

TRAVELERS' RAILWAY GUIDE.

Central Vermont Railway.
Trains leave Barre for White River Junction and Boston, and way stations, also Windsor and New York at 8:25 and 11:30 a. m. Also leave Barre for White River Junction, Bellows Falls, Springfield and New York at 8:45 p. m.
Trains leave Barre for Burlington, St. Albans, Montreal and way stations at 8:55 a. m., 11:30 a. m., 1:30 p. m., 4:30 and 6:30 p. m.

WARNING CITY ELECTION.

The legal voters of the city of Barre, Vermont, are hereby notified and warned to meet on Tuesday, March 1, A. D. 1910, at 7 o'clock in the forenoon in their respective wards at the several voting places hereinafter named, for the purpose of electing a mayor, city clerk, city treasurer, first constable, second constable, three directors of the French Barre Library, three auditors, and one assessor, all of whom shall hold office for one year, also one assessor to hold office for three years; and also to vote upon the question, "Shall licenses be granted for the sale of intoxicating liquors?" And also for the purpose of electing:
In ward 2, one alderman for two years.
In ward 4, one alderman for two years.
In ward 5, one school commissioner for three years.
In ward 6, one school commissioner for three years.
In ward 7, one alderman for two years.

The following are designated as voting places in the various wards:
Ward 1, Church street school building.
Ward 2, Spaulding graded school building.
Ward 3, Summer street school building.
Ward 4, Beckley street school building.
Ward 5, Blackwell street-house house.
Ward 6, city court room, City Hall.
Dated at the city of Barre, Vt., this 10th day of February, A. D. 1910.
John Robins, Mayor.

Most disgusting skin eruptions, scrofula, pimples, rashes, etc., are due to impure blood. Burdock Blood Bitters is a cleansing blood tonic. Makes you clear-eyed, clear-brained, clear-skinned.

Itching piles provoke profanity, but profanity won't cure them. Doan's Ointment cures itching, bleeding or protruding piles, after years of suffering. At any drug store.

If you haven't the time to exercise regularly, Doan's Regulents will prevent constipation. They induce a mild, easy, healthful action of the bowels, without gripping. Ask your druggist for them.

Stops eczema in two minutes; tooth-ache or pain or burn or scald in five minutes; hoarseness, one hour; muscle-ache, two hours; sore throat, twelve hours.—Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, monarch over pain.

7-20-4
10c Cigar—A gentleman's smoke. Now outsells all his competitors. Factory, Manchester, N. H.

McCURRIE
The Custom Tailor
will occupy the rooms now occupied by Dr. Watt, as early as possible in March.

SAWDUST AND SLABWOOD
100 run of Soft Wood Slabs, nearly dry, to close at \$1.50 while they last.

A. W. PHELPS,
Phelps' Mills, Tel. 422-2, Barre, Vermont.

Wood! Wood!
Until further notice chair wood will be sold for \$2.25 per load.

ARTHUR S. MARTIN,
Telephone 53-3, 43 Park Street.
Orders may be left at City Fish Market and J. H. Griffin's store.

Our Campaign Issue
—is a Square Deal and that is what YOU will get when you allow us to write your name on our official ballot.
Egg, Stove or Nut Coal, \$8.50 a ton, Pea Coal, \$6.40 ton. (25c a ton discount for cash in ten days.)
The best of Dry Wood at Right Prices.
Telephone—Office, 237; Shed, 13-11
Morse & Jackson
206 No. Main St.

RANDOLPH.

Death of Charles E. Pope, after a Series of Shocks.

Charles E. Pope died Wednesday morning, the result of a series of shocks. Mr. Pope was born in Lincoln and was 60 years old. For 15 years he had been a resident of this town. During the last years, he suffered from a severe heart trouble, which made it impossible for him to exercise. The funeral was held on Friday. Deceased is survived by his wife, two sons and a daughter, Henry Pope of Springfield and George Pope of this village, and Mrs. George Draper of Hopdale, Mass., all of whom were present at the funeral.

Mrs. Grace Abel of East Braintree is employed as clerk in the store of E. A. Thomas.

Mrs. L. J. Blakely has gone to Tunbridge to remain for a time with her sister, Mrs. Myron Tuller.

Mrs. George Folson of Waitsfield is with her daughter, Mrs. R. W. McAllister, for an indefinite period.

Mrs. W. H. Gladding has returned from a ten days' visit to her brother, Charles Foster of Montpelier.

Miss Bernice Morrill, who has been with her aunt, Mrs. Nettie Ris, for two weeks, has returned to her home in Tunbridge.

Miss Winnifred Chadwick has gone to Waterbury, Conn., for a short visit and will go to New York before her return here.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Neville of Keene, N. H., who have been visitors of their mother, Mrs. A. G. Putnam, have returned home.

Mrs. Mary Pratt of White River Junction was here Sunday to see her mother, Mrs. George Whitney, who has been suffering with pleurisy.

J. R. Wells has been reappointed county road commissioner for the fourth time. Mr. Wells was in Stratford this week on road business.

Mrs. George Carroll of Campton Village, N. H., has been a visitor at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Briggs in this place the last week.

Mrs. N. C. Greene has left the sanatorium and is now at her home, where she seems to be gaining rapidly from her late serious surgical operation.

Mr. and Mrs. N. M. Draper have received news of the birth of a son to Dr. and Mrs. Walter Woodward of Seattle, Washington, a grandson of Mr. and Mrs. Draper.

Henry Haraden has exchanged his farm in Braintree for the house of Charles Burdick on School street, and the families will change their places of residence in a few days.

John Bingham had 39 head of cattle tested for tuberculosis and the 11 animals which were condemned were shipped by Dr. E. B. Stearns to the rendering plant at Burlington.

Leon Amos of Mitchell, S. D., who has been here with his mother, Mrs. Mary Amos, all winter, was taken to the sanatorium this week to be treated for chronic Bright's disease.

Miss Lettie Bailey, who was at East Montpelier as a soprano soloist for the singing convention last week, returned Friday night and reports a delightful time and a successful concert.

A contest for the enlargement of the Federated Sunday school is in vogue in the near future, the victorious side being expected to furnish a banquet at the expiration of a limited time.

The entertainment given by the Norwich cadets on Friday evening was well attended, and at the close a very pleasant dancing party was held in grange hall, which was much enjoyed by the young people.

Mrs. M. M. Wilson entertained 64 girls and boys at the parish house Saturday afternoon in honor of her daughter, Mary Helen. Mrs. Guy Wilson and son, Harold, were here from Bethel to join the party and returned to their home on Sunday.

About 150 persons, members and guests of Bethany church and congregation, were present at the Bethany parish house to attend the annual roll-call on Wednesday evening, who, after enjoying the social hour, were treated to refreshments.

Besides the members who responded to the names, short speeches were given by Dr. Russell, Gifford and Russell, and V. A. Grant.

A good number attended the Saturday evening grange, when the program was in charge of four gentlemen, Almon Emery, Dana Morse, W. W. Jones and Lyman Hutchinson. It consisted entirely of literary and musical selections, the male quartet and grange choir furnishing contributions, while a paper was given by Mrs. H. W. Holden and addresses by Dr. Russell, Almon Emery, D. H. Morse and others. The meeting was named "Old Folks' Night," and was a successful and interesting occasion.

NORWICH UNIVERSITY.
Foot Ball Schedule, Nearly Completed, Shows Hard Games.

Lieutenant Kinsman, manager of the baseball team, has returned to duty.

Wanted: the address of the following members of the class of 1903: William M. Anderson, Merrill D. Wheeler and Harry C. Young.

Manager Whitney of the musical clubs is to have another lot of window cards printed at the Northfield News office and all who wish to purchase one inform him at once. They will slightly differ from the first ones and if possible, better.

The football schedule is nearly completed and games with the leading colleges in New England have been arranged. It stands now as follows: September 28, Amherst at Amherst; October 1, Brown at Providence; October 8, Springfield Training at Springfield; October 15, Wesleyan at Middletown; October 22, Trinity at Hartford; November 12, Middlebury at Middlebury. Three more games are being negotiated for, giving Norwich a pretty stiff schedule.

President Helps Orphans.
Hundreds of orphans have been helped by the president of the Industrial and Orphans' home at Mason, the one who writes: "We have used Electric Bitters in this institution for nine years. It has proved a most excellent medicine for stomach, liver and kidney troubles. We regard it as one of the best family medicines on earth." It invigorates all vital organs, purifies the blood, aids digestion, creates appetite, to strengthen and build up pale, thin, weak children or run-down people, it has no equal. Best for female complaints. Only 50c at the Real Cross Pharmacy.

MONTPELIER.

Harold E. Waite, who was formerly employed in the stone sheds here and is well known in this city and Barre, has a lucrative position on the Union Pacific railroad at Ogden, Utah, as freight office clerk. He went West four years ago for the benefit of his health and since then has been engaged in mining and about six months ago entered the employ of the railroad.

In the morning for town meeting in the town of Berlin is inserted the following article: "To see what action the town will take to defend its property rights in Berlin pond; to protect its waters from pollution; to recover an account of public utilities demolished, private property brought and values impaired and to preserve the present integrity of its grand list."

Dr. E. A. Bishop, principal of Montpelier academy, was appointed a delegate to the Men's National Missionary congress, representing the Methodist Episcopal church. This congress is to be held in Chicago, May 3 to 6, at which 5,000 leading men of the American churches will be present to formulate a missionary policy. This is the first meeting of the kind to be held in the United States. Dr. Bishop is one of 600 delegates apportioned from the Methodist church.

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The Daughters of the American Revolution met Saturday at the home of Mrs. C. A. Gale, the hostesses of the occasion being Mrs. C. A. Gale, Mrs. Henry Cate, Mrs. G. I. Edson, Mrs. J. L. Batchelder, Mrs. W. E. Terrill, Mrs. Albert Tuttle, Miss M. D. White, Miss C. L. Carr, Miss D. E. Hodgden, Miss J. P. Phinney. At the business meeting of the society Mrs. J. W. Brock and Mrs. William Brown were chosen delegates to the national convention which meets in Washington in April, with Mrs. Worthen of Barre and Mrs. Mayo of Northfield as alternates. After a short musical and literary program, refreshments were served.

Johnnie Poe's Excess Baggage.
Johnnie Poe, one of the famous Princeton football players, and incidentally a great-nephew of Edgar Allan Poe, was a general in the army of Honduras in one of their recent wars. Finally, when things began to look black with peace and the American general discovered that his princely pay when translated into United States money was about sixty cents a day, he struck for the coast. There he found a United States warship and asked for transportation home.

"Sure," the commander told him. "We'll be glad to have you. Come aboard whenever you like and bring your luggage."

"Thanks," said Poe warmly. "I'll sure do that. I only have fifty-four pieces."

"What do you think I'm running a freighter?"

"Oh, well, you needn't get excited about it," purred Poe. "My fifty-four pieces consists of one pair of socks and a pack of playing cards."—Everybody's.

By the Shape of Your Nose.
There is a tolerably close racial parallel between high-nosed and bifid-nosed, says Dr. Wood Hutchinson in "Science Magazine." The nose is not only our most human, but in a broad sense our most intellectual feature.

Growth of nose and shrinkage of jaw have been the two great correlates which have accompanied human progress. The moment, however, that we endeavor to go beyond these broad and loose generalizations, we find ourselves in trouble. This, from the fact patent to everyone who has kept his eyes open, that we find noses of practically all shapes, from the plebeian pug to the aristocratic aquiline, in individuals of the same family, although the long and straight, or convex, nose would be far more numerous in the higher races and the abler families. It is comparatively seldom that a great man has a small nose, or even a short one, and instead of applying such terms as "prognathic," "leak," "carrot" and "beak" to a large, long aggressive nose, it should be regarded as a mark of breeding and as prima facie evidence of good blood and possible capacity.

Bright Eyes and Ayes.
When an old story is found circulating in a new coat in the cloakroom, with a suggestion of having been "made over," it is recalled by the wags a "varnished yarn."

Such a story, glistening with modern shadings and accessories of the twentieth century, who some years ago was impounded by a young lady on behalf of a representative to whom she acted as secretary. The gentleman was absent, and some important business had come up concerning one of his best constituents. The secretary had very gallantly explained to his visitor that he could not possibly comply with her request, and had arisen to his feet as a gentle hint that time was flying.

The young lady persistently urged her point and threw her whole soul into an eloquent appeal, but the secretary remained undaunted. Then she made a final effort, and turned upon him the irresistible battery of her handsome black eyes; the secretary was impelled to look at her, and unfortunately hesitated in his sentence.

"I don't see how I could possibly do what you ask," he was saying firmly, when the eye artillery tormented upon him.

"He never finished his sentence; she arose from her seat, and as she swept from the room said: 'The eyes (arose) have it. I thank you, er. The victory is with the affirmative. Good-day.'"

National Magazine.

Sugar Beets and Beet Sugar.
Though sugar can be extracted from many plants, the world's supply of sugar comes at present from only two plant species—sugar cane and sugar beets—and it comes about equally from each. The former is grown only in tropical or subtropical climates, the latter only in temperate climates.

The great bulk of the beet sugar consumed in Europe, in Germany, Austria-Hungary and France being the leading producers. But in recent years the young and rapidly growing beet sugar industry of the United States has come into prominence. There are now sixty-four active beet sugar factories in this country, located in sixteen different states. Last year the farmers of these states harvested about 345,000 acres of beets and delivered to the factories 3,415,000 tons of beets. From these nearly 420,000 tons of refined sugar were made. The yield of sugar per acre of beets was 2,331 pounds.

The Chief Requirement.
"My boy seems to be the champion of the block."

"Good fighter, eh?"

"Oh, no, merely a good judge of whom to mix it up with."—Washington Star.

Magazine Review

"How Sharper Than a Serpent's Tooth."

An irritable old farmer and his ungainly, stoutheaded son were busy grubbing sprouts one hot, sultry day, when the old man suddenly stumbled over a small stump.

"Gosh darn that everlasting stump!" he exclaimed. "I wish it was in hell!" The son slowly straightened up from his work and gazed reproachfully at his father.

"Why, you oughtn't to say that, pap," he drawled. "You might stumble over that stump agin some day."—Everybody's.

Hypnotism and Will Power.
"The more will power a person has," says H. Abington Bruce in the Woman's Home Companion for March, "the more readily can he be hypnotized, for there are certain conditions involving the exercise of will power on the subject's part—for instance, concentration of the attention—that must be fulfilled before the hypnotic state can be brought on. For this reason, the weak-willed, the mentally defective, the insane, are very hard to hypnotize."

Doctor Voisin, a celebrated French alienist, found that he could not hypnotize more than ten per cent. of the inmates of the asylum with which he was associated. Whereas, an English experimenter named Vincent hypnotized with ease ninety-six per cent. of a large group of university men.

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The Cooks who have used the Single Damper of the Crawford Ranges will never go back to the troublesome two-damper range. The cost of the food spoiled by mistakes in regulating the ordinary two-damper ranges amounts to a large sum. The Single Damper of the Crawford affords absolute fire and oven control by one motion—slide the knob to "kindle," "bake" or "check," the range does the rest. The Oven of the Crawford has cup-joint heat flues which heat everywhere alike and make it the quickest and surest of bakers. The Two Hods (patented) in the base—one for ashes instead of the old clumsy ash pan—one for coal, is a great trouble-saving feature. Gas Ovens and Broilers above or at end of range, if desired. Ask the Crawford agent to show you and write us for circulars. Walker & Pratt Mfg. Co., 31 Union St., Boston. FOR SALE BY C. W. AVERILL & CO., BARRE AGENTS

and when the car comes 'home' again all that has not been sold must be on hand.

The equipment of a dining-car conforms to standards just as do locomotives, trucks, rails and ties. Disks are made according to established patterns, each piece of china having the company's monogram upon it. The same is true of the linen, silver, menuboyers—everything. Thus a loss can be easily traced. The waiters are allowed twenty dollars a month for breakage. All damage in excess of that, though they have to pay for, and the cost is divided among them equally.

The Way Senator Aldrich "Rests."
Edwin Lefevre contributes an article to the March American Magazine, which is a close and intimate study of Senator Aldrich—the general manager of the United States. Mr. Lefevre commences his article—

"The only human trait I ever heard him accused of is his love for his country place at Warwick, near Providence, R. I. They say he takes pleasure in beautifying it, in personally directing the scores of men who work on it every summer. For this reason, I preferred to see him at home, instead of in Washington or in Providence, where I could see only the senator or money-making business man."

"It is a charming place; acres of lawn sloping down to the water, beautiful trees, flowers and shrubs, well-kept drives, a pretentious stable and garage and a bathhouse that is almost a palace. Also a modest, old-fashioned house, decidedly unimpressive as to architecture, location and odor."

"I found him in the 'bathhouse.' It really is a place to live in, obviously expensive and a trifle over-elaborate when you think of it as a bathhouse; the appointments and fittings are rich but simple and substantial throughout. He took me to what is both bedroom and study. From one window I could see blue water and white sails; from another the green lawn and great trees intelligently placed. It was vacation time; no place could be nicer to retreat to after the hot tariff fight. Praised by a few scores of business men, condemned by millions of ultimate consumers, Aldrich was resting. Everywhere in that big room, except on the bed, were proof-sheets and 'dummies' of books, pamphlets and documents, printed and typewritten, and letters already, or soon to be, answered; all of them bearing on the same subject—the currency. It was the work of the monetary commission. Thousands of pages, millions of words on currency and banking in every civilized country in the wide world, written by recognized experts; and every word read by Aldrich. That is how he 'rests.'"

Stone Beets and Beet Sugar.
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Farm and Garden CEMENT WATER TROUGHS. Plans For Construction of an Inexpensive Necessity. Watering troughs, like many other concrete structures, may be made without steel re-enforcements, but if so constructed the walls must be half again as thick as when re-enforced, and even then are more apt to crack. The size and capacity of the trough varies with the purpose for which it is used, but for troughs up to about ten feet long by two feet wide by two feet deep the thickness of the re-enforced walls should be about five inches. It is essential that a watering trough be water tight. The conditions for obtaining a trough which will not leak are: First, a richer mixture of concrete than is required for ordinary work; second, enough water in mixing to give a sloppy concrete, and, third, the placing of all concrete in one operation. It is extremely difficult to make any structure water tight unless all three of the above conditions are complied with. The best mix of concrete to use varies with the sand and gravel employed, but generally speaking one part of portland cement to one and a half parts of clean, coarse sand to three parts of screened gravel or broken stone are advised, or if gravel from the natural bank is used without screening one part of portland cement to three parts of natural bank gravel. If sand alone is available use one part portland cement to two parts sand. The amount of excavation necessary for the foundation of a trough depends upon the size. For a small trough level off the earth and tamp the ground well before placing any concrete, but for a trough of large capacity a foundation should be used. Place a two and a half inch layer of concrete in the form and immediately after placing and before the concrete has set place a sheet of woven fence wire or some other wire fabric over the concrete, bending it up so that it will come to within an inch of the top of the forms at the sides and ends. Place two and a quarter inches more lightly to bring the mortar to the surface and smooth it off evenly. Have the inner form all ready and as soon as the concrete is in place and before the concrete has set place a sheet of woven fence wire or some other wire fabric over the concrete, bending it up so that it will come to within an inch of the top of the forms at the sides and ends. Place two and a quarter inches more lightly to bring the mortar to the surface and smooth it off evenly. Have the inner form all ready and as soon as the concrete is in place and before the concrete has set place a sheet of woven fence wire or some other wire fabric over the concrete, bending it up so that it will come to within an inch of the top of the forms at the sides and ends. Place two and a quarter inches more lightly to bring the mortar to the surface and smooth it off evenly. 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