

NORTH CAROLINA.

The next meeting of the State Press Association will be held at Waynesville.

Hickory has increased the value of its taxable property \$100,000 within a year.

F. T. Polk, of Goose Creek township, Union county, has sold sixty-seven bushels of onions from one acre this year.

Among the counties so far heard from that elected negroes on the educational board are Craven, Richmond, Hertford, Warren and Wake.

Morganton Herald: This county pays about three times as much per day for feeding the criminals as it does for feeding the unfortunate.

The Elkin Times says that a citizen of Alleghany county, who was in Elkin a few days ago reports the mountains flooded with counterfeit money, from five cent pieces up.

Hendersonville Times: K. D. McCarson showed us specimens of coal Wednesday found on the land of Berry Pruitt, two miles and a half west of Hendersonville. They are from all we can learn the best anthracite coal. The specimens were found on the surface, and it is thought there is a big deposit of coal near the surface.

Asheville Citizen: Two prominent business men of Boston, Geo. F. D. Paine and Geo. H. Springer, have been recent visitors on Asheville. One of the guests of the Battery Park hotel, the other a guest of Mrs. J. Taylor Amis, their interest in and admiration for this city seemed to be very genuine, and will, it is reported on good authority, be likely to result in such a substantial investment here as the purchase of "Gold View" mountain, a few miles north of Asheville, and the establishment of a hotel there.

Greensboro Record: Robert Gilchrist, living near a summit in this county, has been severely bereaved recently. About his little boy, Hittler, he was 4 years, died. His death so prayed upon Mrs. Gilchrist that she took ill and on Wednesday last died of pure grief, it is said. A woman who died of grief in the arms of her husband, she was the wife of a merchant of Guilford county at their meeting Monday, for assistance. By questioning her it was found that she owned 113 acres of land and had \$200,000 in cash at interest. She didn't get any help.

Jacksonville Times: Mr. Robert George, a highly esteemed and successful farmer who resides about a mile from Jacksonville, was killed by lightning last Friday afternoon. Mr. George came to Jacksonville last Friday, and about 4 p. m. he departed for his home, a storm coming up he sought shelter under the rain under a large pine tree, being much higher than any other tree in the vicinity rendered it a conspicuous mark for the power of the lightning which struck him, and he was most death to the ground and brought instant death to one of our estimable and conservative citizens.

Charlotte Observer: A. H. Moore, better known as "Big Boy" Moore, a well-known contractor of this city, is this morning resting under two bonds—one of \$500; the other of \$1000. This fact and what led up to it furnished the subject of an interesting article in the Charlotte Observer yesterday. It doesn't take one long to discover when a man is wrong on the matter of mechanics, and artisans of various kinds were noted here and there in earnest conversation about the matter. It was caused by the discovery made Monday noon that Moore had, according to the laws of N. C., been guilty of a misdemeanor in that he had failed to furnish an itemized statement of sums due to the contractor and artisans before receiving the contract price; and that said Moore had failed.

Fayetteville Observer: Mr. William Maxwell, of Cedar Creek, was in the city this morning, and reports a severe hail storm in the Cedar Creek neighborhood about 1 o'clock yesterday. He says that on his plantation half stones fell as large as one's thumb, and that the damage to his crops was very great. Ails were killed by the hail, the B. and O. Bethel was duly celebrated at Lakewood on the 10th. In addition to those mentioned as present, Messrs. J. D. Nott and A. McArthur were present. The hostesses were two or three miles away. Both these gentlemen, who had come out as private in one of our Cumberland companies, were decorated by the general as a Lieutenant in the 5th N. C. Cavalry and the latter as Captain in the 6th N. C. Troops. Whist and fishing delighted the guests, and the evening was spent in the most enjoyable manner that had been provided, and war reminiscences, chiefly of an amusing sort, occupied the remainder of the evening. After the complimentary dinner of the day had been honored, the health of Major James H. Lane (retired) was the distinguished General of the army, who was so much beloved by our two Fayetteville companies, was drunk with a will, as was also that of Col. J. E. Starr, the only field officer of the 10th regiment, and that of Capt. J. E. Smith, who as a private in the same regiment was mentioned for gallantry in Col. Hill's report of the battle.

Charlotte Observer: Mr. T. L. Ritch went to his farm in Sugar Creek several days ago. His horse, which he had bought him, was attacked by a mad dog. The shepherd dog, in turn attacked the mad dog, and they had a sharp battle. The shepherd dog, but the mad dog bit him terribly. Parties who were pursuing the mad dog, came up, and killed the latter. Mr. Ritch, in the meantime, killed his dog. He valued him more than his horse he said. Mr. J. W. Wadsworth, while driving on the farm Friday afternoon, got hurt by the horse running the buggy into a ditch, upsetting and throwing Mr. Wadsworth out on his head. Mr. V. D. Shumard is foreman at the Shaw-Howell Company's factory, and has a family live on Ninth street, between Brevard and Caldwell. Yesterday morning, about 10 o'clock, Mrs. Shumard started in her bed room for some article she needed. She discovered a negro man ransacking her trunk. As she spoke to him, he started towards her. She was so frightened she fainted, and when she awoke she was lying on the floor. She remained unconscious for several hours. Mr. W. A. Owen and family live eight miles from town. Sunday morning the young child—3 years old—climbed up a tree. It lost its footing and fell, its head getting caught between two prongs. Mrs. Owen was coming up the hill. She saw the child's perilous situation, but was so overcome by fright that she was powerless to do anything for it. Fortunately a man came by just at that time and rescued the child, and none too soon, for in a few minutes more it would have been dead. A sensation was created at Reidsville some time ago when it was reported that the re-election of Professor J. H. Synnatt to the office of principal of the graded schools had been deferred in order that the school board might investigate certain charges brought against him. The board decided to have a public session and make a thorough investigation. This was done today and resulted in the exoneration and re-election of the professor. Both sides had a number of witnesses and the trial was noisy.

Reclassification of Postoffices. Washington, June 14.—The fourteenth annual readjustment of classification and salaries of presidential postoffices, has been completed and the changes were given out at the postoffice department today. There are many changes, consisting of increases and decreases of salaries of the postmasters, offices relegated and advanced within the three classes of presidential postoffices and offices raised from the fourth class to the presidential, and vice versa. These changes are required by an act of March 3, 1883, to be made annually and the present ones become effective on July 1st. They are based on the fluctuations of postoffice revenues at the respective places. The changes in classification follow: Florida—Palatka and Tallahassee relegated from second to third. Georgia—Albany advanced from third to second. Virginia—Radford, Saltville and West Point relegated from third to fourth. North Carolina—Statesville relegated from second to third; Salem advanced from third to second.

Office of J. N. McElroy, Druggist, Orlando, Fla., April 20, 1891. Messrs. Lippman Bros., Savannah, Ga. Dear Sirs: I have sold three bottles of P. P. P. large size yesterday, and one bottle small size today. The P. P. P. cured my wife of rheumatism winter before last. It came back on her the past winter and a half bottle, \$1.00 size, relieved her again, and she has not had a symptom since. I sold a bottle of P. P. P. to a friend of mine, one of the turkeys, a small one, took sick and his wife gave it a teaspoonful, that was in the evening, and the little fellow turned over like he was dead, but next morning was up hallowing and well.

Yours respectfully, J. N. McELROY. Savannah, Ga., March 17, 1891. Messrs. Lippman Bros., Savannah, Ga.: Dear Sirs—I have suffered from rheumatism for a long time and did not find a cure until I found P. P. P. which completely cured me. Yours truly, ELIZA F. JONES, 14 Orange St., Savannah, Ga.

PUBLIC OPINION

Our neighbor, The Sun, has developed an inordinately spiteful streak of ill-nature this week. Yesterday it accused Mr. James Gordon Bennett of embezzling some \$12,000 contributed by generous persons for the distribution of free ice to the poor. Today it calls Mr. Whitelaw Reid a defaulter, and declares that he failed to meet his cash obligations in connection with the late United Press. Verily these be not neighborly expressions, and unbecomingly withheld.—New York Mail and Express.

"We fix the price of gold," says W. J. Bryan and the New York Sun and other goldite organs undertake to make fun of him therefore by various very silly sayings of their own. When congress, as authorized by the constitution (we do so, coins and fixes the value (we use the constitutional language) of gold coins, weighing so much of fine gold with an unlimited coinage of all gold into such coins, with like weight and fineness, "we fix the price of gold." It is absolutely silly to question a proposition so absolutely established by congress under the highest authority of this land. The comparative value of the gold coin with relation to other things is an entirely different matter, this value being variable in all things, including gold, even when compared with itself from time to time or at the same time in different places. And so we fixed the price of silver from 1792 to 1873.—Norfolk Pilot.

There is no denying the fact that our courts are unlike the English courts in the matter of being respecters of persons or rather of wealth. There are a number of the great millionaires of this country who have been guilty of crimes that would have sent men of moderate wealth to prison for a number of years. But these excessively rich men have escaped in every instance either by technicalities or by corrupting the court or the jury. It is a fact that these men escape not generally but universally. It is the fact that the people are being driven into the belief that our courts are under the control of a class, who can defy the law at their pleasure and convenience, that this paper deprecates. Every law-abiding man desires to believe that the courts of the United States are as impartial and as incorruptible as those of England or any other country. But there have been of recent years so many discriminations shown in the administration of justice, especially by the federal courts, that the people are losing respect and confidence in these tribunals. They are tired of the "big game" papers the other day of a man in the capital city who was living in the best style that the markets could afford. That man was in prison as punishment for crime. In the same prison was one who was unable to give bond that he would appear as a witness, and the police authorities refused to allow him anything but the coarse prison fare, although his friends brought better vittles to the jail for his comfort.—Richmond Star.

The vote in the senate on the lumber question was probably not in the least surprising, even to those democrats and free traders who expressed most bitterness of feeling about it. On Mr. Bacon's motion, except while during the hearing of the injunction case, democrats voted no—namely, Messrs. Bacon and Clay, of Georgia; McEnery, of Louisiana; Tillman and McLaurin, of South Carolina; Martin, of Virginia; Rawlins, of Utah, and White, of California. The Georgia senators have in view the protection of lumber interests in that state for which Mr. Bacon argued earnestly. Senator McEnery, of Louisiana, is in favor of the protection of the sugar trust, senators from South Carolina have in mind products of that state, and the senators from Utah and California have shown their disposition to secure protection for certain industries of the Pacific coast. Thus, although Senator Quay was paired for the amendment, and Senator Carter voted for it with two silver senators, Mantle and Cannon, and three populists, Allen, Harris and Kyle, the amendment was defeated by as large a majority as has been given against other important assaults upon the protective features of the bill. This performance is in effect a rupture of the democratic party in the senate on the tariff question. If its members cannot be held together on the lumber duties; if part of the senators who voted to make lumber free in the present tariff now recede themselves on the side of protection, to except some of them, because of other interests, it is clear that the democratic party can no longer be expected as a body to continue its old opposition to the protective policy. It is an open secret, too, that there are other democratic senators who will be found voting on the same side when other portions of the bill are reached.—New York Tribune.

An Attempt at Suicide. Richmond, Va., June 14.—Disappointed in love, Louis A. Wingo, a young man 20 years old, attempted self-destruction at his home near Manchester. This morning about 6 o'clock he took breakfast and returned to his room. A little later his stepmother heard the report of a pistol, rushed up stairs and found Wingo lying on his bed, while blood was spattered on the floor and on a near-by window. A physician was summoned, and on examination, he found that Wingo had fired a 32-calibre pistol ball into his head just below the right temple, and that it had apparently passed through to the other side of the head. The wound is dangerous, but not necessarily fatal.

Savannah, Ga., April 26, 1896. Having used three bottles of P. P. P. for impure blood and general weakness and having derived great benefit from the same, having gained 11 pounds in weight in four weeks, I take great pleasure in recommending it to all unfortunate like Yours truly, JOHN MORRIS. Office of J. N. McElroy, Druggist, Orlando, Fla., April 20, 1891. Messrs. Lippman Bros., Savannah, Ga. Dear Sirs: I have sold three bottles of P. P. P. large size yesterday, and one bottle small size today. The P. P. P. cured my wife of rheumatism winter before last. It came back on her the past winter and a half bottle, \$1.00 size, relieved her again, and she has not had a symptom since. I sold a bottle of P. P. P. to a friend of mine, one of the turkeys, a small one, took sick and his wife gave it a teaspoonful, that was in the evening, and the little fellow turned over like he was dead, but next morning was up hallowing and well.

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Good-Bye Dyspepsia!



Thousands of practical, discriminating housewives avoid lead, that impure and unwholesome packing-house product, and use that pure vegetable shortening, COTYLOLENE, which eminent physicians say is destined to make dyspepsia a disease of the past.

COTYLOLENE

contains nothing but refined Cotton Seed Oil and Choice Beef Suet, and is therefore wholesome, appetizing, healthful. It is the greatest step of modern science toward pure food, better cooking, perfect health, two good things with our made-marks—COTYLOLENE and "steer's head in cotton-pick wreath"—on every tin. No guarantee if sold in any other way. Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Montreal.

STATE PRESS.

The laxity of law is responsible for that lynching. It was a most foul and heinous crime. Lynching was too good for him, but had the law prescribed death, the gallows would hardly have been cheated. The death penalty should be the punishment for these crimes, but rape should always be one of those few. The land that does not protect the virtue of its women cannot claim to be enlightened and civilized. It is an undisputed fact that virtue is now the prized gem as of the not long ago. And crimes encourage crime. No wonder our people take the law into their own hands. When the sanctity of the home is violated, comes the time to act. If the law is weak, men must be strong. The guilty must in nowise escape. It is a sign of better times when the north is made to realize that its women are not safe from fiends so long as it encourages such at the south.—Greenville Weekly.

Edward Gouger Butler, of Vance county, was added to the faculty. He takes nobody's place, but is the subject of a creation. He had to be provided for, being a poor man—since he has had to give up the Marable estate that he got fraudulently. So they took four sides from the four corners of the earth and made a place that will pay him \$1,450 a year. His onerous duties are: Secretary of the board of trustees, secretary of the faculty, bursar, and assistant professor of English. Butler, like Britt and the rest of them, had no recommendations in the meeting save the four corners of the earth. The outside world, however, Mr. Butler has the fact that he lives at Dabney to recommend him and qualify him for this particular work. Mr. Dabney, after whom his depot was named, used to be in charge of the experiment station here. From this source no doubt Edward Gouger has drawn inspiration and special fitness for speech, which he has been chosen.—Raleigh News and Observer.

Those who attended the sittings of the United States circuit court during the hearing of the injunction case against Governor Russell and others had a feast of reason such as is seldom afforded anywhere. One or two of the speeches were remarkable as showing profound legal ability, excellent command of language, a power of succinct and stirring oratory, and a nice proportion of humor to give flavor to the whole, not forgetting a flash or two of the Damascus blade of sarcasm. It seems to be the consensus of opinion here among those who followed the arguments that the railway case had the best of the argument, and that the decision was not up to what it should have been. Crawford's speech is spoken of as a masterpiece, and, on the other side, Judge Shepherd's is perhaps the more favorably commented on. It is notorious in these days, however, that the large and wealthy corporations have at their command the best legal talent.—Asheville Citizen.

Catarrh Cured. No remedy is as effectual in eradicating and curing Catarrh as Botanic Blood Balm, (B. B. B.). It purifies and enriches the blood, eliminates microbes, bacteria, etc., and builds up the system from the first dose. Thousands of cases of catarrh have been cured by its magic power. For all blood and skin diseases it has no equal. Buy the old reliable and long tested remedy, and don't throw your money away on substitutes, palmed off as "just as good." Buy the old reliable Botanic Blood Balm. Price \$1.00 per large bottle.

SAYS IT IS GLORIOUS. I cannot refrain from telling you what a glorious medicine you have. For two years my mother has suffered with a severe catarrh of the head and ulcerated nose throat. She resorted to various remedies without effect, until she used Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.), which cured her catarrh, and healed her sore throat. W. A. PEPPER, Fredonia, Ala. For sale by all druggists.

FUN He (passionately)—"I could live with you for ever!" She (as the clock strikes twelve). "But you must not begin tonight."—Yonkers Statesman. A woman in humble life, returning from church, was asked if she had understood the sermon. "Wud I have the presumption?" she simply replied.—"Fit Bits." "An allowance is something like a bicycle. How so?" "A man can put his wife on it, but he can't make her stay on it."—Chicago Record.

Miss Thirty-smith (severely)—A man should never call on a girl after drinking. Jack Swift (cheerfully)—That's a fact! Many a man has become engaged in just that way.—Puck. The Strong-Minded One.—My dear child, you ought to join us. You want a vote, don't you?" The Pretty One.—No; no! I guess a voter will do me.—Cincinnati Tribune. An August poet informs us that "The sun-god has married his sweet-heart—June." As usual, however, the sun-god has to get up to make the fire.—Atlanta Constitution.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and possit yie cures Files, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per bottl. For sal by R. R. Bilyay.

MCKINLEY AT ASHEVILLE.

Visit to Biltmore—Vanderbilt's Agent Snubs the Newspaper Men—Rebuked by the President—McKinley Calls for Fresh Air During a Reception to Colored People.

(Special to The Messenger.) Raleigh, N. C., June 14.—A telegram to Governor Russell from Adjutant General Cowles, at Asheville, says: "I extended the freedom of the state for you. President McKinley sends his greetings." Private Secretary Alexander immediately telegraphed President McKinley at Asheville: "Governor Russell sends his warmest personal greetings for the people extends to you a North Carolina welcome into our midst!"

(By Associated Press.) Asheville, N. C., June 14.—The presidential train arrived here at 11:40 o'clock this forenoon. The party was met at the depot by a local reception committee and the Asheville Light Infantry. The president was received by Mayor Rankin and E. P. McKissick, manager of the Battery Park hotel, to which all of the party were driven for luncheon. The streets were crowded and there were many decorations including national flags by the hundred.

An unexpected incident developed this afternoon when it became known to newspaper men accompanying the party that permission to enter Biltmore house, Governor W. Vanderbilt's mansion, had been refused to them, while extended to other members of the party. Mr. Vanderbilt is abroad, and his representative, Chas. McNamee, is with him. In the absence of both the estate is governed by E. J. Harding, said to be an Englishman by birth. When waited on by the local committee of arrangements a day or two ago for permission for the president and party to enter Biltmore house, he objected strongly to receiving any members of the party other than the president and his cabinet and the ladies with them. He even refused permission to Manager McKissick, of the Battery Park hotel, in charge of the party here, and in the course of conversation, had with two members of the committee, said: "Mr. Vanderbilt spits on newspaper notoriety and so do I."

After this there was nothing for the local committee to do but withdraw. So the matter rested till today, when the president arrived and J. Addison Porter, his secretary, was told of the incident. He must have informed the president, for later Mr. Harding was called up on the telephone by Mr. Porter and asked if it were true that newspaper men would not be admitted to the mansion. Porter was told that it was, and he then informed Mr. Harding that the president considered that the newspaper men were his invited guests on the trip and that they were as much a contingent of the party as members of the cabinet. Furthermore, Mr. Porter notified Mr. Harding that the president had authorized him to say that if newspaper men were barred from the mansion he would not step his foot inside the estate. This brought things to a crisis and Mr. Harding capitulated with the best grace possible and the newspaper men were admitted to the mansion on the same footing as the president and his cabinet.

Before going to Biltmore, Representative Pearson persuaded Mr. McKinley to attend a meeting of colored people at the Young Men's Institute hall, the gift of George W. Vanderbilt. The hall was filled with colored people, comprising the laboring classes, as well as local colored politicians and their wives and children. With Congressman Pearson at his side he shook hands at a rapid rate for ten minutes with all who were presented to him. It was very warm work and presently the president called for air and seven colored men fanned him while the hand-shaking went on. At Biltmore the luxuries of the library were enjoyed over with especial delight. Pearson was given a handsome bouquet from Mr. Vanderbilt's conservatories as she left the chateau. The drive continued over the French Broad boundaries of the estate, from the river cottage to the entrance lodge. The train was taken at Biltmore station and the journey to Washington resumed about 6 o'clock.

Secretary Alger was indisposed from the extreme heat of the past two days, but left Asheville somewhat recuperated.

Tutt's Pills Cure All Liver Ills.

Twenty Years Proof. Tutt's Liver Pills keep the bowels in natural motion and cleanse the system of all impurities. An absolute cure for sick headache, dyspepsia, sour stomach, constipation and kindred diseases. "Can't do without them" R. P. Smith, Chilesburg, Va. writes I don't know how I could do without them. I have had Liver disease for over twenty years. Am now entirely cured. Tutt's Liver Pills

THE NEW OFFICIALS

TAKE CHARGE OF THE AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

The Governor Goes to Southern Pines. Crop-Developing Rapidly—A Large Attendance at Teachers' Assembly—To Build Electric Railway From Morganton to Blowing Rock—Another Convict Pardoned—Remarkable Scarcity of Cotton. Messenger Bureau, Park Hotel.

Raleigh, N. C., June 14. At noon today the agricultural department changed hands, J. M. Mewborne, populist, succeeding J. L. Patterson as commissioner, and J. L. Ramsay, populist, editor of The Progressive Farmer, succeeding Thomas K. Bruner as secretary. Mr. Patterson has very ably filled the office of commissioner and Mr. Bruner has been the best secretary the department has ever had since its establishment on 1877.

Governor Russell and wife went to Southern Pines yesterday and will remain there two days, viewing the immense peach orchards. Thence they go to Wilmington to remain the rest of the week.

Yesterday was the hottest day of the year. The weather is exactly right for crops and their development is rapid. Farmers like a dry June. The cutting of the wheat crop is in progress. It is a good crop. Oats are well headed.

It is quite evident that the attendance at the North Carolina Teachers' Association, which begins tomorrow at Morehead City, will be the largest in several years. There is a remarkable scarcity of cotton in this state. All the mill men are talking about it. The heavy foreign shipments took much away. Of course the home mills have used more than ever before.

Judge Robinson has gone to Burke county to hold a special term of court. There is much probability of the construction this year of an electric railway from Warrenton to Blowing Rock. Morganton and Blowing Rock people are interested.

In spite of all the efforts of the state superintendent of public instruction to prevent it, politics has crept into the county boards of education elected under the new school law. The two new school laws providing for special elections, are found to be all right. A telegram from The Asheville Citizen to your correspondent said neither law was in the printed acts of 1897. It was an error. Both the secretary of state and state superintendent find both all right. Quite a number of Knights of Pythias left here today for Charlotte, where the grand lodge met this evening. Members of the State Press Association who attended the annual meeting at Morehead City, united in the declaration that it was the best one in many years, both socially and from a business standpoint.

Governor Russell pardons Addison Amerson, convicted of manslaughter in Wilson county in 1893 and sentenced to seven years in the penitentiary. The governor says he is sure the manslaughter was committed under great provocation, and that any man of spirit would have resented the insults. He terms it "excusable homicide" rather than manslaughter.

The Bank of Lumberton Opened.

(Special to The Messenger.) Lumberton, N. C., June 14.—The Bank of Lumberton opened for business today, under the most favorable circumstances. About \$10,000 was deposited during the first business hours. The bank's officers are well known business men with high character, and the people of this section may well congratulate themselves on the organization of this safe institution.

THE SCOTTISH CHIEF \$1.00 A YEAR.

Is published at Maxton, N. C., the railroad centre of Robeson county, which is the largest county in the state, and has the largest capitalization of any agricultural county—over \$50 per capita. The SCOTTISH CHIEF publishes a wide range of local news, besides state and national notes of interest, and pays special attention to items and notes of interest to people of Scottish descent. A VALUABLE ADVERTISING MEDIUM. The Job Work Department turns out neat Job Work at competitive prices. Persons looking for valuable farm lands in this fertile section should write the editor, J. KIRKLAND HILL, Maxton, N. C.

Snow - White

FRESH GROUND FINE TABLE MEAL

SUCH AS WE MAKE EVERY DAY IS UNQUESTIONABLY THE BEST ON THE MARKET.

1,500 BUSHEL DAILY CAPACITY. 10,000 BUSHEL WHITE CORN DUE EVERY WEEK. TRADE ORDERS SOLICITED.

BONEY & HARPER

R. W. HICKS, WHOLESALE GROCER,

Offers to Cash Buyers a Full and Select Stock of Groceries and Grocers Sundries

Also Solicits Consignments. Prompt Sales Guaranteed.

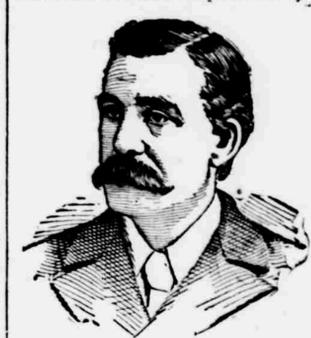
Call and See Me or Write for Prices and Terms

Corn and Meal.

1000 Bushels Best Meal. 1200 Bushels Best Corn. 1100 bushels Feed Oats. 900 Bales Hay. 950 Gross Matches. 800 Dozen Lemons. W. B. COOPER, 206 N. Water Street, Wilmington, N. C.

14 Carbuncles!

It's the same story. The experience of all sufferers with blood diseases is identical. First the doctors are consulted, and their prescription of potash and mercury is taken faithfully, but without result. Months pass, and the mercurial dose is continued, until finally, his condition being no better, or often worse, the patient becomes discouraged and decides to change treatment. Patent medicines are then taken, but until the right one is found the results are the same. S. S. S. is the only blood remedy on the market which is guaranteed purely vegetable. It is the only one that contains no mercury, no potash, or other mineral, and therefore is the only one that promptly gets at the bottom of all blood diseases and cures permanently.



MR. JOSEPH C. MVAGGATT. All who are afflicted with Scrofula, Eczema, Tetter, Cancer, Carbuncles, Rheumatism, Contagious Blood Poison, Catarrh, or any other form of blood troubles, will find in S. S. S. a prompt and permanent cure; it matters not how deep seated the disease, or what other treatment has failed. Carbuncles are the result of an impoverished condition of the blood, causing a depressed vitality and such a low state of health that it is difficult for the system to withstand even the mildest illness.

Mr. Joseph C. Mvaggatt, of No. 400 Hancock Ave., Athens, Ga., says: "I contracted blood poison from dye, which developed such alarming symptoms, that my life was almost despaired of. At one time there were fourteen carbuncles on my body, and my suffering was such that for months I was unable to do any work. The best physician in our city treated me constantly, but his efforts were of no avail, my condition growing worse all the while. "S. S. S. was recommended, and after I had taken the first bottle, an improvement was noticed. I grew better every day, and after taking six bottles I was entirely cured. The carbuncles all disappeared, leaving my skin perfectly clear, and I have never had one since."

There is not a disease of the blood, it matters not how severe, which S. S. S. will not cure. It is guaranteed

Purely Vegetable

and is a real blood remedy for real blood troubles, promptly reaching the seat of the disease, and forcing it out permanently. Books on cancer, and blood and skin diseases mailed free to any address. Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

WATER GROUND MEAL

600 Bushels Best Virginia Water Ground Meal. 2000 Bushels Oats. 800 Bushels Bran. 700 Pounds Snuff. 2000 Boxes Tobacco. 1200 Kegs Nails. 50 Tons Hoop Iron. 1000 Bushels Peanuts. 200 Boxes Crackers. 200 Bags Hudnots Grits. Also Salt, Molasses, Hay, Spirit Casks, Gunpowder, Brooms, Baskets and other Goods.

D. L. GORE

S. P. McNAIR, Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant

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