

SHE WON THE BET

By PAULINE D. EDWARDS

Jim Underwood and his sister, Carrie, were at breakfast when the morning mail was delivered. Jim opened a letter which seemed to please him greatly. "My old chum, Charlie MacKnight," he said, "whom I haven't seen for five years, is to pass through the city tomorrow on his way to Montreal. He asks me to meet him at the Union station for a handshake."

"If I were ready to go north tomorrow instead of Thursday," said Carrie, "it would be a good chance for an escort, wouldn't it?"

"Can't you get ready?"

"I'll see. I think I can."

"Charlie says he has heard that I've been married. I wonder where he got that?"

Carrie seemed to be lost in thought for awhile; then she said:

"Is this the Mr. MacKnight that you have said is the soul of honor?"

"Yes."

"The same that you had the conversation with about being so awfully particular as to his treatment of a friend's wife?"

"Yes. He once said to me that if I had a wife it would be impossible for her to tempt him into a love affair with him."

"Humph!" was Carrie's only reply.

"You consider that bosh?" asked her brother.

"I'll tell you what to do, Jim. This paragon has heard that you have been married. Introduce me to him as your wife. I'll bet you a pair of gloves against a box of candy that I send you proof at the end of the journey that he is not so desperately honorable as you think him."

"Done!"

The introduction took place as arranged, and MacKnight was led to believe rather by innuendo than a positive statement that Carrie was Jim's wife instead of his sister.

Jim left his friend and his sister together, inwardly hoping that the former would bear out his statement as to his ability to resist temptation. He did not expect a letter for several days, and he did not receive one for a week. Then a telegram came from his sister: "Do come up here at once."

No explanation was given, so that Jim was obliged to infer one. The natural inference was that Carrie had been taken suddenly ill or had met with an accident. The bet was forgotten in the more serious situation. Throwing a few things in a suit case, he called a cab and hurried to the station, where he sent a telegram to his sister to wire him at an intermediate city further information. To his astonishment he received the following: "Your friend is horrid."

This dispelled the illness or accident theory. But what could MacKnight have been doing to bring about such a condition?

Jim arrived at his destination in the evening and was driven to the house of a friend of his sister whom she was visiting. He was expected and was shown into a room where he found Carrie waiting for him. She was the picture of health, but looked very much worried.

"For heaven's sake," exclaimed Jim, "what's the matter?"

"It's Mr. MacKnight."

"What has he done?"

"Why, I flirted with him—just a little bit, you know—and the first thing I knew he was talking silly. Then I told him he shouldn't say such things to his friend's wife. We were just pulling into the terminal when I said that, and he got up and rushed from the car like a crazy man. I want you to find him at once and explain."

"Why do that?"

"Because I don't want him to think I'm a—bad woman."

"Nonsense! You've won the bet."

"Yes, but—"

Jim looked at his sister wonderingly, then said:

"I verily believe, Carrie, you've been winked yourself."

"You go right off and find Mr. MacKnight and explain and say I'm very sorry for what has happened."

"How do I know where to find him?"

"He mentioned during the journey that he intended staying at the Lenox hotel."

Underwood that evening appeared at the Lenox hotel and, being told that Mr. MacKnight was in his room, went there, knocked at the door and was admitted. MacKnight was walking the floor like one suffering from delirium. On seeing Underwood he paled, then, baring his breast, said:

"Kill me, Jim! I deserve worse than death!"

Jim burst into a loud laugh, threw himself into a chair and continued to laugh till he was interrupted by MacKnight saying:

"What in thunder are you laughing at?"

When Jim found his voice he told of the story of the bet, in which it appeared that Carrie was Jim's sister instead of his wife. As soon as this phase of the matter appeared MacKnight phoned Jim in his arms.

"Come along," said the latter. "Carrie is in as bad a fix as you."

"All right; but, Jim, you've been traveling and need rest. Don't trouble yourself further in the matter. It's too bad to have called you so far on such an errand. I'll call on your sister at once, and I dare say the matter will be—"

"I don't doubt it."

The settlement took place and was followed by a wedding.

BRITISH AFTER LUXBURG

Great Britain Does Not Intend to Approve Application for Safe Conduct.

London, Sept. 21.—It is learned that Great Britain does not at present intend to approve any application for a safe conduct for Count Von Luxburg, the German minister to Argentina, whose passports have been handed to him by the Argentine government.

GIRLS! MAKE A BEAUTY LOTION WITH LEMONS

At the cost of a small jar of ordinary cold cream, one can prepare a full quarter pint of the most wonderful lemon skin softener and complexion beautifier, by squeezing the juice of two fresh lemons into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white. Care should be taken to strain the juice through a fine cloth so no lemon pulp gets in, then this lotion will keep fresh for months. Every woman knows that lemon juice is used to bleach and remove such blemishes as freckles, sallowness and tan and is the ideal skin softener, smoothener and beautifier.

Just try it! Get three ounces of orchard white at any pharmacy and two lemons from the grocer and make up a quarter pint of this sweetly fragrant lemon lotion and massage it daily into the face, neck, arms and hands. It should naturally help to whiten, soften, freshen and bring out the roses and beauty of any skin. It is truly marvelous to smoothen rough, red hands.—Adv.

PLAINFIELD

Miss Ida Shorey, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Shorey of Leominster, Mass., was united in marriage to Herbert Mallory of Worcester, Mass., Monday, Sept. 10. Mrs. Mallory was formerly of this town.

Mr. and Mrs. Dan Hudson, jr., have returned from an automobile trip through Boston, Portland and the White mountains.

Mrs. Eber Ward has returned from Concord, where she has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Jack Ralston.

Mr. and Mrs. Dexter Kensell of Whitefield, Me., recently visited their cousin, Mrs. Perley Pike.

Mr. and Mrs. William Stratton of Montpelier visited Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Leavitt, Wednesday.

Mrs. Dan Moses spent Wednesday in Montpelier and East Montpelier.

Clement Bartlett was a business visitor in Montpelier Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. George Millis of Groton and Mrs. Walter Dow and son, Oliver, of Corinth visited Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Baldwin Tuesday.

Mrs. Arthur Prescott and daughter of East Montpelier visited relatives in town Sunday and Monday.

Mrs. Clara Cloke of New York is spending a few days at the home of Smith Martyn.

Mr. and Mrs. Clayton Spencer of Massachusetts called on relatives and friends in town Wednesday.

Mrs. Eva Bailey has moved in the Fortney tenement on High street recently vacated by Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Perkins.

Miss Mary McAllister of Cabot called on friends in town Monday.

Mrs. Henry Dunbar and daughter, Miss Laura, of St. Albans, and Mrs. J. C. Catanach and children of Montpelier called on relatives in town Wednesday.

H. E. Cutler and Wheeler Dagcheider were business visitors in Montpelier on Monday.

A very beautiful and intensely dramatic play is "The Open Window." See it to-morrow night.—adv.

NORTH MONTPELIER

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Patrick, Miss Anna Patrick, J. B. Baker and son, Grant, of Hinesburg, were recent visitors at Messrs. Frank Patrick's and Henry Bliss'.

Mrs. Norris of Dixville, P. Q., is visiting at her brother's Jerry Byam.

Mrs. Maggie Lawless left on Tuesday morning for a couple of weeks' visit at North Iverton and Sherbrooke, P. Q.

Mrs. Sarah Byron returned last week from her visit at Pittsfield, Mass.

The funeral of Orlando Knapp was held from his late home Sunday, Rev. Mr. Hewitt of Plainfield officiating, and interment was in Plainfield cemetery.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Boyce of Wolcott have been visiting Mrs. Emma Chapin.

Ted Ruckle has purchased Allie Cate's farm.

Miss Annabel Weidenbacker of Richmond and Charles Patrick of Burlington spent the week end at Messrs. F. Patrick's and H. Bliss'.

Jerry Byron, Mr. and Mrs. Dennis Gray and daughter and Mrs. Myra Daniels recently motored to Canada.

Mrs. Averill of Nashua, N. H., has been visiting Mrs. George L. Pray.

Miss Lucy Stoddard of Plainfield has been visiting Miss Grace Hamblett.

Messrs. Joe and Wesley Knight have returned to their studies at Norwich university, Northfield.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Butterfield of Cabot were in town last week.

George L. Pray is serving on jury at Montpelier.

Louis Knight is working in Bethel.

Mrs. Frances Sutherland of Montpelier was a week-end guest at Mrs. Lizzie Pray's.

Mrs. W. G. Nye has been entertaining company from Barre this week.

Mrs. Fannie Little is reported as gaining.

Don't forget the farmers' meeting at North Montpelier hall Saturday evening, Sept. 22.

EAT WHAT YOU WANT WHEN YOU WANT IT

People who consistently deny their appetites some particular dish appealing especially to their palate, because indulgence has almost invariably resulted in suffering, will think this a strong statement. It is a fact, however, that most people can, without fear of disagreeable consequences, indulge the appetite within reason if the bowels are active and regular.

Heavy dinners and late suppers can be enjoyed with impunity if, before retiring, one will take a spoonful of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin, a mild combination of simple laxative herbs with pepsin that druggists sell for fifty cents a bottle. Gentle in action and positive in effect, it regulates the bowels in an easy, natural way, without griping or other discomfort, and is the ideal family laxative. Get a bottle of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin from your grocer, keep it in the house, use it occasionally and you will find you can eat just anything you like without fear of disagreeable consequences. A trial bottle can be obtained free of charge by writing to Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 436 Washington St., Monticello, Illinois.

"THE RESULTS OF THE WORLD WAR"

Allied Combination Is Too Strong Says Loring-hoven

TRENCH WARFARE LARGELY TO BLAME

Pres. Wilson's Answer to Pope Benedict Is Dividing the Teutons

Zurich, Switzerland, Sept. 21.—General Baron Von Freytag-Loringhoven, chief of the supplementary general staff of the German army, has published a pamphlet entitled "The Results of the World War," in which he says:

"The general political and economical situation of the world works only in favor of our enemies, and the German soldiers will be defrauded of the fruits of their victories."

The general thinks that trench warfare was a great mistake, and says that only an aggressive attack could have brought success. He adds, however, that the German offensive was not strong enough to overthrow the allies.

The Post of Munich expresses the hope that the reasonableness of the general's utterances will teach the Pan-Germans "who would fight to conquer the whole world with their mouths" to estimate correctly the limitations of Germany's military power. The Post continues:

"Our world economic position must be changed completely by a new administration of our foreign policy based on democratic principles. Therefore, we do not require a strong peace against the east and west which would bring us into opposition with all the great powers, but a far-sighted and lasting peace by agreement."

GERMAN UNITY WEAKENED

Wilson's Wedge Between Kaiser and People Accomplishing Purpose.

Amsterdam, Sept. 21.—An organized demonstration of loyalty to the German emperor, accompanied by a protest against President Wilson's "attempt to drive a wedge between the emperor and the people," continues to be prominently advertised in the German press.

The Cologne Gazette in an editorial even admits that enemy diplomats have already achieved some success in jeopardizing German national unity, and complains that a large section of the German people is so infatuated with a change in the constitution that it ceases to perceive how unjustified are "dictators" like President Wilson, Lloyd George and Kerensky in preaching freedom to other nations and how the German politician does the enemy's work "in catching the ball thus thrown to him."

STANDARD SHIPS TO BE MADE

Great Britain's Ship Builders Will Soon Be Turning Out Only That Sort of Merchant and War Vessels.

Glasgow, Sept. 21.—(Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—The shipbuilders of Great Britain, who soon will be turning out virtually nothing else but standard ships and war vessels, have one advantage over the shipbuilders of the United States that will be hard to overcome. They have nearly all their materials at their back door.

From the decks of ships in one of the yards in the north of England, for instance, everything used in the construction of vessels is within sight. Iron is extracted from hills that look to be almost across the street. Coal comes from the same place. On the other side of the yard are great coke ovens, smelters, furnaces and rolling mills. Plates and steel forms may be carried from the mills to the ships under construction in carts drawn by horses. A single company extracts the ore, prepares it with its own fuel and sends it away from its own plant as finished ships ready for the sea. There are many such examples here in the north. The success of more than one of the shipbuilding concerns may be partially traced to the proximity of material used.

So great is the supply at the disposal of the shipbuilders that in many cases they have entered into the manufacture of other things than ships. One yard, which owns great rolling mills turns out in addition to steel for its own tremendous needs, something over 2,000 tons weekly of great forms which are shipped away to be made into projectiles. Another yard has turned over some of its buildings and sheds to the actual making of projectiles from steel taken from its own plant. Still another is engaged almost solely upon the construction of standard ships and thereby has released quantities of its equipment to making "steel for the Germans."

Another had a large stretch of land in the rear of its place which before the war was used mostly as a slag dump and a storage yard for steel. All this has been cleared away and now the site is covered by a big airplane factory. Needless to say, this plant is so located that the Germans never could locate it, and if they did know where it was they never could damage it.

The shipbuilders of Britain are intensely interested in what the United States is going to do toward increasing the shipping tonnage of the world; and they are anxious to do everything possible to assist in the plans. Only one thing did they have to suggest; they were unanimously agreed that under no consideration should workers in the yards be permitted to join the armed forces. When England went to war the shipbuilding concerns encouraged their employees to enlist, but now and for some time past, with assistance of the government, former employees are being released from the army and navy to return to their work. A shipbuilder or a man with a knowledge of shipbuilding is worth ten times as much to his country in a shipyard, company officials say, as he is in the armed forces.

The builders of ships for Britain have all the material they need and gradually

Glenwood Gold Medal

This coal and gas range with two ovens is a wonder for cooking

Although less than four feet long it can do every kind of cooking for any ordinary family by gas in warm weather or by coal or wood when the kitchen needs heating. When in a hurry both ovens can be used at the same time—one for roasting and the other for pastry baking. It certainly does "Make Cooking and Baking Easy"



Call and See this Wonderful Cooking Machine

Reynolds & Son, Barre

TO HELP YOUNG GIRLS

A Mother Wants Her Letter Published.

Eaton, Ill.—"I wish you would publish this letter for the benefit of young girls. My daughter suffered greatly from female trouble with cramps, and headache, and backache most of the time. She never felt like working and it seemed as though she was sick all the time. I decided to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and it has helped her in every way, in fact it has really cured her, for she no longer has periodic pains, and no more headaches or backache, and I want all young girls who suffer as she did to know about it."

—Mrs. ALMA MILLS, Eaton, Ill.

Another Girl's Experience.

New Castle, Ind.—"From the time I was eleven years old until I was seventeen I suffered each month so I had to be in bed. I had headache, backache and such pains I would cramp double every month. I did not know what it was to be easy a minute. My health was all run down and the doctors did not do me any good. A neighbor told my mother about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I took it, and now I feel like a new person. I don't suffer any more and I am regular every month."

—Mrs. HAZEL HAMILTON, 222 South 15th St., New Castle, Ind.

Girls who are troubled as these young women were, should immediately seek restoration to health by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Don't Neglect your stomach. Keep it strong and well. When food disagrees with it, strengthen it with BEECHAM'S PILLS

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c., 25c.

ALEXANDER LOOKED LIKE BOYISH KING

Made His First Appearance Before Greek Parliament and Delivered His First Speech from the Throne.

Athens, Sept. 21.—(Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—King Alexander was the center of a brilliant scene as he made his first appearance before parliament, took the oath to rule as a constitutional monarch, and delivered his first speech from the throne. He looked a boyish king, for he is just 24 and the youngest king in Europe. But he is tall, stalwart and good-looking and, in his uniform of an officer of the guard with medals and ribbons of royalty, he had all the bearing and dignity of a monarch.

The event was notable in many respects. Neither this young man nor anyone else ever supposed he would ever be king until a few weeks ago. He is a sort of war king; a product of the great European war. His brother had been trained to be a king and had received a course in high politics. But when the entente allies gave King Constantine an ultimatum to abdicate, they required also that the crown prince, who had been trained for kingship, should also leave. And so this younger son, untrained in statecraft, was suddenly compelled to take up a crown and become a monarch. He had expected to follow the career of a soldier, and had been to school in England and at the royal military school Potsdam.

The event was chiefly notable, however, in being a sort of transition from royalty to democracy, another result of the European war. While this young man was king, yet the oath he was just taking was to rule as a constitutional monarch, and his appearance in parliament, with the prime minister and ministers about him, was a formal recognition of the principle for which this ministry and the entente allies had contended, that a responsible ministry directs the affairs of the country and not the king.

The recognition of this principle was very prominent in the ceremony of today. It was a royal function, and more a gathering of democracy. Before the king were the elected representatives of the people, all about him were the ministers, and there were comparatively few court attendants. The speech from the throne had been prepared by the ministers, and when the moment arrived for its delivery, the prime minister, Venizelos, took it from his pocket and passed it to the king for delivery.

The pronouncement of the king, thus framed by the ministry, carefully avoided any offensive reference to the de-

thronement of King Constantine, for this was a delicate family matter which would involve criticism by a son of the acts of his father. But it openly reversed the policy of the former king, in strongly approving the course of the entente, whom the king now referred to as friends and allies battling for the defense of humanity, against the rapacity of the central powers.

As a spectacle, also, to-day's event had its interest. The ministry had sought to give full scope to every royal prerogative, for they wished the new king to be a real representative before the people of a constitutional monarchy. The splendid coaches of the royal establishment, with powdered grooms and footmen and heralds and outsiders in brilliant uniforms, made an old world picture of royal pageantry, as the king moved between dense cheering masses, with solid lines of soldiers stretching from the palace to the parliament chambers. The marble colonnade of the chamber was garlanded with wreaths and flowers, and a great floral crown above the doorway indicated that even in this abode of democracy there was still a welcome for what reminded of royalty.

HORSE CHESTNUT COLLECTOR

Is New Official to Be Appointed Through-out France.

Paris, Sept. 21.—The "horse chestnut

collector" is the latest official to be added to France's long list of functionaries. One will be appointed in each commune of France to verify the quantities of horse chestnuts collected by school children and turned over to the state in the interest of the national defense. The crop is immense in France. Heretofore it has been only partially utilized as fodder. The bulk of it found no other employment than that of munitions for boys' battles.

The government has appealed to the school children to see that not a horse chestnut goes to waste. Their use as fodder will be extended to replace corn, rice, barley, etc., in the manufacture of alcohol and acetone.

STRIKE AGAINST CONSCRIPTION?

Canadian Trades and Labor Congress Considers Resolution Along That Line.

Ottawa, Ont., Sept. 21.—Delegates here at the Dominion Trades and Labor Congress had before them for consideration Wednesday resolutions to the effect that a strike should be called throughout Canada if the government attempts to enforce the conscription law without first establishing effective conscription of the wealth of the country. The debate on the subject indicated that most of the delegates were in favor of the resolutions, which were to be up for a vote later.

See This Bag

This is the only bag in which real PENNANT whole blanched Salted Peanuts are ever sold.

PENNANT Peanuts are those melt-in-your-mouth, luscious whole salted peanuts—the originals

Prepared by our own private process.

Always fresh and crisp.

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