

REBELLION UNDERMINED

By Nanking's Return to the Side of the Peking Government.

NANKING PROVINCE, REBEL CORNERSTONE

Haug Haiting Today Was Approved as Premier of Government.

Peking, China, July 30.—The return of Nanking to the side of the Peking government is considered here as having taken away the cornerstone of the southern rebellion.

The Senate to-day approved the nomination of Haug Haiting, former minister of finance, as premier, and it is believed that a permanent cabinet will now be formed.

London, July 30.—The Daily Telegraph's Shanghai representative reports a most critical situation at Chapel.

The outstanding feature of the revolt, says the Times Peking correspondent, is the failure of the southerners to obtain any successes or increase of support calculated to render the movement a serious military danger to the government.

The southern position has been made worse, the correspondent adds, "by the defection of some of the rebel forces and the descent from the fence to the government side of the Yank Chow army and the Chin Kiang garrison."

The Nanking army is now threatened in the rear from Chin Kiang and probably from Kiau-Tsing and the left flank by a large force of old-fashioned troops who have their base at Ying-Chau-Fu."

\$150,000 WAS STOLEN FROM "SHORE ACRES"

Great Robbery Committed Last Friday but the Facts Have Just Leaked Out.

Narragansett Pier, July 30.—Jewels, the value of which is roughly estimated at \$150,000, were stolen from Shore Acres, the summer residence of John H. Hanan, Friday night.

The principal articles taken were a diamond necklace, a pearl necklace, a diamond crusted watch set with a star of sapphires surrounded by diamonds, a diamond pendant, a diamond brooch, diamond earrings, black diamond earrings surrounded by white diamonds, and a platinum watch, set with diamonds.

The jewelry was taken from the room of Mrs. Rumsey, from which the jewels were taken, slept the nurse and child. They were not disturbed and heard no noise. The Rumseys occupy a palatial home on Ocean avenue.

It is the belief of Mr. Rumsey and Chief Cawcutt that the robber entered by the front door and stole the gems last Saturday night while Mr. and Mrs. Rumsey were at the Casino.

A peculiar circumstance is that no one in the house heard any suspicious sounds during the period of the robbery. In the room adjoining that of Mrs. Rumsey, from which the jewels were taken, slept the nurse and child.

They were not disturbed and heard no noise. The Rumseys occupy a palatial home on Ocean avenue.

EDWARDS—SUGDEN.

Montpelier High School Instructor and Maine Young Lady Married To-day.

This afternoon at 12:30 o'clock in the chapel of St. Michael's cathedral, Portland, Me., Miss Ethel Sugden of Portland, Me., was united in marriage to Frederic Edwards of Montpelier.

BRYAN FACES NEW DIPLOMATIC GAME

Secretary of State Besieged By Insurance Envoys After Two Near Accidents.

Washington, July 30.—Secretary Bryan faced a problem even more complicated and subtle than the Japanese and Mexican questions when he discovered he was the quarry sought by accident insurance solicitors as the result of two narrow escapes from disaster Monday.

The carriage was turning into Pennsylvania avenue when the car, rounding a curve, started full speed ahead. A crossing policeman saw the danger of a collision.

"Here, you," he yelled to the motor-man, "stop that car, quick."

The secretary now is bringing his diplomacy and subtlety to bear in outwitting insurance solicitors.

AVERAGE TIME 2:09 1-5

In Ten Heats Run Off at Grand Rapids Yesterday.

Grand Rapids, Mich., July 30.—Although attended by no record-breaking performances, yesterday's grand circuit races produced excellent time, the 10 heats run off averaging 2:09 1-5.

The opening race, the 2:09 pace, proved easy for Billy M., the favorite, who won in straight heats.

The Grand Rapids highway purse for 2:20 trotters fell to Uncle Biff in straight heats, with Eula Belle pressing close at each finish.

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Williston is ready for 15th birthday anniversary to be held Thursday.

Williston, July 30.—Williston, the home of the first governor of Vermont, is all ready for the celebration of its 150th anniversary of the town on Thursday.

The literary program includes music by the Sherman Military band, prayer by the Rev. A. B. Potter, oration, "The First Republic," by Warren R. Austin, and short addresses by Governor Allen M. Fletcher, the Hon. Frank L. Greene and others.

RAILROAD OFFICIALS AGREE.

And Burlington Has Hopes of Getting New Union Station.

Burlington, July 30.—Final agreement was reached yesterday by officials of the Central Vermont and Rutland railroads as to adjustment of disputed points which have stood in the way of construction of a new union railroad station here, and it now remains for the boards of directors of the two roads to ratify the arrangement made by the officials.

The station is accordingly one step nearer realization. In four or five weeks, it is expected, the joint proposal of the railroads will be submitted to the city of Burlington for approval, and the hope is expressed that work upon the new station will begin in the spring of 1914 and be completed during the summer.

General Managers George T. Jarvis of the Rutland and G. C. Jones of the Central Vermont, Attorneys E. W. Lawrence and C. W. Witters of the respective roads, and engineers of the railroads were present. It is understood that all points at issue, of which the chief were those relating to trackage rights and apportionment of cost, have been settled.

The total cost is estimated at \$165,000. Of this \$150,000 has been apportioned upon the railroads by the public service commission. The city of Burlington will be asked to pay part or all of the remaining \$15,000.

During the next few weeks a firm of New York architects will prepare plans for the station, and it is expected that these will be exhibited here when the station proposition comes up for the approval of the city. The general plan, as finally settled upon, contemplates a station at the foot of Main street, with tracks at grade.

WOMEN TURN TWO ELECTIONS

Secured Motor Fire Apparatus for Champaign, Illinois.

125 WOMEN VOTED FOR THE FIRST TIME

At Dixon, Ill., Their Vote Extended Waterworks Franchise 20 Years.

Chicago, July 30.—Women cast the deciding ballots in two elections in Illinois yesterday. At Champaign 125 women voted for the first time and carried a proposition to issue bonds for the purchase of motor fire apparatus.

At Dixon the women cast one-fourth of all the ballots, and as most of them favored the extension of the waterworks franchise for twenty years they are considered responsible for the adoption of that proposition by a small majority.

Woman Jury Convicts Woman.

East St. Louis, Ill., July 30. The first women's jury to be empaneled in this state since the recent enfranchisement of that sex yesterday convicted a woman, Mrs. Blanche Thomas, who was charged with disturbing the peace.

Burlington, July 30.—The second day of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners' convention was devoted to-day to a discussion of agents when various phases of the subject were treated. The principal address was by R. J. Merrill of New Hampshire.

Six more states were added to the registration to-day, they being Kansas, Montana, Missouri, Arizona, Tennessee and Maryland. Manitoba also was represented. The total states represented number 33, the same as one year ago at Spokane, Wash. This afternoon there was a ride on Lake Champlain.

At yesterday afternoon's session an argument favoring the adoption by all states of a standard insurance policy was made by the president of the organization, E. H. Harrison, insurance commissioner of Massachusetts. Such a policy, Mr. Harrison said, would be devoid of uncertain or ambiguous language and would compel companies along the lines of measurable benefit.

In discussing the various ranges of insurance, the speaker said that the cost of accident insurance was too high, and quoted figures to show that the payment of 40 per cent. commission and 50 per cent. expenses made 40 cents worth of benefit cost \$1. He referred to the workmen's compensation law and said that he did not believe the public would allow any such rates of taxation as the premiums charged by some liability companies.

HEARD TRAIN WHISTLE.

But Edward Perry Didn't Get Off Track Soon Enough and Was Killed.

Burlington, July 30.—Edward Perry, 65, who has been employed on the Girden Smith farm in Shelburne for some months, was struck by a local freight train and instantly killed at 7 o'clock yesterday morning about three miles this side of Shelburne station.

Perry was walking on the track and when the train whistled looked around but continued on his way. When the engineer saw that he did not intend to get off he put on the emergency brakes, but too late as Perry decided to leave the track just before he was struck. He was killed instantly, being badly mangled.

Town Selectmen Thomas Mitchell, Walter Meeck and Palmer moved the remains and Health Officer Dr. W. H. Raubs, who is also acting district surgeon for the Rutland railroad, ordered the remains to be taken to Shelburne station where they were made ready for burial.

The authorities at Burlington were notified as it appears that Perry had resided at different times at the city poor farm, being aided by the city. He came here four or five years ago from Melrose, Mass., and applied for assistance at the poor farm, subsequently leaving for the country only to return later.

He was seen here Monday very much under the influence of liquor and was evidently on his way to Shelburne when he was killed. He will be buried in Lake View cemetery beside his wife.

OPERATE ROAD PENDING LEASE.

B. & M. Directors Enter Into Such an Agreement With Hamden Railroad.

Boston, July 30.—The board of directors of the Boston & Maine railroad voted yesterday to authorize President Macdonald, subject to the approval of the public service commission, to enter into an operating agreement with the Hamden railroad corporation, pending the approval of the lease by that commission.

SUFFRAGETTE SENTENCED.

Mrs. Edith Rigby Gets Nine Months in Prison.

COLLAPSE OF BARN KILLED BRIDPORT MAN

George Wilkinson Drove Into Building Which Was Struck by Lightning. Two Barns Blown Down in Cornwall, Another Barn Burned.

Bridport, July 30.—George Wilkinson, aged about 60 years, employed on the Charles Parish farm, was killed yesterday afternoon when he drove into a shed on a moving machine during the severe storm. The shed was struck by lightning and collapsed, a beam breaking Mr. Wilkinson's neck. The horses attached to the machine escaped.

Much damage was done by the storm. Two barns of Harry Sanford in Cornwall were blown down. Charles Gregory and his hired man barely escaped from his barn, when it was blown down. The barn of Herbert Huestis was struck by lightning and destroyed by fire, together with 40 tons of hay and one horse. The telephone lines of the Bridport company, were all put out of order and service was greatly crippled.

BARN AT ESSEX BURNED.

Children at Play in the Hay Probably Started the Fire.

Essex, July 30.—A barn belonging to Mrs. Elsie Huntley was destroyed by fire yesterday afternoon about three o'clock, together with its contents, including hay and tools. It is thought children at play started the fire. Neighbors worked hard and saved Mrs. Huntley's house and the adjoining house of Mrs. Nellie Bates, the latter of whom was in Essex Junction at the time. The furniture in both houses was removed. Mrs. Huntley's loss is partly covered by insurance.

PULP PEELERS STRUCK AND HELD THE BOSS

Fifty-Five Men Marched Peter R. Bove To Plainfield Village, Where They Renewed Demand for Wages.

Plainfield had a wild time last night when 55 workmen who were engaged by a contractor, Peter R. Bove of Rutland, to peel 3,000 cords of pulpwood for Hinman Bros, struck on the ground that they had not been paid for their labor and they virtually held the contractor prisoner in the town hall there until he was hustled into hiding by police authorities of the village.

The camp where the men were engaged in peeling pulp is located four miles from the village in the direction of Orange. The men struck last Thursday after the contractor had gone away from the farm. Later through the efforts of H. P. Hinman of Hinman Bros, the contractor returned to the camp and was met yesterday with demands for their pay, the men having stayed at the farm during his absence.

Many harsh things were said by the men to the contractor, who finally agreed to go to Plainfield village last night and pay the men, it is alleged. So the contractor, who was escorted to the village by a bodyguard of the 55 men he was accompanied to Plainfield under orders to walk the horse every step of the way. It was a strange procession which moved into Plainfield after the four mile trip.

Arriving there, the men renewed their demand for their money and Mr. Bove secured 2 room in the town hall, where it was supposed he would make arrangements to pay off the men. Meanwhile all the available officers of the village were on hand. On getting inside the building, it is alleged the contractor considered his intention to pay the men, after which the small army of infuriated men made a rush into the building, about a dozen of them getting into the place before the door could be locked on them.

Eventually the dozen men went out of the building and Mr. Bove was escorted to a cell in the village jail, where he remained part of the night and was then released to go his way.

The contractor did not show up at the lumber camp this morning, and rather than to lose the workmen, H. P. Hinman agreed to take over the contract for Hinman Bros, and to pay the men their back wages if the balance of the contract would allow. As a result, thirty of the men resumed work this morning and things are more quiet in Plainfield.

WOMAN CHARGED WITH ARSON.

Cora E. Ryan Had Returned to Burlington To Collect Insurance.

Burlington, July 30.—Believing that her presence was necessary before she could get the insurance money which she claimed for fire loss, Miss Cora E. Ryan, for whom a warrant had been in existence a long time, returned to the city and was arrested yesterday by Sheriff J. H. Allen. She was later lodged in jail on a charge of arson.

The charge of arson results from the fire of January 16 when the building of L. H. Plant at the corner of North Winooski avenue and North street was partially destroyed. The fire had the appearance of starting in the rear of a millinery store conducted by Miss Ryan, and she was the first person to appear outside the house. She was dressed and explained this by saying that she had been suffering from a toothache.

The family of Mr. Plant, upstairs, was awakened by her. The loss of the fire to all parties was more than \$3,000 and of this amount Miss Ryan claimed a liberal share.

An investigation was instigated by State's Attorney Hopkins but meanwhile the woman had left for Albany, N. Y. She has lived there since. As soon as her place of residence was ascertained, efforts were made to extradite her but these were without avail as the governor refused to sign the papers. Strategy was therefore resorted to in order to get her here.

Miss Ryan stopped at the Hotel Vermont on arriving in the city with Attorney Rice of Albany, who is looking after her insurance money. As they were about to enter the county court house, the sheriff stepped up and broke the news to Miss Ryan, who was taken wholly by surprise. She engaged V. A. Bullard as her attorney in this case and he with State's Attorney Hopkins agreed on \$750 as sufficient bail.

Weather Forecast. Generally fair to-night and Thursday; light to moderate northwest to north winds.

REPLIES TO GOV. FLETCHER

Former Chairman Watson of Public Service Commission

HE WAS INFORMED TO ISSUE ORDER

According to the Findings of Special Counsel

St. Albans, July 30.—Former Chairman C. D. Watson of the Vermont public service commission, who was deposed from that office Monday, replied to-day to a statement issued by the governor last night. At the outset Mr. Watson said he questioned whether the governor had any other reason than the telephone matter to ask for his (Mr. Watson's) removal.

As to the Bennington matter to which Gov. Fletcher referred, Mr. Watson said that the governor told the commission he himself has been requested to go to Bennington to investigate the complaint, and he was informed that the commission had passed judgment and would stand by its judgment. "At first," continued Mr. Watson, "Gov. Fletcher was disposed to criticize but when the matter was explained to him he said no more and did not intimate in any way that our action was unsatisfactory, which makes all the more surprising his present statement that our action would have justified reorganization of the commission at that time."

Mr. Watson said that His Excellency makes reference to procrastination in putting into effect a railroad demurrage law. "This is the first intimation," he continued, "of complaint by the governor in this regard. If there was any procrastination here it was due to the delay of the complainant's refusal to conform to the procedure in such matters, as laid down by the law."

In regard to the statement that the commission was not asked to pre-judge the telephone case, Mr. Watson asked the people to-day to read the governor's letter which accompanied the report of Messrs. Cook and Graham, which virtually he said, informed the commission they were to issue an order in conformity with the specific recommendations of the special counsel.

Mr. Watson said he had had no information that the relations between himself and the governor were not friendly up to the time of the telephone report and a change was noticeable, however, after the commission had determined it must withdraw its promise to sign the order the governor wanted.

In conclusion, Mr. Watson said: "I am willing to let this matter rest with the people. I have simply stood for the right as I saw it. I have nothing to conceal from the people. The records are there. I simply refuse to sit in judgment on a case when the defendant had not been given the opportunity to be heard."

DID NOT ATTEMPT TO PRE-JUDGE CASE

Gov. Fletcher Issues Statement of His Position in the Present Telephone Discussion.

Gov. Fletcher last night issued the following statement concerning his position in the present telephone embroglio in Vermont:

"I do not deem it proper at this time to discuss the legal questions involved in the telephone controversy or the methods employed in absorbing other companies or otherwise, in view of the possibility of litigation between the state and the telephone company. I desire to say that what the state seeks is a knowledge of all the facts surrounding this question necessary to the affording of direct relief. This is what the people are entitled to, as I believe. This is what we started out to secure."

It has been claimed in behalf of the telephone company that it stood ready to furnish this desired information, but to my mind certain letters from the telephone company's representative in reply to requests from Messrs. Cook and Graham, who were requested to get such information, do not bear out that assertion. Up to the present time the state has not been signally successful in securing this information, though all our steps taken have been directed toward securing the facts involving the interests of the people of Vermont.

"As indicated by the published statement of the retiring member of the public service commission, the appointment of special counsel to secure this information was agreeable to the commission because of lack of time."

"Such an investigation by special counsel appealed to me at that time by reason of my information that the public service commission as then constituted had allowed a consolidation of telephone companies to increase rates in a way which I did not consider good policy for the state of Vermont."

"The action of the public service commission, as formerly constituted, regarding the use of the streets in the village of Bennington for trunk lines, in regard to the delay in putting into effect a railroad demurrage law, and its evident disposition to needlessly procrastinate in bringing to a head a move to secure relief for the people in connection with the telephone service and rates complained of, convinced me that the public welfare would be promoted by a reorganization of the commission, especially with reference to its executive."

"While the Bennington case was not so important in itself, it involved a material and far-reaching principle, the disregarding of which would in my judgment have justified a reorganization of the commission at that time."

"I wish to state most emphatically, that I have at no time asked Mr. Watson to pre-judge the case or to take any action which would in itself prohibit the

telephone company from having a fair hearing as to the merits of the case. On the contrary that is exactly what the state has desired, but it also wants to stop a stop to endless procrastination. If a hearing were to be held, we would then be in a way to secure the very facts we have been vainly seeking. Nobody knows this better than Mr. Watson himself, and as the 60 days specified in the recommendation of the special report amply demonstrate.

"If any one has pre-judged this case, it is those who do not want any evidence at all, but who boldly assert that this attempt to secure relief for telephone users will bankrupt the company and drive it from the state, despite the fact that some of the independent companies, now controlled, formerly flourished on rates lower than those contemplated in the special report and although they have not a scintilla of evidence on which to base the allegations beyond the say-so of those who are interested in suppressing the facts."

"My action in this matter has been taken by virtue of the authority vested in me by section 280 of the revised laws of Vermont, according to the interpretation thereof by the attorney-general as well as my own. The section reads as follows:

"The governor may remove any civil officer appointed by him with or without the advice and consent of the Senate and appoint a suitable person, subject to removal in his discretion, who shall be sworn and give the bonds required by law. Such person shall, unless sooner removed, perform the duties and be entitled to the pay of the person whom he succeeds, until the first day of December of the next biennial year, but this section shall not apply to officers other than those whose appointment devolves upon the governor in the first instance."

"In a desperate attempt to produce the people and create a false impression as to the merits of this case, all sorts of false statements about alleged previous requests for resignations, for which there is no foundation in fact, are being made, and insinuations are being indulged in as to the motives behind this measure of relief."

"No use of 'politics,' or any other slogan used when an executive tries to observe his oath of office, will serve to deter me during my administration from performing my duty to the state of Vermont, as I see it, and fearlessly serving the interests of the people regardless of consequences."

PITCHER BENTON IS LIKELY TO DIE

Cincinnati Star Was Riding on a Motorcycle When He Collided With an Electric Car.

Cincinnati, July 30.—Rube Benton, star pitcher of the local National league club, was probably fatally injured in a motor cycle accident here to-day. Benton's motor cycle collided with a trolley car and he is said to have sustained a fractured jaw, concussion of the brain, multiple bruises and internal injuries and will probably die.

FUNERAL OF MRS. L. M. BRUCE.

Was Attended By Many Friends Yesterday Afternoon.

Funeral services for Mrs. L. M. Bruce, whose death occurred Saturday night after a month's illness, were held from her late home, 17 Camp street, yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Rev. E. F. Newell, pastor of the Methodist church, officiating at the house. The bearers were as follows: George Clough, Charles Clough, Homer Clough and Frank Clough. A large delegation from Court No. 3317, Independent Order of Foresters, attended the services and marched to the grave at Hope cemetery.

Many persons from out of town as well as residents of the city gathered to pay their respects to the deceased. The interment services were read by Rev. George H. Holt, pastor of the First Baptist church.

A large floral offering included the following pieces: Wreath, I. O. O. F.; wreath, Companion order; mixed flowers, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Folsom; mixed flowers, Mrs. A. E. Baldwin; wreath of pond lilies, Mr. and Mrs. George Clough; carnations and roses, "Friends of the Philanthropic class of Baptist Sunday school; carnations, Mr. and Mrs. Waterman; flowers, Mrs. Gettys; sweet peas, Baptist church Pansy class; bouquet sweet peas, Mrs. Wishart; bouquet sweet peas and poppies, Miss Farnham; wreath, Mrs. Harry Colby; carnation pinks, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Emerson; roses, Ralph Jacobs; roses, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Clough; mixed bouquet, Mrs. Richardson and family; bouquet of roses and set piece, Mrs. C. Bruce and daughter, Mrs. Ernest Miller; carnations, Mrs. Fred Bruce and son; mixed flowers, Mrs. Gardner Poor; carnations, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Cooper; set piece representing age of deceased, brothers and sisters.

BAKESHOPS FOUND CLEANLY.

Complaint Made to C. L. U. Found Groundless on Investigation.

Following a complaint made to the Central Labor union charging that bakeries in Barre were conducted in an unsanitary manner, Chairman David Dawson of the aldermanic committee, Health Officer Dr. J. H. Woodruff and Secretary Fred W. Sutor of the quarry-workers' international association, the latter representing the C. L. U., yesterday visited every bake shop in the city. In a report which the committee has forwarded to the city council it is stated that the charges were entirely groundless since every bakery inspected was in a self a model of cleanliness. Not in any instance did the members of the committee find a single indication that unsanitary conditions existed. Instead, there were signs aplenty, it was said, proving beyond a doubt that bakery owners around the city had adopted every measure known to insure sanitary conditions.

BODY FOUND IN RIVER.

Remains of Charles Bleakney Sent to Salisbury, N. B.

White River Junction, July 30.—The body of Charles Bleakney, which was found in the river near the lower falls at Wilder in a partly decomposed condition, was yesterday sent to his former home at Salisbury, N. B. The man was in the employ of the Connecticut Lumber company and lost his life a short time ago while dynamiting a log jam. He is thought to have been about 29 years of age.

FIREMEN CLAD WITHOUT LABEL

New Uniforms Do Not Bear the Union Stamp, Says Protest

FIREMEN INDULGE IN MUCH TALK OVER IT

Granite Cutters Protest and Their Letter Was Accepted Last Night

An open protest condemning the city council for allowing Barre's firemen to go about their duties clothed in non-union garments was forwarded to the board of aldermen at its regular meeting last night by the Barre branch of the Granitecutters' international association. It is alleged that the fire committee purchased through A. A. Lamorey & Co., a number of uniforms for the regular firemen which are without the label of the Garment Workers' union. The communication tells of a resolution condemning the action as adopted by the branch in regular session July 28. See-etry Angus McDonald's letter to the board precipitated a discussion among the aldermen that lasted some time and ended only when Alderman Bancroft's motion that the communication be accepted prevailed by a unanimous vote. During that time, however, nearly every member of the board took occasion to air his views on the matter.

The letter of Secretary McDonald follows: "July 29.—To the honorable city council, Mr. James Mackay, clerk, Dear Sir: At a regular meeting of Barre branch, G. C. I. A., held on July 28, a resolution was unanimously adopted condemning the action of the city council in accepting the clothing for the fire department from A. A. Lamorey & Co. in so far that they have been made under unfair conditions. Every organization in this city stands at 100 per cent. unionism and it is our opinion that our uniformed employes should be dressed with clothing bearing the union label, for that is a guarantee that they have been made under sanitary conditions and that the workmen have received wages according to the rates of the Garment Workers' union. Sincerely yours, Angus McDonald, cor. sec."

After the clerk had finished reading the letter, Alderman Patterson moved that it be referred to the fire committee, but his motion was not seconded. Chairman Dawson was the first to express his regret in the matter and he held that it wasn't by any means the intention of the committee to purchase non-union goods. It had been emphatically stipulated that the label should be on every uniform, he said. Mr. Lamorey had clearly understood it and everyone expected nothing different. Alderman Dawson continued by saying that he didn't know the uniforms had been accepted until Monday night, when he saw the chief in a new uniform. Otherwise, he added, the clothing might not have been accepted at all.

Alderman Bancroft, third member on the fire committee, took up the employing Mr. Lamorey to order uniforms as early as last May. Days went by and the uniforms did not arrive. At last Mr. Lamorey ordered them from another firm, having learned that labor troubles, as the speaker stated, had delayed the original order. Afterwards a set of uniforms came and Mr. Lamorey attempted to show Alex. Ironside and Alderman Dawson through a letter that they were to bear the union label. Mr. Ironside had refused to see the letter, he said. At any rate, the clothing seemed unsuitable and was sent back for alterations. They were purchased from the Burton-Pierce Co. of Boston, a firm which Mr. Lamorey had every reason to believe would sew on the union label. Even now, Alderman Bancroft went on, Mr. Lamorey wasn't convinced that the uniforms were made by unorganized labor. Alderman Bancroft didn't think Mr. Lamorey would have any difficulty in holding the city responsible for the bill.

The discussion lost none of its relevancy when Alderman Dawson, replying to the member from ward three, said that Mr. Ironside happened to be too busy to look the letter over when approached by Mr. Lamorey. Alderman Dawson declared furthermore his ability to prove that the union label had been stipulated in the verbal agreement reached between the fire committee and Mr. Lamorey. Alderman Bancroft said he couldn't remember of any such agreement and Alderman Hoban wasn't sure that he was there that day. Alderman Dawson at this point made a few remarks which indicated that his colleagues on the committee were leaving him alone in that particular contention.

No one seemed to question the granitecutters' right to protest against the absence of the label; in fact those members of the board who spoke at all on the situation seemed to think the whole affair a regrettable one. When the circumstances leading up to the purchase had been thoroughly viewed from every angle, Alderman Dawson began to wonder just who had accepted the uniforms, anyway. Alderman Bancroft said he saw a notice in the paper saying that the clothing had arrived, that was the first he knew about it. The latter's motion to accept the communication prevailed at this juncture and the matter was dismissed.

Sidewalk Petition Raises More Talk. A majority report from the street committee on the request of James F. Higgins for a sidewalk near his residence at the corner of Camp and Tremont streets broke the ice for a wordy tilt between the representatives from wards two and four, with a sprinkling in the way of remarks from some of the other hailkicks. In a way which some folks would call trying, the committee reported "that we have examined the same (Mr. Higgins' petition) and would recommend that whenever the city council

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