

STATE TROOPS CONTROL BOSTON: UNIONS TO VOTE ON GENERAL STRIKE PLAN

The Third Night Following Policemen's Strike Was Comparatively Calm, and Little Difficulty Was Experienced in Breaking Up Crowds Except in One or Two Sections.

REGULAR ARMY TROOPS ARE NOW BEING PREPARED

Death List to Date Is Seven—Action of the Various Branches of the Central Labor Union on Question of Sympathetic Strike Is Now Being Awaited With Some Feeling of Uncertainty.

Boston, Sept. 12.—The government and laws of the commonwealth of Massachusetts cannot be arbitrated. This declaration from the State House to-day was in response to an incessant public demand to know the attitude of the state toward the striking policemen and suggestions of compromise.

The governor's intimation that the fate of the striking policemen, so far as the state is concerned, was in the hands of Police Commissioner Curtis, led to inquiries at the latter's office about his position. The commissioner could not be reached, but his counsel, James H. Devlin, Jr., said: "In my opinion the policemen who left their posts have worn the uniform of the Boston police force for the last time. While the commissioner has not acted on this particular point of reinstatement, I feel certain that the men who struck have separated themselves finally from the department."

Soldiers of the state guard continued in charge of the streets, aided by the force of volunteer policemen and such members of the regular force as had refused to desert their posts. Little difficulty was experienced in breaking up the crowds, except in one or two sections.

Further confidence in the ability of the authorities to maintain the upper hand was inspired by reports from the harbor forts, Camp Devens and army posts in New York and New Jersey of active preparations to send regular army troops here if an emergency call should be made.

Military leaders estimated that 18,000 regulars could reach the city within 12 hours.

The death list as a direct result of the strike, now in its third day, stood to-day at seven. Several of the fatalities were due to firing by guardsmen into mobs found breaking windows and looting stores, while two resulted from efforts of soldiers to break up dice games which during the first two days were played openly in the streets and on Boston Common.

Another of the Boston striking policemen shot down by a storekeeper who feared his place of business was about to be sacked.

The action of the constituent bodies of the Central Labor union on the question of going out in support of the policemen was being awaited with some uncertainty.

STORM HEADED FOR TEXAS. Winds of Gale Intensity Predicted for Next 24 Hours Along Coast.

New Orleans, Sept. 12.—The tropical hurricane in the gulf, which has caused storm damage on the Florida coast since Tuesday night, is headed westward for the Texas coast. Storm warnings were ordered up to-day from Port Arthur to Corpus Christi, with winds of gale intensity predicted during the next 24 hours.

CLAIM PERSECUTION. Russians in Galicia and Bukovina Appeal to the United States.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 12.—Complaining of alleged suppression and persecution of the Russian race in Galicia and Bukovina by Poles, Magyars and Carpatho-Russian nationality at Paris, has addressed a petition to President Wilson and Congress in which they demand union of their people with greater Russia.

Numerous instances are cited of oppression of Russian peasants because of race and religion by members of the dominant races. It is asserted that the Red Russians have suffered persecution for six hundred years as first one nationality and then another gained the ascendancy over them, and that they are now threatened with extinction unless permitted by the peace conference to unite with their co-nationals on the farther side of the Carpathians.

BULGARIA WILL GET HER TREATY TUESDAY

Greek and Rumanian Delegations Have Filed Additional Protests Against Territorial and Economic Sections.

Paris, Sept. 12.—The treaty with Bulgaria probably will be handed that nation's representatives on Tuesday. The Greek and Rumanian delegations have filed additional protests against the territorial and economic sections of the treaty which may result in changes being made in the text.

NO GREAT WHEAT RESERVES.

Rumors from Ukraine and Southern Russia are Groundless.

Paris, Sept. 12.—Advices from American Red Cross investigators at Poltava, southern Russia, received in Paris to-day, state that reports of an enormous grain surplus in Ukraine and southern Russia, which have disturbed American wheat growers with visions of a tumbling market, may be dismissed as groundless.

GERMANY CAN PAY.

All the Financial Claims Put in by France.

Paris, Thursday, Sept. 11.—Speaking in the Chamber of Deputies to-day, Louis Loucheur, minister of reconstruction, declared that the French financial claims upon Germany in no wise exceed the latter's capacity to pay. He added the Germans have always been hard workers and possessed of much commercial, industrial and agricultural initiative and pointed out the yield of grain per acre has always been higher in Germany than in France. He declared that it was reasonable to expect that every German activity would be devoted to the task before that country.

BRITISH BOOMED WELCOME.

When Secretary of Navy Daniels Arrived at Victoria, B. C.

Victoria, B. C., Sept. 12 (By the Associated Press).—With shore batteries and ship guns booming their salutes in a drizzling rain, the U. S. Navy's New Mexico and Arkansas, with Secretary of the Navy Daniels and Admiral Hugh Rodman aboard, conveyed by a division of destroyers, dropped anchor in Victoria harbor late yesterday.

RELIEVING CAR SHORTAGE.

Railroad Administration Turning Out 334 Freight Cars a Day.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 12.—New freight cars are being placed in service by the railroad administration at the rate of 834 per day and every effort is being made to relieve car shortage occasioned by the movement of fall crops and reviving business, Director General Hines announced to-day.

AMERICAN MONEY AIDING.

To Extend Credit to Polish Cities to Meet Their Needs.

Basle, Sept. 12 (Havas).—An American company having a capital of \$100,000,000, is being organized in Poland to extend credits to Polish cities so they may meet their necessities, especially for the construction of canals, water plants and hospitals, according to the Voiesische Zeitung of Berlin.

ARTHUR HENDERSON RE-ELECTED.

Gets Back in House of Commons in By-Election.

CANADA ACCEPTS UNQUALIFIEDLY

No Reservations to Treaty of Peace Made by Parliament

HOUSE OF COMMONS ASSENTED TO-DAY

Notification Will Be Immediately Forwarded to London

Ottawa, Sept. 12.—The House of Commons assented without reservation to-day to the treaty of peace with Germany. Both houses of Parliament now have ratified the treaty and notification to this effect was forwarded immediately to the British government.

When approval of all the overseas Parliaments has been received Great Britain will deposit formal ratification at Paris.

The Canadian House adopted the government motion to approve the treaty after a four days' debate. There was only one amendment, it came from W. S. Fielding, former minister of finance in the Laurier government, who sought to modify the government motion by adding that, in giving approval, the House "in no way assents to any impairment of the existing autonomous authority of the Dominion, but declares that the question of what part, if any, the forces of Canada shall take in any war, actual or threatened, is one to be determined at all times as occasion may require by the people of Canada through their representatives in Parliament."

The amendment was defeated by 102 votes to 70, and there was no further division.

DEMANDS WITHDRAWAL OF BRITISH TROOPS

British Labor Union Congress Also Demands Winston Spencer Churchill, British Secretary for War.

Glasgow, Sept. 12.—A slashing indictment of Winston Spencer Churchill, the secretary for war, for his declaration yesterday regarding the delay in the evacuation of north Russia by British troops, was delivered by James Henry Thomas, labor member of Parliament, at the resumption of the sessions of the Trades Union Congress here to-day. Mr. Thomas moved a resolution demanding that the troops be withdrawn from Russia.

Secretary Churchill, Mr. Thomas said, had not answered the recent indictment by Lieutenant Colonel Sherwood Kelly, a volunteer officer in the north Russian relief force, that British lives were being thrown away in the Archangel region, but, on the contrary, the secretary had threatened to punish the colonel.

The congress enthusiastically adopted the Thomas resolution, which besides demanding the immediate withdrawal of the troops from Russia, demanded the repeal of the conscription act. It provided for the calling of a special Parliament for the taking of decided action if the demands be not satisfactorily met.

In his statement on the north Russian situation, War Secretary Churchill had declared the policy of evacuation of north Russia "to be a general one, to be adhered to but that the evacuation had been retarded, owing to the necessity of bringing out many Russians who were in danger of their lives from bolshevik vengeance, as well as women and children. He denied that British troops had been employed or that the British government had accepted any responsibility in operations against Petrograd.

NO ARMED INTERVENTION.

So. Gen. Oregon Sizes Up Sentiment in the United States.

Nogales, Ariz., Sept. 12.—The majority of the American people reject the idea of armed intervention in Mexico, Gen. Alvaro Obregon said in a formal statement here before departing for a tour of Mexico in the interest of his candidacy for the president of the republic.

"I conclude this from an intimate knowledge of the American people," Gen. Obregon said, "whom I always have found to be possessed of a great spirit of brotherhood and fraternity.

"It is inconceivable that the United States should wage war on a neighboring country only because of inherent discontent caused by abnormal conditions created through civil war which the Mexican people have been forced into exacting for the same reason which brought about the world war."

General Obregon expressed regret at the recurrence of incidents which bring detriment to the harmony and good understanding between the two countries and urged American citizens to beware of misleading propaganda.

SLIPPERY TRACKS ONE THEORY.

As to Cause of Train Wreck, in Which One Man Was Killed.

Meriden, Conn., Sept. 12.—An inquiry was begun to-day by Coroner Mix into the freight train accident of last night, in which Francis McGraw, fireman, 19, of New Haven, was killed, and Conductor Wesley Williams and brakeman John Griffin, both of New Haven, were very seriously hurt. Engineer Joseph Schipper of the train is under a doctor's care at his home in West Haven. Whether slippery tracks or misjudgment of distance was a cause of the crash is to be determined by the coroner.

McGraw was the son of Andrew J. McGraw of Old Lyme, and the body will be taken there for burial to-morrow.

13-YEAR-OLD GIRL MISSING.

Madeline Marshay Left Home in Burlington to Go to School.

Burlington, Sept. 12.—Disappearing in a very mysterious manner shortly before 9 o'clock on Wednesday morning at the Lawrence Barnes school on North street, Madeline Marshay, the 13-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Marshay, is being sought by the local police and members of the Marshay family.

Where the young girl would have gone to is unexplainable to the parents, who state that she was a good girl and has no acquaintances who might have enticed her away.

The girl went to a store near her home early in the morning to get a writing tablet to take to school and brought back some change to her mother. At the time, she complained of having a toothache and of feeling miserable. Her mother sent her to school, however, telling her that if she did not feel better to ask permission to go home.

She was accompanied from the Marshay home by a younger sister and they walked along together until the school was reached. Here the younger sister went into her room but Madeline did not enter the building but kept walking along up North street. The family did not think anything of her disappearance until late in the afternoon when she was investigated. They reported the disappearance to the police yesterday morning.

The girl is about four feet tall, weighs about 120 pounds, being stockily built, is of dark complexion, with light brown hair, wore a white dress with a blue sash, white shoes and stockings and a khaki coat coming below her knees. There are two scars on her face, one over each eye, and one on the left hand between the thumb and forefinger.

CALLS PLUMB PLAN HOSTILE TO PUBLIC GOOD

Edgar J. Rich Tells House Interstate Commerce Committee That It Is a "Perversion" of Socialism.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 12.—The Plumb plan for tripartite control of the railroads under government ownership must be "buried beyond all hope" if it is not to be made a "rallying point" for the nationalization of all industry, Edgar J. Rich, transportation counsel for the Associated Industries of Massachusetts, declared to-day before the House interstate commerce committee, considering legislation for final disposition of the railroads.

Mr. Rich, who also spoke for the manufacturing associations of 22 states and the Massachusetts Chamber of Commerce, said the Plumb plan, like bolshevism, was a "perversion" of the principle of socialism in that it would benefit only one class and deny the socialist theory of "the general public good."

The railroads under the plan, he said, would be operated "for the benefit of the workers," while the public would assume all loss.

The greatest defect of the plan, he declared, is that the two-thirds representation given the workers and railroad officers on the proposed wage fixing board would enable the workers to "dominate" the board and fix their own wages regardless of revenues, with the public to stand any resultant losses.

The "author of the plan," said Mr. Rich, "claims there would be an incentive for efficient operation because every worker would be entitled to a share in the surplus. But after the employees had helped themselves to what wages they wanted, does anyone believe there would be any surplus? Why should the employees care to accumulate a surplus, one-half of which they can have, when they can get the whole and more by adjusting their own wages?"

BIBLE CORDIALLY ACCEPTED.

By President Clemenceau of the Peace Conference.

New York, Sept. 12.—The specially-bound copy of the Bible, prepared by the American Bible society and sent to the peace conference by President Wilson, was "very cordially accepted" by Premier Clemenceau, president of the conference, according to a message from President Wilson to General Secretary Mann of the society, made public here to-day.

The society sent also to the conference a memorandum urging that religious freedom for all the nations of the world be included in the peace treaties. "Particular attention" was paid to this subject, the president said. His message, sent through Secretary Tumulty, follows:

"The president asks me to say that he did present the Bible and it was very cordially accepted by the president of the peace conference, Mr. Clemenceau. Every effort was made by the peace conference to secure complete religious freedom throughout the world. Particular attention was paid to the matter in the treaties formulated with the new countries where religious minorities were particularly protected and also in the provisions for territories which were to be put under mandate."

STRIKES AT MARSEILLES.

Many Workmen Idle and Situation is Growing More Serious.

Marseilles, Thursday, Sept. 11.—While the strike here cannot be said strictly to be general, two of the principal unions, the tramways' employees and the teamsters, have called out their members. A very large number of workmen are idle and the situation is growing more serious. There is no gas and the greater part of the city was in darkness to-night.

GIVE "MORAL SUPPORT"

But No Order Issued for Boston Electrical Workers to Strike.

Springfield, Ill., Sept. 12.—Authorization has not been given by the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers for a strike of electrical workers at Boston in sympathy with striking policemen, Charles P. Ford international secretary, said to-day. Boston locals, he stated, were requested to give "moral support" to the police walkout.

NOT APPOINTED MINISTER

But Former German Official Is in Argentina on "Private Errand."

Berlin, Thursday, Sept. 11 (By the Associated Press).—Announcement is made that Baron Von Dem Bunsche-Haddenhausen, former secretary of foreign affairs, has not been appointed German minister to Argentina, a post which he held some years ago. He now is in Argentina on what is described as a "private errand."

COAL STRIKE MAY END SOON

Miners of Delaware & Hudson Co. Are Expected to Resume Monday

Others Are Thought Likely to End Unauthorized Walkout at Once

Scranton, Pa., Sept. 12.—The Delaware and Hudson coal company strikers are weakening and it is expected that by Monday all of them will be back at work.

The Delaware, Lackawanna and Western company strikers are also expected to return to work forthwith. Thus the unauthorized walkout of 26,000 mine workers will come to an end. Three of the largest mines of the Hudson company have voted to return to work and the union officials believe, will be followed by the others on strike.

The Lackawanna company men have called a mass meeting for Sunday to discuss the matter. They have formulated demands which include condemnation of the mine administration of the government for bad treatment of the men; abolition of excessive dockage; abolition of excessive penalizing for impure coal; \$2 per day increase for laborers; compliance with decisions of the umpire; speedier adjustment of grievances.

SEARCHED SINN FEIN PLACES.

Strong Force of Soldiers Active in Southern Ireland.

Dublin, Sept. 12.—A strong force of soldiers this morning searched the Sinn Fein headquarters in this city.

At Skibbereen, in the southwestern part of County Cork, armed police raided a newspaper office, also a number of private residences.

Two Sinn Fein members of the House of Commons were detained in Dublin after the search here, while the houses of other Sinn Fein members of the Commons are under visitation.

Cork, Sept. 12.—Sinn Fein clubs in this city were raided this morning by armed police, who conducted searches while soldiers stood guard outside. The unoccupied Sinn Fein headquarters also was broken into, but it is understood that nothing of importance was discovered there.

Belfast, Sept. 12.—Military and police activity was everywhere in evidence to-day against the Sinn Fein organization. Raids were carried out in Belfast, at Lisburn, Derry, Dundalk, Leitrim and Enniskillen. A quantity of the high explosive, gelatinite, was seized at the Derry Sinn Fein headquarters.

In the same town the occupants of a house, which was being searched, confronted the police with two revolvers, but were overpowered.

IGNORED WILSON'S REQUEST.

House Appropriations Committee Did Not Consider Expense Account.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 12.—President Wilson's request of Congress that \$225,000 be appropriated for expenses of the American peace commission failed to be considered in the framing of the deficiency bill reported yesterday for passage by the House appropriations committee.

The measure, however, reimburses the state department for \$388,000 advanced to the commission, and committee members explained that this was regarded as a charge against the account asked by the president.

No further action on the commission's expenses is contemplated, members of the committee announced, until detailed information of the expenses is presented to the committee.

REAR-END COLLISION.

Of Automobiles on Way to State Fair Is Reported.

Harry A. Black, secretary of state, this morning reported the report of the accident in which the automobile driven by W. E. Tucker of Orange was involved. The report is up to date, to say the least, for the accident, according to the report, occurred "Sept. 17" while the date of the report is "Sept. 18." It appears from the report that his automobile ran into the rear of the machine of E. A. Reynolds on the way to the state fair. A little damage was done to each machine. Mr. Tucker claims the Reynolds car came into the road so quickly in front of him that he could not avoid hitting the machine.

J. A. Jacobs of Braintree reported that an accident took place between Sharon and South Royalton the 8th, and that his bumper was damaged.

PERU NEWSPAPERS RAIDED.

Mobs Partly Burned Their Offices at Lima.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 12.—Offices of La Prensa and El Comercio, newspapers of Lima, Peru, were attacked by mobs yesterday and partly burned, according to to-day's advices to the foreign embassy. The home of Miro Quesada, proprietor of El Comercio, was totally destroyed by fire. The disorder followed a mass meeting of protest against conspirators who had plotted to attack President Leguia, after the government had ordered the imprisonment of several of the conspirators.

TRUSTEES CAPTURED

After Night of Liberty from Berkshire County Jail.

E. A. HARRIS BECOMES ASSISTANT MANAGER OF ROWER COMPANY

Will Come from Montpelier to Barre to Take Charge of Barre Office and Will Bring Part of the Office Force of Montpelier & Barre Light & Power Company.

With the appointment of E. A. Harris of Montpelier as successor to C. F. Miller as Barre representative of the Montpelier & Barre Light & Power company, announcement of which was made to-day, comes a readjustment in the administrative affairs of the company whereby the Barre district becomes set apart from the Montpelier district for the immediate handling of the company's interests. That is, the consumers' accounts in the Barre district, embracing Barre, East Barre, the quarry section, Williamstown and Washington, will be taken care of in the Barre office. This change will necessitate the transfer of several employees of the company from the Montpelier office to Barre along with Mr. Harris.

Residing serving as manager of the Barre office, Mr. Harris becomes promoted to the position of assistant manager of the company, the manager being C. J. Cookson, who was recently appointed to the position and who will continue to have his headquarters in the Montpelier office. The Barre headquarters will remain in the Aldrich building at the corner of North Main and Elm streets, and in order to accommodate the increased clerical force some changes will be made in the office arrangements. Announcement of the persons to be transferred has not been made.

The formal change will go into effect on Oct. 1, and Assistant Manager Harris will move with his family to Barre as soon as house accommodations can be secured.

During the past three years Mr. Harris has been office manager of the company in Montpelier, having come from Malden, Mass., where he was first a cashier and then office manager of the Malden Electric company, his term of service with that company extending over four and one-half years. Prior to that he was with the Haverhill, Mass., Electric company, which is also under the control of the Tenney company. He has also had some banking experience, having entered that employment on leaving school.

Since he has been with the Montpelier & Barre Light & Power company, Mr. Harris has come into business relations with the patrons of the company to a certain extent and is highly spoken of by them, as well as by business associates in Montpelier.

The position of office manager in Montpelier, made vacant by Mr. Harris' promotion and transfer, will be filled by L. B. Provost, who was chief clerk with the old Consolidated Lighting company before it was taken over by the Tenney concern and who has held the same position with the Montpelier & Barre Light & Power company.

SILVER WEDDING ANNIVERSARY

Of Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Reynolds Was Observed Last Evening.

The Howland hall was the scene of a pleasant gathering last evening to celebrate the 25th wedding anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. William G. Reynolds. The couple were invited to attend after the guests were all there to welcome them and Mr. and Mrs. Reynolds were ushered to the wedding arch to the strains of Lohengrin's wedding march as played by Carroll's orchestra.

Congratulations were extended to the couple and then all joined merrily and willingly in the dance order as played by Carroll's orchestra.

At intermission Mr. and Mrs. Reynolds were presented a beautiful cut glass dish having silver deposit finish, and also a bridal bouquet, the gifts coming from their many friends present. Rev. J. B. Reardon made the presentation speech in appropriate and felicitous words, after which Mr. Reynolds extended thanks in behalf of his wife and himself in brief but appreciative remarks.

Refreshments were served, the bride and groom cutting an immense bride cake and the groom cutting the wedding cake. Marion Tilden, Evelyn Drew and Ruth Averill assisted in serving, and the refreshments were in charge of Mrs. Douglas Barley, Mrs. E. M. Tobin and Mrs. William Holden, who had general committee in charge of the observance consisted of the above-mentioned ladies and E. M. Tobin.

During the evening vocal solos were given by Miss Leone Reynolds, Mrs. William Holden and James Bennett, the numbers being very well received and adding much to the enjoyment of a celebration which was thoroughly enjoyed by all.

Mr. and Mrs. Reynolds were married in Barre quarter of a century ago by Rev. B. Walter Jones, then the pastor of the Universalist church. The bride was Miss Anna Taplin of Barre.

STONE FELL ON MEN.

Henry Abair and Angelo Sella Were Considerably Cut.

A three-quarter-ton stone mounted on a small truck in the stone yard of Mr. Abair and Abair toppled onto two men, Henry Abair of 90 Prospect street, and Angelo Sella of Vine street, as the men were pushing the load of stone along the small track going from the shed to the yard to-day. Both had their shoulder against the truck and their heads down when the granite block became unbalanced and pinned them to the ground.

Abair, a lad of 21, and the smaller of the two men, suffered the most from the accident, as the stone struck him upon the back and shoulder, as well as inflicting a deep cut of two or three inches on the right side of his head. Sella, a man of large stature, was also badly bruised and he, too, was severely cut, for several stitches were required to close the wound of 3 1/2 inches long and about half an inch deep on the left side of the head, a little below the most from the accident, as the stone struck him upon the back and shoulder, as well as inflicting a deep cut of two or three inches on the right side of his head. 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