

THE BARRE DAILY TIMES

TUESDAY, MAY 14, 1912.

Published every week-day afternoon. Subscriptions: One year, \$5.00; one month, 25 cents; single copy, 1 cent.

Entered at the postoffice at Barre as second-class matter. Frank E. Langley, Publisher.

The average daily circulation of the Barre Daily Times for the week ending last Saturday was

6,000

copies, the largest circulation of any daily paper in Vermont outside of Burlington.

Bath, Me., has washed Mr. Morse white as the driven snow.

The Taft and Roosevelt managers are adepts at multiplication if not at addition and subtraction.

As this week will see two hundred delegates elected to the Chicago convention, it will be the turning-point of the Republican campaign. The candidates may be pardoned any nervousness, therefore.

It was rank cruelty to yank those twenty congressmen away from the ball game Friday to force them to consider the pension bill in all its dryness. What do we send our congressmen to Washington for?

Let everyone help the Barre Board of Trade in its efforts to advance the city's interests. Remember that Thursday is "Board of Trade day," when an opportunity will be given you to contribute by joining the organization and by lending your moral support to the work which will be undertaken. Everybody help.

It is estimated by waiting Londoners that Americans will drop about \$60,000,000 in Europe during the season now at hand; and, naturally enough, there is some scrambling to get a large share of this tremendous deposit. That amount is rather surprising to Americans, and it is calculated to weaken the argument used against aliens, that they send millions of money out of the country each year. It seems that others than our aliens are contributing largely to the enrichment of the old world.

After to-morrow's primaries in California we shall be able to learn how great an impression a man like Senator La Follette is able to make on an impressionable state. It is to be remembered, too, that Senator La Follette's chief object of attack during some vigorous campaigning in that state was the other reported "progressive" Colonel Roosevelt; and the contest affords one of the few clashes between these two Republican candidates for the nomination. California's verdict will be important, as the state has twenty-six delegates in the convention.

In John Grier Hibben, Princeton university has a new president who has won the designation of "the whitest man in all the fac" according to popular song at the famous institution. And it is to be hoped that President Hibben will be able to maintain the good will therein expressed. Certain it is, however, that few men are called to more delicate positions in the educational world, than as is Princeton with dissonance over policies which were brought out by former President Woodrow Wilson, now a Democratic candidate for president. If the new president succeeds in bringing the warring factions together on concerted plans, he will be eminently successful, let alone conducting the routine affairs of the university.

THE PITTSFORD SANATORIUM'S WORK.

The report of the Vermont sanatorium shows that there were twelve fewer cases treated during 1911 than during 1910. "And," proceeds the medical director, "this was perhaps a disappointment, as the marked increase during the previous year had led to the hope that there would be enough applications to insure a constant waiting list." Perhaps pulmonary diseases, which the institution is primarily intended to treat, are declining. That should surely offer no reason for disappointment.—Burlington Clipper.

It is somewhat remarkable that there were not enough applicants for admission to make a waiting list, for certainly there has not been such a reduction of tuberculosis cases in the state at large to account for the falling-off in applications. It is probable that some progress has been made toward wiping out the disease, as much perhaps through instruction in avoidance of the disease as through actual treatment of disease already contracted. But there surely are hundreds, probably thousands, of cases of the disease in its various stages, and from the incipient cases alone the Pittsford sanatorium might be constantly filled and have a waiting list of considerable length. Therefore, we shall have to look further for the reason why the institution is not besieged with applications.



Norfolk Suits are looking up.

No man's wardrobe is complete this season without one; equally appropriate for old and young.

We have 'em for every age from six years up.

Cut to give the ease and freedom essential to warm weather comfort. Fabrics and patterns in big variety.

Special summer Trousers in flannel, serge, fancy cassimere, \$2 to \$7.

We Clean, Press and Repair Clothing.



174 North Main Street, Barre, Vermont. The Big Store With the Little Prices.

tions. If it is due to the indifference of the people, and particularly the patients, we need to be shaken out of our lethargy to the advantages of the institution. The opportunities there provided are too valuable to be allowed to slip by.

LEAVING THINGS TILL THE LAST.

Why couldn't the alienists have been put to work on the Richeson case earlier in order to avoid much of the confusion and excitement of the few days just prior to the date on which his execution is set? It seems to be the common rule to leave these matters until the very last and then run them into a terrible jumble of fact and fancy, stirring the public into a fever of excitement over the fate of the condemned and not giving the alienists the proper conditions in which to determine the sanity of the condemned. If the alienists on both sides of the case had been put to work weeks or months ago, it would have been possible for them to arrive at a much fairer judgment, and the ends of exact justice would have been met in a more satisfactory manner. But, instead of that, we are now confronted with a situation in which the judges of sanity or insanity of the condemned are handicapped seriously in arriving at right conclusions, for we take it to be an established fact that the alienists for the commonwealth, at least, are anxious to ascertain the true state of Richeson's mind and to so report to the governor and council. It is an unfortunate situation, which might have been avoided in part by earlier attention to the matter.

CURRENT COMMENT

Conditions in Monument Business.

Conditions are improving in the monument business. The time is not far distant when the honest producer and the honest dealer will command and receive the respect of their customers. There will come a time when the producer who does the best class of work will get the business, and the dealer who pays his bills promptly will realize a much deserved advantage over the one who does not. There will also come a time when the dealer who knows art, talks quality and delivers it will secure the patronage which has formerly been given to the one who sells his work at the lowest price per pound. Organization, co-operation and a constant aiming at higher ideals, will bring these things to pass.—From "American Stone Trade."

Vermont's Maple Sugar Production.

The Vermont production of maple sugar this year will not be more than three-quarters of the usual output. The season opened late and the April conditions were not favorable to the industry. Probably the tendency is toward a decline in this luxury, anyway. Ten years ago Vermont was credited with more than a third of the country's entire production. Prices have been mounting to high figures, but the value of maple lumber has increased more rapidly and has tempted the farmers to consent to the destruction of their sugar orchards in many cases. From 1890 to 1900 the maple sugar product of the country declined from over 40,000,000 pounds to about 12,000,000, and even the latter amount has now been constantly reduced. The present year's crop, however, is of excellent quality.—Boston Transcript.

Second District Politics.

Second district politics are in what might be termed a seidlitz powder state;

A SUGGESTION

To Those Who Have Valuable Papers, Records, Insurance Policies, etc.

Do away with the risk of keeping these in the office or home by renting a Safety Deposit Box of the Peoples National Bank of Barre.

A Box 4 1-2 by 20 at \$3.00 per Year
A Larger One for - - \$5.00 per Year
A Still Larger One for \$10.00 per Year

You have access to the deposit box during banking hours.

The Peoples National Bank

Worthen Block, Barre, Vermont

OPEN MONDAY EVENINGS FROM 7 TO 8 O'CLOCK

that is, a little mixing might result in much effervescence. Although nothing in the form of open opposition to Representative Plumley has appeared, quiet dissatisfaction has developed in various places. This, of course, may be due in large measure to local disappointments over the distribution of petty patronage, but its existence is nevertheless likely to quicken various latent aspirations and lead the possessors thereof to believe that this year of 1912 is the psychological time to start something. It would be the strangest thing in the world if the perennial Porter Dale of Island Pond should appear on the northern horizon in the role of a political Aurora Borealis, while the name of Horace Graham and ex-Gov. W. W. Stickney of Ludlow have been mentioned in the same connection. These candidates would not have popular advantage that would come to Judge Frank Thompson of Barton, Wallace N. Batchelder of Bethel, E. W. Gibson of this town or some other T. R. supporter who might enter the race, although as a matter of fact the Roosevelt sentiment as an aid to individual aspirations is greatly overrated. In the late unpleasantness the issue had nothing to do with the individual fitness of any Vermontor but with the choice of a candidate for president. A great many men who are qualified to serve as instructed delegates are not of the congressional timber. There isn't a great deal that can be said against the record of Representative Plumley for the reason that it doesn't stand out in bold relief. He has been an earnest, conscientious worker without doubt, but his service lacks force—he doesn't appear to be a positive, constructive quantity. However, in fairness to him it should be said that this statement is the result of no careful analysis of what he has accomplished. If Mr. Plumley would come home (as he ought to do if he expects to go back) and tell his constituents what valiant service he has been rendering, the chances are that no opposing candidacy can gain enough momentum between now and convention time to give him trouble.—Brattleboro Reformer.

TO INCREASE MILK PRODUCTION.

Part That May Be Played by Accurately Kept Test Records.

In the pooling of milk and handling of a milk herd the yield of any one cow is immediately lost sight of, writes J. A. Macdonald of Ottawa, Ont., in the New York Tribune Farmer. "There is no permanent, tangible or visible bulk or weight," according to Mr. Whitley, who has charge of this work in Canada. "It is all in the head of the milkmaid, who loses its identity in the general total. Being a fluid, it is indistinguishable by its shape, size or color, and thus is radically different from other farm products—the fat steer, the plump chicken, luscious berries or ripe grain. The yield of the individual cow must be noted and recorded at the moment of her milking; then at the end of the season intelligent action can be taken in selection. Thus will be seen the value of records; they are indispensable; they are simply kept, cost only a trifle, and their value increases if they are continuous. Their use must appeal to every dairyman as being of immense and immediate benefit. It would be profitable to increase the total production of milk in this country by at least \$30,000,000. We will never see that increase or anything approaching it from the increased value of a gallon of our product, for that is the end of the business over which the producer has very little control; but he has full control over his end of the business, and it is high time that those who are engaged in the production of milk should pay more attention to questions over which they have absolute control, and not concern themselves with other matters. Mr. Grisdale, the wise, prudent and progressive director of the Canadian experimental farms, would go further. He believes it is quite possible with the same herd to double our production. He bases this statement on observations from the Pacific coast to the Atlantic, over which he has to travel. A young man in Ontario started in with a herd whose return was 4,000 pounds a year per cow. He kept his records, weeded out the worst cows, and the result was that at the end of five years the herd yielded over 8,000 pounds a cow, and there is nothing to prevent any farmer from doing this. If one keeps records only once in ten days, he will effect a tremendous increase, because he cannot help paying attention to the care and feeding of his cows. Of course, with this increase one must feed better. You cannot get 8,000 pounds of milk with the same feed required to produce 4,000 pounds; so, you see, it is not the selection of the cows alone, but it is also the feed you are giving them. The great trouble with dairy farmers is the lack of care they give their cows. I think with all dairy farmers the great need is the improvement of their herds, and that improvement can be brought about by no better means than keeping records. In fact, it is the only absolutely certain way of improving a herd. It is encouraging to see that not only the average farmer, but those farmers who think they are well up in the business, are going into it more and more. I believe this testing business will bring a tremendous awakening in dairy operations. To determine the value of a cow to a dairyman, three questions must be asked and answered: 1. How much milk does she give? 2. How much fat does that milk contain? 3. What does it cost to produce her milk? Such questions can readily be answered if a simple record system is adopted.

MAGAZINE REVIEW

Senator La Follette, writing his autobiography in the April American Magazine, presents as follows his idea of the importance of having government work done in the open where the public and the newspapers can see it: "Again and again I have protested against secret hearing before congressional committees upon the public business and against the business of Congress being taken into a secret party caucus and there disposed of by party rule. "When the tariff bill on wool and woollens was in conference between the two houses last summer, I was determined as a member of that conference that its sessions should be held, if possible, with open doors. I waited upon Senator Bailey, a member of the committee, and told him that I proposed to announce that I should freely discuss on the floor of the Senate any action taken by the committee, and that if support could be had I should move to make the sessions of the committee open and public. Indeed, both Senator Bailey and myself had taken the same position when an attempt had previously been made to hold secret sessions of the conference on finance so that Secretary Knox might give, in private his testimony on the reciprocity bill. At that time I moved that a stenographer be present, and that all questions and answers be taken down and made of record, and declared that I would not be bound by any action of the committee against making use of the testimony of Secretary Knox, if I felt it to be my duty in discussing the reciprocity bill on the floor of the Senate.

JINGLES AND JESTS

You Never Can Tell. He rocked the boat one summer day; The boat refused to tip. He reached old age and passed away. A victim of the pip. A fool there was who gazed into His mizzelle of a gun; His age was then but twenty-two— He died at eighty-one. He skated where the ice was weak. When he was but a lad, And now he is an aged geek. And grown men call him "dad." Of dynamite he had a store; But it was twenty years before He played a golden lyre. And then there was a careful guy Whose ways were wise and prim. And from a cloudless summer sky An airship fell on him. —Milwaukee Sentinel.



Walk-Over quality is a standard of comparison for shoe dealers everywhere—Walk-Over Shoes are admittedly the "leaders of the world".

Boston School Shoes for the children.

WALK-OVER SHOE STORE 170 North Main Street

I was assured by Senator Bailey that he was heartily in favor of that course. When, later, the committee on conference on the tariff bill on wool and woollens met in the rooms of the finance committee, Senator Bailey moved that the sessions of the conference committee be held with open doors. Objection was made, but finally, on a roll call, Bailey's motion carried, the doors were opened, and the representatives of the newspapers were admitted. For the first time in Congress, a conference committee transacted its important business under the eye of the public, with reporters in attendance.

Phil Sheridan's Debt to the "Quakeress of Winchester, Who in Old Age Is Now a Government Clerk.

Among the interesting people in Washington is Betsey Wright Bonnell, who has a job in the treasury department, which she has held since 1898, having been appointed by Grant. This woman, known as the Quakeress of Winchester, secretly sent information to General Phil Sheridan which enabled him to win a great battle, and, as a reward, she was appointed to her present place, as the result of a letter which Sheridan wrote to Grant about her. The romantic story of the Quakeress of Winchester and what she did for Sheridan is told in the April American Magazine. She lived at Winchester, Va., and by means of a letter sent to Sheridan gave him the facts which caused him to win the battle of Winchester. Her letter was carried to Sheridan by a negro. It was written on a thin sheet of paper, wrapped in tin foil and carried in the negro's mouth. After the incident, General Sheridan called on the young quakeress and asked her what he could do for her. "Never tell this till after the war," said the girl quickly. "Swear on thy sword that they will not mention it until after the war." Sheridan promised. Both knew well the fateful consequences were known what she had done. Almost three years after the battle of Winchester, the general directed General Forsythe on his behalf to present her a morocco case containing a beautiful gold watch, chain and breast pin, which he had had made to his order. Enclosed with this gift was a letter, which has been prized even more than the gift of gold. Headquarters, Dept. of the Gulf, "New Orleans, July 7, '67. "My Dear Miss Wright: "You are probably not aware of the great service you rendered the union cause by the information you sent me by the colored man a few days before the battle of Oquan (Winchester) on Sept. 19, '64. It was on this information the battle was fought, and probably won. "The colored man gave the note rolled up in the tin foil to the scout who awaited him at Millwood. The colored man had carried it in his mouth to that point and delivered it to the scout, who brought it to me. "By this note I became aware of the true position of affairs inside the enemies' lines and gave the direction for the attack. I will always remember this courageous and patriotic action of yours with gratitude and beg of you to accept the watch and chain which I send you by Gen'l Forsythe as a memento of Sept. 19, 1864. I am very respectfully, "Your obt' s'vt. "Phil H. Sheridan."

Big Sale of Wash Goods Today and all This Week

Ginghams, Muslins, White Goods, French Crepe, Poplins, Wash Silks, Fancy Voiles, Silk Stripe Voiles, Silk Messalines. Special showing of Corsets.

It Pays to Visit Vaughan's The Vaughan Store



"Everybody Is Doing It" Doing What?

Why furnishing their homes with furniture from our new spring selections. Let us show you the new Reed Chairs, finished in silver gray with upholstered seats and backs—they are the newest and most up to date of anything in the market. Prices from \$12 to \$15 each. Other Reed Chairs in both white and green finish at from \$2.75 to \$12.00 each.

"Let Us Show You." A. W. BADGER & CO., Furnishing Undertakers and Embalmers THE BEST OF AMBULANCE SERVICE Telephone 447-11 Morse Block

"Lawn Mowers" The Kind That Run EASY



"Money Back Ball Bearing" "Townsend's Ball Bearing" Guaranteed Come in and let us tell you more about them before making your purchase. Prices from \$4.50 to \$15.00. We are also showing a fine line of Rubber and Cotton Hose. THE N. D. PHELPS COMPANY Tel. 29, Barre, Vermont.

An Advertisement in the Times Will Bring Sure Results.

IF YOU WANT SOMETHING A LITTLE DIFFERENT, YOU WILL FIND IT AT THE MCCUEN STORE Montpelier, Vt.

Special Suit Value for Monday Only 20.00 Plain Tailored Whipcord Suit At \$17.50 (Frostman and Huffman All-wool Whipcord)

Plain colors, Navy and King Blue, Tan, Leather White and Black. Two-toned colors, Tan and White, Gray and White. Made in plain tailored style, long roll collar with two large pearl buttons, peau de cygne lined, and with shields; plain skirt with high waist, kick-out plaits back of panel. One of the Best Fitting Suits in Our Stock

N. B.—This price is positively for two days only and does not mean our stock is marked down. P. S.—NEW ARRIVALS! Mohair Skirts, New Work Dresses, New Rain Coats, New White Dresses.



Do It Now Put money into the bank now while you can. You may not always be earning as much as you are to-day. And do not overlook the earning power of money deposited with this bank at 4 per cent, compound interest; it keeps your capital increasing all the time. GRANITE SAVINGS BANK AND TRUST COMPANY BARRE VERMONT