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VOLUME V. ASHEVILLE, N. C., THURSDAY, JANUARY 7, 1890. NUMBER 230.

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BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL,
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FIFTEEN YEARS' EXPERIENCE IN NEW YORK AND BROOKLYN.
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That new and desirable house, until recently occupied by Mrs. Tennent, on Clayton street, and well furnished, will be rented on
Reasonable Terms,
To an early applicant. Address
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Mill and Factory grades a specialty. Quotations and samples free. feb16d1y

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Asheville Wood Yard
Buy your Wood by the Cord, sawed and split, ready for use.
Stove Wood,
Fireplace Wood,
Cord Wood
On hand and for sale at yard at Depot, near Furniture Factory, or leave orders at office, South Court House Square, next door to Wolfe Building, and have it delivered.
jan3 d1w C. E. MOODY.

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feb20d1y

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CHEMICAL AND ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES
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H. C. Woltereck & Co.
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Analyses of Metals, Ores, Coal or Coke, Mineral Waters, Fertilizers, etc.
PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION.
Mining property investigated, developed, bought and sold.
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DR. H. C. WOLTERECK, Manager.
nov5 d&w1y

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Notary Public. Commissioners of Deeds.
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OFFICE—Southeast Court Square.

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Unexcelled cuisine.
Popular with tourists, families and business men.
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Four bright, active young men from 20 to 35 years of age to work for responsible house. An opportunity to make money will be given to the right men. Apply at our office between 10 a. m. and 3 p. m.
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Real Estate and Insurance Brokers,
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WE DO NOT SELL CHEAP DRUGS, but WILL SELL YOU DRUGS CHEAP, and if you don't believe what we say give us a trial and be convinced. Our prescription department is excelled by none. It is equipped with the best goods that money can buy from E. Merck, E. R. Squibb, Parke, Davis & Co., Jno. Wyeth & Bro., and from other leading manufacturing chemists in this country and Europe, whose goods for purity cannot be questioned. Prescriptions filled at all hours, day or night, and delivered free of charge to any part of the city. Our stock of Drugs, Patent Medicines and Druggists' Sundries is complete, and at prices that defy competition. Don't forget the place, No. 20 S. Main street, where you will at all times be served by competent prescriptionists.

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DEALER IN
FINE GROCERIES.
Purveyor to intelligent and appreciative Asheville and American families. Palates and tastes of people who believe in good living cannot be humbugged by "Cheap John" goods. Cheap goods and first-quality are not synonymous. I have in stock and to arrive, all seasonable specialties, comprising in part Fruits, Oranges, Lemons, Cranberries, Raisins, Figs, Nuts, etc.
Miscellaneous—Choice O.K. New Orleans Molasses, for table use, Prime New Orleans Molasses, for cooking. Extra fine Assortment of Crackers. Fine Teas and Coffees a specialty.
Mince Meats—Gordon & Dilworth's, and other brands. Plum Pudding, Calf's Foot Jelly, etc. Pressed and Crystalized Ginger. Shad Roe in kits. Roe Herrings and all other goods in demand for the Holidays. S. R. KEPLER.

SACRIFICE SALE!
For a few days only, in order to add to our Cash and diminish our Merchandise before taking an inventory, we shall sell almost every item in the house at a large reduction.
Please remember that the Special Sale will be of short duration.
H. REDWOOD & CO.
Clothing, Dry Goods, Shoes, Hats, Fancy Goods, Carpets, &c.
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HORSES TO HIRE.
Three or four Good Saddle Horses to hire by day, week or month.

FOR SALE.
Three good Two-Horse Wagons and teams for sale on six months' time.
Apply to
REYNOLDS & SPEARS.
jan7 d5t

JUNK STORE.
Old Clothes, Rags, Iron, Shoes, Rubbers, Furniture—anything second hand. Highest prices paid in cash. Address by mail
B. ZAGIER,
jan7 d2w 73 N. Main street.

CAROLINA HOUSE,
ASHEVILLE, N. C.
W. A. James, Jr., Prop'r.
Rooms Refitted. New Furniture
Good Table.
Terms Reasonable.
jan7 d1m

BOY WANTED.
About 14 or 15 years of age. Address, in own handwriting, J. S. DUNN, Box 96.

FIFTY-FIRST CONGRESS.

THE REASSEMBLING AFTER THE RECESS.

Slim Attendance in Both Houses—Mr. Call Seems to Have His Eye on Cuba—Randall to be Sworn in at His House.

WASHINGTON, January 6.—SENATE.—The Senate re-assembled at noon after the holiday recess, with the vice-president in the chair, and with less than a quorum of senators in the chamber.

Among the bills introduced for reference were the following:

By Mr. Reagan, to prevent the transportation of merchandise in bond from the ports and territory of the United States into the republic of Mexico, and to restore that privilege when the Zona Libra along the boundary between the two countries is abolished.

By Mr. Cullom, (by request) authorizing the secretary of the treasury to loan money to farmers at two per cent.

By Mr. Hale, for the appointment and retirement of John C. Fremont as major general in the United States army (the bill that passed the senate last congress).

By Mr. Chandler, proposing an amendment to the constitution so that, if any State shall fail to enact or effectually to enforce laws against murder and other felonies, congress may prohibit for punishing those crimes within such State.

Mr. Call offered a long preamble and resolution in regard to the island of Cuba, and asked for immediate action. It states that there is reason to believe that the debt of that island as consolidated by the decree of the Queen of Spain of May 10, 1886, ($124,000,000 at six per cent) is now in the hands of German bankers and subject to the control, more or less actual and direct, of the government of the German Empire; that by a subsequent decree, dated November 19, 1886, such debt was converted into a new one, bearing less interest, but for a larger amount, and is subject to the same conditions and guarantees; that this debt is secured by a special mortgage of customs revenue of the island of Cuba and of all taxes, direct or indirect; that under the ordinary course of events, and the financial condition of both Cuba and Spain, it is more than probable that neither Cuba nor Spain will be able to meet their obligations and to pay either the principal or interest when they become due; that under these circumstances and for all practical purposes, political as well as financial, the control of the island of Cuba has been transferred to the government of the German Empire; that the immediate consequence of such a state of affairs is an alliance between Spain and Germany not less binding and powerful because of it being unwritten, whereby the German government becomes interested in assisting Spain to perpetuate her sovereignty in Cuba, thus interfering with the historical laws and principles which must rule in the American hemisphere; that such condition of things is not only contrary to the traditional policy of the United States and to its most cherished tenets, but constitutes a menace to the best interests of the United States as well as to the best interests of the whole sisterhood of American republics; and the resolution therefore declares that in the sense of the senate everything done or attempted in the island of Cuba tending in any way whatever to a transfer of the financial and political control of Cuba to any European power is contrary to the policy and to the best interests of the United States, and must be discountenanced and protested against. It also requests the President to furnish to the senate such information as may be in possession of the State department in regard to the matter, so as to enable the senate in its executive capacity, or otherwise, to take such action as may be deemed proper under the circumstances.

Mr. Sherman—I object to the present consideration of the resolution unless to have it referred to the committee on foreign relations.

Mr. Call—I have no objection to that reference.

The resolution was therefore referred to the committee on foreign relations.

A bill amending the census act by increasing the pay of supervisors to one thousand dollars was passed.

The calendar was then taken up.

A bill further to provide for the disposal of certain public lands in Alabama having been reached, Mr. Morgan explained its purpose and advocated its passage. He explained that the general government owned in Alabama about 200 [illegible] reserved [illegible] general [illegible] to give [illegible] apply the royalty [illegible] maintenance of a school for [illegible] and metallurgy.

The objections to the bill were stated by Mr. Hale and Mr. Hoar, to which Mr. Morgan. After a long discussion the bill went over without action. Executive session, then adjourned.

HOUSE.—Mr. Carlisle, of Kentucky, offered a resolution authorizing the Speaker to administer the oath of office to Mr. Randall, of Pennsylvania, at his residence in Washington; and further authorizing Messrs Wilbur of New York, and Whitnorne, of Tennessee, to take the oaths of office before the proper officers. Adopted.

[illegible] were referred.

By Mr. [illegible], for the Marine Hospital at Pensacola, Fla.

By Mr. [illegible] of Georgia, transferring the executive department to change the extradition laws with Great Britain, so that, person charged with grand larceny, embezzlement and other crimes may be extradited from Canada.

By Mr. Lester, of Georgia, for the erection of a custom house at Brunswick, Georgia.

By Mr. Phelson, of Tennessee, for the appointment of a yellow fever commission and to provide for the cooperation of Spain and Mexico; also, to extend the limits of the port of Memphis.

By Mr. Stewart, of Texas, to simplify cotton bagging from duty.

By Mr. Breckenridge, of Kentucky, for the erection of a monument to Zach Taylor. Adjourned.

Quiet Elections in Mississippi.

NEW ORLEANS, January 6.—[illegible] to the Associated Press from Jackson, Miss., at 10 p. m. says: Voting is progressing slowly and quietly. Thus far no negroes have made application to vote, and as long as such is the case trouble is not likely to occur. It is intimated that an attempt will be made to vote them en masse, at least in the south ward, where Morgan, candidate for mayor has a fair chance of election. If such is the case a difficulty can hardly be avoided. Many negroes favor the Henry ticket or are neutral."

THE KNIFFIN TRAGEDY.

Attempted Suicide of Dr. Kniffin, Charged With the Crime.

TRENTON, N. J., January 6.—Dr. Kniffin, husband of the woman found smothered to death in bed last Friday morning, took an ounce of aconite and gashed his wrists and throat with a razor at his home between 1 and 3 o'clock this morning. Doctors Shepherd and Cooper were summoned and had no trouble in stopping the flow of blood. The jugular vein was not touched; the cut in the throat is four inches long, but the wounds in the wrists are not at all serious. Owing to the largeness of the dose of aconite, it acted as an emetic and was all thrown off. Dr. Kniffin is out of danger. He says he tried to kill himself, because he was distressed at the strong tide of public feeling against him.

Davis Memorial Association.

RICHMOND, Va., January 6.—A bill was introduced in the legislature to-day to incorporate the Jefferson Davis Monumental Association and to provide said association place for the remains, with the consent of the living kindred, and the interment of other members of his family in the same place.

A letter received here to-day from United States Senator John W. Daniel announce his sickness at Lynchburg with a severe case of la grippe, and therefore he is unable to set a day for the delivery of the memorial address on Jefferson Davis, in conformity with the request of the legislature.

Railroad Dividend Declared.

NEW YORK, January 6.—The directors of the Louisville & Nashville company to-day declared a semi-annual dividend of 3 per cent on the stock of that company. The statement for six months ending December 31st, 1889, shows gross earnings $9,904,933, an increase of $1,397,075 over the corresponding period of the preceding year. Operating expenses, $5,646,219, an increase of $553,645; net earnings, $4,058,714, an increase of $843,430. Total income, applicable to dividends, $1,879,903, an increase of $766,667. The amount of dividend just declared is $993,384, leaving a surplus for operations of six months of $817,419.

Another Battle in Africa.

ZANZIBAR, January 6.—Another engagement has taken place between insargent natives and the forces commanded by Major Wissmann. After severe fighting Major Wissmann succeeded in capturing Bwamiheri's fortified position near Soodaini. Many of the natives were driven from their position. They left behind them rifles and ammunition of all kinds.

Col. Evan Smith, British Consul-General here, to-day presented to the Sultan an autograph letter from Queen Victoria. The Soltan thereupon ordered that a Royal salute be fired in honor of the queen.

The North Carolina Bond Cases.

WASHINGTON, January 6.—The supreme court to-day assigned what are known as the North Carolina bond cases, involving the validity of about $10,000,000 worth of bonds for argument on the 20th instant. These cases have been pending for more than a year, the court declining to assign them for hearing during the last term for the reason, it is understood, that Justice Matthews was ill and the court was nearly evenly divided on the question at issue.

Associate Justice Sworn In.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 6.—Judge David J. Brewer was sworn in as an associate justice in the supreme court of the United States at noon to-day, and immediately took his seat upon the bench. The ceremony was performed in the court room in the presence of a large audience immediately after the assembling of the court at noon.

Joiner Changes His Venue.

RALEIGH, January 6.—The News and Oserver has learned that Joiner's story is substantially true, the circumstances having occurred near Asheboro, in Randolph county, nearly a hundred miles distant from Holly Springs, Wake county. The people there are said to be quite content with their action in the premises.

Munificent Contribution.

ATLANTA, Ga., January 6.—The Boston merchants association, in a letter from President Jonathan A. Lane to L. S. Luman, sends $1,000 to the Grady monument fund. This is the largest subscription yet received.

STATE NEWS.

Winston Republican: A prisoner by the name of Mitchell broke jail at Wilkesboro December 16th by burning a hole in the wall. He went up the river and stealing a quantity of clothing from Mr. Frank Williams the next day was captured and brought back. His first offence was conviction for stealing a pair of shoes.——The Baptist Orphanage at Thomasville is in a flourishing condition. The Board of Trustees at a recent meeting made a gratifying report. The nursery, a fine, large brick building, is about finished. Two more buildings are to be created; one for a bath house, the other to provide accommodations for more children. There are upwards of a hundred orphans at the orphanage and they are well cared for.——Mr. John Lancaster tells us that he was out hunting during the holidays and flushed a partridge that gave evidence of being wounded. A search resulted in the finding of a nest containing eleven eggs, a sight quite uncommon at this season of the year.

The Fayetteville Observer says: Parties from Robeson this week inform us of the arrest and capture of Purdie Jacobs, near Scuffletown, in that county, Christmas day, by C. F. Lowrie. Jacobs is the terror of the community in which he resides, and a reward of $200 was offered for his arrest at the time of his capture. Steve Jacobs, the notorious Robeson county outlaw, is still at large, and thought to be in hiding near the State line between North and South Carolina.——We are deeply pained to learn that the venerable A. A. McKethan, who has been long confined to his house with feeble health, broke his leg above the knee last night while attempting to move from the bed to the bureau. Such an accident, in his physical condition, causes the whole community grave solicitude.

The [illegible] is now about 86 years of age. Some years ago he was reported dead, and we wrote an obituary, which we could do from a point of knowledge, having known him from early childhood. He had the honor, in conjunction with his partner, Mr. Gardner, of being the pioneer in this State of the carriage making business, and sixty years ago, the vehicles of Gardner and McKethan came into general use in Eastern North Carolina.—CITIZEN].

THE GRIPPE TIGHTENING

PHILADELPHIA PATROLMEN SADLY CRIPPLED.

Fifty Thousand Cases in Baltimore—Gibraltar About to be Taken—Over Four Hundred Policemen down in New York.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., January 6.—The grippe, which was thought to be decreasing among members of the police force, has taken a fresh start, and after a few days' rest, it has renewed its work with increased vigor and alarming severity. Reports of police lieutenants show that the force is much crippled, and that mild attacks of the grippe are so extensive that if it continues steps will have to be taken to keep the force to its standard efficiency, as sub-policemen are overworked, and unable to take the places of sick patrolmen. In all, there are now 231 patrolmen on the sick list. Three sudden deaths, which are thought to have resulted from one of the many forms of la grippe, were reported to the coroner this morning. In many of the cases, where the disease has made its appearance, heart failure has resulted before the symptoms were fully developed, and three deaths this morning, which the coroner will be called upon to investigate, are supposed to be from this cause. There seems to be no abatement in the progress of the disease throughout the city. Deaths in the city for the week ended at noon Saturday were 492, an increase of 126 from the previous week, and an increase of 88 from the corresponding period of last year. The principal causes of death were: Consumption of the lungs, 67; disease of the heart, 34; inflammation of the lungs, 71.

The Influenza in Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, January 6.—La grippe is spreading broadcast through the city. There is no official estimate, as yet, as to the number of cases, but counting in not very well defined attacks, some physicians say that there are at least 50,000 persons afflicted with it. The fact that a large number of severe cases exist is proven by the demands made for medical attendance. There is scarcely a physician in the city who is not over run with work. In many instances long delay ensues before a physician's services can be secured. The druggists, too, are extremely busy, and some of them had to call in assistance to the relief of the clerks to enable them to compound prescriptions.

Health commissioner Stewart says: "It is true, that there is much more sickness in the city now than usual, but it is mostly of a mild character."

Congressman Charles H. Gibson, of the first Maryland district is seriously ill at his brother-in-laws, in this city. He is suffering from pneumonia which followed an attack of grippe.

Influenza in Mohawk Valley.

ALBANY, N. Y., January 6.—The la grippe is creating a profound sensation in the Mohawk valley. At Amsterdam there are 200 cases, among the sufferers being the three principal physicians. At Fort Plain, fifty persons are ill from the disease, including Dr. Burnett. At Canajoharie there are 300 sufferers, including United States commissioner Van Steinburg and Henry Joy. The latter is seriously ill. Several hundred cases have been reported at Fonda, Fultonville and St. Johnsville, and one death has occurred at Fife's Hill.

In London.

LONDON, January 6.—The number of cases of Influenza reported in this city are constantly increasing. A large number of nurses in the hospitals, doctors and clergymen are prostrated with the disease. The epidemic continues to spread among the police. Many members of the police force of Bradford are incapacitated for work by the influenza. A number of employes in the postal and telegraph service at Belfast are suffering from influenza. The disease has also attacked many of the college students and professors.

New York Vital Statistics.

NEW YORK, January 6.—The vital statistics for the twenty-fours hours ended at noon to-day show the number of deaths to be 146, a decrease of nearly 100 as compared with the previous twenty-four hours. The principal causes of death were: Pneumonia, 31; phthisic, 28; bronchitis, 15; influenza, 1. It is believed at sanitary headquarters that the worst of the influenza epidemic is over. The sick list in the police department, however, shows no abatement, but the reverse. At 6 o'clock this morning 415 disabled policemen were reported.

Influenza at Gibraltar.

GIBRALTAR, January 6.—The influenza has made its appearance here. There is no interruption of communication between the American squadron of evolution and the shore.

Increasing in Paris.

PARIS, January 6.—The influenza in this city is increasing.

What the News and Observer Says

RALEIGH, N. C., January 6.—The News and Observer will say to-morrow, that, after making thorough examination, it has failed to ascertain that such a person as the Rev. T. M. Joiner, the alleged British subject, making complaint of improper treatment at Holly Springs, Wake county, N. C., has ever been in that vicinity or that any such outrage as reported ever occurred there. Joiner is entirely unknown to the people of that community.

A Fall and Fearful Death.

WASHINGTON, January 6.—A Tinner working on the roof of a building on the corner of Pennsylvania Avenue and 13th street to-day fell from the roof to the ground and was impaled on the pickets of an iron fence and was instantly killed in sight of a hundred people who were passing along the avenue at the time.

Amicably Settled.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., January 6.—The strike on the Mackey system was amicably settled last night, both sides making concessions. All strikers were taken back without prejudice. Operations were resumed this morning. The terms of the settlement are secret and cannot be learned further than above stated.

Leaf Tobacconist's Failure.

NEW YORK, January 6.—Col. Edgar M. Crawford, doing business in leaf tobacco at 168 Water street, under the name of E. M. Crawford & Son., has made a general assignment to Albert F. Stevens, with three preferences amounting to $15,500. The liabilities are expected to amount to $60,000. Crawford is president of the leaf tobacco board of trade. The cause of the failure is said to be deteriorating of stock on hand, and sales to irresponsible parties.

A FEW NEWS ITEMS.

A lad in New York had his head fractured by a blow from a billiard cue in the hands of an angry player. Where is the line to be drawn on deadly weapons.

A woman in New York, Mrs. Ellen Conad, the mother of four children, was so maddened by the pains accompanying an attack of the grippe jumped headlong through the air shaft from the third story and was killed.

The Czar is said to be in a pitiable, physical and mental condition. In addition to the influenza, he believes he has been poisoned, and is in constant dread of Nihilist attempts on his life. Uneasy lies the head, etc., has a painful meaning in his case.

Mrs. Southworth, who killed Pettus some time ago in New York, and who is confined in the Tombs under indictment for the murder is reported dying in her cell. She has sunk under the nervous strain and has the appearance of one far advanced in consumption.

William O'Brien, it is thought, will be the successor of the Irish party should Mr. Parnell permanently retire. He will retire temporarily during the divorce trial in which he is co-respondent, and Mr. Justin McCarthy will act in his place for the time.

Prohibition was engrafted in the Constitution of South Dakota, but as there is no legislation to enforce the section, all the saloons are open and dispensing liquors openly and without restraint. It is believed that the legislature will pass a law permitting saloons and breweries to run until July next.

Two old ladies aged respectively 81 and 79, had their throats cut by robbers at 206 Water street, Philadelphia on the morning of the 2nd. Their dwelling was entered for the purpose of robbing, and finding none, the robber slashed their throats in his angry disappointment. A man named Barry has been arrested on suspicion. The aged victims possibly may survive.

Otho Leath, the seventeen year old Ohio boy, convicted of the cruel murder of little Maggie Thompson, has been condemned to be hanged at Columbus, Ohio, in April. This was one of the cruelest murders on record, and ranked the young friend Pomeroy, of Boston, now serving out life sentence for the wanton killing of several little girls, killed only to gratify delight in cruelty for its own sake.

Butcheries are not confined to the South, nor are victims always negroes. In New York on the night of the 2nd, Nicholas Muller, a prosperous market gardener, living on Seventy First street and West End Avenue, New York, was, with his wife and family brutally murdered by a German farm hand, the weapon used being a wagon wrench. The murderer, named Johansen, was subsequently arrested.

A negro gambler died recently in the Indian territory who confessed before he died that he murdered in the Cherokee nation in 1886 Dr. J. M. Pyle and Mrs. William Kerr, for which crimes John Stephenson was hung at Fort Smith, suspicion pointing strongly to him and sustained by strong circumstantial evidence. It now appears that he was innocent of those deeds, though possibly not of others equally as flagrant.

The government of Brazil appears to have resolved itself into one of military rule, and the soldiers are the worst elements of the population. The men at the head of affairs lack the confidence of the people; but the people are so far apart and have so little facility of concert of action that the military may have it all their own way for some time to come. The republic is not one the republicans elsewhere can be proud of.

The murder of Mr. Woodward in Atlanta seems to have been traced to a family notorious in criminal annals, known as the Bones family. They are all in prison, father and mother, sons and daughters, sons and daughters in law, all equally vicious and notorious. The older Bones, who has been a railroad man, agent, conductor, dispatcher, etc., over fifty years old, confesses to firing the shot that killed Woodward, was a man of property and quasi respectability, but who had maintained disreputable relations with a female of the Bones family.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Money and Securities—Cotton—Provisions and Produce.

MONEY AND SECURITIES.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—Exchange quiet but firm—4.80a4.85.

Money easy, ranging 2a7, closing offered at 2.

Sub-Treasury balances—Gold, $161,918,000; currency, $8,130,000.

Government bonds dull but steady—4 per cents, $1.26; 4½ per cents, $1.04½.

State bonds dull but steady.

Ala. Class A 2a5	105½	N.O. Pac. 1st mor	91⅝
Ala. Class B 5s	110	N. Y. Central	106⅝
Ga. 7s, mort	101½	N. & W. pfd	61⅝
N. C. Cons. 6s	124	Northern Pac.	31⅛
N. C. Cons. 4s	97	N. P. pfd	75
S. C. Brown's	102½	Pacific Mail	38⅝
Tenn. 6s	106	Reading	38⅞
Tenn. 5s	101	Rich. & Alle	23½
Tenn. Set., 3s	73	R. & W. Point	21⅝
Virginia 6s	48	Rock Island	98
Virginia Cons.	35	St. Paul	70⅛
Northwestern	111⅛	do pfd	114
do pfd	142	Tex. Pacific	21⅞
Del & Lack	135⅝	Tenn Coal & I'n	86½
Erie	26⅝	Union Pacific	67⅛
East Tenn	9⅝	N. J. Central	126½
Lake Shore	105½	Mo. Pacific	73⅛
Lou. & Nash	86⅛	Western Union	83⅛
Mem. & Char	64	Cotton-seed Oil Certificates	31⅝
Mob & Ohio	13	Brunswick	34
Nash. & Chat	101½		

Bid.

COTTON.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—Cotton—Net receipts 565; gross 7,468. Futures closed steady. Sales 127,700 bales.

Jan	10.14a10.15	June	10.49a10.50
Feb	10.21a10.22	July	10.55a10.56
March	10.29a10.30	August	10.61a10.62
April	10.36a10.37	Sept	10.19a10.20
May	10.43a10.44	Oct	9.88a 9.90

GALVESTON, Jan. 6.—Cotton steady, 9 11-16; receipts 2357.

NORFOLK, Jan. 6.—Cotton steady, 9⅝; receipts 3452.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 6.—Cotton quiet, 10 1-16; receipts 41.

BOSTON, Jan. 6.—Cotton quiet, 10⅜a10½; receipts 917.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Jan. 6.—Cotton quiet, 9½; receipts 164.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 6.—Cotton steady, 10⅜; receipts 632.

SAVANNAH, Jan. 6.—Cotton firm, 9 11-16; receipts 2930.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 6.—Cotton firm, 9 11-16; receipts 9096.

MOBILE, Jan. 6.—Cotton firm, 9⅝; receipts 834.

MEMPHIS, Jan. 6.—Cotton firm, 9¾; receipts 3751.

AUGUSTA, Jan. 6.—Cotton firm, 9 11-16; receipts 292.

CHARLESTON, Jan. 6.—Cotton steady, 9⅝; receipts 702.

PROVISIONS AND PRODUCE.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 6.—Flour easy. Wheat—No. 2 red 77a78. Corn—No. 2 mixed 32a32½. Oats—No. 2 mixed 28a24½. Pork—9.62½. Bulk meats firm. Whiskey steady 1.02.

CHICAGO, Jan. 6.—Cash quotations to-day were as follows: Flour steady. Wheat—No. 2 red 77a78. Corn—No. 2 29. Oats—No. 2 28. Mess pork 9.25. Lard 5.77½. Short ribs 4.50a4.62½. Whiskey 1.02.

MISCELLANEOUS.

J. S. GRANT, Ph. G.,
Of Philadelphia College of Pharmacy,
Apothecary, 24 South Main St.

The Old Year has drawn to a close, and with the beginning of the New Year we wish to thank the public for their patronage and recognition of our efforts to do our full duty. We are fully conscious that it is to them that we owe the unexpected success of the past year, in which our business has been more than doubled, and we can only regard it as a new evidence that our business maxims are such as to cause our customers to have confidence in us and attract those who are cautious in dealing with any Pharmacist until they have become fully assured of the nature and extent of his business principles. In our dealing with the public we realize that the most scrupulous care and honesty are paramount in importance. If these are virtues in all ordinary business transactions, they become sacred duties in Pharmacy, and without them no one can be a true Pharmacist. The health, maybe the life, of those dealing with the Apothecary depends upon them. We consider it our most sacred duty to shun adulterations and spoiled as well as inferior drugs. They constitute an evil from which Pharmacy suffers no less than the public. The evil is not a new one, inaugurated in late years; it has existed as long as there were men whose cupidity was stronger than their sense of justice, and it will doubtless continue as long as there may be men with conceptions of business so vague that they expect to purchase gold for the money value of dross. There are no other moral principles required for transacting a Pharmaceutical business than are necessary for any other business. Unwavering integrity that remains uninfluenced by the visions of gold along the road of questionable or deceitful practices is the only foundation for success that is worthy the name; it is so in every pursuit, and more particularly in Pharmacy, where as a matter of necessity it must be combined with constant vigilance in all directions, so as to secure all possible safeguards.

These are the principles which we have endeavored to live up to, and to which we trust our increasing success is due. We hope our former patrons will show the same kindness toward us in the future that they have in the past, knowing that no action of ours will ever make them regret a continuance of their favors. Yours truly,

J. S. GRANT, Ph. G., Pharmacist,
24 S. Main St., Asheville, N. C.

WHITLOCK'S
Special Announcement for the Year and Season of 1890.

Grand opening of the New Clothing Store, No. 48 South Main street, adjoining and connecting with the Dry Goods store, corner Eagle block. We have more store room, ample light, and are better prepared to serve our patrons with choice goods at proper prices than ever. We thank the public for liberal patronage in the past year. Our aim will be directed to deserve an increasing business this year. We shall continue to deal in the best classes of Dry Goods and Clothing, and will remain the selling agents for the best Clothiers, Merchant Tailors, Hatters and Glovers. We intend to make our establishment the place to find just what you are looking for in the way of seasonable, stylish and useful Dry Goods.

We cut prices during this week on all heavy goods in both departments. Our stock is too large for the season and must be sold.

The public is invited to visit our stores, which contain the best and largest stock of Ladies' and Gents' Furnishings, Fancy Goods, etc. We sell Dunlap Hats, E. & W. Collars and Cuffs, Manhattan Shirts, Foster and Centenevi Gloves, "Mother's Friend" Skirt Waists, Ladies' Riding Caps and Driving Gloves. Special orders solicited for any goods in our line not in stock, without risk to purchaser.

WHITLOCK'S,
46 & 48 S. Main St., Corner Eagle Block.