

WATERBURY MAN SEVERELY HURT

Corp. Curtis F. Haskins One of Six Vermonters That Are Named To-day

BENNINGTON MAN KILLED IN ACTION

Other Four Died of Disease—Total of 1,509 Americans Named

Washington, D. C., Nov. 19.—To-day's casualty list contained 1,509 names, divided as follows: Killed in action, 227; died of wounds, 69; died of disease, 401; wounded (degree undetermined), 247; wounded slightly, 366; died of accident or other cause, 2; wounded severely, 293; missing in action, 40; prisoners, 48. The New England men included were as follows:

Killed in Action. Bugler Louis Gage, Washington, Conn. Pvt. Henry Dooley, Fall River, Mass. Pvt. James E. Harlow, Somerville, Mass. Pvt. James F. Lally, Waltham, Mass. Pvt. Henry E. Landry, Manchester, Conn. Pvt. John B. Lawler, W. Medford, Mass. Pvt. Giuseppe Mure, New Britain, Conn. Pvt. Patrick O'Leary, Norwich, Conn. Pvt. Raymond A. Warr, Bennington, Vt. Pvt. John J. Hourigan, Minot, Mass. Pvt. Conrad A. Sundquist, Branford, Conn. Pvt. John W. Christie, Dover, N. H. Pvt. John J. McKown, Lawrence, Mass. Pvt. William Dixon, Methuen, Mass.

Died of Disease. Sgt. John J. Jacob, Milton, Mass. Pvt. Carl L. Abrahamson, Milton, Mass. Pvt. George Chiochio, Webster, Mass. Pvt. Harold G. Earl, N. Oxford, Mass. Pvt. Joseph O'Neil, Danielson, Conn. Pvt. Arthur R. Pape, New Haven, Conn. Pvt. Tony S. Sabowski, Sunderland, Mass.

Died of Disease. Sgt. Robert Whitelaw, Boston. Corp. Arley H. Guyette, Burlington, Vt. Corp. Dwight H. Wickwire, West Haven, Conn. Pvt. Ernest E. Austin, Greenville, R. I. Pvt. Peter Anderson, Fall River, Mass. Pvt. Allyn M. Berrie, Middletown, Conn. Pvt. Lawrence F. Callahan, Noroton Heights, Conn. Pvt. Myrtle M. Haskell, Palermo, Me. Pvt. Chester M. Holbrook, Newport, Me. Pvt. Sidney C. Keene, Skowhegan, Me. Pvt. Thomas E. Kelley, Cranston, R. I. Pvt. Harry L. Nelson, Mountain Mills, Vt.

Pvt. Thomas B. Lord, Newport, R. I. Pvt. Clifford L. Mosser, Westfield, Vt. Pvt. Freeman J. Priest, Waterford, Vt. Pvt. Jeff M. Smith, Holyoke, Mass. Pvt. Charles H. Wiswall, Newton, Mass. Pvt. Richard Wolfenden, Arctic, R. I. Pvt. Benjamin Sackson, Lynn, Mass. Pvt. Charles W. Sheldon, Salem, Mass. Pvt. Raffaele Villano, Leonistarr, Mass.

Wounded (Degree Undetermined). Sgt. Thomas H. Hill, Claremont, N. H. Sgt. Andrew Arone, Bristol, R. I. Corp. Martin J. Healy, Lynn, Mass. Corp. Roy J. Premo, Worcester, Mass. Mech. Harry R. Moon, N. Adams, Mass. Pvt. Victor A. Haag, Torrington, Conn. Pvt. Edgar J. L. Tallen, Manchester, N. H. Pvt. Robert L. O'Connell, Southington, Conn. Pvt. Ilian Sawuck, Waterbury, Conn. Pvt. Henry L. Dupaul, Southbridge, Mass. Pvt. Henry R. Garde, Woonsocket, R. I. Pvt. Thomas Halpen, Fall River, Mass. Pvt. Daniel J. Mahoney, Pittsfield, Mass. Pvt. Lawrence Mulvaney, Holyoke, Mass. Pvt. Herbert Wyatt, Jewett City, Conn.

Wounded Severely. Corp. George C. Harnett, Fall River, Mass.

FINE FOR RHEUMATISM!

Musterole Loosens Up Those Stiff Joints—Drives Out Pain

You'll know why thousands use Musterole once you experience the glad relief it gives. Get a jar at once from the nearest drug store. It is a clean, white ointment, made with the oil of mustard. Better than a mustard plaster and does not blister. Brings ease and comfort while it is being rubbed on!

Musterole is recommended by many doctors and nurses. Millions of jars are used annually for bronchitis, croup, stiff neck, asthma, neuralgia, pleurisy, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and aches of the back or joints, sprains, sore muscles, bruises, chilblains, frosted feet, colds of the chest (it often prevents pneumonia). 30c and 60c jars; hospital size \$2.50



Bay State Paints For Every Purpose WADSWORTH, HOWLAND & CO. Boston, Mass.

FOR SALE

One 1918 Indian motorcycle, has been run only about 700 miles. Cash, \$45. One 1918 motorcycle, electrically equipped, generator light, horn and storage battery. Cash, \$90. One 1917 Indian motorcycle, has been run 2,000 miles, electrical equipment, tandem seat and speedometer. Cash, \$25. One 1916 three-speed Presto tank, tandem and all registered. Cash, \$70. One 1914 twin two-speed, all thoroughly overhauled, for \$60.

A. M. Flanders 207 No. Main Street, Barre, Vt. Welding and Brazing of All Kinds

"HOW IS YOUR LIVER?"

No question is more important. As your liver is, so are you. Take Hood's Pills—best for a sick, torpid, miserable liver, biliousness, constipation, bad taste in the mouth, etc. Sugar-coated, easily swallowed. Do not gripe. Price 25c. of all druggists or promptly by mail of C. I. Hood Co., Lowell, Mass.

Corp. Curtis F. Haskins, Waterbury, Vt. Pvt. Jeremiah T. Carroll, Hyde Park, Mass. Pvt. Richard W. Breck, Boston. Pvt. John J. Cahill, Malden, Mass. Pvt. James A. Porter, Lowell, Mass. Pvt. William Quinn, Lowell, Mass. Pvt. Fulton E. Hart, Stonington, Me.

Wounded Slightly. Capt. Philip S. Wood, Bar Harbor, Me. Sgt. Leon A. Martin, Cambridge, Mass. Sgt. Henry E. Smith, Keene, N. H. Sgt. James J. Ryan, New Haven, Conn. Sgt. Thomas C. McKee, Pawtucket, R. I. Corp. Felix P. Rauloph, Cambridge, Mass. Pvt. Joseph E. Lavoie, Somerset, Mass. Pvt. James C. Loomis, Pawtucket, R. I. Pvt. Charles Simpson, Concord Junction, Mass.

Pvt. Walter Bean, Anson, Me. Pvt. Arthur J. Booth, New Haven, Conn. Pvt. Joseph E. Bushnell, Windsor, Conn. Pvt. Steve P. Goyan, Bridgeport, Conn. Pvt. James W. Crowley, Dorchester, Mass. Pvt. Henry Holmgren, Dorchester, Mass. Pvt. Oscar J. Le Brasseur, Waterville, Me. Pvt. Alvah C. Reynolds, Robinhood, Me. Pvt. Irving M. Slawson, Fayville, Mass. Pvt. Leon T. Carbell, Manchester, N. H. Pvt. Wyman L. Ladd, E. Boston, Mass. Pvt. Leon A. Plouffe, Holyoke, Mass. Pvt. John E. Bertenshaw, Fall River, Mass. Pvt. Cornelius Dineen, Brockton, Mass. Pvt. Abraham Greenhalgh, N. Dighton, Mass. Pvt. Joseph F. Hague, Fall River, Mass. Pvt. Timothy H. Leary, Housatonic, Mass. Pvt. Henry A. McShane, Medford, Mass. Pvt. Charles Manning, Barre, Mass. Pvt. Lucyna Maszko, New Britain, Conn. Pvt. Earl G. Parsons, Northwood, N. H. Pvt. Philip Raymond, Fall River, Mass. Pvt. Alfred Blake, Manchester, N. H. Pvt. Angus McDonald, Woburn, Mass. Pvt. Daniel J. O'Connell, W. Springfield, Mass.

Missing in Action. Pvt. Earl F. Ross, Milford, Conn.

Prisoners. Lt. George B. Woods, Boston. Pvt. Enoch H. Gobie, Boston. Pvt. John F. Bourke, New Haven, Conn. Pvt. William M. Pitman, W. Orange, Mass.

DIED OF LOBAR PNEUMONIA. Pvt. Harry L. Nelson Contracted Disease While on Guard Duty.

Battleboro, Nov. 19.—Mrs. C. Frank Molyan of Mountain Mills, near Wilmington, has received official notice of the death of her son, Private Harry L. Nelson of Co. D, 34th engineers, which occurred in France Sept. 26 of lobar pneumonia. Private Nelson contracted the disease while on guard duty. He was born in Pennsylvania 23 years ago and moved with his mother and stepfather three years ago to Mountain Mills, where he was employed by the Deerfield Lumber corporation until he left last May for Fort Benjamin Harrison, Ind. He left for France Aug. 14.

ENLISTED IN SEPTEMBER, 1917. Private Freeman Priest of Waterford, Who Died in France.

St. Johnsbury, Nov. 19.—A letter to Mrs. Freeman Priest of Waterford announced the death, from pneumonia, in France on October 18 of her husband, Private Priest of Co. B battery, 302d field artillery. He enlisted in September, 1917, trained at Camp Devens and went to France in July. He leaves his wife, an infant daughter, his mother, a sister and three brothers. One of the brothers is in France.

MAINTAINING ORDER WITH AN IRON HAND

Berlin Telegram Declares That Physical Crisis There Appears to Be Over.

Amsterdam, Nov. 18.—A Berlin telegram under date of November 13 says the physical crisis there appeared to be over. Order, it is said, was maintained with an iron hand and robberies were punished by immediate execution. At that time the life of the city was returning to normal.

A PIONEER INSTITUTION. Alaska College Is Only 100 Miles from the Arctic Circle.

Fairbanks, Alaska, Nov. 19.—The new Alaska agricultural college and school of mines under construction here about 100 miles from the Arctic circle, is believed to be farther north than any other institution of higher learning in the world. It will train its graduates to help develop Alaska along its two main lines—agriculture and mining. Authorities assert this northern soil holds big things in both food and metals.

Both United States government and Alaska territorial funds are being used by the college. Congress, in 1915, designated a site for the school and set aside agricultural and mining lands in the Tanana valley for the support of the institution. Last year the Alaska territorial legislature voted \$60,000 for the construction and purchase of equipment. An annual congressional appropriation of \$50,000 is expected to help maintain the school.

The Fairbanks United States government agricultural station, now located on the college site, will become part of the new institution and will continue to draw its revenue support from the federal government.

The college cornerstone was laid July 4, 1915. The site is high on a hill overlooking the city of Fairbanks, the Tanana river and the railroad the United States government is building between Seward and Fairbanks. The concrete walls are completed, and work will continue as long as the weather permits.

GERMANY'S NATIONAL WEALTH Was 400,000,000 Marks Before Outbreak of the War.

Stockholm, Nov. 19.—Discussing the question as to what indemnity the entente allies might demand from Germany, Professor Franz Oppenheimer, in writing to the Frankfurter Zeitung, says the total national wealth of Germany before the war was estimated at 400,000,000,000 marks, and the total annual income at 40,000,000,000 marks. He estimated the annual cost of feeding and clothing the German people at 20,000,000,000 marks.

PRES. WILSON IS GOING OVER

Will Attend the Peace Conference in Versailles

DEFINITE STATEMENT MADE AT WHITE HOUSE

He Plans to Sail Immediately After Opening of Congress on Dec. 2

Washington, D. C., Nov. 19.—President Wilson will go to France early in December to take part in the discussion and settlement of the main features of the treaty of peace. His decision to accept the invitation of the allied premiers was made known last night in a formal statement from the White House.

The president plans to sail immediately after the opening of the regular session of Congress on Dec. 2. How long he will remain abroad is not known. He has indicated that it is not his present intention to stay throughout the session of the conference, but since the delegates probably cannot be assembled until late in December, he will be absent from the United States for several weeks at least.

Mr. Wilson will be the first president to visit Europe and also the first to attend a peace conference for the settlement of issues growing out of war in which the United States took part. He regards his presence as necessary in order to obviate the manifest disadvantage of discussion by cable in determining the greater outlines of the final treaty.

Accompanying the president will be delegates who will sit as the representatives of the United States throughout the conference. The names of these delegates soon will be announced. Secretary of State Lansing will head the American commissioners and other members probably will include Colonel E. M. House, who is now representing the government in the deliberations of the supreme war council at Versailles; Elihu Root, former secretary of state, and Louis D. Brandeis, associate justice of the supreme court.

No announcement of the plans for the president's trip has been made. He is expected, however, to make the voyage on a battleship, as did President Roosevelt and Taft when they visited the Panama canal zone. Mrs. Wilson undoubtedly will accompany him and his immediate party probably will include Joseph P. Tumulty, his private secretary; Rear

UPSET STOMACH

Pape's Diapiesin at Once Ends Sourness, Gases, Acidity, Indigestion.

Undigested food! Lumps of pain; belching gas, acids and sourness. When your stomach is all upset, here is instant relief—No waiting!

The moment you eat a tablet of Pape's Diapiesin all the indigestion, pain, dyspepsia, acidity, sourness, gases and stomach acidity ends. Pape's Diapiesin tablets cost little at any drug store, but there is no surer or quicker stomach relief known.—Adv.



Seventy-five deer were reported killed in Vermont on Nov. 16, making a total of 223. Commissioner Leavens' report is as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Location and Number of Deer. Locations include Addison, Bennington, Caledonia, Essex, Franklin, Lamoille, Orange, Orleans, Rutland, Washington, Windham, Windsor. Total: 223.

Breed Better Horses, Specialists Advise.

According to reports received by the United States department of agriculture, the situation in the horse breeding industry reveals the fact that there are many nondescript and plug horses glutting the markets. This condition, it is believed, affects the horse industry in general. The real good animals are still commanding satisfactory prices, but the misfits are being sold for considerably less than the cost of production. The saving of additional feed bills is said to be the motive which prompts the producers to dispose of this class of horses, regardless of price. One of the conclusions which the department of agriculture draws from the present situation is that indiscriminate breeding of horses is an unprofitable enterprise. It is essential, the department specialists add, that farmers use wise discrimination in selecting the proper type of stallions with which to mate their best mares and thus materially aid in producing only efficient horses which are capable of giving the service required of them and which consume less valuable feed for the amount of work performed. Such horses have a ready market and always bring good prices. It is imperative that the breeder who proposes to compete with the domestic and foreign demands after the war should begin now to stock up his stables with desirable better-bred horses.

Severe, But He Deserved Worse.

Church announcement in Minneapolis (What punishment is adequate for the Kaiser? Singing by the quartet.—Boston Transcript.

PROFIT BY THIS

Don't Waste Another Day

When you are worried by backache; By lameness and urinary disorders— Don't experiment with an untried medicine.

Follow Barre people's example. Use Doan's Kidney Pills. Here's Barre testimony. Verify it if you wish:

Mrs. G. Reolini, 92 Brook street, says: "I have used Doan's Kidney Pills and have found them very good. I had severe pains across my back, when I bent over or attempted to straighten up. I used Doan's and they helped me wonderfully."

Price 60c, at all dealers' Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Reolini had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.—Adv.

Admiral Cary T. Grayson, his personal physician, and military and naval aides. The president's ship will be escorted into a French port by French war craft and possibly also by vessels of the British and Italian navies. Troops to be assigned as the guard of honor for the president in France probably will consist of units from each of the allied armies.

The meeting between President Wilson and President Poincare will be the first between the chief executives of the two greatest republics and it will be the first time that a president of this country has visited a foreign capital. Before returning home Mr. Wilson probably will go to London and Brussels and possibly Rome. He also may make a pilgrimage to some of the battlefields of France.

President Wilson's purpose in going to France in advance of the meeting of the peace congress is understood to be to discuss with the allied premiers at Versailles the program to be laid down for the guidance of the peace delegates when they meet. It has been suggested that Mr. Wilson probably will be invited to preside at the opening session of the peace conference.

ELDERLY MAN SHOT EXPLAINING RIFLE

Francis W. Aldrich of South Londonderry Was Showing Boys How to Operate a Rifle.

Battleboro, Nov. 19.—Francis W. Aldrich of South Londonderry was fatally shot Sunday night in George Johnson's barn in that town, where he was showing three boys the operation of a rifle. The weapon was discharged accidentally and the bullet struck Mr. Aldrich near the collar bone and passed upwards into his head when he was summoned help, but Mr. Aldrich died in a few minutes. He was 69 years old and was unmarried. The boys were Harold Johnson, 15, Neil Johnson, 16, and William Parker of Battleboro, 16, who was visiting the Johnson boys.

A CHINESE WEDDING

Was Held in Battleboro with Many Oriental Features.

Battleboro, Nov. 19.—Miss Wai-Tau New, a Chinese girl who has lived the past 10 years in the home of Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Holbrook in this town and Boston, became the bride of Yangmo Kuo, a Chinese student in the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, in St. Michael's Episcopal church yesterday afternoon. Rev. Walter C. Bernard, rector, officiating. It probably was the first Chinese wedding ever performed in Battleboro.

Miss Wai-Tau, who completed her course in Radcliffe college last June, was given in marriage by a personal friend, Rev. W. D. Roberts of St. John's church in East Boston. The couple were native in East Boston. The couple were native in East Boston. The couple were native in East Boston.

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STEADIER HOG MARKETS PLANNED

Hog Producers and Packers Confer With Representatives of the Food Administration and Agricultural Department and Adopt New Plan of Regulation.

In accordance with the policy of the Food Administration since its foundation to consult representative men in the agricultural industry on occasions of importance to special branches of the industry, on October 24 there was convened in Washington a meeting of the Live Stock Subcommittee of the Agricultural Advisory Board and the special members representing the swine industry to consider the situation in the hog market.

The conference lasted for three days, and during this time met with the executive committee of the fifty packing firms participating in foreign orders for pork products and with the members of the Food Administration directing foreign pork purchases.

The conclusions of the conference were as follows:

The entire marketing situation has so changed since the September joint conference as to necessitate an entire alteration in the plans of price stabilization. The current price talk has alarmed the holders of corn, and there has been a price decline of from 25 cents to 40 cents per bushel. The fact that the accumulations of low priced corn in the Argentine and South Africa would, upon the advent of peace and liberated shipping, become available to the European market has created a great deal of apprehension on the part of corn holders. This decline has spread fear among swine growers that a similar reduction in the prices of hogs would naturally follow. Moreover, the lower range of corn prices would, if incorporated in a 13-to-1 ratio, obviously result in a continuously falling price for live hogs. In view of these changed conditions many swine producers anticipated lower prices and as a result rushed their hogs to market in large numbers, and this overshipment has added to and aggravated the decline.

The information of the Department of Agriculture indicates that the supply of hogs has increased about 8 per cent, while the highest official estimate does not exceed 15 per cent. Increased production over last year. On the other hand, the arrival of hogs during the last three weeks in the seven great markets has been 27 per cent more than last year, during the corresponding period, demonstrating the unusually heavy marketing of the available supply. In the face of the excessive receipts some packers have not maintained the price agreed last month. On the other hand, many of the packers have paid over the price offered to them in an endeavor to maintain the agreed price. The result in any event has been a failure to maintain the October price basis determined upon at the September conference and undertaken by the packers.

Another factor contributing to the break in prices during the month has been the influenza epidemic; it has sharply curtailed consumption of pork products and temporarily decreased the labor staff of the packers about 25 per cent. The exports of 130,000,000 pounds of pork products for October compared with about 52,000,000 pounds in October a year ago, and the export orders placeable by the Food Administration for November, amount to 170,000,000 pounds as contrasted with the lesser exports of 98,000,000 for November, 1917. The increased demands of the allies are continuing, and are in themselves proof of the necessity for the larger production for which the Food Administration asked. The increase in export demands appears to be amply sufficient to take up the increase in hog production, but unfavorable market conditions existing in October afford no fair index of the aggregate supply and demand.

It must be evident that the enormous shortage in fats in the Central Empires and neutral countries would immediately upon peace result in additional demands for pork products which, on top of the heavy shipments to the Allies, would tend materially to increase the American exports, inasmuch as no considerable reservoir of supplies exists outside of the United States. It seems probable that the present prospective supplies would be inadequate to meet this world demand with the return to peace. So far as it is possible to interpret this fact, it appears that there should be even a stronger demand for pork products after the war, and therefore any alarm of hog producers as to the outlook of peace is unwarranted by the circumstances.

In the light of these circumstances it is the conclusion of the conference that attempts to hold the price of hogs to the price of corn may work out to the disadvantage of pork producers. It is the conclusion that an interpretation of the formula should be a broad gauge policy applied over a long period. It is the opinion of the conference that in substitution of the previous plans of stabilization the Live Stock Subcommittee of the Agricultural Advisory Board, together with the specially invited swine representatives, should accept the invitation of the Food Administration and the packers in determining the prices at which controlled export orders are to be placed. This will be regularly done. The influence of these orders will be directed to the maintenance of the stabilization of the price of live hogs so as to secure as far as it is possible fair returns to the

producer and the insurance of an adequate future supply. These foreign orders are placed upon the basis of cost of hogs to the packers. As the result of long negotiations between this body and the Packers' Committee, representing the 45 to 50 packers participating in foreign orders, together with the Allied buyers, all under the Chairmanship of the Food Administration, the following undertaking has been given by the packers:

In view of the undertakings on the part of the Food Administration with regard to the co-ordinated purchases of pork products, covered in the attached, it is agreed that the packers participating in these orders will undertake not to purchase hogs for less than the following agreed minimums for the month of November, that is a daily minimum of \$17.50 per hundred pounds on average of packers' drives, excluding throw-outs. "Throw-outs" to be defined as pigs under 130 pounds, stags, boars, thin sows and skips. Further, that no hogs of any kind shall be bought, except throw-outs, at less than \$16.50 per hundred pounds. The average of packers' drives to be construed as the average of the total sales in the market of all hogs for a given day. All the above to be based on Chicago.

We agree that a committee shall be appointed by the Food Administration to check the daily operations in the various markets with a view to supervision and demonstration of the carrying out of the above. The ability of the packers to carry out this arrangement will depend on there being a normal marketing of hogs based upon the proportionate increase over the receipts of last year. The increase in production appears to be a maximum of about 15 per cent, and we can handle such an increase. If the producers of hogs should, as they have in the past few weeks, prematurely market hogs in such increasing numbers over the above it is entirely beyond the ability of the packers to maintain these minimums, and therefore we must have the co-operation of the producer himself to maintain these results. It is a physical impossibility for the capacity of the packing houses to handle a similar over-flood of hogs and to find a market for the co-operate. The packers are anxious to co-operate with the producers in maintaining a stabilization of price and to see that producers receive a fair price for their products.

(Signed) THOS. E. WILSON, Chairman Packers' Committee. The plan embodied above was adopted by the conference. The Food Administration has appointed a committee, comprising Mr. Thomas E. Wilson, chairman of the Packers' Committee; Mr. Everett Brown, president of the Chicago Livestock Exchange; Major Roy of the Food Administration, Mr. Louis D. Hall of the Bureau of Markets, to undertake the supervision of the execution of the plan in the various markets. Commission men are asked to co-operate in carrying out the plan embodied in the packers' agreement. It must be evident that offers by commission men to sell hogs below the minimum established above is not fair, either to the producer or the participating packers. Mr. Brown has undertaken on behalf of the commission men in the United States that they will loyally support the plan.

It is believed by the conference that this new plan, based as it is upon a positive minimum basis, will bring better results to the producer than average prices for the month. It does not limit top prices and should narrow the margins necessary to country buyers in more variable markets. It is believed that the plan should work out close to \$18 average.

Swine producers of the country will contribute to their own interest by not flooding the market, for it must be evident that if an excessive over percentage of hogs is marketed in any one month price stabilization and control cannot succeed, and it is certain that producers themselves can contribute materially to the efforts of the conference if they will do their marketing in as normal a way as possible.

The whole situation as existing at present demands a frank and explicit assurance from the conferees represented—namely, that every possible effort will be made to maintain a live hog price commensurate with swine production costs and reasonable selling values in execution of the declared policy of the Food Administration to use every agency in its control to secure justice to the farmer.

The stabilization methods adopted for November represent the best efforts of the conference, concurred in by the Food Administration and the

Dr. Stansbury's Throat and Lung Healer

Quickly Relieves Coughs, Colds, Croup, Whooping Cough, Pleurisy, Catarrh, Sore Throat, Asthma, and all weaknesses of Throat and Lungs. 25c and 50c per bottle. Sent by mail, on receipt of price. W. H. DORNBURGH, Schenectady, N. Y. At following druggists in Barre, Vermont: CUMMINGS & LEWIS. BARRE DRUG CO.

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So many men tell us their experiences of discomfort and dissatisfaction that we ought to know the points to avoid when buying winter undergarments for men.

You'll find here only the garments that have made good with critical wearers.

You can bank on satisfaction of the 100 per cent kind.

Moore & Owens

Barre's Leading Clothiers

Livestock Subcommittee of the Agricultural Advisory Board, together with special swine members and the representatives of the packers, to improve the present unsatisfactory situation, which has unfortunately resulted because of the injection of uncontrollable factors.

We ask the producer to co-operate with us in a most difficult task. The members of the Conference were:

Producers—H. C. Stuart, Elk Garden Va., Chairman Agricultural Advisory Board; W. M. McFadden, Chicago, Ill.; A. Sykes, Ida Grove, Ia.; John M. Evard, Ames, Ia.; J. H. Mercer, Live Stock Commission for Kansas; J. G. Brown, Monon, Ind.; E. C. Brown, President Chicago Livestock Exchange; N. H. Getty, Sedalia, Mo.; John Grattan Broomfield, Colo.; Eugene Funk, Bloomington, Ill.; Isaac Lincoln, Aberdeen, S. D.; C. W. Hunt, Logan, Ia.; C. E. Yancey, W. R. Dodson, Food Administration—Herbert Hoover, F. S. Snyder, Major E. L. Roy, G. H. Powell.

Department of Agriculture—Louis D. Hall, F. R. Marshall. The packers present and others sharing in foreign orders were represented by the elected packers' committee. Those represented were: Packers—Armour & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Cudahy Packing Co., Chicago, Ill.; Morris & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Swift & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Wilson & Co., Chicago, Ill.; John Agar Co., Chicago, Ill.; Armstrong Packing Co., Dallas, Tex.; Boyd Dunham & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Brennan Packing Co., Chicago, Ill.; Cincinnati Abattoir Co., Cincinnati, O.; Cleveland Provisions Co., Cleveland, O.; Cudahy Bros. Co., Cudahy, Wis.; J. Duld Packing Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; Dunley Packing Co., Pittsburg, Pa.; J. E. Decker & Sons, Mason City, Ia.; Evansville Packing Co., Evansville, Ind.; East Side Packing Co., East St. Louis, Ill.; Hammond Standish & Co., Detroit, Mich.; G. A. Hormel & Co., Austin, Minn.; Home Packing & Ice Co., Terre Haute, Ind.; Independent Packing Co., Chicago, Ill.; Indianapolis Abattoir Co., Indianapolis, Ind.; International Provision Co., Brooklyn, N. Y.; Interstate Packing Co., Winona, Minn.; Iowa Packing Co., Des Moines, Ia.; Powers Begg Co., Jacksonville, Ill.; Kingan & Co., Indianapolis, Ind.; Krey Packing Co., St. Louis, Mo.; Lake Erie Provision Co., Cleveland, O.; Layton Co., Milwaukee, Wis.; Oscar Mayer & Bros., Sedgwick and Beethoven streets, Chicago, Ill.; J. T. McMillan Co., St. Paul, Minn.; Miller & Hart, Chicago, Ill.; J. Morrell & Co., Ottumwa, Ia.; Nuckolls Packing Co., Pueblo, Colo.; Ogden Packing and Provision Co., Ogden, Utah; Ohio Provision Co., Cleveland, O.; Parker Webb & Co., Detroit, Mich.; Pittsburg Packing and Provision Co., Pittsburg, Pa.; Rath Packing Co., Waterloo, Ia.; Roberts & Oake, Chicago, Ill.; Robe & Bros., New York City; W. C. Routh & Co., Logansport, Ind.; St. Louis Ind. Packing Co., St. Louis, Mo.; Sinclair & Co., T. M. Cedar Rapids, Ia.; Sullivan & Co., Detroit, Mich.; Theurer-Norton Provision Co., Cleveland, O.; Wilson Provision Co., Peoria, Ill.; Western Packing and Provision Co., Chicago, Ill.; Charles Wolf Packing Co., Topeka, Kan.

Food Administration—Herbert Hoover, F. S. Snyder, Major E. L. Roy, G. H. Powell.

Department of Agriculture—Louis D. Hall, F. R. Marshall.

The packers present and others sharing in foreign orders were represented by the elected packers' committee. Those represented were:

Producers—Armour & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Cudahy Packing Co., Chicago, Ill.; Morris & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Swift & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Wilson & Co., Chicago, Ill.; John Agar Co., Chicago, Ill.; Armstrong Packing Co., Dallas, Tex.; Boyd Dunham & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Brennan Packing Co., Chicago, Ill.; Cincinnati Abattoir Co., Cincinnati, O.; Cleveland Provisions Co., Cleveland, O.; Cudahy Bros. Co., Cudahy, Wis.; J. Duld Packing Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; Dunley Packing Co., Pittsburg, Pa.; J. E. Decker & Sons, Mason City, Ia.; Evansville Packing Co., Evansville, Ind.; East Side Packing Co., East St. Louis, Ill.; Hammond Standish & Co., Detroit, Mich.; G. A. Hormel & Co., Austin, Minn.; Home Packing & Ice Co., Terre Haute, Ind.; Independent Packing Co., Chicago, Ill.; Indianapolis Abattoir Co., Indianapolis, Ind.; International Provision Co., Brooklyn, N. Y.; Interstate Packing Co., Winona, Minn.; Iowa Packing Co., Des Moines, Ia.; Powers Begg Co., Jacksonville, Ill.; Kingan & Co., Indianapolis, Ind.; Krey Packing Co., St. Louis, Mo.; Lake Erie Provision Co., Cleveland, O.; Layton Co., Milwaukee, Wis.; Oscar Mayer & Bros., Sedgwick and Beethoven streets, Chicago, Ill.; J. T. McMillan Co., St. Paul, Minn.; Miller & Hart, Chicago, Ill.; J. Morrell & Co., Ottumwa, Ia.; Nuckolls Packing Co., Pueblo, Colo.; Ogden Packing and Provision Co., Ogden, Utah; Ohio Provision Co., Cleveland, O.; Parker Webb & Co., Detroit, Mich.; Pittsburg Packing and Provision Co., Pittsburg, Pa.; Rath Packing Co., Waterloo, Ia.; Roberts & Oake, Chicago, Ill.; Robe & Bros., New York City; W. C. Routh & Co., Logansport, Ind.; St. Louis Ind. Packing Co., St. Louis, Mo.; Sinclair & Co., T. M. Cedar Rapids, Ia.; Sullivan & Co., Detroit, Mich.; Theurer-Norton Provision Co., Cleveland, O.; Wilson Provision Co., Peoria, Ill.; Western Packing and Provision Co., Chicago, Ill.; Charles Wolf Packing Co., Topeka, Kan.