

BARRE WON ALL BUT THREE

Of the Double Header Bowling Matches

ON SATURDAY EVENING

Crescents and Calumets Boosted Their Averages at the Expense of the Team from the Ethan Allen Club.

The Allens of Burlington bowled the Calumets and the Crescents in the state league at Buzzell's alleys Saturday evening and were defeated four games to one by each of the Barre teams. The Calumets won the first four games and dropped the last one to the Allens by five pins. The Crescents let the visitors have the first game and then helped themselves to the last four. Low scores were made in all of the games. Walsh of the Calumets made both the highest single and game totals with scores of 244 and 986, respectively. The scores:

Table with 2 columns: Name and Score. Rows include Averill, Douglas, Walsh, etc.

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Dyspeptics... Singularly effective... C. J. SIMONDS DIES FROM GAS.

Collinsville Man, Musician and Son of Late Congressman W. E. Simonds.

Hartford, Conn., Feb. 15.—Casper J. Simonds of Collinsville, son of the late William Edgar Simonds, United States commissioner of patents, congressman and chevalier of the Legion of Honor, was found dead at the Prospect, corner of High and Church streets, early Saturday morning, death being due to asphyxiation from illuminating gas, which was turned on full head. The death is believed to have been accidental. Mr. Simonds, who was 32 years of age, lived at the old family homestead in Collinsville with his mother, he being her only child living. He was a musician and had played for several years in Coll's band, being in the band at Luna park for the past three summers. This winter he had been playing the trombone in a theatre in Waterbury, but when he band was reduced about a month ago he lost his position and went back to Collinsville. Thursday night he came to Hartford and played in Scott Snow's orchestra at a fraternal entertainment, staying in town the following day.

Friday night he went to the Prospect, where his uncle, A. H. Simonds, lived, and got a room. His uncle saw him late at night and went into his room early Saturday morning, to find the gas turned on and the young man dead. Medical Examiner Fuller gave a verdict of accidental death. It is thought possible that Simonds became confused when he went to put out the light. He had been doing for some time when found. Mr. Simonds was well known all over the state as a musician, and, besides playing in Coll's band, had a band of his own in Collinsville. He was educated at the Collinsville high school and the Hartford public high school. The funeral will be held today at 2 o'clock at Trinity church in Collinsville. Burial will be at the convenience of the family.

House Debated Indian Bill on Saturday

CONG. FOSTER'S WISHES

He Wants Certain Postal Changes to Relieve Unjust Charges on Packages—Other Things Talked Over.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 15.—How well the House of Representatives is marking the time was shown Saturday by the consumption of another day in general debate on the relatively unimportant Indian appropriation bill, which Representative Sherman, the vice-president-elect, is for the last time steering through the House. The House managers find themselves suddenly rich in point of time at their disposal and the question is how to eat it up without imperiling the program to prevent undesired legislation. Mr. Weeks should find matters easy for his forest reservation bill.

In the general debate, Representative Washburn of Massachusetts, in a set speech pleading for action by Congress that would bring the Sherman anti-trust law up to present requirements of the business world. Representative Foster of Vermont urged Congress to accept his bill providing for a change in the postal regulations: as to permit graded charges for sending postal packages, declaring that it cost as much to send a parcel two miles from any town in Vermont as it does to send it to San Francisco, and that, indeed, it could be sent for less to London.

The so-called insurgents had an inning on the floor, in which the thoughtful Representative Hayes of California urged revision of the rules. He said the rules are the result of evolution, and must be revised to meet changing conditions, and to propose a change must not be viewed as an onslaught on time-tried and approved customs. He declared his conviction that if no change in the rules is effected the House of Representatives must degenerate into a machine for registering the will of the speaker. At the beginning of Congress, for just one reason, Congress is an independent body, but as soon as the present rules are adopted authority is abdicated to the speaker for the balance of the term, and he is given greater legislative power than is exercised by any human being living, unless it be the czar of Russia. He especially addressed himself to the right of the speaker to deny recognition to members to bring up matters that would otherwise be in order. He asserted that the alleged right is foreign to all fairness and clearly an unwarranted usurpation of power by the speaker. "No self-respecting member should tolerate the exercise of any such autocratic authority," he said, and added: "The modern office of speaker of the House is a constitutional monstrosity." The whole trouble, he asserted, arises from the political power the speaker obtained through his control by appointment of the committees of the House and that of the committee of rules. He advocated that the committee be appointed by the House, and be pending for a calendar day and for a rule that would prevent the speaker from denying recognition to members.

It is not so certain that a two-thirds vote can be rallied to take up the registration making Mr. Knox eligible for the Taft cabinet, but if this can be procured today, the bill will be passed, and if not it will take its regular order, or a special rule will be introduced to put it on its passage. More Democratic opposition has been encountered than was expected. Rumors are that the civil sundry bill will carry appropriations of some \$135,000,000, and that the Senate is expected to increase the sum up to \$160,000,000. These figures are unparalleled for such a bill, and if the figures shall prove true, indicate that the bars against lavish appropriations have been taken down. An inference is that the committee has inside information from the ways and means committee that the sources of revenue of the country are to be much increased.

The subcommittee of the committee of the House has arranged to give a hearing on Wednesday on the proposal to authorize the federal courts to sit at Springfield. Representative Gillett will appear before the committee.

SNAGS FOR KNOX RELIEF BILL.

Minority of House Committee Opposed to the Salary Reduction Measure.

Washington, Feb. 15.—The House committee on the election of president and vice-president and representatives in Congress agreed Saturday by a vote of five to three to a favorable report on the Gaines bill to reduce the salary of the secretary of state, thus making Senator Knox eligible for that position. This was not done, however, until the committee had voted down a motion to ask the House to refer the legal question involved to the committee on judiciary. A minority report will be presented to the House.

The meeting of the committee was a spirited one. There were present four Republicans and four Democrats out of the 13 members. The support given the Republican members by Representative Lassiter of Virginia throughout made the favorable action by the committee certain. Representatives Gaines of West Virginia, Sullivan of New Hampshire, Norris of Nebraska, Forth and Lassiter voted against the Gillespie amendment to refer the constitutional question to the judiciary committee, while Representative Rucker of Missouri, Gillespie of Texas and Hackett of North Carolina, Democrats, cast their votes in support of it. Representative Rucker wanted to amend the bill by adding the McCall bill for publicity of campaign contributions, but Chairman Gaines declared this was out of order. The division of the committee on the vote to report the bill

TAKE IT EASY IN CONGRESS

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MILLIONS OF LIVES LOST

The Awful Toll Collected by Consumption.

If people could only understand that catarrh is an internal scrofula—that nothing applied externally does much good—they would not need to be warned so often about this fatal disease, which, when neglected, invariably ends up in consumption, at the cost of millions of lives every year. Yet catarrh is easily cured if the right treatment is employed. Catarrh is caused by germs in the blood which circulate throughout the entire system. External remedies give but temporary ease. Although the effects are often seen in the form of pimples, rash, eczema or dry scaly skin, the trouble is internal, and can never be cured by external remedies.

The only way to cure catarrh is by employing a medicine which is absorbed and carried by the blood to all parts of the system, so that the mucous membrane or internal lining of the body is thoroughly medicated, soothed, disinfected of germ matter, and the soreness healed.

We have a remedy prepared from the prescription of a physician who for thirty years studied and made catarrh a specialty and whose record of success was a cure in every case where his treatment was followed as prescribed. That remedy is Rexall Mucuo-Tone. We are so positive that it will cure catarrh in all its various forms, whether acute or chronic, that we promise to return every penny paid us for the medicine in every case where it fails to cure or for any reason does not satisfy the user.

We want you to try Rexall Mucuo-Tone on our recommendation and guarantee. We are right here where you live, and you do not contract any obligation or risk when you try Rexall Mucuo-Tone on our guarantee. We have Rexall Mucuo-Tone in two sizes. The prices are 50c and \$1. Very often the 50c size effects a cure. Of course, in chronic cases a longer treatment is necessary. The average in such instances is three \$1.00 bottles. Rickett & Wells, The Red Cross Pharmacy, Miles Granite Block.

out was the same as the Gillespie amendment, except that the votes for Representative Burke of Pennsylvania and Jackson of Maryland, both Republicans, were cast in his favor, in accordance with telegraphic requests. The submission of the bill to the House will establish the regularity of calling up the bill for passage to-day under suspension of the rules. The three Democrats who opposed the bill in committee will present the minority report. Advocates of the bill are confident that it will receive the necessary two-thirds vote, to pass it under suspension of the rules.

Speaker Cannon Saturday, despite the contentions of Mr. Henry of Texas and several followers on the Democratic side, who sought to have the Senate bill reducing the salary of the secretary of state to its former figure referred to the judiciary committee, ruled that the bill proposed by the committee on election of president and vice-president. This decision, however, was not reached until a long discussion had ensued in the House over the rules governing the reference of bills in general.

PROTOCOL WITH VENEZUELA.

Three Claims to the Hague—Others Are Directly Settled.

Washington, Feb. 15.—Special Commissioner W. I. Buchanan Saturday telegraphed the state department at Washington that he had signed a protocol with the Venezuelan government for the settlement of the disputes between that country and the United States. He will leave Caracas for home Tuesday. Mr. Buchanan's mission has occupied a much longer time than was expected. Questions of pride and national honor on the part of Venezuela have operated to delay the settlement of the matter. The advice from Mr. Buchanan indicates that these have been overcome, and the prospect for a rapid ending of the long-pending differences between the two countries, the official hope, are now bright. Mr. Buchanan will probably come north on the cruiser Des Moines.

The Venezuelan cabinet Thursday approved the proposal to effect the settlement directly between the United States and Venezuela, thus removing the last obstacle to the signing of the protocol. Three claims go to the Hague tribunal for arbitration; a fourth is settled by a small cash payment, and the fifth has been settled directly between the Venezuelan government and the claimants. The protocol is said in a dispatch from Caracas to be equally satisfactory to the United States and Venezuela. It saves the dignity of Venezuela, while as for America, the troublesome claims that have led to so much negotiation are disposed of. The New York and Bermudez asphalt company has reached a direct settlement with the government. This outcome was brought about by Commissioner Buchanan. The company obtains possession of its property in Venezuela and agrees to pay the government a minimum revenue of \$20,000 a year. Furthermore, the company will pay the government a cash indemnity of \$60,000 to compromise the suit brought against it on account of its alleged participation in the Matos revolution. A. F. Jaurett, an American newspaper man, who was expelled from Venezuela by former President Castro, is awarded \$3,000 without arbitration. The claims of the United States and Venezuela company, otherwise known as the Orinoco Steamship company and of the Orinoco corporation are to be submitted to the Hague tribunal for arbitration.

When the flames became too hot to prevent the work of rescue the villagers were obliged to stand about and watch the building burn to the ground. The home of Warren Quimby nearby was threatened, but was saved.

The property loss is estimated at \$15,000.

Paderewski's Diet.

Prior to his appearance at a concert Paderewski would not thank one for a piece of the finest turkey or for the most toothsome Christmas pudding ever made. On a concert day he ate nothing until it is ever except one soft boiled egg.

When it is over he takes a hearty meal, which he enjoys thoroughly as his appetite is excellent although he is so abstemious. During a concert he drinks a soda lemonade made without sugar. It is hard to say that this is not included as a stimulant. After the concert he permits himself a draught of some malt beverage.—Musical American.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS

PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of itching, blind, bleeding or protruding piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c.

O. J. DODGE, The Jeweler, 200 Main St. With Ideal Book Store.

ROBBERS WERE COOL

And Got About \$36,000 From the Train

WHICH THEY HAD HELD UP

Passengers Were First Intimidated by the Firing of Several Shots—Conductor Had a Narrow Escape.

Denver, Feb. 15.—Denver and Rio Grande passenger train No. 4, from the west, while running at 50 miles an hour was held up at 9:15 o'clock Saturday morning between Fort Logan and Denver by two or three bandits (or perhaps four), two of whom suddenly appeared from the tender and compelled the engineer and fireman to stop the train. The bandits took the two engineers from the cab and, standing about 35 feet from the locomotive, one of them fired three times at the headlight, hitting it twice, but not extinguishing it. They then fired a number of shots along side the coaches to intimidate the passengers and train crew. The conductor appeared and one of the bandits fired at him three times before he could escape. He was not hit.

With their two prisoners, two of the train robbers, one of whom is described as large and another as small, then went to the door of the mail car and compelled the fireman to call out to the mail clerks to open the door. They were lined up alongside the engineer while one of the robbers forced the fireman to help him put three sacks of registered mail over a fence. One of these is said to have contained a large sum of money, but until a thorough checking up of the missing packages is possible the exact amount of the theft cannot be ascertained.

The robbery was remarkable for its originality and daring. It took place within eight miles of Denver, within less than two miles of Fort Logan, the United States military reservation, and at a spot where habitations are plentiful. Yet so thorough was the work of the bandits and so well were their plans laid that they had fully an hour and a half start of the officers. Search of the vicinity of the hold-up indicates that a third man and possibly a fourth helped in the robbery, that a rubber-tired buggy was in waiting for the actual hold-up and that torpedoes and red signal fires were used unsuccessfully in an attempt to stop the train before the automatic revolvers of the two men on the engine tender succeeded in doing this.

The train proceeded to Santa Fe Junction, where the news of the hold-up was telegraphed into Denver. A half-dozen secret service men at once went to the scene of the hold-up and Chief Armstrong sent an automobile load of policemen to assist in the search. The surrounding country is being scoured, and the troops at Fort Logan may be asked to help. A horse and buggy was stolen from a farmer in the neighborhood of the hold-up, but whether by the robbers themselves or by accomplices has not been determined.

One of the packages taken is said to have contained currency from a Salt Lake City bank, in amount variously estimated at from \$1,000 to \$5,000.

ACADEMY'S LOSS \$15,000.

Proctor Academy Near Franklin Falls, N. H., Has Fire.

Franklin Falls, N. H., Feb. 15.—The boarding hall at Proctor academy in Andover was totally destroyed by fire Saturday night. It was a large three-story wooden block, occupied by the 70 boys and girls of the academy and was also used as the home of Principal T. P. Farr and family and four other teachers.

The fire caught around a chimney and was first seen near the roof about 7:15. Andover has no fire-fighting apparatus and no hydrant service, and all that could be done was to attempt to save the furnishings of the building. This was done in a few cases, but nearly all the students' belongings were lost.

When the flames became too hot to prevent the work of rescue the villagers were obliged to stand about and watch the building burn to the ground. The home of Warren Quimby nearby was threatened, but was saved.

The property loss is estimated at \$15,000.

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Dyspepsia APPENDICITIS

Great Excitement in Chamber of Deputies

KAIMI PASHA RESIGNS

Grand Vizier's Action in Outing Two Popular Ministers Precipitated a Crisis on Saturday Afternoon.

Constantinople, Feb. 15.—The Turkish Chamber of Deputies, after an exciting sitting of six hours Saturday, passed a vote of want of confidence in the grand vizier, Kiamli Pasha, by 198 to 8. The Chamber also directed the president to communicate to the sultan a resolution requesting him to appoint a prime minister possessing the confidence of the House. As a consequence of the House's action, the grand vizier has handed in his seals as an officer of the sultan. The vote was the result of Kiamli Pasha's refusal to appear before the Chamber Saturday to explain the recent ministerial changes. In a communication to the Chamber announcing his resignation the grand vizier stated that his action was because of the persistent hostility shown by the Chamber, despite his written explanations. His absence, he said, and the responsibilities for the consequences must result with those who created the present situation. The Chamber remained passive. Communications from the former ministers of war and marine protesting against their removal by the grand vizier were greeted with cheers, as was also a protest signed by the naval officers against the appointment to the latter office of Husni Pasha, who was described as a spy of the old regime. Strong opposition to Kiamli Pasha was apparent from the outset. The Young Turks' committee had been at work for two days and practically compelled the vote taken Saturday. The attitude of the Chamber and its condemnation of the grand vizier before hearing his explanations, which he promised to give on Wednesday, are criticized by the public, whose impression of Saturday's proceedings is generally unfavorable. The entire action is considered a demonstration of the control, which the Young Turks' committee has assumed over the parliamentary procedure and the new government.

Following the victory of the Young Turks, which resulted in the establishment of the government on a constitutional basis last August, Kiamli Pasha became grand vizier for the third time. During his career he has struggled for a constitutional regime and thrice has suffered exile for his opinions. There has been much disaffection among the members of the cabinet ever since their appointment, and a crisis was brought about a few days ago by the sudden removal by the grand vizier of the minister of war and the minister of marine. It is understood that these changes were due to the discovery of a plot against the cabinet, which other reports attributed the ousting of these two ministers to the fight between the two rival reform parties, the committee of union and progress and the liberal union.

NEGRO LYNCHED.

After Being Identified as Assailant of Woman.

Gainesville, Fla., Feb. 15.—Jake Wade, the negro who was arrested Friday in Gainesville, Fla., accused of being the assailant of Miss Irma Newell at Lake-lake, Fla., last Tuesday, was lynched Saturday, immediately following his identification by the young woman. A posse of 25 men took him from the train and carried him to the Newell home. Miss Newell said that there was no doubt that he was her assailant. He was hanged to a tree and his body riddled with bullets.

GOES TO CINCINNATI.

Taft Left New Orleans By Special Train Today.

New Orleans, Feb. 15.—President-elect Taft and party left at 9:20 this forenoon for Cincinnati by special train. Several stops will be made for brief speeches on the way.

TO ARREST GORKY.

St. Petersburg Police Get an Order to Take Him In.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 13.—A warrant for the arrest of Maxim Gorky was issued to the police to-day. It is supposed that the charge is a political one.

WEIGH YOURSELF BEFORE USING

Weigh yourself before commencing to use Samose, the great flesh forming food. The wonderful sale on this preparation since first introduced into this country is the remarkable results following its use. Have made D. F. Davis such an enthusiastic believer in the great value of Samose that he gives his personal guarantee to refund the money if Samose will not make thin people fat and restore strength and health to those who use it. This is a strong guarantee, but D. F. Davis has seen so many of his customers who a few weeks ago looked like walking skeletons become plump and well so through the use of Samose, that he feels he cannot say too much to induce people to try it. This marvelous flesh-forming food is assimilated as soon as it is taken into the stomach, makes good rich blood, tones up the weakened system, helps to assimilate, and makes the user plump, well, and rosy.

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