

MADERO AND SUAREZ SHOT TO DEATH

Attacked and Killed While on Their Way in Automobile to Penitentiary

KILLING INCREASES PERIL OF SITUATION

Cabinet Promises a Searching Inquiry—Punishment To Be Meted Out to the Guilty

Mexico City, Feb. 24.—Francisco I. Madero and Jose Pino Suarez, the deposed president and vice-president, respectively, of the Mexican republic, were shot and killed Saturday night when an attempt was made to rescue them from an automobile that was transporting them to the penitentiary.

Late Saturday the government decided at a council that all acts relating to Madero and Suarez should be adjudicated according to law. It was decided to remove them from the penitentiary, where they would have the necessary security, consideration and comforts.

Both were placed in an automobile shortly after midnight to start for the prison. When the automobile had traversed about two-thirds of the distance they were attacked by an armed group. The escort descended from the machine to offer resistance when suddenly the group grew larger and the prisoners tried to escape. An exchange of shots took place in which two of the attacking party were killed and two wounded.

A meeting of the cabinet took place immediately after the facts became known and it was resolved to make a minute investigation as absolutely necessary for the honor of the government and to mete out exemplary punishment for those proven guilty.

Two piles of stones, 20 feet apart, today mark the spot where the men who ruled Mexico a few days ago, fell. They were piled by groups of sympathetic persons of the lower classes.

Last night from the top of each pitiful monument flickered candles, placed there and lighted by those who thus thought to pay the last rites of the church to the souls of the dead.

From the ground had been scraped away the blood saturated earth which was carried off by the morbid seekers of souvenirs.

The circumstances surrounding the deaths are in doubt, and the stories of the officials conflict. It is likely none know the exact details, except those actually concerned in the killing.

The president and his cabinet have resolved that the affair shall be consigned to the military and judicial authorities having to do with attempts against military prisoners for a strict investigation.

When this investigation is over, the prosecutor general of the republic will make a further investigation and take action.

Not unnaturally, a great part of the public regards the official versions with doubt, having in mind the use for centuries of the notorious "ley fugs," the unwritten law invoked when the death of a prisoner is desired. After its application there is written in the records, "prisoner shot trying to escape."

Cannot View Bodies. Soon after the tragedy, Senora Madero, the widow, accompanied by her brother, Jose Perez, and Mercedes Madero, a sister of Francisco, drove to the penitentiary but were refused permission to see the body as an autopsy was taking place.

Senora Suarez was also denied permission to see her husband's body. While the grief of the widow was quiet and pitiable, that of Mercedes was dry-eyed and tigerish and she hurled accusations at the officers, crying "cowards," "assassins," "traitors."

No effort was made to remove the women or silence them. On the arrival of the Spanish minister and the Japanese charge, they permitted themselves to be led away. The American

Advertisement for Barre Electric Co., 125 North Main Street, Wardsack Block, Telephone 98-W. Includes text about electrical wiring and a small illustration.

Biliousness WAITING FOR WILSON



THE LATE FRANCISCO MADERO.

ambassador, H. L. Wilson, interested himself to secure a promise that the bodies would be turned over to the families.

Tragedy After Midnight. The tragedy occurred shortly after midnight. The automobile was accompanied by 100 rurales under command of Commandant Francisco Cardenas and Col. Rafael Pimiento.

When near the penitentiary a group of persons was seen following and shots were fired. The rurales closed in, ordering the prisoners out of the car.

Thirty guards surrounded them and the rest met the attack of about 50 men, some afoot, some mounted.

Shots were exchanged for 20 minutes and when the attacking party fled, the dead bodies of Madero and Suarez were found.

The body of Madero shows one wound, where a bullet entered the back of his head, and emerged at the forehead. The body of Suarez had many wounds, entering from the front.

Appreciate Wilson. Last night 100 representative members of the British colony sent a memorial to the British ambassador expressing "their appreciation for the able manner in which the ambassador has handled the delicate situation caused by recent disturbances."

MYSTERY MUST BE EXPLAINED. Otherwise Diplomats Will Not Attend Luncheon.

Washington, Feb. 24.—Ambassador Lane telegraphed last night that Francisco de La Barra, minister of foreign affairs, invited all the foreign diplomats in Mexico City to luncheon with him to-day but that none would attend unless the tragic deaths of Madero and Suarez were cleared of mystery.

It is taken for granted that if the late leaders were brutally murdered as the result of a plot, the present government will be called upon for an explanation when it seeks for an explanation when it seeks political recognition at the hands of the United States.

ADDS TO GRAVITY OF SITUATION. Shooting of Madero and Suarez Adds Greatly to Gravity of Present Situation.

Washington, Feb. 24.—While the shooting of Madero and Suarez adds greatly to the gravity of the situation and places an additional strain on the tense relations between this government and the Mexican capital, still the event is not considered sufficient to demand any departure from the policy of strict non-intervention.

The only immediate result expected is to hasten military and naval preparations in order to have soldiers and marines ready to answer a call for instant embarkation if further developments demand their employment.

MONTEPELLIER. Horse Fell Twice in Saturday's Ice Races—Track in Bad Condition.

Saturday's ice races were run off under difficulties. The track was soft and wet and the waterbury fell twice, once in the third heat and again in the fourth heat. No damage was done by the first fall, but the next time the sulky was smashed and two shoes were torn off, so the horse had to be taken from the race, after winning the first two heats of the three-minute class.

Hal L., driven by Walter Cox, won the free-for-all, and Sir Abbott (Lord) won the 2:25 class.

Summary: 3:00 Class, Trot or Pace, Purse \$25. Harkaway, Towne 4 2 1 1 4 1 Zola, Mears 2 5 2 2 2 3 Rob Roy, Short 4 3 4 2 1 2 Eldmade, McLeod 5 4 3 3 3 4 Roy F., O'Claire 1 1 dr Time—50, 46, 51 1/2, 54, 52, 54. Free for All, Purse \$100. Hal L., Cox 1 1 1 Molly B., Brazier 2 3 2 Queen of Clubs, Morrill 3 2 4 Van Brown, O'Claire 5 4 3 Mertle Barron, Boutwell 4 5 6 Time—41, 44, 41. 2:25 Class, Purse \$75. Sir Abbott, Lord 1 4 1 1 Dr. Styles, Yarrington 2 4 2 2 Fannie A., Alexander 3 3 3 3 Time—45 1/2, 45, 45, 44. It is expected the last ice racing of the season will be held next Wednesday afternoon.

LABOR NOTES OF WIDE INTEREST

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TURKEY TO ACCEPT TERMS

Hakki Pasha To Propose That Great Britain Arbitrate War

THE TURKS ON THE DEFENSIVE

Dispatches from Front Tell of Them Marching Against Bulgars

London, Feb. 24.—The news in regard to the Balkans indicates that Hakki Pasha, the former Turkish grand vizier, who is on a special mission to Europe, will propose that Great Britain shall arbitrate or mediate in regard to the war. The divergences of opinion between Austria and Russia on the question of Albania have almost disappeared.

The Constantinople correspondent of the Neue Freie Presse of Vienna, who is responsible for the statements in the foregoing paragraph, adds that Turkey is now prepared to grant in advance all the conditions which Great Britain would regard as acceptable.

The same newspaper says it learns from Bucharest that the ministers at a council Saturday resolved to accept the good offices of the powers in the disagreement between Rumania and Bulgaria over territory. The correspondent adds that the cabinet decided on a request that mediation should be concluded as quickly as possible. Hakki Pasha, the special Turkish ambassador, is said to have accepted the last note of the powers which was delivered to the Bulgarian government at Sofia. The British minister at the Bulgarian capital thereupon asked M. Guschoff, the Bulgarian foreign minister, to formulate new conditions for presentation to the Turks. It is generally believed that the Turks are now willing to consent to all the demands made by the allies.

Actual war news coming from Constantinople says the Turks at Gallipoli and Tchatalja have taken the offensive. Djavid Pasha (who has often been reported killed) with Albanian irregulars has seized Prespa and is now marching on Monastir.

MAY CLAIM FULL DAMAGES

Titanic Plaintiffs Permitted to Bring Suit for Full Damages Against Steamship Companies.

New York, Feb. 23.—The United States circuit court of appeals Saturday handed down a decision which permits relatives of Titanic victims to commence suits immediately against the steamship company for full damages.

The decision is a victory for the lawyers representing the death claimants, who were opposed by the steamship company's attorneys in the hearings a few days ago.

The ruling of the court modifies an injunction issued some months ago by the admiralty court, preventing claimants from bringing suits within the year allowed by law.

In order to bring the matter to an issue, A. L. Brougham, a New York lawyer, representing 200 claimants, violated the injunction and was declared in contempt, thereby bringing the issue promptly to the attention of the higher court.

Saturday's decision opens the way for the immediate bringing of suits by relatives of heirs of every one of the 1,000 or more persons lost on the ship. The aggregate of these suits is expected to exceed \$10,000,000.

All suits, however, must be commenced before April 15, a year after the date of the disaster.

SUFFRAGISTS AT BALTIMORE.

They Reach the City Ahead of Schedule and Will Rest.

Baltimore, Md., Feb. 24.—Exercising their proverbial feminine prerogative, the members of "General" Rosalie Jones' suffragist army several times Saturday changed their minds, and as a result camped Saturday night here, instead of the original plan for the day's hike.

The going was so good the army kept on and several of the party took a short cut and arrived an hour ahead of the donkey and the five pace-makers.

Some 5,000 persons accompanied the army into Baltimore. Fourteen walked to the city from Newark, N. J., to Baltimore.

The plans for Baltimore were given up, and the suffragists will give up the time here entirely to rest.

WAS AT BIRTH OF PARTY.

One Organizer of the 1854 Convention at Saratoga Dead.

Nantucket, Mass., Feb. 24.—William Barnes, sr., one of the organizers of the Republican party and for many years a lawyer in New York state, died in his home here last night, aged 88 years. He was one of the organizers of the Saratoga Springs convention of 1854, and served as the first superintendent of insurance in New York state.

He was a delegate to the international statistical congress at St. Petersburg in 1872, and leaves a widow, two sons and three daughters.

BURNS PROVE FATAL.

Mrs. Lillian Carder Found in Flames From Broken Lamp at Keene.

Keene, N. H., Feb. 24.—Mrs. Lillian Carder, wife of Walter Carder, died Saturday as a result of burns she received last Friday night. Her age was 33.

Mrs. Carder was in an upstairs room with a lamp and cries attracted her husband, downstairs, and he found her clothing burning and the lamp smashed upon the floor. He wrapped a rug around her and extinguished the flames, but not before she was badly burned on her body, face and hands.

Mrs. Carder was taken to the Elliot City hospital.

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