

AMERICANS IN RESERVE

Are Being Held for Action on the Italian Front

CORRESPONDENT SAW AMERICAN BATTALION

They Were Going Through "Setting Up" Exercises Near Piave River

Italian Headquarters on the Piave, Oct. 28 (By the Associated Press).—American soldiers are in reserve along the Piave fighting zone. The correspondent saw an American battalion going through its "setting up" exercises this morning near the river.

"VERIEST NONSENSE," ROOSEVELT SAYS

To Say That Failure to Return a Democratic Congress This Fall Would Be Interpreted in Europe as Repudiation of War Aims of United States.

New York, Oct. 29.—Colonel Theodore Roosevelt declared in an address here last night that it was "the veriest nonsense that even partisanship can conceive" to state that failure to return a Democratic Congress this fall would be interpreted by the allies and Germany "as being a repudiation of the war aims of this country."

Speaking before the Republican club at Carnegie hall to urge "the success of the Republican state ticket here in New York and of the Republican congressional ticket throughout the union," the former president asserted that "what we need is an American Congress, a Congress of straight-out Americans, and not a Congress of rubber stamps."

"We Republicans pledge ourselves to stand by the president so long as he stands by the American people, and to part company from him at any point where in our judgment he does not stand by the people," he said. "This is the people's government, this is the people's war and the peace that follows shall be the people's peace."

Quoting a press dispatch to the effect that Republican senators such as McCumber, Nelson and Lodge "are as highly thought of in France to-day as are the American generals," Colonel Roosevelt declared that "nine times out of ten, this administration has never led the people," "has been reluctantly forced forward into action by criticism against which it has violently protested" and "has sulkily and sometimes maliciously sought to punish the men who by their truth telling have forced it into action."

"In a word," the colonel said, "the Democratic party, under the lead of the administration, has carried partisan politics during the last 18 months to an extreme never before known in this country in a time of war, as among loyal upholders of the war, and it has come 'dangerously near creating a condition of one-partyism.'"

"The test insisted upon has been not loyalty to our allies and hostility to Germany, but adherence to the administration," he declared, adding that President Wilson's request of Oct. 14, that citizens should subscribe to the loan, but "leave to the government of the United States and of the allies the momentous discussions initiated by Germany" could be interpreted as meaning that they "should both put up and shut up."

Colonel Roosevelt asserted that "if the administration had used with moderate efficiency the results of lavish generosity of Congress, our armies and the allied armies would have been doing last March what they are actually doing now in October."

After asserting that this war must be put through "to our last man and our last dollar," the colonel declared that "we should accept no peace not based on the unconditional surrender of Germany and her vassal states."

He asserted that the president's latest notes had placed him in such a position that he had either to "sacrifice America and humanity" or to "respond in such a manner as to stultify his own diplomacy and repudiate his own implied offer."

"It was not a pleasant thing for America that he should have put himself and the nation behind him, in the position of inviting a proposition which when accepted he repudiated," declared the colonel. "For the very reason that I abhor Germany's trickery, treachery and bad



Resinol

does wonders for poor complexions

Is your appearance marred by unsightly patches of eruption? There is no need of enduring such discomfort because, unless it is due to some serious internal condition, Resinol Ointment is almost sure to clear the trouble away promptly, easily, and at little expense.

Sold by all druggists and dealers in toilet goods. Trial free. Write Dept. 4-S, Resinol, Baltimore, Md.

faith, I am most anxious that Americans shall not imitate her in these matters." Asserting that peace would be settled not by the president alone, but by the president acting in conjunction with two-thirds of the Senate, the colonel continued:

"When it comes to the peace negotiations, we should emphatically repudiate the famous 14 points announced by the president last January. One of them he has himself repudiated, and the remainder are either so mischievous that they ought to be repudiated without further definition or else we should insist on having them defined in order to know exactly what they mean. They have been greeted with enthusiasm by Germany and by all pro-Germans on this side of the water, especially by the Germanized Socialists and by the bolsheviks of every grade, and for this reason good Americans should regard them with suspicion."

PUT CREAM IN NOSE AND STOP CATARRH

Tells How To Open Clogged Nostrils and End Head-Colds.

You feel fine in a few moments. Your cold in head or catarrh will be gone. Your clogged nostrils will open. The air passages of your head will clear and you can breathe freely. No more dullness, headache; no hawking, snuffing, mucous discharges or dryness; no struggling for breath at night.

Tell your druggist you want a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm. Apply a little of this fragrant, antiseptic cream in your nostrils, let it penetrate through every air passage of the head; soothe and heal the swollen, inflamed mucous membrane, and relief comes instantly.

It is just what every cold and catarrh sufferer needs. Don't stay stuffed-up and miserable.—Adv.

HEALTH OFFICER DEAD.

Dr. Francis J. Ennis of Burlington Victim of Influenza.

Burlington, Oct. 29.—Dr. Francis Joseph Ennis, for the last four years health officer for Burlington, died at his home, 518 South Union street, Sunday afternoon at 5:30 o'clock of pneumonia, following an attack of Spanish influenza suffered about a week ago. Dr. Ennis, though possessing an abnormal temperature, was attending to his duties up to Wednesday night, at which time his condition was such that he was ordered to bed by Drs. Shea and Beecher. Since that time he had steadily failed.

Dr. Ennis was born in Bridgeport, Conn., on Feb. 12, 1880, the son of the late John Black Ennis and Jane Ennis, and was graduated from the grammar and high schools of that city. He entered the medical college of the University of Vermont in 1910 and was graduated in the class of 1914. He then took additional training at the Mercy hospital in Springfield, Mass., after which he started in his professional life in Richmond, there he practiced for about a year and a half and then came to this city, when he was appointed as local health officer. He was ably fitted for the position which he held for so long and his reticence won him many friends. He was a member of Des Moines council, Knights of Columbus, the Holy Name society of the Cathedral of the Immaculate Conception and of the Phi Chi fraternity of the University of Vermont.

He leaves a wife, Mrs. Anna Murray Ennis; a mother, Mrs. Jane Ennis; three brothers, William, Charles and Edward, and a sister, Miss Lillian Ennis, all of Bridgeport, Conn.

THINK U-BOATS NOT RECALLED

Despite Reports from German Sources That They Have Been Withdrawn

BRITISH OFFICIALS CALL IT A FEINT

On Germany's Part to Lend Weight to Her Request for Peace

London, Monday, Oct. 28.—Reports of German submarines being recalled to home ports coupled with comparative inactivity on the part of the U-boats, are being discussed by admiralty officers here. It is not believed that Germany has abandoned her submarine warfare.

The view officially expressed is that Germany, in checking the operations of submarines, hopes to lend weight to the evidently inspired reports that she is withdrawing them.

It is possible Germany expects to create a better feeling in America by this procedure and doubtless plans to bolster the waning morale of the submarine crews by demanding less of them.

At the admiralty it is believed that if the inactivity continues, most of the submarines will be withdrawn temporarily; the men will be given leaves and the boats will be repaired preparatory to the last great effort on the part of Germany. One admiralty officer says:

"If the war continues, you may expect the submarine menace to be as great, if not greater, by January than any with which we have as yet had to deal."

AMERICANISM BUSY ON BRETON COAST

A Composite of Navy Department at Washington and One of the Big Navy Yards on the American Seaboard.

American Naval Base, France, Oct. 28 (Correspondence of the Associated Press).—Here on this rugged Breton coast there is an American naval establishment which is a sort of composite of the busy activity of the navy department at Washington and one of the big navy yards on the American seaboard.

Vice-Admiral Wilson, commanding the American naval forces in French waters, has his headquarters here, with an executive staff quartered in one of the largest buildings of the city, facing the Place President Wilson. American blue-jackets are on guard at all the entrances, and steady files of American naval officers and sailors crowd the corridors on their various duties.

The streets are filled with American sailors on "liberty parties," often 5,000 and 6,000 in a single party. And on the water front there is the hustle and activity of a huge navy yard, with scores of American naval craft and transports lying in the harbor, and the shore alive with a vast naval installation.

Besides the rush of the port itself, this is the naval administration center for 300 miles of the French coast, divided into three districts, with a number of the American men and material are pouring. Aside from the American transport fleet which comes to port, there is a standing personnel of officers and men in these districts, with some 80 ships—destroyers, repair ships, converted yachts, mine sweepers and naval tugs. The shore establishment is on the same extensive scale, with aerodromes for balloons and airplanes, great stacks of coal and mammoth tanks for fuel oil.

Naval headquarters is in constant wireless touch with the whole range of the naval activity, along the 300 miles of front and back out to sea where the convoys are steadily moving in and out. All the orders are issued here for this intricate movement, the meetings at sea at appointed places—and the zig-zag routes which will cheat the hostile craft lying off the coast. From outside headquarters one sees the wireless antennae stretching to a nearby church steeple, thus giving a great sweep of wire for gathering the sound waves. There is also direct telegraph and telephone, so that if need be, conversations may go on between the naval chiefs and American officers at Paris or London.

It is a huge work this big establishment is carrying on. On the strictly naval side are the defensive and offensive operations—defense of American and of other allied shipping in the vast movement of men and material across the Atlantic, and offensive in the war of extermination being made against enemy submarines.

MILLIONS FOR MEN IN CAMPS.

Red Cross Gives Account of Its Expenditures for Soldiers' Comfort.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 29.—The war council of the American Red Cross states that assistance rendered to soldiers in the camps and cantonments this country cost \$2,110,686 up to the end of June, and calls for an appropriation of \$3,450,000 for the remainder of the year.

"Most of the 1,750,000 men now overseas and the 1,000,000 in camps here have received knitted articles from the Red Cross. At the end of last July the organization had distributed 2,240,514 sweaters, 776,615 mufflers, 1,054,814 wristlets, 645,961 helmets, 2,143,921 pairs of socks and 419,822 comfort kits to soldiers in the United States and its territories. This is exclusive of the large quantities of similar articles distributed in the war zone. The women volunteer workers of the Red Cross produced these comforts which are intended to supplement the equipment provided by the army.

"The department of military relief of the Red Cross has established 700 canteens on the railway lines of the country and at embarkment points, 55,900 women workers volunteering their services for this work to the end that our fighting men may be refreshed when traveling. The communication service maintained by this department enables soldiers who are in the hospital to keep in touch with their families, who are advised of the patient's condition by Red Cross workers assigned to this task. Sixty-three convalescent houses, provided with rooms

Try Making Your Own Cough Remedy

You can save about \$2, and have a better remedy than the ready-made kind. Easily done.

If you combined the curative properties of every known "ready-made" cough remedy, you probably could not get as much real curative power as there is in this simple home-made cough syrup, which is easily prepared in a few minutes.

Get from any druggist 2 1/2 ounces of Pinex, pour it into a pint bottle and fill the bottle with syrup, using either plain granulated sugar syrup, clarified molasses, honey, or corn syrup, as desired. The result is a full pint of this better cough syrup than you could buy ready-made for three times the money. Tastes pleasant and never spoils.

This Pinex and Syrup preparation gets right at the cause of a cough and gives almost immediate relief. It loosens the phlegm, stops the nasty throat tickle and heals the sore, irritated membranes so gently and easily that it is really astonishing.

A day's use will usually overcome the ordinary cough and for bronchitis, croup, whooping cough and bronchial asthma, there is nothing better. Pinex is a most valuable concentrated compound of genuine Norway pine extract, and has been used for generations to break up severe coughs.

To avoid disappointment, ask your druggist for "2 1/2 ounces of Pinex" with full directions, and don't accept anything else. Guaranteed to give absolute satisfaction or money promptly refunded. The Pinex Co., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

NEW NATION NOW READY TO BE BORN

Letland in Russia Will Have Population of 2,600,000 People if the Demands of the Letts Are Granted.

Petrograd, Oct. 29.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press).—Birth of a new nation of 2,600,000 people, or a population greater than that of Norway, is called Letland, will be one of the results of the world-war if the demands of the Letts of Livonia and Courland are granted.

The people living in the former Russian Baltic provinces are changing under German domination forced upon them by Prussian rifles and will plead for the right of self-determination before the peace congress that ends the war. Letts predominate in Livonia and Courland and have a distinct language and civilization wholly unlike those of the Estonians.

The Lettish language is closely related to the ancient Aryan area is regarded as one of the oldest of European tongues. It is rich in folklore and popular legends. Lettish theatres are maintained at Riga, Libau and several of the other larger cities. The Letts boast many novelists, playwrights, artists and musicians and hold aloof from the Germans.

In all the world the Letts number about 2,000,000. The territory in which Letts predominate, and which they insist should be set aside for them to govern embraces Courland, Livonia and several districts in the western part of the Russian government of Vitebsk, including the districts of Dvinsk, Lutzine and Rechlitz. The total population of this proposed government to be called Letland is 2,600,000, about 150,000 less than that of Denmark. The area of the proposed Letland is 62,235 kilometers, which is one-fifth the size of Italy or Great Britain and fifty per cent larger than either Switzerland or Denmark.

The Letts comprise 68 per cent of the population of the territory they want to govern. The Russians make up 12 per cent of the inhabitants and the Germans seven per cent. The remaining population is chiefly Jewish and Polish. Seventy-seven per cent of the Letts are Lutherans. Eighteen per cent are Roman Catholics and the remainder Greek Catholics. Sixty-six per cent of the Letts residing in the proposed Letland can read and write.

Riga, Libau and Windau, the three Baltic seaports embraced in the Lettish Letland, formerly handled almost one-half of Russia's total import and export trade and are of prime commercial importance.

It is the desire of the Letts to have their independence under an international guarantee of neutrality. A national council has been organized to resist all movements to make a German principal seat out of Courland and Livonia. This council is urging that Russia's inability to defend the Baltic coast makes it imperative action should be protected by international action and kept clear as a pathway from the west to the east.

ORANGE COUNTY ORGANIZED

For the United War Work Campaign Next Month.

Chelsea, Oct. 29.—Nearly every town in Orange county was represented and much enthusiasm prevailed here to-day when plans were inaugurated for the united war work campaign to be waged Nov. 11-18 in behalf of the Salvation Army, the Y. M. C. A., the Jewish welfare board, the national Catholic war council, the Y. W. C. A., the war camp community service and the American Library association. Earl S. Kinsley of Rutland, state chairman, and Archibald C. Hurd of White River Junction, state campaign director, were present and addressed the conference. The following towns were among those represented: Randolph, Bradford, Strafford, Corinth, Chelsea, Vershire, Newbury, Brookfield, Washington, Orange and Williamstown.

Orange county's quota is \$29,328 and John C. Sherburne of West Randolph is the county chairman. Much of the time was spent in fixing quotas, and in mapping out plans for an intensive drive in every town in the county.

GREAT RELIEF WORK UNITED

Seven Organizations Pool Their Efforts to Keep Up Fighting Men's Morale

GREAT CAMPAIGN ON NEXT MONTH

Sum of \$170,500,000 Needed to Carry on the War Work

With millions of American men on war fronts, in training camps and on the seas and with thousands of American women on foreign soil, all engaged in the stupendous task of making the world safe for democracy, a great duty devolves upon those who remain in the United States,—the duty of sending Home to those who have put Home behind them for the period of the war. The agencies through which this can be accomplished are joined in the United War Work Campaign.

From being given the cigarette or chocolate bar, with which he staves his hunger in the fury of battle, to the theatrical entertainment or the athletic games, which relax him into normal comfort after weeks of terrific combat, the American fighter is dependent upon the continued efforts of the Y. M. C. A., the Y. W. C. A., the National Catholic War Council and K. of C., the War Camp Community Service, the Jewish Welfare Board, the American Library Association and the Salvation Army. To carry on this work the combined welfare organizations are seeking a fund of \$170,500,000.

The Y. M. C. A. provides 538 huts in American training camps and more than 800 in the war zone as centres which the fighters can use as clubs, schools, theatres, stores, churches, libraries and writing rooms. More than 7,000 men and women had been sent overseas or approved for overseas work by early autumn and 3,822 were serving in American camps at home.

Y. M. C. A. huts are the centers of the American Expeditionary Force and are the theatres where the American entertainers, sent over by the "Y," appear. Noted American public men and clergymen speak in the huts. Classes are conducted there. Millions of letters are written there on paper provided free by the "Y." Physical directors of the "Y" teach and spread mass athletics, using material furnished free by the organization.

The Y. W. C. A. does similar work for the thousands of American women in war work overseas—signal corps telephone operators, nurses and French munition workers. It provides cafeterias, rest and recreation centres, entertainment and reading for these women and girls.

The Y. W. C. A.'s outstanding contribution to soldier welfare work in training camps was the establishment of Hostess Houses, where the soldier or sailor may receive his mother, wife, sister or sweetheart in the surroundings and atmosphere of the best homes.

The National Catholic War Council co-ordinates all Catholic welfare work in support of the government and through the K. of C. provides club-houses for our fighters in all American training camps, as well as having seventy-five centres in France and three in England. In their huts the K. of C. provides entertainment, movies, boxing bouts, educational work, religious services, free stationery, reading matter and writing rooms. In France their rolling canteen accompanies the American army, their secretaries march with the troops, giving away cigarettes, cookies, chocolates, soap and towels.

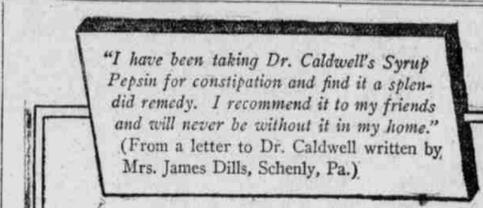
The K. of C. had 300 workers in France at the beginning of autumn, with 450 more passed by the government and 200 others signed up. At the same date they had 468 secretaries in American training camps, 150 buildings, fifty-six more in the course of erection and contracts let for fifty more.

War Camp Community Service functions exclusively in America, its special mission being to "surround the camps with hospitality." In place of leaving the soldier or sailor to the promiscuous companions and diversions formerly his lot, the organization obtains for him the best to be had in communities adjoining camps or through which he passes.

W. C. C. S. obtains for him invitations to dine, bathe or spend the day in the best homes. It introduces him to the best women and girls at social gatherings, church entertainments, theatre parties. It arouses communities to provide concerts, athletic contests and other wholesome diversions for the soldier, and to drive out or discourage the vicious elements which have been historic camp followers.

The Jewish Welfare Board is correlating the strength and purposes of 100,000 Jewish soldiers, sailors and marines with that of the Gentile soldiers. The board teaches the English language, American civics and ideals to thousands of young Jewish men who were inducted into service after only a few years' residence in this country. While safeguarding his religious rites, the board assists in the process of welding the Jewish soldier into the solid American unit and in bridging over the differences between him and the others.

The American Library Association is providing reading matter for every American soldier, sailor, marine and prisoner of war. In addition to gathering and forwarding three million books contributed by the American people the association bought 660,271 books, mostly technical, of which 198,297 were sent overseas. More than 1,500,000 books of all kinds have been assigned to libraries in Y. M. C. A.



A combination of simple laxative herbs with pepsin, free from opiates and narcotic drugs, pleasant to the taste, and gentle, yet positive, in its action, Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is the recognized remedy for constipation in countless homes.

DR. CALDWELL'S Syrup Pepsin

The Perfect Laxative

Sold by Druggists Everywhere 50 cts. (per oz.) \$1.00

A TRIAL BOTTLE CAN BE OBTAINED, FREE OF CHARGE, BY WRITING TO DR. W. B. CALDWELL, 459 WASHINGTON STREET, MONTICELLO, ILLINOIS

58 JEWISH WORKERS GOING "OVER THERE"

Col. Barker Bids Godspeed to the Graduates of Training School.

The wholesouled co-operation between the seven great organizations working for the happiness and welfare of our soldiers and sailors was recently illustrated at the graduation exercises of the tenth class of the Jewish Welfare Board's Training School in New York. Col. William S. Barker, who went to France representing the Salvation Army with the first contingent of our troops and has been "over there" fifteen months, was the principal speaker and wished the fifty-eight Jewish workers of the class Godspeed, while Louis Marshall, the prominent Jewish attorney and philanthropist of New York, lauded the work of the Salvation Army among the boys at the front.

"What our fighting boys need is inspiration and heart and character in those who are there to help them," declared Col. Barker. "You will represent in the camps and overseas the ideals and standards of the Jewish faith, and it is up to you above all things to be consistent in your religious practices. Practice what you preach. That, I am sure, has been

United War Work Campaign Program

The campaign begins on Monday morning, November 11, and ends at midnight on Monday, November 18.

As approved by representatives of the Government at Washington the \$170,500,000 will be divided as follows:

Y. M. C. A.	\$100,000,000
Y. W. C. A.	15,000,000
National Catholic War Council	15,000,000
Knights of Columbus	30,000,000
War Camp Community Service	15,000,000
Jewish Welfare Board	3,500,000
American Library Association	3,500,000
Salvation Army	3,500,000

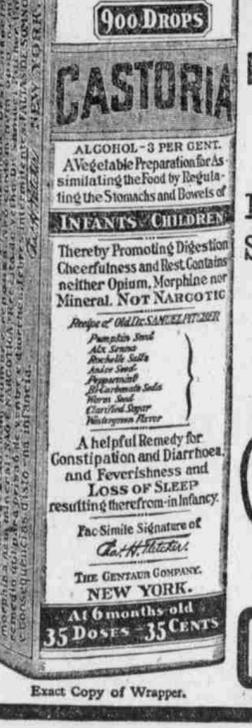
Any surplus will be divided pro rata.

Vocal Etiquette, Smith—"Miss Streecher has spent lots of money in the training of her voice, but she has neglected an important part of its education." Snythe—"And what is that?" Smith—"When to keep still."

THAT COUGH MAY LEAD TO SPANISH INFLUENZA

Dr. Stansbury's Throat and Lung Healer

Quickly Relieves Coughs, Colds, Croup, Whooping Cough, Pleurisy, Catarrh, Sore Throat, Asthma, and all weakness of Throat and Lungs. 25c and \$1.00 the bottle. Sent by mail, enclosed, on receipt of price. W. H. DORNBURGH, Schenectady, N. Y.



CASTORIA

For Infants and Children. Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of

Wm. A. Stearns

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

Between common corn flakes and the wonderful

POST TOASTIES

there's no difference in price — the difference in flavor is tremendous.

Danger Colds

and more serious complaints are caused by colds in mean weather. Be protected. Take

GRAY'S SYRUP RED SPRUCE GUM

from the first sniffle or sneeze. Stop it in time and do not gamble with your health. Use it in colds, coughs, colds and allied complaints. Everybody buys the Large Size.

Montreal D. WATSON & Co., New York