

AN ELASTIC TARIFF NEEDED

Suggestion Made for Meeting After-War Competition

REPORT TO NATIONAL TRADE COUNCIL

The United States Should Be Ready for the New Conditions

New York, Sept. 23.—Greater elasticity in the country's tariff system is necessary to meet trade conditions which will arise at the close of the European war, according to a report submitted to the national foreign trade council Thursday by a committee which has investigated the foreign trade aspects of the tariff.

Calling attention to the readjustment of the tariff relations at the close of the conflict and the possibility that the present belligerents will seek reciprocal tariff concessions from one another and from neutrals, the committee's report continues:

"All European nations will with peace have a large market to offer and may be expected to yield it only for opportunities to extend or protect from discrimination their foreign trade. The United States is normally the best customer of the United Kingdom and is one of the most profitable markets for France, Germany and all the other belligerents.

"With the exception of the United Kingdom all the belligerents have, in their tariff systems, ample resources for negotiations for tariff advantages and for retaliation against discrimination.

"The foregoing circumstances show the necessity for greater elasticity than now obtained in the American tariff system, regardless of whether the tariff is maintained for protection or for revenue or partially for each. It is obvious that the United States should have some method of readjusting the tariff to new conditions created by political or commercial changes on the part of our competitors and our customers, without resorting to a general revision. The creation of the tariff commission should contribute to this end."

The national foreign trade council held its third annual meeting Thursday with James A. Farrell, president of the United States Steel corporation, presiding. Mr. Farrell urged a friendly readjustment of commercial returns by the United States and European nations without resort to trade wars.

Following the reading of the committee's report, the council adopted a resolution directing that, in view of threatened changes by commercial treaties and tariff regulations in foreign trade after the war, the council bring to the attention of the president, Congress and the tariff commission when organized, "the necessity that the American tariff system should possess adequate resources for the encouragement of the foreign trade of the United States by commercial treaties or agreements of executive concessions within defined limits and its protection from undue discrimination in the markets of the world."

It was further resolved that the council should continue its investigation of the European economic alliances upon the foreign trade of the United States and make a report thereon to the president, Congress or tariff commission.

The council decided to call a national foreign trade convention to meet in Pittsburgh late in January, 1917, to consider policies for safeguarding American commerce and to promote "greater prosperity through foreign trade."

The organization will co-operate with governmental agencies by placing before the federal trade commission, the shipping board, the tariff commission and the federal reserve board all the information it gathers through its own efforts.

WILL SEE PAGE.

President Will Discuss with Him the British Blacklist.

Long Branch, N. J., Sept. 23.—President Wilson arranged to confer with Walter Hines Page, American ambassador to Great Britain. It is understood that the British blacklisting of some American firms and interference with American mails are to be discussed.

Ambassador Page has been in this country for several weeks, but the president has been too busy to discuss details of the work being done by the American embassy at London. The ambassador will remain at Shadow Lawn over night.

Arrangements were made yesterday for throwing open the gates of Shadow Lawn to admit the general public at the reception the president will give today to New Jersey business men.

The second day in the Tufts football practice was given entirely to the forward pass game. The first secret practice started yesterday.

Bargains in Used Motorcycles and Automobiles

Call for demonstration at

Flanders & Goodfellow

207 North Main St., Barre, Vt.

SCROFULA AND ALL HUMORS GIVE WAY

There are many things learned from experience and observation that the older generation should impress upon the younger. Among them is the fact that scrofula and other humors are most successfully treated with Hood's Sarsaparilla. This great medicine is a peculiar combination of remarkably effective blood-purifying and health-giving roots, herbs and salts, and has been tested for forty years. Get it to-day.—Adv.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Yesterday's Results.

At Chicago—Chicago 6, New York 3.
At St. Louis—St. Louis 6, Philadelphia 3.
At Detroit—Detroit 6, Washington 5.
At Cleveland—Boston 4, Cleveland 1.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

| | Won. | Lost. | Pct. |
|--------------|------|-------|------|
| Boston | 85 | 59 | .590 |
| Chicago | 84 | 63 | .571 |
| Detroit | 84 | 64 | .568 |
| New York | 75 | 69 | .521 |
| St. Louis | 76 | 72 | .513 |
| Cleveland | 75 | 72 | .510 |
| Washington | 71 | 72 | .497 |
| Philadelphia | 52 | 111 | .324 |

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Yesterday's Results.

At Brooklyn—Brooklyn 11, St. Louis 1.
At New York—New York 5, Chicago 0.
At Philadelphia—Philadelphia 7, Pittsburgh 4.
At Boston—Cincinnati 8, Boston 5.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

| | Won. | Lost. | Pct. |
|--------------|------|-------|------|
| Brooklyn | 86 | 55 | .610 |
| Philadelphia | 83 | 57 | .593 |
| Boston | 78 | 58 | .573 |
| New York | 76 | 62 | .551 |
| Pittsburgh | 65 | 80 | .448 |
| Chicago | 63 | 82 | .435 |
| St. Louis | 60 | 85 | .414 |
| Cincinnati | 57 | 89 | .390 |

BASEBALL BRIEFS

Pittsburg announced yesterday that pitcher Carlson of the Rockford, Ill. team had been obtained by draft. The Chicago Nationals had first choice upon the Rockford club but canceled their claim.

Yesterday it was announced by the national commission that William Evans belongs to the Pittsburgh club. The Asheville club of the North Carolina league put in a claim for Evans' services, based upon a oral agreement that he would play ball for the Asheville team after he completed his college course.

The Red Sox won 14 from the Tigers to the Detroit team's eight.

Needle of the Reds, who was with the Cincinnati team during their last trip in Boston, has not been seen in the Reds' uniform during this trip to the Hub, as he was allowed to remain at home and pick up a little loose change in coaching college football.

Larry Chappelle, the ex-Cub, who is playing with the Braves as a utility outfielder, struck out on three pitched balls in Thursday's game without lifting his bat from his shoulder. Every ball crossed the plate in the groove.

Napoleon Lajoie, the veteran player on the Mack's roster may not be seen on any of the American league teams next year, as he has a chance to become a playing manager with an option on a big block of stock in the Salt Lake City club in the Pacific Coast league. Lajoie is out of the game for the remainder of the season with a strained ligament in his right leg.

Speaker clinched the batting honors in the Ban Johnson circuit Thursday when he rapped out four hits off Walter Johnson out of six times at bat, one of them being a triple.

One of the latest recruits to have a chance for signing up with a major league team is Harry Sullivan of the Rockland A. A. club. Sullivan is a pitcher with considerable reputation around the suburbs of the Hub and has lost but one game this season.

Winning six out of the last seven games on their last invasion of the West is no small success for the Red Sox. Five of these victories were against two of the teams who were in the running for the bunting, which goes to show the snap and spirit of Gen. Carrigan's band of fighters.

Manager Jimmy Callahan of the Pittsburgh Pirates has promised the townspeople a chance to watch the Pirates in action on Sept. 27, when he will take the club to Fitchburg. Tommy Sellers, manager of the Fitchburg team and formerly of Lawrence, will gather together a strong aggregation of ball tossers. City officials will be at the game and a big reception is being planned for Callahan and his club.

Cost of witnessing world's series games in Brooklyn this fall will be higher than in former years, as the Brooklyn officials have signified their intentions of raising the price of \$3 seats to \$5 and the 50-cent seats of former years to \$1 and \$2.

ALONG THE SIDELINES

Murray Taylor, Harvard '18, a commissioned officer in the New York National Guard on the border, has obtained a leave of absence from his corps. He will become a candidate for quarterback on the Harvard team within a few days, as he was given his first drill in Thursday's practice. Taylor was regular quarterback on the Harvard freshmen two years ago, but was kept out of the game last season, as he had difficulty with the faculty.

Dave Macandrew, the old Dartmouth star, is again coaching the St. Mary's college eleven out in California. St. Mary's is the alma mater of Harry Hooper of the Red Sox; also of Dutch Leonard. Louis Guisto was at one time a pet pupil of Macandrew while at St. Mary's, both in football and baseball.

McNamara, one of St. Anselm's best backfield men, has enrolled at Georgetown this fall.

After a long blackboard lecture, Coach Brickley gave the Boston college candidates a chance to tackle the dummy for the first time this season and for half an hour the squad were kept at work on the padded man. The ends were given plenty of practice of running down under punts with interference. James J. Fitzpatrick was not allowed to remain in the scrimmage but a few minutes, as he bruised a hip a few days ago and Brickley does not want to take any chances on his prize punter.

MEXICANS FEAR TO CHASE VILLA

Bandits 20 Miles from Chihuahua City, Is Report

COMMISSION IS INACTIVE

Mexican Envoy in Boston in Interests of Loan

El Paso, Tex., Sept. 23.—Although Francisco Villa is only 20 miles outside Chihuahua City, according to an official announcement by Carranza military authorities at Juarez, "vigorous pursuit" of the bandit and his followers has not been taken up since Col. Ramos abandoned it. Gen. Trevino is conferring with his subchiefs before risking a chase of the outlaws.

Many refugees, natives and Americans, who fled from Chihuahua before the fighting started last Saturday, are anxious to make affidavits to assure Washington that the raid was engineered by Villa and was successful.

Accused of planning to join Villa, 22 natives were taken from a train during Thursday night outside of Juarez and brought back. Gen. Gonzales had received a report that they had announced their intention of joining the bandits.

New London, Conn., Sept. 23.—No formal session of the Mexican-American conference was held yesterday, but the presence of Alberto Pani, one of the Mexican commissioners, in Boston, revived reports that a Mexican loan is being discussed.

The Mexican commissioners have insisted all along that financial questions are entirely secondary to the settlement of the problem of border patrol. With the program for border patrol practically completed it is believed that the commission intends to take up Mexican financial affairs as its next subject of discussion.

Gen. Bliss will return to New London from Washington by Monday. The commissioners will confer with him and the finishing touches on the border patrol plan, calling for co-operation by Carranzistas until such time as the withdrawal of the American expedition is deemed advisable.

The border patrol plan probably will be ready for submission to Washington and Mexico City by the middle of next week.

GERMAN SUBMARINE SINKS A TRANSPORT

Admiralty at Berlin Announces the Destruction of a Hostile Troop Ship in the Mediterranean.

Berlin, Sept. 23.—The admiralty announced yesterday that a hostile transport was sunk in the Mediterranean, Sept. 17, by a German submarine.

Following is the statement: "A German submarine on Sept. 17 sank in the Mediterranean a completely filled hostile transport. The steamer sank in 43 seconds."

MAKING A NEW LAWN.

September Best Time for Planting in North Central and Middle Atlantic States.

The early part of September is the best time for seeding a new lawn in the states south of New England and north of the Potomac and Ohio rivers, according to plant specialists of the department. Likewise, the repairing of lawns in this region is much more likely to be successful if undertaken in the early autumn rather than in the early spring. The reason late summer and fall planting is preferable when climatic conditions will permit is that young grass does not stool well in spring and summer and is not aggressive enough during these seasons to combat weeds. In the northern tier of states and New England these conditions do not hold, and spring is the best time for lawn work. At that time in the extreme north soil is more open than later in the season and offers a better seed bed.

Soil Preparation.

The first consideration in making a new lawn is a suitable soil. This should be well drained and of good texture and should be thoroughly prepared. A good lawn will need only enrichment. This may be brought about best by a dressing of well-rotted barnyard manure thoroughly worked in. If manure is not available, 20 pounds of bone meal for each 1,000 square feet may be substituted. If the lawn site is of stiff clay both sand and humus or decayed vegetable matter must be worked in if a good turf is to be secured. There is little danger of using too much of either of these materials. Light sandy soils should have clay and humus worked in to increase their water-holding capacity. The humus may be supplied in the form of manure compost or soil from mushroom beds at the rate of one-half ton to 1,000 square feet of area. After the proper constituents are supplied the lawn soil should be thoroughly stirred and firmed. This preparation should begin several weeks before seeding time to allow sufficient time for the ground to settle and for weed seeds to germinate.

He Couldn't See It.

At a dinner an American woman sitting near the bishop of London said to him: "Bishop, I wish you would set my mind at rest as to the similarity or dissimilarity between your country and ours on one point. Does the butterfly because the tomato can?"

The bishop laughed heartily at this vivacious query.

MILLIONAIRE BANKRUPT'S LAWYER HELD FOR JURY

James R. Ward, Who Has \$2,100,000 Worth of Property Once Owned by Edward W. Morrison, Charged with Perjury.

Chicago, Sept. 23.—James R. Ward, attorney for Edward W. Morrison, an alleged millionaire bankrupt, was ordered held to the grand jury by Federal Judge Landis yesterday on charges of perjury. Ward has come into possession of \$2,100,000 worth of property owned by Morrison, whose vanishing millions have been a subject of inquiry before Judge Landis.

Morrison, now an old man, inherited \$8,000,000 from his father. His disappearance came to light when he filed a petition in bankruptcy. Ward is alleged to have received in the neighborhood of \$2,000,000 of it.

Edward Harris Ward's stenographer, John Sommers, who testified he had spent \$100,000 of Morrison's money in providing the aged man with questionable forms of entertainment, and Robert Minnehan, a broker, who was unable to explain how he came into possession of thousands of dollars of Morrison's wealth, also were ordered held to the grand jury. Their bonds were fixed at \$2,500 each.

CROKER WILL EXPOSE FULL BLACKMAIL PLOT

To Testify for State at Kidnaping Trial—To Search for Members of Gang.

Philadelphia, Sept. 23.—The four alleged members of the blackmail gang who are accused of the kidnaping of Mrs. Regina Klipper, an important government witness, will be tried in Philadelphia, it was announced yesterday by Special Agent Garbarino of the department of justice, upon his return from the Washington conference.

Frank Crocker, George Irwin, William Butler and George Butler are accused of obstructing justice in connection with the case. All of these men are out on bail with the exception of William Butler, who is in the Camden, N. J., jail under \$65,000 bail.

Crocker is the man alleged to have confessed to save his sweetheart, and it was intimated that he will reveal all details of the plot at the hearing. Most of the other cases will be tried in New York, Garbarino announced. The conferees decided to divide the work among numerous districts in a search for missing members of the "gang."

WHEAT RUSHED TO MARKET.

Sales of 1916 Crop Up to Oct. 1 Estimated at 229,540,000 Bushels.

Washington, Sept. 23.—Approximate 229,540,000 bushels of 1916's 611,000,000 bushel wheat crop will have been sold by farmers by Oct. 1. Department of agriculture officials estimated yesterday.

It was explained this estimate is based on figures gathered by trade publications. Government experts do not begin inquiries as to wheat held back by farmers until about March.

Wheat movements of the 1916 crop began in July. In that month 4,000,000 bushels were received at the elevators. In August 50,000,000 bushels were received. Receipts for the last five years in September have averaged about 14 per cent of the total yield, which this year would mean \$5,540,000 bushels.

CIGARS MARKED UP.

New York Manufacturers Announce Advance in Prices.

New York, Sept. 23.—An increase in the price of cigars was announced here yesterday by several manufacturers and members of the tobacco trade said that advances would soon be general. Higher cost of raw material and better wages for cigar-makers must be shared by the consumers, jobbers and retailers explained.

HUGHES' VOICE ALMOST GONE

Urged to Take a Rest, but He Won't Give Up

WIFE RESORTS TO A RUSE

Curtails Speeches by Ordering Brief Train Stops

Munkie, Ind., Sept. 23.—Charles E. Hughes' voice was on the verge of a complete breakdown yesterday, the second of his campaign in Indiana. Mr. Hughes' voice gave out almost completely, and both Mrs. Hughes and the candidate's personal physician were insisting that Mr. Hughes should take a rest.

For a time cancellation of his speaking dates yesterday afternoon was considered, but Mr. Hughes refused to disappoint any of the audiences already arranged for and announced that he would go through with his program.

Then Mrs. Hughes entered into a conspiracy with the managers of the train to curtail all yesterday's speeches and thus save her husband's weary throat muscles. A delay in switching the train from one railroad line to another at Anderson aided Mrs. Hughes in her plan.

"It is absolutely necessary to save Hughes' voice," said A. T. Hert, western Republican campaign manager yesterday. "He will fill every engagement made for him, but will have to curtail the length of his talks. He will speak everywhere he is scheduled to speak but I am sure his audiences will understand that necessity requires him to make his speeches shorter than had originally been planned."

"There are few men who could have talked above a whisper yesterday after Mr. Hughes' experience Thursday," said Dr. L. D. Alexander, Jr., the governor's throat specialist aboard the train yesterday.

Even if his vocal cords did play him tricks of squeakiness at times, Mr. Hughes appeared in fine condition otherwise and said he wasn't tired. He is drawing tremendous crowds everywhere throughout the state.

Yesterday it was estimated that he spoke to 50,000 persons.

Mr. Hughes in his first speech yesterday asserted that he stood for adequate protection for the young. He said the present Democratic child labor bill will only apply to 150,000 out of 1,850,000 children of the nation.

"If our friends on the other side pass child labor laws in the states in which they are absolutely in control," said Mr. Hughes, "there would be no child labor in the nation. Just now they can't pose before the American people as the special friends and champions of children."

Mr. Hughes went a trifle further than heretofore in warning organized labor of the dangers of surrendering the principle of arbitration, as evidenced, he said, in the Adamson eight-hour bill.

"The time is not so far distant," he said, "when railroad companies refused arbitration and men sought in vain for that sort of settlement of their controversies. It is not a friendly act to labor to dispense with that principle. I desire to suggest that it is very important that leaders of labor and men interested in labor legislation should think very carefully whether in this country they wish to give up the principle of collective bargaining and have the president establish wages fixed by law."

At New Castle there were nearly a thousand men, women and children massed at the railroad station. They gave the candidate a rousing welcome.

Story of a Spendthrift

By ESTHER VANDEVEER

Jimmie Temple was the son of a very rich man and inherited at his father's death a large fortune. This was at the beginning of the nineteenth century, when \$100,000 was considered a gigantic sum. But it was not too big for Jimmie to get away with in a few years. He spent it in every conceivable way. First and foremost, he was devoted to horses; second, he was devoted to dogs; third, he was fond of cards; fourth, he was always wanting to fight some one. Jimmie veered between these attractions as a weathercock swings between the four points of the compass. By the by, this reminds me that he was also given to cockfighting.

Well, after Jimmie had run through all his money he continued to spend on tick. This lasted till he heard the balliffs were after him, when, in order to escape them, he enlisted in the cavalry and was sent to his regiment fighting Indians in a territory which is now called the middle west. This gave him one of his favorite amusements, for he was on a horse all the while. Occasionally there were races at the post, and he figured as a jockey.

There was no reason why Jimmie Temple should not have continued to serve indefinitely in the army, where he was very happy, for he secured a commission, except that he loved a girl in Baltimore. Miss Belle Ashurst was the daughter of a rich man, but his wealth didn't do her any good, so far as uniting her to Lieutenant Temple, for her father had no idea of permitting his daughter to marry such a scapegrace. But the lovers plied for each other, and Belle was continually writing Jim to come back, just as if he could go where he pleased.

So it was that in time Jim resigned, and when his resignation was accepted headed straight for Baltimore.

Naturally enough, Jim's creditors were on the lookout for him, and as soon as he appeared in Baltimore some of them got wind of the fact. Jim realized that if he was to enjoy the society of his girl he must keep out of limbo, so he went into hiding. He kept dark during the daytime and, like the animals of the forest, did his prowling at night. An attorney employed by his creditors discovered his lair, but dare not force an entrance, for this would render him liable to action for trespass.

This attorney—Markham was his name—having learned about Jim's idiosyncrasies, especially his fondness for horses, one morning sent a boy in the uniform of a jockey to ride a horse that was anything but a racer back and forth before the debtor's abode. It was not long before Jim threw up a window and called out: "Hi, you, there! Do you expect to win a race with that bundle of bones?" Markham, who was under the window, began to read Jim a summons, but he had not read half a dozen words before down came the sash.

This ruse having failed, Markham bethought himself of another. One bright morning he and a deputy brought a couple of cocks to a vacant lot beside Jim's hiding place and set them to fighting. The cocks were furnished with steel spurs, but a spur on one of the cocks was turned so that it was useless to the bird who wore it. Jim watched the fight from behind blinds, and when he saw one of the birds being slaughtered for the lack of a properly fixed spur it was too much for him. Throwing open the blinds, he called out: "What do you want to treat a cock that way for? Don't you see?"

He got no further. Some one on the ground beneath the window thrust a pole under the sash so that Jim could not lower it, and a voice began to read

Buy Your Regal Shoes Now

Pretty soon you will find some cold evenings and mornings when low shoes are uncomfortable.

Prepare for such weather now by having us fit you to a pair of Regal high shoes.

This store is the only place in Barre where you can buy Regals; get in right when you need shoes.

Moore & Owens

122 No. Main Street, Tel. 66-W

a legal document. Jim jumped out the window, knocked the paper out of the hands of the reader, sent the man who held the pole sprawling in a jiffy was back through the window, and the sash came down.

One night when he was leaving Miss Ashurst's home he was accosted on the street by a gentleman, who said to him:

"My friend, I have been playing the bank at Watson's recently. I have invented a system by which I expect to break it. I am in love with a young lady whose father has informed me that if I ever enter a gambling house again it shall be all up between me and his daughter. Would you kindly consent to play for me tonight?"

The man gave Jim his system, and Jim was seized with a desire to see how it worked. He took \$100 the man gave him and suffered himself to be conducted to Watson's. He had scarcely entered the well lighted rooms when he was bereft of his disguise and, being recognized, was forced to listen to the reading of a summons, for the door was locked behind him.

Jim spent a term in the debtor's prison, which was ended by the death of his girl's father. The day after the funeral Belle paid her lover's debts. He was released from the prison and appeared on the fashionable promenade of Baltimore with a beautiful butonhole bouquet in his coat with not the shadow of a blush on his face. On the contrary, he appeared to be very proud of himself.

Not long after this he married Miss Ashurst. But before the wedding it was stipulated that he should limit his expenditures to an allowance. Home influence cured him of his spendthrift habits, and he became a prominent citizen—socially—of Baltimore.

Child (in swimming)—Doesn't it make the fish awfully cross, us washing in their water?—London Opinion.

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