

ALLIES BEGIN A TURNING MOVEMENT BY AN ATTACK ON THREE-MILE FRONT; AMERICANS MAKE GREATEST ADVANCE

Operation Centers on Village of Nesles, Which is the Apex of Allied Wedge North of the Ourcq River—Line Carried Toward Chamery

SUCCESS OF THE MANOEUVRE MEANS GERMAN RETIREMENT

Germans Failed to Dislodge French at Bligny Southwest of Rheims—On the Main Front the Germans Are Employing Machine Gunners Alone

(By the Associated Press.)

American and French troops have begun a turning movement that, if successful, will compel a German retirement over a wide sector east of Fere-en-Tardenois at the center of the Soissons-Rheims salient.

They have attacked over a front of over three miles on each side of the village of Nesles, the apex of the allied wedge north of the Ourcq. Their greatest advance was toward the east, where the Americans pushed on some distance from the town of Sergy and approached Chamery.

Although the announced purpose of the attack was the straightening out of the line between Seringes and Cierges, this really is secondary to the outflanking of the Germans to the southwest. The enemy is holding very strong positions at Roncheres and St. Gemme, where his line still is less than five miles from the Marne, and a continued advance between Nesles and Cierges would force him to fall back to escape being cut off from the rear.

This seems to be the only sector where the allies are attacking with their infantry. Reports from the front tell of heavy artillery fire along the most of the line between Soissons and Rheims.

The Germans attacked the allied lines on the heights of Bligny, southwest of Rheims, on Tuesday night, but were repulsed.

The methods adopted by the Germans since their retirement from the Marne began are being followed by the enemy along the line of the hardest fighting. Machine gunners, for the most part, man the lines. This may indicate a further retirement of the Germans, for machine gunners have borne the brunt of the rear guard fighting during the past two weeks.

Along the British front, the German artillery has been active. The enemy's heavy guns have carried out especially heavy bombardments at Villers-Bretonneux, east of Amiens; near Buequoy on the northern side of the Picardy salient, and in the neighborhood of Meteren and Merris, on the western side of the Lys sector.

It is unofficially announced that Czech-Slovak forces have occupied the important town of Yokaterinburg, which dominates the northern line of the Siberia railroad, which runs into European Russia from Chelabinsk. Russian newspapers express the concern felt in bolshevik circles over the Czech-Slovak danger which, it is said, is "growing like an avalanche."

It is understood that Germany will break off diplomatic relations with Ukraine as the result of the assassination of Field Marshal Richborn. This may be preliminary to the dispatch of German forces to Kiev, which, it is said, is contemplated at Berlin.

ADVANCE MADE IN HARD FIGHTING

French and Americans Overcame Stubborn Resistance Advancing Toward Chamery.

With the American Army on the Aisne-Marne Front, Aug. 1 (8 a. m.), by the Associated Press.—The Franco-American forces on the main battlefield continued yesterday the process of straightening out the line. They scored advances in this effort, the Americans pushing beyond Sergy to within two kilometers of Chamery.

The allied forces effected their progress against stubborn German resistance. Chamery, the town the Americans now are approaching, marks the spot where Lieut. Quentin Roosevelt fell to his death recently with his airship.

THREE VICTORIES IN TEN MINUTES

Sub-Lieutenant Boyan of French Aviation Service Is Coming Fast, As Is Lieutenant Madon.

GERMANS FOUND AMERICANS WERE CRAFTY FIGHTERS

After Three Days of Incessant Fighting, the Americans Withdrew from Seringes as if to Give Up Village and When the Germans Came They Found Themselves Almost Surrounded.

London, Wednesday, July 31.—Yesterday was a day of sheer, hard in-and-out fighting on the American front, telegraphs Reuter's correspondent on the front north of the Marne. He says that the capture of Seringes by the Americans was an especially creditable achievement.

Since the Americans took the village on Monday, the Germans made no infantry attack on the place, but kept up a constant artillery and machine gun fire to drive them out. This continued all day on Tuesday and towards evening the enemy seemed to think that the spirit of the defenders might possibly be broken and then they began to emerge from the Nesles forest in a way that seemed to forecast a fresh attempt to take the village. Of the fighting which ensued the correspondent writes:

"The Americans, after three days of to-and-fro fighting through villages, had learned subtlety and were determined to have a real fight to a finish. They consequently withdrew as if retiring from Seringes and the Germans crept down from the high ground convinced they had their opponents beaten. Additional German troops came pouring in until the town was occupied as it never had been before.

"But as the new occupants began to organize their defenses they found that bullets appeared to be coming in from three sides of the village and it was not long before they discovered that the Americans, while withdrawing from the front of the town, had commenced an encircling movement on both sides, thus forming a ring almost completely around it.

"Then came tragic fighting. The Prussian Guard had voted not to surrender and their opponents were just as anxious to see the thing through. It was an affair of small arms, but the Americans proved to be better shots and slowly picked off men here and there.

"Then the Americans began to advance and slowly their encircling ring closed about the village, the defenders saw their doom approaching, they redoubled their fire, but still the Americans came on unflinchingly.

"When the Americans reached the precincts of the village their fire ceased and, with one wild yell, they closed with the foe. The fierce uproar suddenly gave place to strange silence as men grappled with men. Only the clash of steel on steel and the groans of the stricken could be heard.

"The issue never was in doubt. At this kind of fighting the American is more than equal to any Prussian guardman, and in a little more than ten minutes all was over. Except for a few German prisoners, every German in the village was killed.

"During the night the enemy twice attempted to retake Sergy, but each time he was repulsed with heavy losses. Then he made a fierce assault on Meurey farm and an attempt at the same time to drive the allies from hill 187, west of Seringes. There for the first time since the allies crossed the Ourcq the Germans may be said to have definitely taken the offensive.

"All through the day's fighting the enemy's airplanes attempted in the most daring manner to assist in the battle. Early in the morning six enemy planes succeeded in penetrating as far as the La Croix Blanche farm, near La Fere forest, firing upon allied troops.

"Members of the Prussian Guard who were taken prisoner state that their orders were to hold the line at all costs. All three of their battalions apparently were in the line on this memorable day, which ended everywhere in victory for the allies, although there was no great gain of ground.

"During the following night ground near Cierges was captured by the Americans. This advance will make it possible for the troops in this sector to join hands with the conquerors of Sergy and Seringes."

GERMANS BOMBARD BRITISH LINES

But Their Infantry Has Made No Effort to Attack, According to British Official Statement.

London, Aug. 1.—The German guns were active last night in the Somme region in the vicinity of Villers-Bretonneux, to-day's war office announcement shows. Activity also was displayed by the enemy artillery farther north near Buequoy and in Flanders, in the Merris-Meteren sector.

BRITISH FRONT QUIET.

Except for Laying Down of Barrages and Unusual Harrassing Fire.

With the American Army in Flanders, Aug. 1.—(By the Associated Press).—Except for the laying down of barrages here and there along the line and the usual harrassing fire from both sides, the front this morning was quiet.

GERMANS USED 45 DIVISIONS

In the Fighting in the Marne Salient From July 15 to July 31, According to a Paris Newspaper.

FOUR DISTRICTS 500,000 WORKERS NEEDED

But Half Billion Block of Indebtedness Certificates Far Oversubscribed

IN ANTICIPATION OF FOURTH LOAN

Richmond, Atlanta, Minneapolis and Dallas Failed to Oversubscribe

Washington, D. C., Aug. 1.—The \$500,000,000 block of certificates of indebtedness, subscriptions to which closed two days ago, was over-subscribed \$84,750,000, making a total of certificates now outstanding in anticipation of the fourth Liberty loan \$2,183,835,000.

All federal reserve districts except Richmond, Atlanta, Minneapolis and Dallas, over-subscribed their tentative quotas.

Another issue of certificates will be announced by the treasury within a day or two.

MASS TERRORISM FOR RUSSIA URGED

Premier Lenine and War Minister Trotsky of Russia Tell People They Must Go Out and Steal Food.

Moscow, Wednesday, July 31.—(Via Berlin to Amsterdam) Aug. 1.—At a session of the legislative committee of the Moscow council and the labor organizations in which 2,000 members participated, Premier Lenine and War Minister Trotsky spoke and the following resolutions were passed:

"First—The Socialist fatherland is in danger.

"Second—The chief tasks at the present moment are the repulse of the Czech-Slovaks and the obtaining of grain.

"Third—The most powerful agitation must be started amongst the laboring classes to explain the gravity of the situation.

"Fourth—Vigilance must be increased against the bourgeoisie, who everywhere are joining the counter revolutionists. The soviet government must protect itself and to that end the bourgeoisie must be placed under control and mass terror put into practice against them.

"Fifth—The general watchword must be death or victory, with mass expeditions for bread, and military organization, the arming of workmen and the exertion of all strength to fight against the counter revolutionary bourgeoisie."

SCOTCH DIVISION WON HIGH PRAISE

Traveled Three Days and Nights in Lorries, Marched Ten Miles, Relieved an American Division and Immediately Made an Attack in Which They Were Successful.

With the French Army in France, Aug. 1 (By the Associated Press).—Gallant work was done by the Scottish division which participated with the French and the Americans in the attack on the western pivot of the German line below Soissons. This division, composed of famous highland and lowland regiments, entered the line to relieve an American division.

It took its place on the front after three days' and nights' incessant traveling in lorries and a march of ten miles with full packs. The Scots immediately launched an attack and drove back the Germans on their front.

The conduct of the division has called forth high praise from the French generals.

The American troops, although thoroughly fatigued from many days of constant fighting, lent their artillery to the support of the Scotch, who, some days later, in conjunction with the French, attacked and took Buzancy once more, with the assistance of the American gunners.

TYPHOID SPREADING THROUGH BULGARIA

Disease Appears to Be Especially Virulent in the Army—People Are Dying by Thousands.

London, Aug. 1.—Travelers from Bulgaria, says an Amsterdam dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company, declare that a serious outbreak of typhoid is raging in the Bulgarian army and at Sofia. The number of casualties is said by the travelers to run into the thousands, especially in the army. The medical service is reported to have broken down.

The departure from Sofia of King Ferdinand, the arrivals at Amsterdam say, was due to the fact that the number of cases of typhoid had grown so alarming.

SERIOUS RIOTS

Are Reported from the Country Districts of Ukraine.

London, Aug. 1.—Serious riots are reported from the country districts in the Ukraine, according to a Kiev dispatch to the Fremdenblatt of Hamburg, the Exchange Telegraph correspondent at Copenhagen reports. The peasants are now offering organized resistance to the "German usurpers" as they are characterized.

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FOUR SURVIVORS ARE DOING WELL

And They Have Better Chances of Recovery from Injuries Sustained in Auto and Train Collision at West Berlin.

The physicians attending the four surviving victims of the automobile and train collision at West Berlin Tuesday afternoon reported to-day that all were doing well and that their chances for recovery were considerably better. The paralysis which affected the legs of Mrs. Peter Gochie has gone. X-ray pictures of the four have been taken. Internal injuries have not developed to any extent.

The body of Peter Gochie was taken from Montpelier to-day to Greensboro Bend. The funeral will be held at the church in that village to-morrow and the body will be taken to Glover. The body of Percy Brown, the other man killed, was still at the Barber undertaking rooms in Montpelier to-day, awaiting the funeral arrangements. Mrs. Brown is one of the four who are still in Heat-on hospital. The two boys, Carroll Gochie and William Douglas, are doing well.

PARENTS DENY CRUELTY

When Several Witnesses Tell of Abusive Treatment of Eda Crugnola.

Allegations that an adopted daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Crugnola of Smith street has been subjected to unduly harsh treatment by her parents were supported by a mass of testimony from neighbors who were subpoenaed to a juvenile court hearing before Magistrate H. W. Scott at city hall this forenoon. The alleged victim of slaps and cuffs and other questionable methods of discipline is Eda Crugnola, a bright-eyed child of nine summers. State's Attorney Earle R. Davis appeared for the state and questioned the various witnesses. Parents of the child appeared without counsel, but took spirited exceptions to some of the allegations offered by their neighbors.

It is claimed that the child's hair was crudely cut by the mother, that she was shabbily clothed, and that she was overworked. Neighbors testified to seeing the child as the helpless recipient of cruel blows. They told the court that the child's body bore marks of beating and pinching, and some of the witnesses went so far as to charge that the mother threw the adopted child into a dark cellar, after threatening her with the police, the devil, and sundry other persons whom children are supposed to fear. That she was very frequently late to school or absent altogether was supported in the evidence by Truant Officer George L. Morris, who gave it as his opinion, based on more than 20 visits to the Crugnola home, that the child had been badly used. City Clerk Mackay, as custodian of the school registers, was subpoenaed near noon to produce the register for grade two in the North Barre school. It developed that the school authorities had failed to file the register in question, and time was allowed for procuring the desired data from the superintendent's office.

Parents of the child have not replied to the unsparring criticism of their neighbors, but they have gone so far as to deny most of the allegations and to state that the measures actually used by them were justified by the little girl's unruly conduct. Judge Scott adjourned the sitting at noon and said he would be ready to hear more at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

WITNESSES CALLED TO TESTIFY

Andrew Crugnola, Mr. and Mrs. Bonazzi, Mr. and Mrs. Laffargue, V. Bai, Mr. and Mrs. Berini, Mrs. Balzarini, Mrs. Peter Bonito, Florence Bottiggi, Mrs. Cutani and the truant officer and the city clerk. A large number of spectators heard the evidence, and feeling ran so high that the court frequently had to rap sharply for order.

AUTO STRUCK SAND; DRIVER WAS KILLED

Machine Was Overturned Near Old Lyme, Conn., Breaking Neck and Fracturing Skull of Lewis J. Perkins of New London.

Old Lyme, Conn., Aug. 1.—Lewis J. Perkins of New London was killed near the Plant farm this morning when the automobile he was driving struck sand alongside the road and turned over. His neck was broken and his skull fractured. A companion escaped with severe bruises.

BASEBALL RIGHTS DEFINED

In Order to Allow for Early Ending of the Season.

Cincinnati, O., Aug. 1.—The national baseball commission to-day issued a notice to major league clubs defining the territorial and player rights of the clubs of the league, which, because of war conditions is unable to complete its season. Territorial rights of minor leagues, which have suspended or may suspend, will be protected during the period of the war and no national agreement club will in the meantime be permitted to play in a city of that circuit, without the consent of the local club or the legislatures of its league.

Rights of such clubs to their players will be respected until March 1, 1919, provided contracts for next season are tendered them by that date. Unless disposed of prior to the retirement of such leagues to other national agreement clubs, players will be permitted to place themselves for the rest of the season.

BOLSHEVIKI BEGIN TO SHOW ALARM

Over the Rising Strength of the Czech-Slovak Movement in Siberia—Another Town Captured by Czechs.

Amsterdam, Aug. 1.—The town of Yokaterinburg, in the province of Perm, near the Siberian border, has been taken by the Czech-Slovaks, according to the newspaper Investia of Moscow.

With this new development of the Czech-Slovak movement the bolshevik press is raising cries of alarm. The Pravda declares the Czech-Slovak danger is growing like an avalanche and that the counter-revolutionary movement is extending.

CONTRACTS TO PACIFIC COAST

For 22 Steel Cargo Vessels and Ten Tugs for Government.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 1.—Contracts for 22 additional steel cargo vessels and ten tugs were awarded last week by the emergency fleet corporation, the shipping board announced to-day. Fourteen of the cargo steamers will be built by the Ames Shipbuilding company, Seattle, and the other eight by the Long Beach Shipbuilding company, Long Beach, Cal.

SIX LOST LIVES IN FIRE RUINS

Wall of Warehouse at Peekskill, N. Y., Fell on Them

FIVE OTHERS HURT FIGHTING BLAZE

This Is Second Fire in Week and Incendiarism Is Suspected

Peekskill, N. Y., Aug. 1.—Five firemen and a workman were killed in a fire which totally destroyed a warehouse of the Fleischmann Yeast company here to-day. Five men were seriously injured fighting the blaze, which broke out at midnight and was not under control until after 8 o'clock this morning.

This is the second fire within a week at the plant. Officials suspected incendiarism.

The warehouse contained one hundred cartons of cattle feed, which also was totally destroyed. The loss is \$60,000.

The firemen killed belonged to the Cortland Hook and Ladder company, a volunteer organization comprising members of many well known Peekskill families. The missing men are Dr. C. E. F. Greene, George C. Casseles, Louis A. Barmore, Clarence J. Lockwood, J. R. Silleck, members of the fire company, and J. Torpy.

POWDER MAGAZINE AT CARNEY POINT WAS DESTROYED

Damage of Approximately a Quarter Million, But No Lives Were Lost This Morning.

Wilmington, Del., Aug. 1.—A magazine and its contents, 500,000 pounds of smokeless powder, at the Carney's Point, N. J., plant of the DuPont Powder company were burned about 12:30 o'clock this morning, causing a loss of approximately \$250,000. No person was injured. A motor car on a narrow gauge railroad, standing in front of the magazine, became overheated and caught fire, which communicated to the building. A motor car and another small freight car were burned. The flash illuminated the sky for many miles and caused much apprehension.

TO MAKE VIOLINS.

\$50,000 Corporation Has Been Formed at Stowe.

The Green Mountain Violin company of Stowe has filed articles of incorporation in the secretary of state's office for the purpose of constructing musical instruments, including violins, in Stowe. The capital stock is \$50,000, and the papers are signed by Frank M. Ashley of New York, Fred E. Smith of Moscow and Julius M. Ruiter of Stowe.

RAILROAD MEN CONSULT.

Second Conference Concerning Consolidation Held.

John E. Mann, M. McGiff and P. D. Fitzpatrick, representing the Central Vermont railroad, and H. E. Folsom and A. A. Stebbins, representing the Montpelier & Wells River railroad, were in conference again at Montpelier this afternoon relative to a consolidation of the service on the two lines respecting the Barre and Montpelier service.

USING MAILS TO DEFAUD.

Revere Man Wanted \$250,000 or He Would Do Bodily Harm to Another.

Boston, Aug. 1.—Samuel Dacuzzi of Revere was arrested and brought here for arraignment to-day on a charge of using the mails and an attempt to defraud Peccano Jol of Hartford, Conn., by threats of bodily harm unless he received \$250,000. Dacuzzi pleaded not guilty and was held in \$1,000 bonds for a further hearing.

BRITISH WAR CALL FOR \$3,500,000,000

Chancellor Law Expressed the Hope That This Credit Would Be the Last Before End of Present Financial Year.

London,