

SENATOR OWEN CAUSES A STIR

He Places Opposition to Health Department

THAT WHICH HINDERED WILEY

Money Against Both Movements Furnished—A Startling Address at the Trans-Mississippi Congress.

Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 16.—United States Senator Robert L. Owen of Oklahoma created a sensation at yesterday's session of the trans-Mississippi commercial congress when he declared he had every reason to believe that the same people who fought Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, chief of the bureau of chemistry, were now furnishing money to oppose the movement looking to the establishment of a national department of health.

Senator Owen made a plea for conservation of the nation's health and establishment of a government health bureau. "The United States loses annually from preventable causes 630,000 people," said Senator Owen. So far as securing aid from the government was concerned Senator Owen said he would rather be a fat hog suffering from cholera than the mother of a large family in the first stages of disease, for the government, while prepared to help the hog, has no bureau to aid the mother.

SPEAKS ON ARBITRATION.

President Makes Address at Frederick, Md.

Frederick, Md., Nov. 16.—President Taft came into the Frederick valley to advocate his arbitration treaties before the Associated Boards of Trade of Maryland yesterday and incidentally to lay a wreath at the tomb of Francis Scott Key, author of "The Star Spangled Banner."

It was the biggest day this little town has had since Barbara Fritchie waved her flag at Stonewall Jackson's men and drew poem from the pen of Whittier.

CORRIGAN ARRESTS HIS COURT CLERK

New York Magistrate Issues Warrant For Brother of James Creelman and an Intimate Friend of Mayor Gaynor.

New York, Nov. 16.—Magistrate Corrigan of the Essex Market court, issued a warrant yesterday for Albert Creelman, his clerk, on a charge of oppression and willful omission to discharge his public duty. Creelman is a brother of James Creelman, president of the municipal civil service commission.

The complaint also charges Creelman with detaining the Letwinisky woman in the prisoner's pen in the court room for several hours until she had sent out a friend and obtained bills for the silver.

NINE IN BOMB JURY.

More Peremptory Challenges Are Expected Yesterday.

Los Angeles, Cal., Nov. 16.—For the second time within eight days the privilege of peremptory challenges against talesmen in the McNamara murder trial was expected to be invoked yesterday by the inevitable loss of some now in the jury box.

With three jurors already sworn, the ninth man needed to fill the box again and precipitate the volley of peremptory challenges was in view when court convened yesterday, as M. W. Corcoran, who had passed the defense for cause, was undergoing examination by the state.

Advertisement for Freedom from Colds & Headaches, Indigestion & Sour Stomach, Biliousness & Constipation, and other ills, due to an inactive condition of the Liver, Stomach and Bowels. Includes text about California Fig Syrup and Elixir of Senna.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Cures all blood humors, all eruptions, clears the complexion, creates an appetite, aids digestion, relieves that tired feeling, gives vigor and vim.

DeBOER CLUB WAS STARTED

(Continued from first page.)

charge the trust duties of the office with which I am connected. While I am earnest in the wish to discharge every duty of citizenship and will do so, I did not think it incumbent upon me to disregard the duties for which I am paid in order to seek public office. At the same time, I wish it to be understood that I can conceive of no greater honor for any citizen of this state than to be elected to the office of governor and, further, that, without regard to what the sacrifice might be, any man elected to that office should gladly and boldly accept. Therefore I appreciate from the heart roots up the suggestions which have been made from so many sources that I stand for the nomination in the party to which I have given strict allegiance since coming to my majority.

"At the same time, without wishing to make or even to imply criticism of any man living or dead, I am obliged to say that in my judgment the interests of the state require in the office of governor a man who will come to it approved by his life and work in the state, supported by the people and free from every pledge or circumstance of connection that might in the slightest degree interfere with the due discharge of his duty in behalf of all the people. I am opposed to the old idea that the only way in which we can do our politics is by boss, machine or class. That idea was once all right, perhaps, but to say the least is now somewhat outworn. We have come to times when our self-interests, our boss, our state and our country well-being call for a greater interest in and personal selection of men and means on the part of every citizen.

"In a word, I stand definitely for progressive Republicanism, even in Vermont, where the ticket of our party has won in every election since the party was formed. In my address to the state convention of 1910, I pointed to these facts and I have not changed my views upon the general subject in any degree. "In the existing situation, I wish to correct certain misimpressions by saying simply that I would consider it the greatest possible honor to be elected governor, that I should be pleased, if nominated, to make a campaign for the utmost success of the ticket and that my use of the office would be in the service of the state without limitation upon either my energy or time. I have said that I had not made and would not make a campaign for the nomination in the sense required by the existing custom. That word I will keep, but that did not mean that I would not be pleased to participate in any convention politics or to discuss as opportunity afforded issues of state politics particularly and, so far as needed, national politics as well. My position is opposed to the methods of somewhat long standing, by which the office was filled and I will add that, when the system is changed, very many men of entire capacity to serve the state will be found and for that reason I have not particularly expected that the judgment of the people would fall on me. I am interested primarily in the selection of a governor by the people under guidance of their knowledge of the man and his work and with the assistance of the press—a man free from pledges and free from the trammels of organized political machinery except so far as party organization itself becomes dedicated to a pure, honest and genuinely patriotic administration. Of course I think it wise for the Republican party that there should be harmony but not wise for the state and final party interests if that harmony means a continuance of non-progress and, on the people's part, continued support of petrified organization.

"I am quite sure that we should concern ourselves about the development of our natural resources, publicity of our attractions, local investments of more capital, highways, scientific agriculture, development of our water powers, education, etc., and it is very satisfying to note that immense progress has been made in all these matters, especially during the past decade. This progress should be earnestly supported and continued in the future. The real things that we now especially want and need are taxation reform, consideration of our judicial system, the definite breaking down of our rural isolation and really practical support of our country schools. We also need to have it definitely established in Vermont, at least, that our laws shall stand for the care and protection of the home and of labor both on the farm and in the shop and that no government is satisfactory which only aims at but does not actually obtain the benefits of toil and thrift to the worker everywhere.

"I have been asked if I favor the mountain rule and have said long since that, if a mountain stands between you and the man you want, cross the mountain.

"I have been asked if I favor publication of campaign expenses and have said yes, but with a greater exactness and detail than anything which has yet maintained.

"I have been asked if I favor primary legislation, and have answered that everything in law that will advance the integrity of the ballot and the popular selection of candidates would have my support.

"I have also been asked as to my position on national politics. My reply was to refer to the speech which I made as chairman of the state convention of 1910, although in that connection I will say that in my judgment matters of state policy are of more direct and immediate value to our people than national politics, although Vermont in 1912 should, as usual, lead the way with a routing majority for its ticket.

"In short, my position is that any selection for governor on our ticket should represent a man free from pledges and from obligations to special classes, a man in sympathy with the idea of advancing the progress and living condition of the average man, desirous of getting laws for the benefit of all classes of those who labor, conscious of the need of and ready to advance taxation reform and one who certainly considers state questions and state campaigns of greater importance than national questions, which ought to be considered by themselves.

"I also think that, when a state party issues a platform, men representing

state issues should be elected upon that platform and that the promises so made should be kept, if possible, and that failure to do this should be considered a good reason for withdrawing support thereafter. It is impossible to give too much attention to measures and principles of practice and impossible also to make a mistake by withdrawing from the idea that men are of greater importance, except so far as they can be relied upon to carry out the ideas and aims for which the party stands.

"I would like to see our people enter upon the policy of reforms to which I have thus hastily alluded, especially in the matter of taxation. I would gladly support anyone who will take up this work, namely, that of equalizing taxation, of promoting industrial expansion, of really advancing our agricultural interests, of sustaining public institutions and of purifying our politics by promoting a greater interest and action therein by our people direct."

Committee Named at Close.

At the close of his address, Mr. DeBoer was given a splendid ovation, and W. N. Theriault moved the appointment of a committee of thirty men to form a DeBoer club, saying that some other man was declared to have the nomination "nailed down," but he didn't believe that because a man has the support of a few towns he is sure of the nomination. George L. Blanchard and Fred A. Howland were then appointed to bring in nominations for the committee of thirty, and they reported the following names, which were accepted: J. M. Boutwell, F. M. Corry, M. L. Wood, F. H. Tracy, F. L. Laird, Benjamin Gates, James Ganning, Fred Blanchard, S. Ballard, Willard C. Colton, George O. Stratton, John Decherby, Henry Holt, Dr. F. E. Steele, A. G. Eaton, Fred E. Gleason, Dr. L. A. Newcomb, E. M. Menard, H. J. M. Jones, W. N. Theriault, H. M. Farnham, Fred Benway, Harris Yett, Harry Bianchi, F. K. Goss, J. G. Brown, L. H. Greene, D. F. Ryle, Ned A. Alexander and George C. Bailey.

With the acceptance of these names, the first DeBoer meeting was adjourned on motion of Fred A. Howland.

The Danger of Overdrafts.

New England national banks are indirectly paid a compliment by the controller of the currency, who reports that the practice of permitting overdrafts is a distinct menace to sound banking in the South and West, while in New England the evil is at a minimum. The last report of the national banks in this section showed one with an overdraft of \$3 and another with an overdraft of \$15. That was all, while in the entire country within a few years the annual overdrafts have mounted as high as \$53,000,000, and in the last five years the lowest year showed \$23,000,000. Practically all of this overdraft was in the South and West.

In this part of the country the overdrawing of a bank account is regarded as a sign of pending financial collapse and almost in the light of repudiation of a promissory note. It is the practice of all banking institutions in this section to require a depositor to keep a stipulated minimum balance, and his failure to do so is likely to result in the closing of the account. This is considered good business and that overdrafts are bad business. It is almost inconceivable here how banks are permitted to do business in such a loose fashion as in some other sections, and the controller of the currency, who now is lacking in power to compel national banks to cease honoring overdrafts, should have authority given in by Congress to take drastic action against institutions tolerating this practice.—Boston Globe.

Healthy Workshops.

With the approach of winter comes the demand for attention to the heating and ventilation of workshops, a demand which becomes year by year more insistent, because of the great movement now in progress by civilized governments for the betterment of the working conditions of those who, in the main, produce the world's wealth. Our particular thought is naturally with the granite and marble cutters and workers, who, as a rule, at best, labor under very unfavorable conditions. As to temperature, the better suited to health and efficiency in the workshop, Professor Winslow of the College of the City of New York, who has lately been making investigations in this important matter, maintains that for good results the temperature of the workshop should never pass the seventy-degree mark, and it is possible that this is in excess in certain occupations where the labor is at all strenuous. To maintain a proper degree of temperature and at the same time get rid of the dust, the deleterious effects of which on the health of the granite and marble cutter is concentrating attention, is the serious problem which confronts the granite and marble manufacturer. It must have attention, however, as well as those details of workshop sanitation, the dirty gerrard towel, the common drinking cup and the oftentimes disgraceful and disease-breeding condition of the necessary lavatory accessories. When the great reform movement, now before the British Parliament, in the shape of Lloyd George's national insurance bill, reaches this side of the Atlantic, the moral obligation to maintain healthy workshops will be recognized as a necessity.—From Monumental News.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE TABLETS. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVES' signature is on each box. 25c.

Immunity to Wetness.

Jackson, Miss., Nov. 16.—Both houses of the Mississippi legislature have just passed a bill granting immunity to those testifying in bribery cases.

Advertisement for Mothers! Your Children Need Help. TRUE'S ELIXIR. The Family Laxative and Worm Medicine. Includes text about curing various ailments and a testimonial.

WEBSTER'S NEW STANDARD (ILLUSTRATED) DICTIONARY COUPON

NOVEMBER 16, 1911 SIX COUPONS OF CONSECUTIVE DATES CONSTITUTE A SET

Cut out the above coupon, with five others of consecutive dates, and present them at this office, with the expense bonus amount herein set opposite any style of Dictionary selected (which covers the items of the cost of packing, express from the factory, checking, clerk hire and other necessary EXPENSE items), and receive your choice of these three books.

The \$2.50 (Like illustration in advertisement elsewhere in this issue) WEBSTER'S is bound in full Limp Leather, flexible, stamped in gold on back and sides, printed on Bible paper, with red edges and corners rounded; beautiful, strong, durable. Besides the general contents as described elsewhere there are maps illustrated and over 600 subjects beautifully illustrated by three-color plates, numerous subjects by monotone, 16 pages of valuable charts in two colors, and the late United States Census. Present at this office six consecutive Dictionary coupons and the 98c

The \$2.00 It is exactly the same as the \$2.50 book, except in the style of binding—which is in half leather, with olive green cloth corners. Six consecutive coupons and the 81c

The \$1.50 Is in plain cloth binding, stamped in gold and black, has same New Standard paper, same illustrations, but all the Expense of the colored plates and the charts are omitted. Six consecutive Coupons and the 48c

Any book by mail, 23c extra for postage

FIELDING AVERAGES IN AMERICAN LEAGUE

Table showing fielding averages for American League players in 1911, categorized by position (Outfielders, First Basemen, Second Basemen, Third Basemen, Pitchers, Catchers, Club Fielding).

ECZEMA REMEDY ALSO WASHES PIMPLES AWAY

No remedy that I have ever sold for eczema, psoriasis, and all other diseases of the skin has given more thorough satisfaction than the D. D. D. prescription for eczema.

A 25c trial bottle can be secured at once. My patrons find that D. D. D. not only gives instant relief to the itching, burning skin, quickly driving out all the disease germs, but it is also the most delightful wash for the complexion they ever used. Absolutely harmless and pleasant to use, D. D. D. cleanses the skin of all minor impurities, such as rashes and pimples, over night, and leaves the skin clear and smooth as that of a child.

It is now generally known that there is nothing that equals D. D. D. as a household remedy for all skin troubles, no matter what they are. I, myself, am so fully convinced of the merits of this wonderful remedy that we will charge you nothing if the first full size bottle of D. D. D. does not make good every claim.

Better drop in and talk it over with us anyhow.

Burt H. Wells, Barre, Vt.

Advertisement for Cremo 5c CIGAR. You try one!

Neckties Galore

Every coloring you can imagine in cross stripes, plain and changeable designs—all in all the most exquisite assortment you can find anywhere.

If you don't know the pleasure of having a good assortment of ties to make a frequent change possible, now is the time to give yourself the treat you've missed.

50 cents up buys a tie that you'll be proud of wherever you go.

Moore & Owens Barre's Leading Clothiers

122 No. Main Street, Barre, Vt. Tel. 66-L

Advertisement for Standard Oil Company featuring an illustration of a family and text about the benefits of their kerosene heaters.

On Christmas Morning as on any other winter day, you can make your home more comfortable and cheery by using a Perfection Smokeless Heater.



Its genial warmth is quickly at your service, ready for use in any emergency. You will need it as a supplementary heater when those extra cold spells come. Later you will find it just the thing for the changeable weather of early spring.

The Perfection Heater is light and easily carried. It is safe in the hands of a child—the safest and most reliable heater made. Drums finished either in blue enamel or plain steel, with nickel trimmings—an ornament to any room.

A special automatic device makes smoking impossible. All parts easily cleaned. Gallon test; burns nine hours. Cool handle; damper top.

Dealers everywhere; or write for descriptive circular to any agency of the Standard Oil Company (Incorporated)

AT THE PAVILION

Picture changed Monday, Wednesday and Friday—Vaudeville changed Monday and Thursday.

TO-DAY VENETT AND RICH in a fine singing, dancing and talking act. Mr. Frank Venett, who is well-known to the citizens of Barre, is a member of this act. The act introduces fine comedy, swell dancing and singing. Don't miss it.

KELLEY AND KIERNEY The Harpist and the Tenor. An act that is going to take Barre by storm. A beautiful combination that cannot fail to please all lovers of beautiful music.

Photoplays HOW ALGY CAPTURED A WILD MAN A comedy, unique in conception and pictured on Santa Cruz islands, in the exact locale of the legend. Open every afternoon at 2 p. m. Evenings at 7 p. m. ADMISSION 10 CENTS CHILDREN 5 CENTS.