THE BARRE DAILY TIMES

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JAPAN SENDS NAVAL FORCE TO AID FRANCE

Warships Have Arrived at Marseilles, to Join Campaign Against German Submarines, the Unheralded Action Raising Political and Military Questions of Great Interest

HINDENBURG RETREAT INDICATED BY FIRES

Village of Bullecourt Now in the Hands of the British and the Drocourt-Queant Line of the Germans Appears Doomed—Austrians Turn Upon Italians on the Isonzo Front

Bullecourt is finally in British hands, and the Drocourt-Queant line appears to be doomed. The tremendous German sacrifices proved in vain, and the flames of burning towns behind their lines give color to the reports that Hindenburg is contemplating another strategic retreat.

Additional reports from the Italian front emphasize the importance of the victory won by General Cadorna but also bring word that the Austrians have re-acted. Apparently the usual period of counter-attacks will follow the first successful assault on the Isonzo heights.

Probably the most important news from Europe is the announcement that Japan is going to take an active part in the war. A Japanese naval force has arrived at Marseilles to join the campaign against the German submarines, especially to protect French shipping. The dispatches state that this unheralded action by the allies' Oriental partner raises both political and military questions of supreme interest, upon which, however, there is no light at present.

GERMANS LOST IN THEIR ATTACKS NEAR CRAONNE

French Reconnoitering Parties Entered German Lines in Lorraine, Says the Paris Official Statement.

Paris, May 18.—Several attacks were launched by the Germans last night in the vicinity of Craonne. To-day's official statement says they were repulsed. French reconnoitering parties penetrated the German lines in Lorraine.

TOOK FEW PRISONERS.

When British Captured Last of Bullecourt Village.

London, May 18.—British troops yesterday completed the capture of the village of Bullecourt. The announcement, issued by the war office last night, says:

"To-day our troops completed the capture of Bullecourt, taking some 60 prisoners.

"The whole of the village, for the possession of which constant fighting has taken place since May 3, is now in our hands."

BULECOURT EVACUATED.

Germans Announce That They Gave Up the Village.

Berlin, via London, May 18.—The official statement issued to-day by the army headquarters' staff says that the ruins of the former village of Bullecourt were evacuated by them yesterday.

EXPECT GERMAN RETREAT.

Desperate German Counter Offensive So Interpreted.

Paris, May 18.—The desperate German counter offensive, which has been going on since Tuesday in the region of Laffaux, is considered in competent quarters here as intended to mask a further retirement of the German first line on other parts of the front.

During the last few days the number of fires in villages behind the German front, both north and south of St. Quentin, has greatly increased. The town of St. Quentin itself, which has been gradually burning for the last few weeks, is now overhung with heavy smoke clouds. These facts are considered indications of a retreat, being similar to those which preceded the last retirement, in which the Germans left a vast area of devastation.

BRITISH GUNS AND ITALIANS.

Heavy Artillery Helping to Smash Austrian Lines.

London, May 18.—British heavy artillery batteries are co-operating with the Italian army in the Italian offensive against the Austrians on the Julian front, according to official statement today by the British war office.

HAS NO SEED TO SELL.

But Government is Directing Applicants to Supplies.

Washington, D. C., May 18.—No seed for free distribution nor for sale is at the disposal of the United States department of agriculture. The department, however, through its committee on seed stocks, is receiving daily telegraphic and other reports as to available supplies of seeds of crops for late planting, and will assist in locating seed stocks for localities where shortage exists.

RETROACTIVE TAX ON INCOMES STAYS IN REVENUE BILL

House Refused by Vote of 123 to 54 to Strike Out Section, Although Vigorous Opposition Was Presented.

Washington, D. C., May 18.—Resuming the debate on the amendments to the war tax bill the House to-day by a vote of 123 to 54 refused to strike out the section designed to levy a retroactive tax of one-third the amount of last year's income tax.

Vigorous opposition to the section was led by Representative Madden of Illinois. Representative Foss of Ohio also attacked the section as dangerous because of the possibility of setting a precedent for a wide range of retroactive taxes.

Drastic increases were written into the bill by the committee of the whole yesterday after announcement by Democratic Leader Kitchin that Secretary McAdoo's latest estimate of one-half of the cost of the first year of the war, which the bill is intended to cover, would be about $2,245,000,000.

The increases, 25 per cent on all the proposed surtaxes on incomes between $40,000 and $1,000,000 as reported by the committee and a 45 per cent surtax on incomes in excess of $1,000,000, as proposed by Representative Lenroot of Wisconsin, were included by a vote of 146 to 107. Representative Kitchin and others who were opposed to increased income taxes voted formally against the proposals, but previously Mr. Kitchin had declared on the floor that he did not see how any member of the ways and means committee could oppose them.

No attempt will be made in the House Mr. Kitchin announced last night, to raise the total of the bill to $2,245,000,000. It is probable, however, he added, that the total will be larger than the $1,800,000,000 contemplated in the original measure, and if it is found that more money is needed, another bill will be drafted at the next session of Congress.

Many members believe further efforts to make the bill total $2,245,000,000 will be made on the floor or in the committee.

Regardless of Secretary McAdoo's estimate, Mr. Lenroot announced last night he will seek to have stricken from the bill the taxes on light and heat. Opponents of the second class mail rates increase also will continue their fight.

A statement prepared by a committee expert said that the surtax increases would add about $66,000,000 to the total of the bill during the coming year. Statements on the floor as to the amount they would raise ranged from $100,000,000 downward.

The surtax, which would be added to the normal taxes provided by the old law, under the Lenroot amendment would be as follows:

Between $40,000 and $60,000, 10 per cent; $50,000 to $80,000, 13¾ per cent; $80,000 to $100,00 ,17½; $100,00 to $150,000, 21¼; $150,000 to $200,000, 25; $200,000 to $250,000, 30; $250,000 to $300,000, 23¾; $300,000 to $500,000, 37½; $500,000 to $1000,000, 41¼, and $1,000,000 and over, 45 per cent.

Representative Leonard assailed the plan of taxing the poor on necessaries of life and permitting the rich to retain their wealth, subject to emergency taxes.

Efforts of Representative Curry of California to insert an amendment to increase the exemption on single persons from $1,000 to $2,000 and on married persons from $2,000 to $3,000 failed by a vote of 100 to 50.

NOT HALF SUBSCRIBED.

"Liberty Loan" Is Victim of Too Excited Exuberance.

Washington, D. C., May 18.—Representatives of the federal reserve banks and treasury officials in direct charge of the task of floating the liberty loan virtually were unanimous last night in the opinion that a tremendous campaign must be successfully carried on within the next 27 days if the liberty loan is to meet with the over-subscription which officials hope for.

Predictions that the big issue would be over-subscribed several hundred per cent., made on the face of the first returns of the estimates of banks as to the probable amount they and their customers would take, have not materialized thus far. There is a crying need, in the opinion of officials, for the small investor in great numbers to make felt his power, and to bring the realization of this home to the country a vigorous campaign is being planned.

The impression still prevails in many quarters that the liberty loan already has been over-subscribed. This not only is untrue, it was authoritatively said last night, but probably not one-half of the loan has been taken, including allowance for approximately $450,000,000 of treasury certificates of indebtedness already issued. No figures of subscriptions are being made public by the treasury department, chiefly for the reason that subscriptions center at the 12 reserve banks and that the campaign has only been launched.

A large over-subscription, officials feel, is highly desirable, in that it would show in terms which could not be mistaken by Germany that the United States is in the war to stay until Germany is defeated and that there will be no stinting of national resources of any kind to bring about the end of autocracy. Secretary McAdoo's trip through the middle West is a part of the program to arouse the country, especially the small investor, to responding to the government's needs.

Directing heads of the loan subscription campaign at each of the reserve banks, except Dallas and San Francisco, had the real situation impressed upon them in plain language by treasury and reserve board officials yesterday at a conference. They were told that there was need of arousing the country to the immediate necessity of subscribing to the loan that the "spirit of '17" should be awakened to match the "spirit of '76."

The first subscription to be received through the newly organized woman's committee of the liberty loan was turned into the treasury yesterday by Mrs. W. G. McAdoo, wife of the secretary. It came from Cincinnati and was for $10,000.

What It Is.

"Say, Pat, phwat is dis ting day call a chafing dish?" asked Tim.

"Why, man, don't ye know? It's a frying pan dat's got into society."—Ladies' Home Journal.

NEW CABINET IS COMPLETED

Government at Petrograd Gives Evidence of More Strength

SIX SOCIALISTS TAKE POSITIONS

Some of the Russian Army Commanders Recall Resignations

Petrograd, via London, May 18.—The formation of the cabinet, in which six Socialists are included, has been completed.

The news yesterday that an agreement had been reached between the provisional government and the council of workmen's and soldiers' delegates was followed unexpectedly last night by official announcement that a ministerial crisis had not yet been settled. This morning, however, it was made known officially that the formation of a coalition cabinet had been completed. The new cabinet will follow the lines agreed upon previously.

"As a result of a meeting in Petrograd of the commanders-in-chief from all the fronts except the Caucasus, Gen. Brussiloff and Gen. Gurko have withdrawn their resignations, and reports of further resignations are refuted by the announcement that all the commanders have decided to remain at their posts.

Thus the crisis in the army, which formed an alarming accompaniment to the political crisis, has been averted.

Discussing with the temporary government the serious condition of affairs at the front, the commanders declared that the unfortunate phrase "peace without annexation" had found its way to the army and was there translated into an argument against offensive warfare. This and other harmful doctrines pervading the army, and the inability of the officers satisfactorily to explain them, had ruined discipline and destroyed the authority and prestige of the officers.

REPORT OF TRUCE WITH RUSSIA IS FROM GERMANY

Story at The Hague Has It That Truce is About to Be Arranged Because of Political Changes at Petrograd.

London, May 18.—According to an1Exchange Telegraph company dispatch from Amsterdam, it is rumored at The Hague that a truce is about to be arranged between Russia and the central powers as the result of the political changes at Petrograd. The rumor is characterized as of German origin.

MANY FEARED LOST

In Shipwreck of the Standard in Behring Sea.

San Francisco, May 18.—The three-masted ship Standard, owned by Libby, McNeill & Libby, is a total wreck off Cape Constantine in Behring sea, according to a message received here yesterday by the naval radio station. Of nearly 150 men aboard the vessel, only 29 have been rescued, according to the report.

The vessel, which carried a large crew, and many men for the Alaska canneries, stranded May 14 and was abandoned the next day when heavy seas began to pound her to pieces.

Five lifeboats, each crowded to capacity, were launched. One was picked up a few hours later containing 29 men. So far, according to the message received here yesterday, none of the remaining boats has been sighted.

GIVE UP EXCURSION TRAINS

And Consolidate Other Trains Whenever Practicable.

Washington, D. C., May 18.—All railroads have been called upon by the war board of the American Railway association to readjust their service immediately so as to make available the maximum transportation energy for moving fuel, food, material and troops. A notice to the roads announced last night by Fairfax Harris, chairman of the board, says:

"Consolidate where practicable through passenger train service and eliminate those trains which are not well patronized.

"Reduce the number of special trains and give up running excursion trains."

TO DEPOSIT IN BANKS.

Proceeds of Government War Bonds, Says Sec. McAdoo.

Washington, D. C., May 18.—The proceeds of the Liberty Loan, the treasury department announced to-day, will be deposited in banks and trust companies which have qualified as depositaries and which favor subscriptions of at least $100,000. The government's apparent intention to advance approximately $1,000,000,000 to the allies before July 1, $670,000,000 of which already has been paid, is reflected in a request of Secretary McAdoo to the banks to take as large amounts of treasury certificates as possible "and at least 5 per cent of the payment they will have to make on subscriptions."

WAS ANXIOUS TO SERVE.

But He Had a Glass Eye and Test Was Halted.

Burlington, May 18.—While James Ransom of White River Junction was attempting to read the eye testing chart at the naval recruiting station to-day the recruiting officer heard the man's companion whispering to the prospective bluejacket and halted the examination. Then it developed that Ransom had a glass eye. He was not successful in enlisting but the officer complimented him upon his desire to serve his country.

SINGER GETS DIVORCE.

Mrs. Ethel Costello Charged Non-Support Against Lamar Costello.

Brattleboro, May 18.—Mrs. Ethel Costello, formerly of Brattleboro, a soprano, who has appeared in concerts in Boston, New York, Chicago and other cities, secured a divorce here yesterday from Lamar Costello for non-support after a hearing in chambers.

Mr. and Mrs. Costello were married in the West. Mr. Costello is a son of William E. Costello, formerly superintendent of the New London division of the Central Vermont railroad, who is now in the Southwest. The son was a freight conductor here and later assistant purser on the White Star line. When last heard from here he was in Mexico.

BLAME A TRAMP

For a Barn Fire at Castleton—Dozen Tons of Hay Burned.

Castleton, May 18.—An old barn on the property of John Langdon about half a mile east of this village was burned to the ground last night about 9 o'clock, together with 12 tons of hay.

Help was summoned from this village and the fire engine responded but as the building was located about 10 rods from the house and as there was no wind the fire was allowed to burn itself out.

The first is believed to have been started by a tramp, as George Clark, who had been to the home of William Lyman to help extinguish a chimney fire, saw a man coming from the barn a few minutes before the fire was discovered.

J. E. BYRNE CHIEF RANGER.

Elected at American Order of Foresters' Convention.

Burlington, May 18.—Supreme Recording Secretary Patrick J. Kennedy of Exeter, N. H., was the principal speaker at the annual meeting of the American Order of Foresters of Vermont held here yesterday. The following officers were elected:

Grand chief ranger, J. E. Byrne of Bellows Falls; sub-chief ranger, E. C. Shannahan of Bennington; treasurer, J. A. Ryan of Bennington; financial secretary, J. J. Haplin of Pittsford; recording secretary, J. R. Rabitelle of Graniteville; lecturer, John Benson of Proctor.

PROBABLY FATALLY BURNED.

Brattleboro Girl Was Playing with Matches in Her Home.

Brattleboro, May 18.—Elsa Semararo, aged four, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Semararo of South Main street, was burned probably fatally, yesterday afternoon. The child was playing with matches alone in the kitchen, her parents being in the store and barber shop which they conduct. Both parents burned their hands in tearing off the child's clothing, as did Joseph Travan, a neighbor. The fire department was called out.

TALK OF THE TOWN

Mrs. E. Garcia of the G. Tomasi block was removed to the City hospital this forenoon.

Mrs. Michael Nelson of Merchant street is spending a few days with relatives in Rutland and vicinity.

Ewen Mackenzie has returned to his work in Groton, after having been called here by the death of his granddaughter.

Miss Florence Brady, who has been visiting her sister, Miss Gertrude Brady of Jefferson street, since last Saturday, returned yesterday to her home in Bakersfield.

Mrs. F. E. Dennison and children of North Main street left yesterday for North Colchester, where they will spend the summer months at their cottage at Malletts Bay.

Mrs. Edmund Gardens and little daughter, who have been visiting relatives in Barre and Williamstown during the past six weeks, returned yesterday to her home in St. Albans.

Mrs. Ernest Hutchins received the news this morning from Manchester, N. H., concerning a serious injury which her mother, Mrs. Jane Rowell, received earlier in the week while crossing a street, being hit by an automobile. The machine knocked her down, breaking three ribs and causing deep lacerations about the head.

Representatives of two railroads in Barre, J. L. H. Carr of the Central Vermont and J. N. Gall of the Montpelier & Wells River, met this morning and made arrangements for closing both freight offices to-morrow afternoon. The arrangement is made in deference to action taken by nearly every business concern in the city and the freight offices will be closed from 1 to 3 o'clock.

In anticipation of one of the largest crowds that ever witnessed a baseball game in Barre, the management of the Italian A. C. announced to-day that autos will not be permitted to park on the Berlin street grounds to-morrow afternoon, when the team meets Goddard seminary for the benefit of the Red Cross, after appropriate flag raising exercises have been held on the ball field. In connection with the announcement it was stated that all baseball players are requested to don their uniforms and meet at Currier park at 12:45 p. m. to participate in the parade.

Another postponement of the case of State vs. Mrs. A. Villa, charged with a violation of the liquor laws, was entered in city court this forenoon when Magistrate H. W. Scott continued to Monday the hearing set for to-day. Witnesses living in Graniteville who were subpoenaed several weeks ago at the instance of Town Grand Juror A. C. Dickey of Barre Town made one of their periodical trips to the city to testify, but were told that another continuance had been granted, this time at the request of the respondent's counsel, it is said.

Real sorrow was expressed among inhabitants of the Italian colony in Barre yesterday upon receipt of news of the Montpelier tragedy in which Angelo Bianchi and his mother, Clementina Bianchi, came to their death. The young man was well known in this city, having been a resident of Barre for several years prior to his removal to Montpelier. Here he was known as a quiet, companionable fellow, whose most conspicuous characteristic was diffidence and his friends in Barre, in speaking of the tragedy, invariably ascribe Bianchi's act to temporary aberration, caused by brooding over his ill health. The bodies of the woman and her son will be brought to this city for interment in Hope cemetery Sunday afternoon.

ARMY DRAFT ONLY NEEDS SIGNATURE

President Is Expected to Give His Official Sanction To-day and Will Then Set a Date for Registration of All Men Between Ages of 21 and 30 Years for National Service

MACHINERY OF DRAFT READY TO BE STARTED

Law Gives President Authority to Say Whether a Roosevelt Army Shall Be Sent to Europe—Senate Debated the Ex-President Vigorously Before Conference Committee's Report Was Accepted, 65 to 8

Washington, D. C., May 18.—President Wilson's approval is the final step necessary to-day to make the army bill a law, and the president is expected to sign during the day, after which he will issue a proclamation fixing the registration day. The war department will then set in motion the machinery for raising an army in increments of 500,000 men from 21 to 30 years of age by selective conscription. President Wilson will determine whether Roosevelt shall be permitted to raise the volunteer expedition, which the bill authorizes.

The final action on the bill by Congress was taken yesterday when the Senate, by a vote of 65 to 8, adopted the conference report accepted Wednesday by the House. The closing debate in the Senate centered on the so-called Roosevelt amendment. Col. Roosevelt was vigorously attacked by Senator Stone of Missouri and as ardently defended by his friend, Senator Johnson of California.

"I have listened with surprise and chagrin and with humiliation to the remarks of the senator from Missouri," said Senator Johnson. "Had the words come from another or been uttered outside of the capitol we would have concluded that the utterer desired that no Americans be sent at all. That would, of course, not be imputed to the senator from Missouri.

"What is it that is asked?" Only that this man in the twilight of his life may lay down that life for his country, only that he may serve his country."

Senator Johnson said Senator Stone's attack was a very sad thing in its injection of partisanship at this particular time.

Senator John Sharp Williams suggested that one side had played politics for a certain position for some one and the other side had brought politics in by opposing this attempt.

"I hope with the balance of 104,000,000 Americans," he said, "that we will stop these useless differences among ourselves and bring the emergency before us to a speedy conclusion."

Senator Hoke Smith proposed an amendment to the special army appropriation bill declaring the term "existing emergency" used in the war army bill to mean the war with Germany and attempted to get immediate consideration. Senator Reed insisted on getting further explanation from Chairman Chamberlain concerning the latter's statement that it would be dangerous to send the bill back to conference. "I am getting tired," he said, "of being told that I must do this or that because some mysterious thing is going to happen."

Senator Chamberlain replied that there was a "feeling of unrest" among the conferees and mentioned the several points of differences between the two houses which might be reopened should the bill be recommitted.

Senator Reed said it might be well to reopen the question of conscription which he believed was unpopular throughout the country.

Objections to the bill because it is to be operative during the "existing emergency" and not specifically limited to the war with Germany were minimized by Senator Knox, who said the difference was of "tweedledum and tweedledee." Senator Wadsworth pointed out that the present emergency might not end with the treaty which will bring peace, but that the army to be raised might be needed in service for six months or a year thereafter.

The Senate's approval of the measure, agreed upon by the conferees and accepted by the House, came late in the day after attempts to send it back to conference, and an earnest appeal by Senator Chamberlain, chairman of the military committee, for final action.

The eight senators who cast the negative votes were:

Senators Gore, Gronna, Hardwick, Kirby, La Follette, Norris, Stone and Trammell. Senator Fall was excused from voting.

What the Acts Provide.

Raising of armed forces by the selective draft system, imposed upon all males between the ages of 21 and 30 years, inclusive, subject to registration and certain exemptions from service.

Increasing the regular army to maximum war strength.

Drafting into the federal service of National Guard units.

Raising of an initial force by conscription of 500,000 men with addition of 500,000 if deemed necessary.

Raising, if the president sees fit, of four divisions of volunteer infantry. (The Roosevelt amendment).

Increasing the pay of all enlisted men as follows: 815 additional monthly for those now receiving less than $21, comprising the bulk of the army graduated downward to $6 additional monthly for those receiving $45 or more.

Prohibiting the sale of liquor at or near army training camps and otherwise protecting morals of the soldiers.

NOT TILL SEPTEMBER.

Will New Army Be Called Out, Says Secretary Baker.

Washington, D. C., May 18.—In response to a suggestion by Senator Jones of Washington that the new selective draft army help harvest crops, Secretary Baker yesterday disclosed that it is not expected to call out the first 500,000 men before Sept. 1, because of the "depleted state of our supplies" and that there will thereby be no "appreciable interference with the labor supply of the country until that date."

After stating that the labor question was receiving serious attention from all departments, Secretary Baker wrote to Senator Jones:

"Owing to the depleted state of our supplies it will not be practicable to call out the first 500,000 men to be raised under the provisions of the bill now pending before Congress until about Sept. 1, so there will be no appreciable interference with the labor supply of the country until that date.

"When these men are called, they will have to be continuously trained with the colors until they are sent abroad. As the period of training before they are sent abroad will be at best all too short, in justice to the men it must be intensive and continuous."

TO HAVE 32 CAMPS.

Each One to House 22,000 Men in the New Army.

Washington, D. C., May 18.—Complete plans of housing 22,000 men at each of 32 divisional cantonment camps in which the war army is to be trained have been worked out by war department officials, and construction work will be undertaken as soon as commanders of the military departments have designated the sites.

Twelve of the camps will go to the new southeastern department, commanded by Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood, making 364,000 troops assigned to that department. Six camps will be established in the central department, six in the southern, three in the western, four in the eastern and one in the northeastern department.

The building will be done by contract under supervision of army officers. Col. I. W. Littell of the quartermaster corps has been placed in general charge of construction.

In effect the project is to build 32 towns complete with all necessary equipment and facilities. It will require 6,000,000 feet of lumber, which was adopted because the price of canvas is so high and the supply so short.

There will be 2,000 buildings in each encampment. Each town will cover a little more than a square mile of ground, not including the big tracts of land necessary for drilling and military operations during training. Modern plumbing and sanitary arrangements will be installed.

MUCH MUSIC PLANNED

For the Patriotic Parade and Flag Raising in Barre.

Among all the persons immediately concerned in the big patriotic demonstration, parade and flag raising which Italian-American citizens of Barre are going to stage to-morrow, the only man who is yet to do his bit is the weather clerk. All others have given or are going to give adequate proof of their patriotism and if the man who pulls the weather wires will only substitute "fair and warmer" for "occasional showers," patriots in this town may retire to-night knowing that their hour will surely strike on the morrow. Much bustling and extreme busyness were to be observed in many circles to-day and if the parade and exercises are not a success it will not be due to unpreparedness. Committees in charge of various details of the program met last night, met again to-day and will be in session this evening. In fact their work will not be done until the big procession is under way at 1 o'clock to-morrow afternoon.

Practically every business establishment in Barre will be closed, at least from 1 to 3 p. m. The marchers in the parade will gather on Currier park at 1 o'clock and while the route to be followed has not been definitely staked out, it is expected that it will cover a part of Washington street, swing along the south side of Church street into North Main street and thence to Elm street, doubling back into the main thoroughfare somewhere in the north end in order that North Main street may get a good glimpse of the paraders. A number of merchants are decking out their windows in patriotic colors and it is expected that more than the average number of flags shown in this time of stress will be flung to the breeze along the line of march. Musicians of Barre and Montpelier who are to parade are asked to meet at the I. P. C. rooms in the Scampini block to-morrow at 12:30 p. m. Baseball players who are to figure in the Red Cross benefit after the exercises will meet in the park at 12:45. All other paraders are urged to be on the grounds soon after noon.

Around midday Gov. Graham, Col. Reeves of Norwich university and Atty. Serre of New York the Italian orator, will arrive in the city. The local reception committee consists of Mayor E. C. Glysson, City Clerk James Mackay, Nelson D. Phelps, Joseph B. Sanguinetti, A. H. Fasola and John B. Magnaghi.

Six bands are to participate in the parade. First of all, the regimental band from the Headquarters company at Fort Ethan Allen. Then the band composed of Barre and Montpelier musicians, the Marshfield band, the Christopher Columbus band, Riddel's bagpipe band and drum corps, the Norwich cadet band, which will be given a place of honor well toward the head of the procession. The spirit of '76 will be represented by Red Men and 30 members of the fraternity garbed in Continental uniforms, will add color to the parade. It is also expected that the Arab patrol of Mount Sinai temple will be present. The paraders will be marshaled by Dr. O. E. Barr, Dr. Joe W. Jackson, B. Lucchina and Guy R. Varnum, all of whom, of course, are to be mounted.

The parade committee consists of Paul Bianchi, Angelo Calderara, John Frontini, Henry Fasola and Antonio Broggi. A fine, new flag has been secured for the flag raising exercises, which are to be held near the corner of North Main and Central streets.

ENTER U. S. SERVICE JULY 25

Meanwhile the Governor Is Authorized to Recruit to War Strength

ALL STATE TROOPS CALLED BEFORE AUG. 5

The Guards of New England Will Enter Federal Service on Same Date

Washington, D. C., May 18.—All the National Guard organizations will be called into the federal service between July 15 and Aug. 5, and the governors have been authorized to recruit all their organizations to war strength. Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut guardsmen will assemble July 25.

WANT APPRAISAL REDUCED.

Barre & Montpelier Traction & Power Co. Appeal to the State.

The state board of appeals, comprising Secretary of State Bailey, Lieut.-Governor Hulburd and Auditor Gates, met at the State House yesterday afternoon and heard counsel and officials of the Barre & Montpelier Traction company protest against the tax commissioner's appraisal of the road.

The road was appraised at $210,000, the amount as in prior years, and the officials yesterday endeavored to show that because of the financial condition of the road the appraisal should be materially reduced. Those who appeared for the railroad were Attorney Fred E. Gleason, H. T. Sands, general manager of the Tenney company, William F. Corry, assistant superintendent of the road, and M. A. Harris, office manager. The board took the matter under advisement.

ARGUED BARRE CASE.

State vs Albano, Assault with Intent to Kill, in Supreme Court.

Hugh Moore of White River Junction, formerly a practicing attorney in New Hampshire, was admitted to practice in Vermont yesterday afternoon, the oath being administered by Chief Justice John H. Watson in supreme court. The Washington county case of State vs. Albano, convicted of assault with intent to kill by a jury last fall, was argued in supreme court this forenoon. J. Ward Carver appeared for the respondent and State's Attorney Gleason represented the state.

TO AID BOND SALE

Gov. Graham and State Treasurer Scott Named.

Alfred L. Aiken, governor of the Boston Federal Reserve bank, has appointed Gov. Graham and State Treasurer Scott members of the New England Liberty loan committee. This committee, comprising about 30 members and including every governor and state treasurer in the New England states, will act in an advisory capacity, such as furnishing names of persons in their section.

TALK OF THE TOWN

Dr. D. C. Jarvis returned to the city yesterday from a business trip to Burlington.

M. Sowles of Roxbury, deputy inspector of weights and measures, was a business visitor in the city yesterday.

Mrs. C. M. Bickford of Worcester, Mass., is visiting relatives in the city for a few days on her way to Chelsea.

Miss Doris Hovey of Elm street left yesterday for New York, where she is making a visit of several days with friends.

A. C. White of Rutland arrived in the city this morning to make a week-end trip in Barre and Montpelier, while on a business errand.

Mrs. C. L. Rich, who has been visiting during the past few days at the home of her son, Ray Rich of Elm street, left this noon for her home in Granville.

All members of Court Barre, 3,317, I. O. F., are requested to meet in K. of C. hall on Saturday, May 19, at 12:15 sharp, for the purpose of taking part in the flag raising parade.

Mrs. William Olliver and son, Perry Olliver, returned to the city to-day, after a visit at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Albert Abbott, of Moretown during the past few days.

Ernest Williams of White River Junction passed through the city this morning, while en route to Washington, where he will spend the week end visiting friends and relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. D. R. Bradbury of Washington received word from a U. S. navy recruiting station on the Pacific coast in the form of a red, white and blue card, which read: "Your son, William Frank Bradbury, is now at the front, serving his country in the U. S. navy." He was a former student at Goddard seminary and for the past five years has been engaged in the automobile business in Calgary, Alberta, and Spokane, Wash.

Working Men, Attention!

The Central Labor union of Barre and vicinity being invited to participate in the flag raising celebration by the various Italian societies, and having accepted their cordial invitation, expect that every labor union affiliated therewith will do their utmost to turn out and do honor to the occasion by marching in the parade and taking part in the flag raising exercises. The officers of all organizations are requested to meet at the Burns statue at 12:30 p. m. to look after the formation of their various units. Per order executive board, Alex Ironside president, Angus McDonald secretary.

Notice.

All members of Canton Vinton, No. 9, I. O. O. F., are requested to meet at the Odd Fellows' hall Saturday at 1 p. m. sharp for purpose of attending parade. Per order captain.

Vermont State Library