

CONFESSED HE GAVE POISON TO SWEETHEART

Rev. C. V. T. Richeson Confessed Today That He Was Responsible for the Death of Miss Avis Linnell.

WRITTEN STATEMENT GIVEN TO LAWYERS

District Attorney Pelletier Declared that the Trial Will Be as Planned—Richeson May Plead to New Indictment.

Boston, Jan. 6.—Rev. Clarence V. T. Richeson, former pastor of the Immanuel Baptist church of Cambridge, today made a written confession to the effect that he poisoned his former sweetheart, Miss Avis Linnell. The statement was given into the hands of his counsel, who made the confession public at 1 o'clock this afternoon.

The confession of Richeson follows:

"Boston, Jan. 3, 1912. "John L. Lee, Esq., "William Morse, Esq., "Philip R. Dunbar, Esq., "Gentlemen:

"Deeply penitent for my sins and earnestly desiring as in my power lies to make atonement, I hereby confess that I am guilty of the offense of which I stand indicted. I am moved to this course by no inducement of self-interest or leniency. Heinous as is my crime, God has not wholly abandoned me, and my conscience and manhood, however depraved and blighted, will not admit of my still further wronging by public trial her whose pure young life I have destroyed.

"Under the lashings of remorse I have suffered and am still suffering tortures of the damned. In this I find a measure of comfort. In my mental anguish I recognize there is, by mercy of the Master, some remnant of the divine spark of goodness still lingering within me.

"I could wish to live only because within some prison walls I might, in some small measure, redeem my sinful past, help some despairing souls and at least find favor with my God.

"You are instructed to deliver this to the district attorney or to the judge of the court.

"Sincerely yours, "Clarence V. T. Richeson.

"Trial Will Go On."

When District Attorney Pelletier learned of the confession of Richeson, he said:

"The trial will go on just the same, no matter what statement may be issued by Richeson."

It was stated at the courthouse unofficially that the remark of the district attorney implied that Richeson would be permitted to plead to some accepted change in the indictment.

Attorney Pelletier qualified his first statement later by admitting that Richeson might possibly be brought into court before the day set for trial, but that such action would depend upon the attitude of his counsel. This is regarded by those at the courthouse as an indication that the district attorney and the court might accept his plea of guilty of murder in the second degree and send him to prison for life.

Rumors that Richeson would never see a jury in a trial for life have been life about the city for several weeks, but they all failed when they reached his counsel or the district attorney.

Just before noon today, the judges of the superior court and District Attorney Pelletier went into conference at the courthouse, and about an hour later the representatives of the local papers were called to the office of William A. Morse, the leading counsel for the accused clergyman.

After the representatives of all the papers were found to be present, Mr. Morse said: "Gentlemen, I now give you Richeson's confession."

The opened sheets containing the confession were then handed the newspapers, and those reporters who paused to ask for some further explanation were told there was nothing to be said at the time.

Chief Justice Aiken, when told of Richeson's confession, refused to make any statement regarding it or to say what effect it might have on the trial.

Good lawyers in Boston stated that the only hope of saving Richeson from death in the electric chair after his confession is by adjudging him insane or by commuting his sentence by the governor and the executive council. The death penalty is the only sentence that can be

inflicted in the state upon a verdict of guilty of murder in the first degree.

The Summary of the Case.

Miss Linnell died on October 14, 1911, at a Young Women's Christian association boardinghouse in this city, and the autopsy revealed that she had taken cyanide of potassium. The first report stated that the girl had committed suicide; but later this was doubted. Rev. Mr. Richeson, who was known to have been a friend of the young woman, was one of the first persons notified, and when he was told over the telephone of the girl's death he expressed some surprise that he should have been so informed. He gave the name and address of relatives of the girl.

The investigation of the case was continued, and on October 20 Elias B. Bishop, an attorney of this city, reported that William Hahn, a druggist, could give some information regarding the case. That information led to the arrest of Richeson that same day, as the druggist reported that on October 10 Rev. Richeson, whom he knew quite well, had bought some cyanide of potassium in his store, saying that he wanted it to use on a dog in his boardinghouse. Richeson was placed in jail without bail and was shortly after that indicted on the charge of murder.

On December 20, while being held in jail for the trial, which was to start on January 15, Richeson mutilated himself badly, using the cover of a marmalade jar, the piece of tin being sharpened by being scraped on the cement floor of his cell. He was operated on immediately afterwards, and is now on the road to recovery.

It was while Rev. Richeson was serving as pastor of the Baptist church in Hyannis that he became acquainted with Miss Linnell, and the acquaintance was continued when Richeson went to Cambridge as pastor of the Immanuel Baptist church. The girl was 19 years old at the time of her death. During last summer, Richeson's engagement to Miss Violet Edmonds, a Boston girl, was announced.

MORE COLD WEATHER MAKES WIRE TROUBLE

Thermometer Mark at Superior, Wis. To-day Was 38 Degrees Below Zero—Fall in Several States.

Chicago, Jan. 6.—Another decided drop in the temperature marked the sixth day of the cold wave through the middle West to-day. From many cities came reports of broken records. Superior, Wis., had a mark of 38 degrees below zero. A general snowfall throughout Illinois, Iowa, Michigan and Missouri added to the misery, and telephone companies experienced much wire trouble.

WOMAN SHOT THE MAN WHO LEFT HER

According to Friends of Alwyn Siedes, a Milliner, Norbert H. Rodkinson Deserted Her and Refused to Support Her Children.

Berlin, Germany, Jan. 6.—Norbert H. Rodkinson, a prominent member of the American colony here, was shot and probably fatally injured here to-day by Alwyn Siedes, a milliner. The woman then turned the weapon on herself and inflicted a serious wound. According to the friends of the Siedes woman, the affair was brought about by the interruption of long-standing relations between her and Mr. Rodkinson and also to his refusal to support her two children.

FOUND HER HOME BURNING.

Middlebury Woman, Miss Susan Archibald, Saved but Little.

Middlebury, Jan. 6.—When Miss Susan E. Archibald returned to her home on Elm street about 9:30 last evening, after an absence of several hours, she was met at the door by a cloud of smoke, and the fire thus discovered resulted by midnight in the total ruin of the house, with a loss of \$2,000, partly covered by insurance.

Hoseman Fred Lapan of the local fire department narrowly escaped death in the fall of a chimney, and several firemen were severely chilled. Postmaster L. A. Skiff and Harmon Peck opened their houses and served hot coffee to the firemen, who had a hard struggle with the flames, which, fanned by a strong wind, threatened neighboring property.

The fire started from an overheated hot air furnace. Practically the only property saved was a quantity of silverware and some valuable papers. Much old furniture and many heirlooms were destroyed.

BOTH SIDES WILLING TO ARBITRATE DISPUTE

But Boston Longshoremen and Their Employers Are Unable to Agree on Arbitrators.

Boston, Jan. 6.—Another effort was made to-day to settle the strike of longshoremen and to ward off the threatened embargo on Boston's foreign commerce. Both sides are willing to arbitrate, but have been unable, however, to agree on arbitrators. A large amount of perishable freight, as well as many tons of other merchandise, is awaiting shipment. The city officials have informed that commerce will be diverted to other Atlantic ports unless the strike is settled within a few days. The wharves are piled high with merchandise.

AUTO DRIVER EXONERATED

John J. Gormley Not Responsible For Death of Miss Galvin

REPORTS THE GRAND JURY

An Automobile Driven by Gormley Was Overturned While Trailing a Wedding Party in Another Automobile in Streets of Boston.

Boston, Jan. 6.—The grand jury which investigated the death of Miss Julia Galvin, who was killed in the overturning of an automobile on Thanksgiving day while trailing a wedding party in another automobile, reported "no bill" to-day against John J. Gormley, who was driving the car. It was found by the grand jury that Gormley was not responsible.

TRAINS COLLIDED, SOME KILLED, MANY INJURED

Santa Fe Passenger Trains Met at Wright, Kan.—Engineer Killed, One Fatally Hurt, Twelve Injured.

Topeka, Kan., Jan. 6.—Two Santa Fe passenger trains collided at Wright last night. The engineer was killed, another man fatally hurt and twelve passengers were injured.

GET MORE WAGES.

Some Central Vermont Railroad Employees Benefitted.

The majority of employees of the Central Vermont railroad are in receipt of a small booklet entitled "Rules and Wages," which is issued by the company apropos the recent raise in wages granted to trainmen. George Stuart, acting station agent in this city, received a copy this morning. The increase in wages went into effect January 1, and it is understood that the raise came pursuant to the company's plan to continually better the condition of its employees.

UNSAFE CONDITIONS FROM HIGH VOLTAGE

Public Service Commission Orders Some Changes Between Villages of Chelsea and South Royalton.

Reporting that the Central Vermont railroad freight wreck near Riverton on Oct. 20, 1911, in which W. R. Chayer, a trainman, was injured, was due to short flagging of trains, the Vermont public service commission closes by declaring:

"Several accidents similar to this had occurred previously, and the commission, through its investigation, has emphasized the opportunity to emphasize to the trainmen, and especially the brakemen, the necessity at all times faithfully to follow the rules as laid down for their guidance, for the protection of persons and property.

"In this case the commission finds that the accident, which was a collision between extra freight train No. 339 and extra freight train No. 337, was the result of short flagging on the part of a brakeman, who did not comply with the rules of the company, which required him, under such circumstances, to go back from the rear of his train at least thirty-six telegraph poles; he in fact only went back ten poles, and the collision resulted in consequence thereof."

On the complaint of the Orange County Telephone Co. that unsafe conditions existed between the villages of Chelsea and South Royalton, the commission has, on recommendation of an electrical expert, ordered the Royalton Power Co. to so construct its lines that they shall in no case parallel the lines of either the Orange County or Rapid Telephone companies at a distance of less than fifteen feet from the nearest wires, and where such a condition already exists, said power company is ordered to move the wires of the Orange County Tel. Co. to the poles of the Rapid Tel. Co., and certain provisions are made as to the proportion which each company shall bear of the expense. The power company is ordered to have a high voltage insulator in series with all guy wires and installed approximately four feet from its attachment to the pole, insulator of which shall equal the electrocutor insulator, manufactured by the Western Electric company. Where the wires of the power company cross the wires of the telephone companies, such construction shall be used as is specified in "Specifications No. 3119" of the American Tel. & Tel. Co.

Attention is also called to the fact that the distribution system of the power company in the village of Chelsea is in need of general overhauling in order to eliminate many dangerous conditions, where power wires are in contact with telephone wires, and also where there is great liability of serious crossing in case of storms. These conditions, it is understood, are to be eliminated with a special order on the part of the commission.

Throughout this territory wherever the high potential line of the power company is involved, in future construction and renewals of poles, the telephone companies are asked to endeavor to place their poles and wires on the same side of the highway, so as to make a minimum number of crossings with the power line, and to that end the two telephone companies should use the same line of poles, as far as possible, on some agreed rental basis.

In the matter of the elimination of the grade crossing about two miles north of the railroad station at Charlotte, by

TWO LODGES UNITED.

In Odd Fellows and Rebekahs Installation Last Evening.

Bright Star Rebekah lodge, No. 18, and Hiawatha lodge, No. 29, I. O. O. F., held one of the most successful joint installations in many years at Odd Fellows hall last evening, when over 100 members of both lodges were present for the exercises of installation and the banquet which followed later. The installation of the Odd Fellows was performed by M. W. Hyland of East Barre, district deputy grand master, assisted by Frank L. Tucker of East Barre, district deputy grand marshal. The following officers were thus vested with the power to conduct the various duties incident to their offices during 1912:

Noble grand, Hugh G. Payne; vice grand, Dennison Denmore; secretary, H. W. Scott; treasurer, Dell V. Stone; right supporter of noble grand, E. E. Barrett; left supporter of noble grand, W. E. Folsom; conductor, W. H. Cleveland; warden, O. C. Averill; right scene supporter, Raymond Waterman; left scene supporter, Archie Taft; outside guardian, Charles Webster; inside guardian, Elmer Folsom; right supporter vice grand, Warner D. Wheeler; left supporter vice grand, George T. Gauthier; trustee for three years, Kenneth Nicholson.

Assisting in the work of installing the newly elected officers of Bright Star lodge were Miss Nellie Blanchard of this city, district president, and Mrs. Frank W. Jackson, grand marshal. The following officers were installed by them: Noble grand, Mrs. L. G. Meade; vice grand, Mrs. James Harvey; secretary, Mrs. Dell V. Stone; treasurer, Mrs. James Giddes; warden, Mrs. Ida Kendrick; conductress, Mrs. Maude Dyke; chaplain, Mrs. George Nye; right supporter noble grand, Mrs. Mae Sytton; left supporter noble grand, Mrs. Katherine Campbell; right supporter vice grand, Miss Della Dimech; left supporter vice grand, Mrs. Hugh Boyce; inside guardian, Miss Nellie Alexander; outside guardian, Hugh Boyce.

UNMOURNED BY RELATIVES

Funeral of Elroy Kent Was Conducted in State Prison Following His Execution

Autopsy Showed That the Man's Physical Condition Was Normal—Brain Was Taken to State Laboratory for Examination.

BOARD OF TRADE BOOMS BARRE GRANITE

Starts Campaign of Publicity by Adopting System of Card Circulars to Be Enclosed in Letters.

In order to spread the already wide and favorable information about Barre granite, the Barre board of trade has adopted a very creditable method of attracting attention by a series of three card circulars, which are intended to be enclosed in letters mailed from Barre. The first of the series has just been received from the press and is ready for distribution, supplies being left with A. P. Abbott, chairman of the committee, and at the Granite Manufacturers' Assn. rooms.

The circular at hand is entitled "Home of Barre Granite," and it bears a reproduction of a quarry scene, showing a huge block of Barre granite just as it has been quarried, and also showing the side of the quarry from which the block was detached. The picture indicates something of the magnitude of the scale reached in the quarrying end of the industry. The second series is to touch upon the manufacturing end of the industry, and the third will show the finished product. These two will be issued later.

Under the picture is the information: "Barre is the third largest city in Vermont."

Following are three assertions which are so brief and concise as to command attention and not to discourage reading by the recipients. They are:

"Barre granite, the finest on the market, is here treated by experts, that bring out all its natural beauty."

"Barre has the largest granite industry in the world. From her quarries come the finest monuments, statuary, mausoleums and building work."

"Barre granite has no substitute. Buy your Barre granite where it is taken from the quarries and finished into perfect designs by skilled workmen employed by firms having an established reputation."

The stamp of authenticity and reliability is made by the signature attached, viz., "Board of Trade, Barre, Vt."

These circulars are of convenient size to be enclosed in envelopes, and it is expected that the board will have a big demand for the cards.

TRIED TO DO MY DUTY DECLARED GOV. MEAD

As He Expressed Relief That the Kent Execution Was Over With—He Explains His Position as Executive.

Rutland, Jan. 6.—Gov. John A. Mead declined to make any comment upon the manner in which the execution of Elroy Kent was carried out at Windsor, or to express any opinion as to the probability of abolishing the death penalty in Vermont.

Neither would he express his own views on the question of executions for murder other than to say that he hoped never again to be called upon to go through the experiences of the past week.

"The affair has been very unpleasant for me," said the governor. "I have received letters from all parts of the state, some asking for commutation of the death sentence and many urging that the full penalty of the law be executed."

"Our system of government consists of three separate departments, the legislative, the judicial and the executive, being simply a part of the executive branch, have felt that it was not proper for me to interfere with the other departments."

"In this case my stand was that of non-interference unless some new evidence was discovered. I have realized for many days the tremendous responsibility of my position in this case and have sought information and help from all sources in my endeavor to act justly to all parties and interests."

"It was my endeavor to avoid, as far as possible, the unpleasant conditions surrounding the execution of Mary Rogers, and for that reason I have avoided all interviews relating in any way to the case."

"I received telephone messages from persons in various parts of the state, some of whom were violently opposed to Kent's execution and others just as violently opposed to any weakening on the part of the state authorities."

"My wish and prayer is that I may never again be called upon to undergo an experience like that of the last week. In short, to do my duty no matter how unpleasant, as I bound myself to do when I took my oath of office."

Montpelier K. of C. Installation.

The Montpelier Knights of Columbus had their installation of officers last night, of which District Deputy Thomas B. Garvey of Burlington had charge, and at which State Deputy P. E. McAniff of Burlington and Rev. W. J. O'Sullivan made addresses. The officers installed were as follows: Grand knight, James M. Healey; deputy grand knight, P. A. Broham; chancellor, C. F. McKenna; recording secretary, J. E. Kennedy; financial secretary, D. T. Donnelly; treasurer, J. H. Kellner; lecturer, Thomas Carroll; warden, F. H. Brown; advocate, W. M. Theriault; trustees, L. V. Stone, J. O. Galais; inside guard, J. L. LeCuyer; outside guard, C. H. Reagan.

The Central Vermont train due into Barre at 12:55 was thirty minutes late this afternoon, owing to a delay of the southbound train on the main line.

BLAZE IN PARTITIONS.

Called Firemen to a House on Foss Street This Morning.

The house at 27 Foss street, owned and occupied by Constantini Calegni, was threatened by fire this morning, and an alarm sent in to the central station by telephone, which brought the chemical apparatus to the scene, was followed shortly after by a general alarm rung in from box 142 and all of the city's fire fighting equipment and crew of regular and call men assembled on Foss street. Although confined largely to partitions at the rear of the house, the fire stubbornly resisted the firemen for several minutes. Quantities of chemical poured into every crack and crevice where a sign of fire could be found soon averted the danger and within less than a half hour after the arrival of the firemen the blaze was extinguished. The loss will not reach \$30, which is amply covered by insurance.

Mrs. Calegni discovered smoke in the house some time before calling on the fire department for aid. When it at length became known that fire was creeping up through the partitions, a still alarm was sent in by telephone. A brisk north wind prevailed throughout the morning and the general alarm was rung in as a safeguard. The trip from the fire station to Foss street was made in the face of a biting wind and the mercury hovering around zero.

Mrs. Calegni cannot explain the origin of the blaze, although it is possible that an overheated stovepipe was the cause. One of the regular men was left at the Calegni house in case of a further outbreak.

Another Run to North End.

At 1:05 this afternoon the entire department was called again to the north section of the city, an alarm being turned in from box 14. The firemen found a slight blaze in the house at 14 Third street, the house being occupied by Charles Fasola and Andrew Guidoli. A hot chimney had caused ignition in the partition and alarmed the occupants of the building. A short dousing with chemicals put out the blaze and the damage was nominal.

An autopsy was performed shortly after Kent was pronounced at 1:45 to be dead. The autopsy was performed by Dr. B. H. Stone of the state laboratory at Burlington, assisted by Dr. C. F. Dalton of the same institution. Three other physicians were present. The autopsy showed that Kent was in good physical condition and that nothing was abnormal. The brain was removed and taken to the state laboratory in Burlington. Kent's neck was found to be dislocated by the snap in falling through the trap, it is reported.

The simple funeral services were conducted by Rev. Ford, chaplain of the state prison; and Supt. Lovell and Sheriff Kihny accompanied the remains to the grave. The bearers were four prison officials.

This is the second execution in Vermont in recent years which has been marred by an accident. When Mrs. Mary Rogers paid the penalty on the scaffold December 8, 1906, for the murder of her husband, the rope, which is the same one used yesterday, stretched so that her feet touched the floor. The incident led to an agitation for the abolition of the death penalty in Vermont, but no action resulted.

Before the execution yesterday several senators and representatives made it plain that they intended to carry a campaign into the legislature for the removal of capital punishment and the substitution of life imprisonment as the penalty for murder in the first degree. That their purpose was strengthened by the accident at the gallows, was the general feeling here afterwards.

PHYSICIAN GUILTY ON ONLY ONE CHARGE

Dr. J. H. Theriault Convicted By Jury on Accusation of Having Procured Abortion—Not Guilty of Murdering the Child.

Woodstock, Jan. 6.—After being out 20 hours, the jury in the case of the State vs. Dr. J. H. Theriault of Claremont, N. H., charged with having procured an abortion upon Alice Towle of White River Junction and with having murdered the child, came in at a little before five yesterday afternoon with a verdict of guilty of having used an instrument upon a woman in order to secure a miscarriage. A verdict of not guilty to the murder charge was returned. The maximum penalty for the offense is 20 years' imprisonment.

FIVE NEW CORPORATIONS

Have Been Authorized to Do Business in Vermont.

Five corporations filed articles of association yesterday at the office of the secretary of state. The Half Century store of Randolph has formed an association to job and retail goods and has a capital stock of \$25,000. The signers are W. W. Sprague, C. E. Lazelle, Frank E. Kidder, L. H. Rumlill and Edward W. Tewksbury, all of Randolph.

The capital stock of the Varrt-Wadsworth company, dentists, of Barre, is \$10,000. The matter was signed by Dr. D. C. Watt, Dr. F. W. Hudson and Elwin L. Scott, all of Barre. The Champlain Garage company of Burlington has been formed and incorporated to erect a garage and do repairs. The capital stock is \$10,000 and the signers, Harris R. Watkins, L. W. Welch and George A. Collier of Burlington and Clarence Morgan of Shelburne.

A St. Johnsbury company, the O. V. Booker & Son, also filed papers, the purpose of the corporation being to do general machine and foundry business. The signers are Frank B. Hooker, Ralph B. Hooker, L. N. Smythe of St. Johnsbury and Carl E. Hooker of Haverhill, Mass. The fifth company to file papers was the Boston Condensed Milk company, which seeks to open business in Bellows Falls. Thomas E. O'Brien of that city is named as the one on whom papers may be served. The business of the company is dealing in milk, eggs, sugar, corn, vegetables, etc. The capital stock is \$800,000.

RAILROADS GET TOGETHER.

New Haven and Grand Trunk Lines to Consider Connecticut Valley Dispute.

Battleboro, Jan. 6.—Incidents that indicate the truth of the assertion that the New Haven and Grand Trunk railway systems are very close to a settlement of their Connecticut Valley controversy are of frequent occurrence this week.

On Tuesday Chief Engineer A. R. Corthell of the Boston & Maine road visited Battleboro with several of his assistants and made an automobile trip over the right of way which the company recently bought between here and Hinsdale, N. H. He came here with the intention of meeting an engineer, J. M. Morrison of the Central Vermont, and going over the Battleboro situation with him.

The fact that engineers representing the two systems are planning to consider the Battleboro situation in connection is pretty good evidence that the Grand Trunk and New Haven officials are no further apart than they have been, to say the least.

Yesterday afternoon Supt. Curtis of the construction department, and an assistant, arrived in Battleboro and made a trip over the right of way in New Hampshire.

Thousands Idle.

New York, Jan. 6.—The Havermyer refineries of the American Sugar Refining company in Williamsburg have shut down and 5,000 men have been thrown out of employment. Over-production is said to have caused the shut down. The officers of the company are besieged with employees begging for work.

HOTEL W. HEARD

Just Before Final Adjudgment of Supreme Court

POWELL VS. THE WOODBURYS

IN ADDITION TO THAT, THE CASE OF HARRY EMERSON, BY NEXT FRIEND, VS. CORY, DEAVITT & FROST CO. WAS CONSIDERED—ATTORNEYS GIVEN MORE TIME.

The supreme court session at Montpelier adjourned yesterday without date after hearing arguments in the Grange county case of Harry Emerson, by next friend, vs. the Cory, Deavitt & Frost company and the Chittenden county case of Max L. Powell, tr. vs. Charles L. and Edward P. Woodbury.

In the former case, the plaintiff had been given a verdict for \$8,583.33 damages in county court and M. M. Gordon, counsel for Emerson, brought the facts before the court. The case was for personal damages by which Emerson became practically blind and which was argued before the supreme court a year ago. Mr. Gordon learned that the boy, unrepresented by counsel, had settled with Mr. Deavitt, counsel for the company, last Saturday night, for \$1,000, while the judgment now amounted to \$10,000. He therefore applied to the court to either dismiss the stipulation, appoint a commission to investigate or not to set upon the case until he had time to look into the matter more thoroughly. He was given 15 days to file his motion and the other side ten days thereafter and counsel on both sides was given power to name a commission which the court may appoint at the February term.

In the Chittenden county case, the lower court had given a verdict for the plaintiff, M. L. Powell, of \$300 and costs. M. L. Powell and John Redmond appeared for the plaintiff and R. E. Brown of Burlington for the Woodburys. The case grows out of alleged malicious prosecution in the court of chancery following the issuance of an injunction to prevent Mr. Powell selling at auction the hotel Burlington property. This property had belonged to George Delaney, who, because of debts, deeded same to Mr. Powell as trustee. The latter operated the same until it was destroyed by fire in January, 1910. Afterwards George Delaney is said to have executed a quit claim of his interests to the Woodburys, owners of the Van Ness house, and to have given them an option on the property. Mr. Powell claims that the only interest the Woodburys had in the property was to keep anyone else from getting it and to hinder the erection of competitive hotels in Burlington, and that as soon as they found a new hotel had been started on another site, their interest waned and they withdrew proceedings and dissolved the injunction.

At the end of the term, the Washington county cases stand as follows:—H. F. Paton vs. Dudley Sterling et al., and J. J. Goodwin, trustee, continued; Jane Fowle, adm'x, vs. McDonald, Cutler & Co., with court; W. B. Carpenter vs. estate of William Cooley, apt. continued; Julia Campbell, apt. vs. A. C. Pelville, continued; E. R. Fletcher vs. Annie M. Bean, ex'rs, vs. George and Morris Atkins, with court; Andrew Genovese vs. George Stratton quarry, continued; Isabel Donovan vs. Charles Salinas, disposed of; M. L. Wood vs. city of Montpelier, with court; in re estate of B. W. Braley, judgment affirmed; in re Orzella Bean's will, with court; R. C. Bowers Granite company vs. Drew Daniels Granite company, continued; W. B. Turner vs. E. N. Nordmann, continued; John W. Gordon vs. T. J. Deavitt, judgment affirmed; in re Liola Ellison, judgment affirmed; State vs. John Turley, and State vs. Levi Morway, continued; State vs. J. H. Kelley, with court.

BIG WINTER ENROLLMENT.

Goddard Seminary Has a Number of Additions to Student Roll.

The close of the first week of the winter term at Goddard seminary finds a student enrollment which is considerably larger than the average for the middle term of the school year; and more students are expected next week. Among the newcomers are six students in the boardinghouse.

Eleven new students for the term are as follows: Helen Hack of Burlington in the first year academic course; Bessie Waters of Barnard in the first year English course; Gladys Bradford of Barre, Mary Milne of Barre, Laura Donahue of Grantville, Albert LaCasse of Derby Line, Frank Root of Shelburne and Ralph Turner of Barre in the commercial course; Herbert Merrill of West Somerville, Mass., in the third year college preparatory course; Eva Breckan and Jessie France of Barre in the piano course. At the present time there are 38 students in the piano department and 48 in the business department of the school.

FUNERAL OF H. M. DENSMORE

Was Held This Afternoon and Burial Was in Hope Cemetery.

The funeral of Harry M. Denmore, whose death occurred in Colchester on Wednesday night, was held at his late home, 202 East street, this afternoon at 2 o'clock. Rev. Mr. Woodruff, a former South Barre pastor, officiating. The services were as follows: William Denmore, Carl Denmore, sons of Mr. Denmore, George Collamer and A. M. Troup, sons-in-law of the deceased. The burial took place in Hope cemetery. Among the people attending the services at the house were several members of the Grand Army of the Republic, Mr. Denmore having been a veteran of the Civil war. The body arrived in this city yesterday afternoon at 3:15 o'clock.

Mr. Denmore, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Denmore and Mrs. A. M. Troup accompanied the remains to this city.

FLITTED ABOUT ZERO.

Weather About Barre Was the Coldest of the Season.

The weather this morning was the coldest of the winter. Thermometers in different parts of the city registered from six to fourteen degrees below zero, according to the locality. Throughout the day the mercury continued to flit around the zero mark and near noon in the middle of the city one of the temperature recorders read four degrees below the mark. Added to the dire condition of the atmosphere, a piercing north wind prevailed all the forenoon.

A meeting of the athletic club of the Church of the Good Shepherd will be held in the church vestry Monday evening at 7 o'clock.

The employees of the Daylight store, numbering twenty, were pleasantly entertained at a dinner party given by Mr. and Mrs. Dan J. Morse at their home, 90 Tremont street, last evening at 6:30 o'clock. The later hours of the evening were devoted to games and music.</