

PLAN IMPOSING RECEPTION

To Pres. Wilson on His Arrival in London for an Official Visit

KING GEORGE WILL GREET HIM AT STATION

Welcoming Address Will Be Delivered at Civic Luncheon at Guildhall

London, Dec. 21.—Arrangements are being made for an imposing military reception for President Wilson, according to some of the newspapers. There will be a guard of honor at the station when he arrives and he will be greeted by King George, with whom he will drive to Buckingham palace through streets lined with troops.

It is said that the route of the procession will be as extended as possible so as to permit of a greater popular welcome. It is unknown whether President Wilson has yet replied to the lord mayor's invitation to a civic luncheon in Guildhall, where it is understood the city corporation wishes to present a welcoming address to Mr. Wilson. This address, if time permits the luncheon to be given, will be enclosed in a golden casket.

GREATEST SINGLE HORROR Ever Perpetrated Against Mankind Was By Turks.

The massacre and deportation of the Christian Armenians is characterized by Henry Morgenthau, former United States ambassador to Turkey, as "the greatest single horror ever perpetrated in the history of humanity." The former ambassador to the Ottoman empire, in his report to the state department at Washington, also stated emphatically that the deportation of Armenians was carried out on orders issued by the Turkish government.

"The Turkish authorities had stopped all communication between the provinces and the capital in the native belief that they could consummate this crime of the ages before the outside world was aware of it," declared Mr. Morgenthau. "But the information filtered through. It came from consuls, from missionaries, from foreign travellers and even from Turks. We soon learned that orders had been issued to the governors of the provinces to send into exile the entire Armenian population in their jurisdiction, irrespective of age and sex. The local officers, with a few exceptions, carried out literally these instructions. All the able-bodied men had either been drafted into the army or disarmed. The remaining people, old men, women and children, were subjected to the most cruel and outrageous treatment."

"Few nations have suffered as much as Armenia," says Morgenthau. "So terrible and continuous have been the atrocities to which it has fallen victim that the very name of Armenia has, to most of us, become synonymous with martyrdom. Its sufferings during the present catastrophe have been greater than any known in the history of the world. None of the fearful horrors perpetrated in the various zones of the war can compare with the tragic lot of the Armenians."

"The final and worst measure used against the Armenians was the wholesale deportation of the entire population from their homes and their exile to the desert, with all the accompanying horrors of the way. No means were provided for their transportation or nourishment. The victims, including the most refined and respected men and women, had to walk on foot, exposed to the attacks of bands of criminals specially organized for that purpose. Homes were literally uprooted; families were captured; men killed, women and girls violated daily on the way or taken to harems. Children were thrown into the rivers or sold to strangers by their mothers to save them from starvation. The facts contained in the reports received at the American embassy in Constantinople from absolutely trustworthy eye-witnesses surpass the most beastly and diabolical cruelties ever before perpetrated or imagined in the history of the world."

The appeal of Ambassador Morgenthau to his friends in America resulted in the establishment of the first relief work among the Armenians by Americans. From that small group of personal friends has developed the American committee for Armenian and Syrian relief. It has now been assigned the entire near East territory by the Red Cross under the name, Committee for Armenian and Syrian Relief. It will conduct from Jan. 12 to 19 a nation-wide campaign to raise \$30,000,000 for the relief and rehabilitation of the starving and destitute people.

BREAK A CHILD'S COLD BY GIVING SYRUP OF FIGS

Cleanses the Little Liver and Bowels, and They Get Well Quick

When your child suffers from a cold, don't wait; give the little stomach, liver and bowels a gentle, thorough cleansing at once. When cross, peevish, listless, pale, doesn't sleep, eat or act naturally; if breath is bad, stomach sour, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the clogged-up, constipated waste, sour bile and undigested food will gently move out of the bowels, and you have a well, playful child again.

If your child coughs, snuffles and has caught cold or is feverish or has a sore throat, give a good dose of "California Syrup of Figs," to evacuate the bowels, no difference what other treatment is given.

Sick children needn't be coaxed to take this harmless "fruit laxative." Millions of mothers keep it handy because they know its action on the stomach, liver and bowels is prompt and sure. They also know a little given to-day saves a sick child to-morrow.

Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which contains directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly on the bottle. Beware of counterfeits sold here. Get the genuine, made by "California Fig Syrup Company."—Adv.

Greater food value— increased palatability In making chocolate cakes use

BAKER'S CHOCOLATE

with barley and buckwheat flour. The chocolate covers the color and taste of the dark flour so it is practically as good as when made with all white flour.

This use of cocoa or chocolate increases the food value of the prepared dish.

Booklet of Choice Recipes sent free Walter Baker & Co. Ltd. Established 1780 DORCHESTER, MASS.

Topics of the Home and Household.

A New Dish.

Put in saucpan 1 cup of oatmeal, cover with cold water, seasoned with a little more salt than is usually used when oatmeal is eaten with sugar. Chop or grate 1/2 cup of cheese; set the oatmeal on back of stove, where it will gradually come to a boil. When it begins to boil, stir in grated cheese and butter size of walnut. Stir constantly until cheese melts. When melted, the mixture is ready to serve. Serve hot on toasted crackers.

The Difference in Hardships.

"It seems to me," said a Red Cross woman who recently returned from France, speaking at a club meeting, "that American women cannot truthfully say that the food regulations have made housekeeping any harder for them, but only that they are wiser and more efficient as a result of them."

"Before I sailed last year I had some difficulty getting my sugar, but it was only a matter of a little annoyance, and no real privation. Then when the food administration allotted a certain amount to everybody I managed beautifully, and learned for the first time about the syrups and how they could be used in cooking and canning."

"As for the war breads that we had to make in order to save wheat, I'm sure we all liked it with promissory notes, and no real privation. When the food administration allotted a certain amount to everybody I managed beautifully, and learned for the first time about the syrups and how they could be used in cooking and canning."

"When I arrived in France and was up near the front, and heard stories from the women who had lived under the German military control in France and Belgium, then I realized what food troubles really were. It made me very thankful that American women could help these people after their liberation, and it was wonderful to think that, by such small individual savings and substitutions at home we had saved the morale of the civilians behind the armies, so that they did not 'break,' as the German civilians did."

"If ever you should find yourselves complaining about what you have had to do in the past year, or about the conservation program that you have to keep up until Europe is in order again and our army comes home, think how you would like to have been in situations like these: "Sixty per cent of the wheat fields in the parts of France and Belgium under German control for so long were cultivated by the German army itself, 20 per cent by the army and the peasants together, and the remaining 20 per cent by the peasants for themselves, under the watchful eye of the German officials."

"All that the army grew it took for itself, and half of the crops which it had cultivated with the peasants. Then it 'bought' most of the remaining crop, and paid for it with promissory notes, redeemable and payable after the war—when Germany was to have won!

"Every peasant—the old women, old men, mothers of families, boys and girls over 12—had to work a certain number of hours a day for the German army. They worked at the crops, cut wood, washed clothes, dug trenches or sewed tents for the army and the peasants together, and the remaining 20 per cent by the peasants for themselves, under the watchful eye of the German officials."

"The Germans kept a record of all the fruit trees, cows, hens and even eggs, and the peasants had to suffer if they did not have the expected number to 'sell' to the army."

"Now that the invaders have been driven out and beaten, these poor people are even worse off for food, because the crops and orchards and animals were destroyed by the retreating soldiers."

"Can we say that we have suffered here? Voluntary saving, a few simple regulations about using less sugar, less meat, and wheat substitutes—that is all we were asked to do. The voluntary saving which the food administration expects of us must continue. But that will not be a hard task for the people of the United States, who now know what accomplishment means."

Dorothy Dexter.

PEOPLE'S GUARD FOR GERMANY

Government Has Accepted Field Marshal Von Hindenburg's Plan

ARMY WILL BE MADE STRONGER THAN EVER

Officers Have Been Instructed to Keep the Details Secret

London, Dec. 21.—The German government has accepted Field Marshal Von Hindenburg's plan to form a people's guard, or national army, according to a Copenhagen dispatch to the Daily Mail. It is said that the German army, under this plan, will be stronger than ever. All officers have received instructions to keep the details secret. Women will be employed for auxiliary service.

AMERICAN TROOPS WILL NOT SUFFER

They Are Better Equipped for Winter Rigors Than Most of Them Were in Civilian Life.

Tours, Dec. 21 (correspondence of the Associated Press).—Mothers, sisters and sweethearts in America need not worry about protection of their soldiers in Europe against the rigors of coming winter. The quartermaster's corps specialist in France declared to the Associated Press that the boys are better equipped than the majority of them ever were in civilian life.

Each soldier has two pairs of heavy wool socks, three suits wool underwear, two complete wool uniforms, two wool O. D. flannel shirts, one short but heavy overcoat trench style, and one pair of wool knit spiral puttees ten feet long.

The quartermaster's corps estimates that the average soldier in campaign wears out one pair of trousers every two months and makes provision on this basis although the normal life of a pair of breeches is six months. Every soldier has also an overseas cap that has a felt protector to pull down over his ears. He is not allowed to wear the old issue of campaign hat that his folks at home are used to seeing. He has wool gloves and one-finger leather mittens over them and each soldier is provided with at least three blankets and a waterproof slicker or raincoat.

In addition to all this, every soldier on outdoor duty has a leather waistcoat to wear beneath his overcoat. This leather waistcoat is newly issued and much desired.

Apart from what the men have on them and in their possession, the quartermaster's corps in France has in well distributed stocks available for issue: Breeches and trousers, 1,504,000 pairs; wool coats, 300,000; underdrawers, 3,000; caps, 1,000,000; leather waistcoats or jerkins, 1,000,000; mittens, 746,000; overcoats, 379,500; wool spiral puttees, 1,718,000; field shoes, 2,570,000; wool O. D. flannel shirts, 340,000; slickers, 633,000; heavy wool stockings, 7,807,000; blankets, 721,900. This after the quartermaster's corps in France turned over to the medical corps more than one hundred thousand blankets.

TORPEDO FAILED OF MARK

But Struck Another German Submarine as Wave Lifted Intended Victim.

London, Dec. 21.—Now that censorship rules have been much relaxed, extraordinary stories of close shaves and unexpected happenings are being published. Hard to beat is one related by the Liverpool Evening Express. It tells how a torpedo from a U-boat passed under an intended victim—which at the psychological moment was lifted beyond its reach by a big wave—and administered the quietus to another enemy submarine on the other side of the steamer. Here is the paper's account of it:

The British steamer Alorics, commanded by Captain Frederick Taylor, was off Hardsey island and had a cargo of timber from Roslary to Garston. There was a heavy sea on and the ship was pitching about.

The first to see the first submarine was the gunner, who also spotted the track of a torpedo which, if something like a miracle had not happened, would have struck them amidships. Nothing could be done in time to turn the ship clear of danger, but a heavy sea lifted high on its crest the steamer, which was only drawing a few feet of water and then those who had just been expecting to be torpedoed themselves, saw a second U-boat which was working in conjunction with the one on the other side of the steamer, struck by the torpedo.

They heard a deafening explosion and saw a mountain of spray thrown up into the air.

A study club in Barnstable county, Mass., formed by the home demonstration agent under the supervision of the department of agriculture in connection with the state agricultural college at Amherst, held all summer food exhibits or food sales in front of the town hall at Provincetown. To attract and increase interest demonstrations and lectures have been given. Receipts for the conservation of foods on exhibit also have been given out.

SAVE MEAT

by serving more stuffing when you serve roast meats, poultry, fish and game. If this dressing is flavored with Bell's Seasoning it adds to the pleasure of the meal.



Resinol

will probably clear away those pimples

It is really surprising how a few days' use of Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap will improve most poor complexion! Unless the trouble is due to some serious internal disorder, pimples, redness and roughness quickly disappear and the skin usually becomes clear and fresh again.

All druggists sell Resinol Ointment and Soap.

Utah Hog Production Helped.

Hog production in Utah recently has received much stimulus because small farmers, especially those some distance from railroads, have been able to get their hogs to market at greatly reduced expense through co-operative shipping.

More than 100 farmers shipped 18 carloads to the North Salt Lake stock yards in three months. The hogs came from sections 35 to 90 miles from a railroad shipping point, and in some instances were brought in wagons by the growers to a central point, where automobile trucks were used to transport them to the shipping point. Others were shipped by local freight to a central point, where carloads were assembled. Each lot of hogs was marked by clipping the hair, and was yarded, fed and sold separately. Shipping expense was prorated, and each owner received an individual check. The plan has not only increased shipments but improved the offerings, the bureau of markets reports.

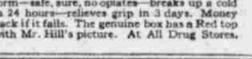
The Right Man.

"They say Miss Highstrung is going to marry an army officer."

"Well, I should think that a man who makes a business of war might be able to get along with her."—Boston Transcript.

Spanish Influenza can be prevented easier than it can be cured.

At the first sign of a shiver or sneeze, take



Standard cold remedy for 36 years—in tablet form—safe, sure, no opiates—breaks up a cold in 24 hours—relieves grip in 3 days. Money back if it fails. The genuine box has a Red Top with Mr. Hill's picture. At All Drug Stores.

CZECHS GAIN STRONGHOLD

Have Occupied Eger and Reichenberg, Former an Important Fortress

GERMAN BOHEMIA IS THUS CUT OFF

Czecho-Slovaks Have Not Only Kept Their Forces Intact, but Increased Them

Prague, Dec. 21.—With the occupation of Eger and Reichenberg, the Czecho-Slovaks seem to have all of German Bohemia completely cut off from German Austria. German Bohemia is unable to resist, since the Austrian army does not exist. The Czecho-Slovaks have kept their forces intact and have even mobilized a new class of recruits.

Eger is a Bohemian town 92 miles west of Prague. It is built on a steep eminence and was formerly an important fortress. Reichenberg is 58 miles north-east of Prague.

GREEKS STILL IN BONDAGE.

Are Under the Domination of the Turks and the Bulgarians.

Boston, Dec. 21.—The appeal of the Greeks for freedom from the domination of the Turks and the Bulgarians in Macedonia Thrace, Asia Minor and the islands of the Dodecanese was voiced last night by John M. Metaxa, formerly governor of Saloniki, in an address he delivered before the Harvard University club.

Dr. Metaxa declared that the great majority of the Greeks in Epirus, Macedonia, Thrace and Asia Minor were still in bondage. "Now," he said, "the critical moment is at hand when the great debt owed Hellenism by civilization may be repaid. It is on behalf of the liberation, the self determination, the human dignity of these millions that I have come to implore the aid of your great country."

"People of America, be the first to acknowledge this debt. Help us not only by expressing your sympathy but by actually proclaiming to the world your unshakable determination that your will shall be asserted, that the Turk be sent back to his lair, and that for the Greek people the day of liberty and national unity shall at last dawn."

In support of the Greek demand for the restoration of the territory he outlined, Mr. Metaxa review the history of the Byzantine empire and the centuries during which it maintained civilization's bulwark against the hordes of Turks and Bulgarians. In Constantinople, he said, there are now 364,459 Greeks and a total of 724,559 Christians and Jews as against 440,114 Turks. In Asia Minor he said there are 1,617,000 Greeks and in Smyrna more than twice as many Greeks as Turks. In northern Epirus the Greeks numbered 107,557, in the Dodecanese islands, the Twelve islands of the Aegean, there were 129,727 Greeks.

In Thrace, he said, the Greek cities of Yantli and Ghioumoudjina were handed

Mothers Have Stopped Coughs For 60 Years



with Gray's Syrup. They know how quickly stubborn coughs and colds yield to its soothing and healing influence. It will ease the throat, loosen a tight dry cough and raise offending phlegm with surprising quickness. If you have a cough try it at once and know the real comfort it brings.

Do not let coughs get started. Break them up by the prompt use of Gray's Syrup. Always keep the Large Size on hand. Be prepared to take coughs and colds in time and avoid more serious complications.

Ask Your Druggist For the Large Size

GRAY'S SYRUP of RED SPRUCE GUM

Montreal D. WATSON & CO., New York

over to the Bulgars by the treaty of Bucharest, while there were more Greeks than Turks in the vilayet of Adrianople, the second city of the Turkish empire.

Area in Grain Sorghum Increasing.

Grain sorghum area increased from 3,944,000 acres in 1916 to 5,153,000 in 1917, or more than 30 per cent, while the production increased from 53,858,000 to 75,866,000 bushels, or over 40 per cent. This largely increased quantity of grain was consumed through the ordinary channels without any undue drop in price. Farmers report excellent results from dwarf milo and dawn kafir, the varieties bred and distributed by the United States department of agriculture, and the demand for seed increases. In parts of Arizona and California dwarf milo is grown successfully on irrigated land after barley is harvested, thus enabling the grower to produce two grain crops on the same land in one year.

Two Bites and a Sup.

While many of our familiar comparisons have been scrapped by modern conditions, new comparisons are taking their places—for example: "As quickly over as a movie meal."—Boston Transcript.

The DIET During and After INFLUENZA

The Old Reliable Round Package



Horlick's Malted Milk

Very Nutritious, Digestible The REAL Food-Drink, instantly prepared. Made by the ORIGINAL Horlick process and from carefully selected materials.

Used successfully over 1/4 century. Endorsed by physicians everywhere. Ask for Horlick's The Original

Thus Avoiding Imitations

THERE ARE ONLY 21 MORE SHOPPING DAYS BEFORE CHRISTMAS

The Rexall Store

Safety Razors

- Gillette \$5.00 to \$9.00
- Ever Ready \$1.00
- Gem, Jr. \$1.00
- Durham Duplex . . \$1-\$3.50

Ivory Pyralin

- Combs
 - Mirrors
 - Manicure Sets
 - Toilet Sets
 - Brushes
 - Military Brushes
- at before the war prices

Shaving Sets and Shaving Stands

- in Nickel and Parisian
- Ivory
- Extension Shaving
- Mirrors \$3.50 to \$4.50



Symphony Lawn Stationery

For your polite correspondence

- Correspondence Cards, 4 tints, gold edges, 50c—\$1.00
- Box Paper 60c—\$3.00
- Other Box Paper 25c—\$1.25

Fountain Pens, all prices

FREE—REXALL CALENDAR and Weather Chart with every \$1 purchase this week

EXTRA SPECIAL 39c for your old Hot Water Bottle in exchange for a new one selling at \$2.00 or more

Good fresh stock of Cigars in boxes for the holiday trade

Rexall Co-operative Coupons with every purchase during the Christmas holidays. You can get your Community Silver, Dishes, etc., with half money and the rest in coupons.

Thermos Bottles

and Workmen's Lunch Sets at from \$2.50 to \$5.75

Perfumes and Toilet Waters

- Hudnut's,
 - Harmony,
 - Godet's,
 - Violet Dulce
 - Jonteel
 - and Palmer's,
- in bottles and packages selling at 25c to \$3.50

Fit-All Traveling Cases

A useful article for either lady or gentleman Leather, Khaki, at from \$2.50 to \$6.00

The Red Cross Pharmacy