7. The first remedy to successfully combat the dandruff germ, stop itching and permit the hair to grow as nature intended, is Newbro's Herculic. It is a scientific germicide and scalp prophylactic. It does not stain or dye the hair, and it contains no cantharides. While Newbro's Herculic will not cure chronic baldness or do anything "magical," its intelligent use will produce results that are, to say the least, extraordinary. In addition to its remedial qualities, it makes the hair light and fluffy and gives it a silken gloss. Dr. V. T. McGillycuddy, Denver, Colo., Medical Inspector Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, writes as follows concerning Newbro's Herculic:

"Knowing the composition of Herculic, I can state that it contains nothing injurious. In a great number of cases of baldness, a neglected dandruff can be considered as its immediate exciting cause or associated condition. Your Herculic will, in the vast majority of cases, cure and prevent the continuation of dandruff. It is an elegant and ideal hair dressing."

NOTE 8. It is a scientific germicide and scalp prophylactic. It does not stain or dye the hair, and it contains no cantharides. While Newbro's Herculic will not cure chronic baldness or do anything "magical," its intelligent use will produce results that are, to say the least, extraordinary. In addition to its remedial qualities, it makes the hair light and fluffy and gives it a silken gloss. Dr. V. T. McGillycuddy, Denver, Colo., Medical Inspector Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, writes as follows concerning Newbro's Herculic:

NOTE 9. It is a scientific germicide and scalp prophylactic. It does not stain or dye the hair, and it contains no cantharides. While Newbro's Herculic will not cure chronic baldness or do anything "magical," its intelligent use will produce results that are, to say the least, extraordinary. In addition to its remedial qualities, it makes the hair light and fluffy and gives it a silken gloss. Dr. V. T. McGillycuddy, Denver, Colo., Medical Inspector Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, writes as follows concerning Newbro's Herculic:

NOTE 10. It is a scientific germicide and scalp prophylactic. It does not stain or dye the hair, and it contains no cantharides. While Newbro's Herculic will not cure chronic baldness or do anything "magical," its intelligent use will produce results that are, to say the least, extraordinary. In addition to its remedial qualities, it makes the hair light and fluffy and gives it a silken gloss. Dr. V. T. McGillycuddy, Denver, Colo., Medical Inspector Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, writes as follows concerning Newbro's Herculic:

NOTE 11. It is a scientific germicide and scalp prophylactic. It does not stain or dye the hair, and it contains no cantharides. While Newbro's Herculic will not cure chronic baldness or do anything "magical," its intelligent use will produce results that are, to say the least, extraordinary. In addition to its remedial qualities, it makes the hair light and fluffy and gives it a silken gloss. Dr. V. T. McGillycuddy, Denver, Colo., Medical Inspector Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, writes as follows concerning Newbro's Herculic:

FRANTIC WOMEN



Organic disturbances of the feminine system act like a firebrand on the nerves of women, often driving them fairly frantic.

A nervous, irritable woman is a source of misery not only to herself, but to all those who come under her influence. That such conditions can be entirely overcome by taking

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND

is given by the following letters. Mrs. Mary Wood, of Christiana, Ark., writes to Mrs. Pinkham:

"I had the worst form of female nervousness and my nerves were all torn to pieces; sometimes I suffered so much I seemed as though I could not live. I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and now I feel like a different person. Your medicine is worth its weight in gold, and I suggest you enough for your advice."

Mrs. Wallace Wilson, Thompsonville, Conn., writes to Mrs. Pinkham: "I was all run down, nervous, and could not rest nights. Doctors failed to help me. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound restored me to perfect health."

FACTS FOR SICK WOMEN. For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has positively cured thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, irregularities, periodic pains, backaches. Why don't you try it? Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.

E. A. DROWN, Special Agent for Newbro's Herculic.

REPORTS OF PROGRESS COME from those sections where it has had its initial trial. It is hoped that the directors of Enosburg and Enosburg Falls will continue to work for the formation of a union and provide for the expert supervision of our schools.—Enosburg Standard.

VERMONT'S PRESIDENTIAL POSITION. We believe in view of the disastrous results which have followed attempts to adopt presidential resolutions in other New England states the Republicans of Vermont will promote their own interests as well as those of the party throughout the country by taking a position productive of harmony and at the same time satisfying all possible factions.

HOWEVER STRONGLY we may individually favor this candidate or that every good Republican wants the Chicago convention to nominate the candidate who has the best chance to win. In our humble estimation therefore the Vermont Republicans in connection with national politics should adopt a ringing endorsement of President Roosevelt's administration, as well as that of Governor Proctor, and if we say anything regarding presidential preferences, should declare that we favor the nomination at Chicago of the progressive Republican who at that time promises to be strongest at the polls in November.

IF THERE is any Republican in Vermont who is not willing to stand on a plank like this, he has no business to go to the national convention as a delegate, for Vermont Republicans stand for the welfare of the party and the prestige of our state rather than for mere personal partisanship.—Burlington Free Press.

FOR EXPERT SUPERVISION. The Standard is glad to note that steps have been taken looking to the formation of a union, which shall include the graded schools of Enosburg Falls and the district schools of the town, to secure expert supervision under the terms of the new school law dealing with that subject.

THIS LAW is one of the most important features of the progressive legislation looking to the improvement of the educational system of the state. Last year, the first under which the plan was taken up, witnessed the formation of a goodly number of unions or districts, and while it is too early to speak of thorough results, it is considered that the system is fairly on the way to jus-

Don't Heat the Kitchen

All the necessary family cooking may be done as well on a New Perfection Wick Blue Flame Oil Cook-Stove as on the best coal or wood range.

By using the "New Perfection" Oil Stove, the annoyance of an overheated and stuffy kitchen is entirely avoided, even in midsummer. The construction of the

NEW PERFECTION Wick Blue Flame Oil Cook-Stove

is such that the heat is thrown directly upward against the kettle or pan upon the stove top, without affecting the atmosphere of the room to an appreciable degree.

You can at once see the advantage of this stove over a great range which throws heat in all directions—it is the ideal summer stove. If your dealer does not have the "New Perfection" write our nearest agency.

The Rayo Lamp is substantially made of brass, fully nickel-plated and very powerful light and burns for hours in safe, convenient—just what every household needs. It is not with your dealer, write or Standard Oil Company (Incorporated)

