

WILL ASK CHECK ON 'PHONES

President Will Urge Legislation in Message to Congress

HIS ANSWER TO MERGER

Authority to Regulate Rates to Be Given to Commerce Board in His Plan.

Investigation Story Is Denied.

Washington, Nov. 20.—President Taft, it is expected, will urge Congress in his next message to enact legislation giving the government in specific terms the right to regulate telegraph and telephone rates.

According to high authority here, this will be the answer of the president to the merger of which the American Telegraph and Telephone company is the head.

The administration realizes the tendency to combinations is so great that government cannot stop it, but he feels strongly that the government ought to have regulatory power not alone as to telegraph and telephone rates but that through a national incorporation law it should be given power to check the evils arising from combinations generally.

While the department of justice is not disposed, according to a high official of that department, to go into the telephone and telegraph matter, it is expected that when Congress meets one of the two houses will insist on an investigation.

FOR WASHINGTON MEMORIAL.

Dollar Subscriptions to Raise \$2,000,000.

New York, Nov. 20.—The George Washington Memorial association, the purpose of which is the erection of a suitable building as a national memorial at Washington to the first President of the republic, announces the completion of its plans.

The association now proposes to raise a fund of \$2,000,000 by national subscription for the erection of a building at the capital where the national patriotic, scientific, educational, literary and art societies and organizations of the country may have a place of meeting or conference at any and all times.

The appeal for subscriptions is made directly to the humble people of the country, the working classes, the school children and the citizens of moderate means.

PORTO RICO CUT OFF.

Tropical Storm Breaks Cable Communication.

New York, Nov. 20.—Porto Rico has been cut off from communication with the world, both by wireless and cable, since a tropical hurricane smashed and saturated things in the West Indies, and that is one reason why there has been no news of Astor's yacht, Nourmahal, which was last reported sailing from Kingston, Jamaica, for Porto Rico, November 6.

COURT COMPELLED TO ADJOURN.

Prosecutor in Russian Court Object to Woman Barrister.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 20.—The appearance of the first woman barrister in a Russian court of justice resulted in the postponement of a case in which she was engaged yesterday.

BAD CIRCULATION

Causes Piles—External Treatment Won't Cure Them.

Free circulation of blood in the lower bowel will cure any case of piles. Piles may be due to constipation or any of a dozen other causes.

Free circulation of blood in the lower bowel will cure any case of piles. Piles may be due to constipation or any of a dozen other causes.

The Red, White

And other constituents of your blood are powerfully enriched and vitalized by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

CURES BAD KIDNEYS AND ENDS BACKACHE

Out-of-order Kidneys Act Fine and Bad—Miserable Vanishes After a Few Doses.

A real surprise awaits every sufferer from kidney or bladder trouble, who takes several doses of Pape's Diuretic.

Uncontrollable urination (especially at night), smarting, offensive and discolored water and other bladder misery ends.

The moment you suspect kidney or urinary disorder, or feel any rheumatism, begin taking this harmless medicine.

It is needless to feel miserable and worried, because this unusual preparation goes at once to the out-of-order kidneys and urinary system.

Your physician, pharmacist, banker or any mercantile agency will tell you that Pape's Diuretic is a safe and responsible medicine.

Accept only Pape's Diuretic—fifty-cent treatment—any drug store—anywhere in the world.

TIDAL WAVE 100 FEET HIGH.

Sweeps Big Ships Ashore—Volcanoes in Eruption at Canary Islands.

Lisbon, Nov. 20.—A tidal wave 100 feet high rolled up from the Tagus yesterday, dragged steamers from their anchorage, and sent them careening ashore.

The crowds were thrown into a panic and scattered through the city. It is rumored that there are many fatalities.

Madrid, Nov. 19.—Despatches received here from Tenerife, in the Canary Islands group, express fear that the entire island will be destroyed by two volcanoes, near Garachico, which are throwing out flame and lava.

The town of Garachico, was almost entirely destroyed by volcanic eruption in 1705.

The inhabitants, to whom the only way of escape is by sea, are panic-stricken. Other mountains in the vicinity are giving evidences of volcanic activity.

AMUSEMENT NOTES.

The Volunteer Organist at Opera House Wednesday.

The beautiful pastoral play, "The Volunteer Organist," which is the attraction booked for the opera house next Wednesday evening, November 24, is a most unusual and original dramatic conception.

The characters are true to life and tell a story that goes straight to the heart. There are tears and laughter, sunshine and gloom, artfully blended in this most human and engaging stage picture of life in the Green Mountain State.

BETS DON'T HOLD UP THE LAW.

Vergonjeans Treated Like All Stowaways.

San Francisco, Nov. 20.—Alphonse Vergonjeans, the young Frenchman who arrived on the steamer Manchuria from Yokohama as a stowaway, and claimed that he was on his way around the world on wages, will be deported. The department of commerce and labor has telegraphed to Commissioner North that he will be treated as a regular stowaway.

BANDITS GIVEN LIFE SENTENCE.

Five Men Who Held Up "Overland Limited" Sent to Prison.

Omaha, Neb., Nov. 20.—Judge T. C. Mungler in the United States district court has sentenced to life imprisonment the five men who held up the Union Pacific "overland limited" train at Omaha May 12, 1909, and robbed the mail car. The men are William Mathews, D. W. Woods, Fred Torgenson, Frank Grigware and Lawrence K. Golden.

FRANK BOB TO TRY IT AGAIN.

To Meet Bill Lang for Championship of Australia, So They Say.

Sydney, N. S. W., Nov. 20.—It was announced here yesterday that "Bob" Fitzsimmons and "Bill" Lang had agreed to fight in Australia on Dec. 13, for the championship of Australia, now held by Lang. Lang won this title by defeating "Bill" Quinlan at Melbourne on Oct. 25. Squares was knocked out in the 20th round.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take TAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

REMOVING THE DEAD

Explorers Penetrating Closed St. Paul Mine

MEN DIED OF SUFFOCATION

A Special Session of the Illinois Legislature to Devise Means of Alleviating the Distress at Cherry.

Cherry, Ill., Nov. 20.—An extraordinary session of the Illinois legislature to furnish relief and conduct an investigation into the St. Paul mine disaster was asked yesterday, while the work of taking out the bodies of several hundreds of dead bodies is just beginning.

This new phase of the disaster is accompanied by later developments of new horrors in the mine.

Men, mules and burning coal are mixed in great piles that block the galleries. The collapse of the ceilings around the shafts have probably buried many of the miners.

The four bodies brought up yesterday were not the only ones. Care was taken to bring up the bodies quickly and to calm relatives who identified them.

William Redmond, a Chicago fireman, who aided in dragging McMullen's body from the mine, said that the arms of the boy, Buckles, were around McMullen's neck.

The condition of the bodies so far recovered shows clearly that they died from suffocation, and that they had been dead since the first day of their imprisonment. The water at first poured into the mine was converted into rivers on the floors of the veins where lay the dead.

The flames heated the water, so that the bodies were literally cooked. That the men did not die by fire is evident, for their clothing was not even scorched.

CHEWING GUM FAMILY.

The Most Effective and Least Harmful Form of Dope.

Not only to economists and statesmen, but also to psychologists, physiologists, sociologists and the great masses of the plain people in general, the reported decay of the whole forests of Yucatan offers food for profitable speculation.

Without chicle there can be no chewing gum, and with the exit of chewing gum there must be inevitable arrival of radical change in the daily life and habits of countless human beings.

The nature of this change, of course, is beyond all possibility of accurate prophecy, but it is certainly not improper to point out that, at its best, it will modify profoundly the whole course of civilization, and that, at its worst, it may stagger humanity.

Chewing gum, like yellow journalism, the science of aerodynamics and the initiative and referendum, was unknown a century ago, but since then it has won a secure position as a necessity of life.

It is, indeed one of the most important of all agents for combating that universal wreck of nerves which threatens to engulf every one of us. Human existence in this historical twentieth century is not static but dynamic—not a being, but an eternal and painful becoming.

We live at breakneck speed; we crowd a million complex and fatiguing acts into every hour; we are forever upon a nonstop, psychic joy ride. The result is a frightful battering of the nerves, an unrelenting running attack of the faculties. Something is needed—some brake, as it were, or governor—to keep the human machine from rattling itself to pieces.

That something is technically known as an anodyne, or dope, and of all forms of dope, chewing gum is at once the most effective and the least harmful. It furnishes a safe exponent for excessive energy. It gives the hour and creases from the waist upward, constant and agreeable exercise, and it deadens the intellect without engendering actual imbecility. Nothing else produces so certainly and pleasantly that vacuity of mind necessary in many professions. To the chorus girl, the floorwalker, the ligatoree, lawyer, diplomat and the lonely shipboarder it is a pearl beyond price. Whether the malleable and inexhaustible gum to occupy them, all of these persons would think indignantly, and thinking would soon drive them to the sanatoria that dot our rural hillside—broken in body and shattered in mind. The harassed telephone operator, with no opportunity to bite down hard upon gum, would soon go crazy twenty times day.

The enslaved congressman, with no respite to quiet to ameliorate the gnashing of his teeth, would soon fall a toothless and doberling prey to Cannonism and gang rule. And the floorwalker, with no gum to entertain him upon his stately but tedious perambulations, would inevitably take to cocaine, knock-out drops or Virginia plug cut.

Chewing gum is no longer a toy and no longer a luxury. The world needs it and the world must have it, and if the chicle trees dry up, then more chicle trees must be planted. There is no necessity for continuing them to Yucatan. Let a million acres be set aside in every American state for their growing. Let them be planted in all the public parks.

The Exceptional Equipment

of the California Fig Syrup Co. and the scientific attainments of its chemists have rendered possible the production of Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna, in all of its excellence, by obtaining the pure medicinal principles of plants known to act most beneficially and combining them most skillfully, in the right proportions, with its wholesome and refreshing Syrup of California Figs.

As there is only one genuine Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna and as the genuine is manufactured by an original method known to the California Fig Syrup Co. only, it is always necessary to buy the genuine to get its beneficial effects.

A knowledge of the above facts enables one to decline imitations or to return them if, upon viewing the package, the full name of the California Fig Syrup Co. is not found printed on the front thereof.

and along all the public roads, and let the convicts in our prisons be told off to cultivate them. "Not poppy, nor mandragora, nor all the drowsy syrups of the East" can take the place of chewing gum in civilization.—Baltimore Sun.

ROMAN JUSTICE.

How Technicalities Were Avoided in the Courts of That Time.

The bar was an open profession in ancient Rome; the litigant enjoyed the utmost latitude in the choice of an advocate, whose right to represent his client in court was fully conceded.

Slavish imitations of the Greeks in litigation were not the Roman case, and the Romans asserted their entire independence in the domain of law. Their innovations had the stamp of originality; but these did not comprise any close connection between bar and bench. It is noteworthy that during a very long period in the history of Roman law there was no exact counterpart of our judge. The magistrate was a public official charged with the administration of the law; the judge was a species of referee appointed by the magistrate to hear and report upon a particular case. Then there was an arbiter who acted alone, or with others, in arbitration cases (arbitria). Finally, there were recaptors who assisted in international questions.

The hearing before these various types of judges was called the iudicium, as distinguished from jus, the hearing before the magistrates properly so called. The names of citizens qualified for serving as judges were inscribed in a public record known as the album. Moreover, litigants had the right of objection to a particular judge. Not only so, but this right was extended during many centuries to criminals, who were tried before centurions and decemvirs, sitting on the permanent tribunals. If the Roman Bill Sikes never thought of putting forward the demand of his English congener that "we all ought to have a voice in making the laws we suffer by," yet we may be well assured that he would not fail to take a sporting chance, make a prime favorite of the judge who was most revolved on appeal, and strenuously object to the others.

The point which calls for our special attention is that none of the men who discharged the various judicial or semi-judicial functions described were drawn, except in most exceptional cases, from the advocate class. Nor is it possible to conceive any arrangement better calculated than that in force in Rome to exclude their narrow, professional technicality from the settlement of civil cases. The presiding magistrates of the great criminal tribunals were seldom or never men who practiced at the bar. Even in later times, when the distinction between jus and iudicium had disappeared, and the functions of magistratus and iudex were merged, by the aid of a stammer and wireless, instructions were sent to Captain Berthoff, who was cruising around the seal islands, to go to the relief.

On his arrival, he found that the party consisted of 144 men and 12 women. With his limited accommodations, it was impossible for him to find room for these latter, so the women were taken care of by the officials of the city of Nome. They also furnished extra cooking and mess utensils for the unusual crowd on the cutter. Sixty-one bunks were built in the center of the ship, and two referees were assigned to sleep in each of these by turns. The rest were furnished with hammocks.

As the men came aboard the Bear, they were searched, and each one's mouth was placed in an envelope, which was marked with the owner's name and receipted for, and was returned when the vessel arrived at Seattle.

Captain Berthoff found no one of them with money enough to pay his passage. Three of them were crippled, and of these one was later turned over to the Thetis, and the other two, with a passenger to take care of them, were placed on board the Manning. Captain Jacobs of the latter boat apparently made a more careful search, for on one of the sick men placed in his car he found \$672.75, together with a watch, chain and valuable papers. Another had \$40.

The party left Nome Oct. 8 and arrived at Unalaska on the 11th. There had weather was encountered, and it was decided to make the passage to Seattle through the Shelikoff strait and then through the inland passage. Even by taking this route, the cutter was delayed two days by storms. Finally, however, the voyage ended and the refugees were landed at the Washington port, happy to be once more in the United States.

237 DAYS FOR KILLING COW.

Man Charged With Killing Neighbor's Cow Found Guilty of Offense.

Rutland, Nov. 20.—Willard Smith of Ira, who was arrested some time ago on the charge of killing a neighbor's cow, was tried yesterday before Justice B. H. Stekney. He pleaded not guilty to the charge but after the jury had heard the evidence in the case, a verdict of guilty was returned, and he was sentenced to pay a fine of \$25 and costs, but being unable to pay he was sent to the House of Correction for the space of 237 days.

PUPIL DROPPED DEAD.

Lowell, Mass., High School Girl Expires While at Her Studies.

Lowell, Mass., Nov. 20.—Miss Mary A. Shesley, a pupil in the high school, expired while at her studies in the school yesterday morning. She was 17 years old and the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Shanley.

A Great Relief.

"The wolves were upon us," he related to the girl he was trying to impress. "Their howling penetrated to our very marrow. We died for our lives. But each second we knew that the ravenous pack was gaining on us. Closer, closer—at last they were so close that we could feel their muzzles against our legs, so that—"

"Ah!" sighed the lady, greatly relieved. "How glad you must have been that they had their muzzles on!"—Everybody's Magazine.

FIVE FIRMS NOT GUILTY.

Verdict for Defense in Steel Collision Cases.

Boston, Nov. 20.—A verdict of not guilty was ordered by the court in the cases of five of the many defendant companies, when the state rested in the famous steel collision cases in the superior criminal court yesterday.

No Change in Personnel.

New York, Nov. 20.—Authoritative announcement was made yesterday by officials of the American Telephone and Telegraph company that there will be no change in the official personnel of the Western Union Telegraph company, by reason of the transfer of the control of that company to the American Telephone and Telegraph company.

A Skin of Beauty is a Joy Forever.

Dr. R. T. Felix Gauraud's Oriental Cream or Gauraud's Beautifier. Remove Tan, Freckles, Pimples, Moth Patches, Redness, and Sore Throat. It is a skin beauty, and it is a joy forever.

It is a skin beauty, and it is a joy forever. It is a skin beauty, and it is a joy forever. It is a skin beauty, and it is a joy forever.

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Begin the Week Right

YOU'LL find in our Overcoat stock an amazing variety of good things.

We've the dress overcoat you want for special occasions or daily wear. We've the big, husky, great coats for stormy weather, for driving, for all kinds of outdoor service.

We've the suits you want for any and all occasions; ready for you in style, fit and tailoring. They include the Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes that in Suits and Overcoats sell for

\$18 to \$27.50

Then there are the less expensive clothes, but expressive, well made and very satisfactory Suits and Overcoats that sell for

\$10 to \$22.50

If you are looking for the best clothes in the world you'll have to come to us.

If you haven't procured your Underwear look at the nicest stock in town—OURS. In two-piece garments and union suits and prices the minimum in every grade.

It's surprising how our shoe department is increasing in sales. Less than a year ago we introduced the Regal Shoe to the Barre public and in this brief time the sales have grown to large and satisfactory proportions. Every Regal wearer satisfied.

\$3.50, \$4.00, \$5.00

MOORE & OWENS

Barre's Leading Clothiers—122 North Main Street

BRINGING BACK THE STRANDED.

Revenue Cutter "Bear" Performs an Arduous Task.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 20.—Always ready to respond to the calls of humanity, the revenue cutter service of the treasury department has just reported the completion of an arduous task in the arctic sea, resulting in the return of 144 stranded men from Nome, Alaska, to Seattle, Washington.

The story is one of gales and rough seas that delayed the passage of the revenue cutter Bear, with its crowd of refugees, and of constant watchfulness, seamanship and self-denial on the part of the officers and men of the little ship. The voyage was successfully concluded at Seattle on the first of the month, and the report of Captain Berthoff, of the Bear, and Jacobs of the Manning, has just been received by mail.

Weeks ago the government officials at Nome sent word to the treasury department that a number of men and women were stranded there, unable to reach the United States, because of the failure of the company that had employed them to pay them their wages. By the aid of a steamer and wireless, instructions were sent to Captain Berthoff, who was cruising around the seal islands, to go to the relief.

On his arrival, he found that the party consisted of 144 men and 12 women. With his limited accommodations, it was impossible for him to find room for these latter, so the women were taken care of by the officials of the city of Nome. They also furnished extra cooking and mess utensils for the unusual crowd on the cutter. Sixty-one bunks were built in the center of the ship, and two referees were assigned to sleep in each of these by turns. The rest were furnished with hammocks.

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Secretary Knox's Message. Washington, Nov. 20.—A veiled threat of drastic measures against the Nicaraguan government was contained in a telegram of instructions sent by Secretary of State Knox Thursday night to Henry Caldera, the American vice-consul at Managua.

The text of the message, which was given out at the state department last night, was as follows: "Immediately ascertain and cable full and positive information as to the fate of the two captured Americans. This

government can scarcely credit the report of the summary execution of the two American citizens taken with the revolutionary army. Charge d'affaires of Nicaragua here has also been asked telegraphically to demand full information for this government, which will not for one moment tolerate such treatment of American citizens."

NICARAGUA MUST EXPLAIN

All Depends on Methods Gannon and Grace Used

THE FACTS NOW SOUGHT

If They Laid Mines Openly, They Were Prisoners of War—United States May Recognize Belligerency of the Rebels.

Washington, Nov. 20.—What course the government will take in connection with the execution of Leonard Grace and Leroy Gannon the two American citizens who were shot in Nicaragua, has not yet been determined. The government is marking time, and diplomatic relations between the two countries are in a state of uncertainty.

The character of the next step of the United States will depend on the response received by Secretary of State Knox from Henry Caldera, the American vice-consul at Managua, Nicaragua, who was instructed to investigate the facts in the case of Gannon and Grace and send a full telegraphic report to Washington without delay. The report has not come. Knox is anxious to learn the Nicaraguan version of the incident, which will be contained in President Zelaya's response to Secretary Knox's demand for an explanation. It probably will be several days before either of these reports are received at the state department, owing to the interruption of telegraphic communication. No dispatches have been received at the department from Caldera. Consequently there was no official confirmation of the press reports that Grace and Gannon had been given proper trial by court martial for complicity in a plot to dynamite the troop ships of the Nicaraguan government.

OUR LEGATION MAY BE CLOSED.

Possible That Relations with Chile Will Be Severed—Dispute Growing Out of the Alsop Claim.

Santiago, Chile, Nov. 20.—The Chilean government yesterday opened negotiations with Washington, with a view to submitting the Alsop claim of the United States against Chile to a specially constituted court of arbitration at The Hague.

The notification to Chile, which is looked upon here as an ultimatum, has been seized upon by the sensational press as a cause for public agitation. As a result, the merchants are alarmed, lost the feeling aroused will affect American imports adversely.

Great anxiety is felt here because of the notification through Chilean Minister Cruz at Washington that the United States will close its legation at Santiago within a few days unless the Chilean government consents to an adjustment of the Alsop claim or agrees to refer the dispute to The Hague.

The members of the American colony here protest that the manner in which the United States is proceeding in the matter is arbitrary and detrimental to American interests in Chile. They have communicated with a prominent attorney at Washington and asked him to use his influence in accordance with their views.

THEIR NUDDITY MAKES PROTEST.

"Altogether" Resorted to by Incarcerated Suffragettes to Voice Indignation.

London, Nov. 20.—Miss Alice Paul of Philadelphia, the American suffragette, who was sentenced to serve a month's imprisonment in Holloway jail for making a scene at the lord mayor's banquet at the Guildhall on November 10, has refused to take food and is being forcibly fed. A fellow prisoner, who has just been released, says the shrieks of Miss Paul as she is being fed can be heard all over the building.

The Women's Social and Political union has made an appeal to American in London to make a protest to the government against the treatment of Miss Paul.

The Evening News says it learns from a reliable source that the suffragettes who were sent to jail for breaches of the peace during the recent visit of Winston Churchill, president of the board of trade, to Bristol have adopted a disconcerting method of protesting against their treatment. They have refused to don prison clothes and insist on remaining in their naturalibus.

They pass their time in singing the suffragettes' "Marseillaise."

From sick to well

SCHENCK'S Mandrake Pills

CRAMPBUND

If you have a sick headache, one dose of Schenck's Mandrake Pills will make you well—70 years' success for biliousness, constipation, indigestion, dizziness, headache, etc. Wholly vegetable—absolutely harmless—sold everywhere. 25c. Our free book will suggest how to prescribe for yourself.

DE. J. H. SCHENCK & SON, Philadelphia.

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