EXTENSIVE PREPARATIONS

FOR WEYLER'S RECEPTION AT HIS NATIVE TOWN

The Officials Refuse a Petition to Name the Public Square After the General—Decrees Signed by the Spanish Queen, Extending Universal Suffrage and Other Privileges to the Antilles—Insurgents Pardoned. Increase of Rations for the Reconcentrados to be Made

Palma, Island of Majorca, November 26.—This town and its port are decorated today in honor of General Weyler, who was born here. Preparations have been made to give the general a public banquet after his arrival here from Barcelona.

The municipality of Palma, however, has refused the request made by the conservatives, carlists and republicans, to rename the square in front of the town hall and call it Weyler square.

Madrid, November 25.—The Official Gazette publishes this morning (Friday) two decrees signed by the queen regent and by Senor Sagasta, the premier. The first decree applies to the Antilles the laws inscribed in the first chapter of the Spanish constitution, with a guarantee of the application of the general laws.

The second decree extends to the Antilles the universal suffrage law of 1890.

According to the law of June 26th, 1890, the electoral qualification was held by all male Spaniards 25 years of age, who enjoy all civil rights and have been citizens of a municipality for at least two years.

Havana, November 25.—Rear Admiral Vicente Manterola arrived today from Spain and took charge of the admiralty office. With him came also 300 soldiers and 270 seamen.

General Blanco has authorized the transfer of the bodies of Gustavo Ariza and Fernandez Galvez Posada, to the private burial ground of the Arizonas family.

Senor Barsrera, former chief of police, now in Spain, has been summoned by the governor general to attend the inquiry into the circumstances under which Senor Galvez, the Portuguese consul, and his son, met their death on the Santo Venia road while going to join the insurgents.

From today there will be a daily distribution of 2,000 rations, instead of 1,000 among the reconcentrados at Matanzas, and tomorrow an infirmary battalion will be organized.

Several sugar estates near San Fernando and in the Nativadad district of Sancti Spiritus have been recovered by the Spanish from the insurgents. The latter lost several men and had several taken prisoners.

Pardons have been extended to sixty-nine persons "guilty of forcible resistance," in various localities of the island. Among these are ten women and also twenty-six subjects of foreign governments. The list includes Mrs. Clemencia Arando, Matilde Ferrer, Maria Teresa, Rosalia Garcia, Emilia Cordoba, Pantaleona and Inocencia Aragujo.

Major Roberts Echarte and Captain Ygnacio Echarte, the latter a brother-in-law of General Julio Sanguilly, have formally surrendered in the province of Matanzas.

The governor of Santa Clara province and the mayor of the city of Santa Clara having advised the government that the food which is being supplied to the troops is of very inferior quality, the government, according to the official account, has issued stringent orders correcting the abuses of supply, and the troops will be supplied with good rations in the future.

The government has ordered a regular distribution of rations to the reconcentrados at Sagua la Grande.

There is no need of little children being tortured by scald head, eczema and skin eruptions. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve gives instant relief and cures permanently. R. R. Bellamy.

Thanksgiving in London

London, November 25.—Over 300 American men and women and a few English persons celebrated Thanksgiving day by a dinner at the Hotel Cecil tonight. The party included John Hay, the United States ambassador and his wife and daughter; Henrw White, secretary of the United States embassy; J. R. Carter, second secreatry of the embassy; Lord Stratecona and Mount Royal, of Canada; Archdeacon Sinclair, Louis Astor Chanler and William Fuich, United States minister to Uruguay. The health of Queen Victoria was proposed by the chairman, who read a letter dated Windsor Castle from Sir Arthur Bigge, private secretary to her majesty, expresing the queen's thanks for the beautifully illumiated address of congratulation she received from that body.

When the health of Ambassador Hay was proposed he responded with a bright speech. In closing he said: "The great body of the people of the two countries are friends. We are the fortunate heirs to English law and liberty, which both nations respect."

Hon. Sir John Garell Barnes, justice of the high court of justice, proposed the health of Ambassador Hay, dwelling upon the great friendliness that he believed exists between England and the United States and saying: "If the two countries will only put their backs together they can rule the destinies of the world."

Small pill, safe pill, best pill. DeWitt's Little Eearly Risers cure biliousness, constipation, sick headache. R. R. Bellamy.

Corbett and Fitzsimmons

Buffalo, N. Y., November 25.—The Express this morning pubdlishes the following:

"Within ten days Corbett and Fitzsimmons will sign articles for another battle for the heavy weight championship of the world. This positive statement was made last night by William J. Connor, one of the most trusted agents of James J. Corbett, and William A. Brady, who is Corbett's manager."

The Herald tomorrow will say: The published rumors that Corbett and Fitzsimmons would be matched within ten days was news to William A. Brady, the ex-champion's manager. Brady says that he knew nothing of any such arrangement. Corbett, he added is ready to make a match with Fitzsimmons at any time the latter may designate.

Lincoln, Neb., November 25.—Robert Fitzsimmons tonight denied the report sent out from Buffalo that there was a prospect of another fight between Fitzsimmons and Corbett.

Hart's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil with Creasote and the Hypophoshites if faithfully used, is a specific in the treatment of weak lungs, Consumption Bronchitis, etc. Leading physicians recommend it. Sold by J. C. Shepard, R. H. Hardin and H. L. Fentress.

A Probable New Party

It is said that populist leaders are much concerned at the aggressive character of the socialist labor movement. They are afraid it will develop into a separate political party and practically destroy the populist organization by drawing heavily on its forces. There is good reason for this uneasiness. The socialist element of the people's party is the radical, restless element. It will not be satisfied with any platform which does not declare specifically for socialism of the rampant sort.—Kansas City Journal.

THE LATE MR. D. G. WORTH

Remarks of Iredell Meares, Esq., at the Memorial Meeting of the Chamber of Commerce on Tuesday Afternoon

Among those who made remarks at the meeting of the Chamber of Commerce on Tuesday afternoon, called to take action about the death of Mr. David G. Worth, was Iredell Meares, Esq. Mr. Meares said:

I would like to add to the tributes being paid to the honored dead this incident which has been recalled to me while listening to the addresses delivered. I was in a town in South Carolina more than a year ago. A number of gentlemen were engaged in a business consultation and the name of the firm of Worth & Worth was mentioned. One of those gentlemen was a prominent lawyer of South Carolina. He turned to me and remarked that he did not know the members of that firm personally; that he had never seen a member of it, but he had been much impressed for many years with the fact that he had never known a man who had ever dealt with this firm who did not feel the most complete confidence in it, and, more than that, to have a kindly regard for its members. He had known men who in business had been obliged to surrender their property in order to meet their obligations to the firm, some of them his clients, and he had been struck with how kindly the firm dealt with them and how the men themselves felt, even in their misfortune, that they had not been unkindly or ungenerously treated.

We know that the deceased was largely instrumental in establishing the policy of that firm. It seems to me that the key-note of his character lay in his willingness, his desire, in his individual dealings not only to do exact justice, but to do it kindly and gently. And this morning when witnessing the beautiful ceremonies at his church, I recalled reading a recent book of a distinguished member of his own religious body in which is analyzed "The Mind of the Master." The writer spoke of the fact that Christ in His work seemed to deal not with the masses, but rather to influence the individuals. He had never failed to reach individuals. He did not succeed with the masses. The book dwelt then upon the profound necessity of the cultivation of individualism, taking this as the Master's method, and, in developing the Christian spirit of the individual, he trusted the sweet spirit of that development to be transfused into the masses. The success of Mr. Worth was not the success of a brilliant hero. It was not the success of the statesman who has dealt with great state questions. It was not the success of the publicist who has dealt with the great problems of finance and economics. He did not essay to influence the multitudes. He exerted it over the individual in the conduct of his daily life.

He was successful, as a merchant, through honorable means, and accumulated a large fortune, but his highest success, apparently his highest aim in life, was the development of an ennobling individual manhood.

He had integrity, but after all integrity is a common attribute of men; he had charity, but charity aboundeth; he had liberality, but we see that in many men. He had walked upon a high plane of moral law. Many men, not yet of his type, do likewise. He was kind, courteous, considerate, in social and business life, and assumed willingly his share of public undertakings. These qualities, too, are possessed not infrequently by other men. Strong, resolute, just, with a conservative temperament and high business capacity, he was not in this distinguished over many others. But back of these qualities of outward conduct and character, there was an individualism in the man which impressed every one coming in contact with him with the spirit of a high-minded and resolute Christian force within. I can conceive of a character possessing integrity, honesty, uprightness, doing equal and exact justice in all things, as I can conceive a beautiful statue, symetrical in its outlines and chiseled in aesthetic mould, but presenting to us a feeling of coldness. Something is wanting.

Cast upon the statue of cold marble the ray of an afternoon sunset. It will glow with the suffusion of golden light and entrance the observer with its soft and radiant beauty.

The character of the deceased might have possessed all the virtues of which we have spoken. It would not have been the character we today revere. It would have been the cold statue of exact virtue. Something would have been wanting. It is this something that enveloped the character of our dead and loved friend and relieved it from the cold austerity of exact virtues. If it were not that these virtues were enveloped and suffused with the glow of a Christian spirit, which speaking from within radiated from his presence, contact and intercourse, a golden suffusion of interest, kindliness and sympathy for his fellow man, we would have admired and respected rather than loved and revered his life—his influence among us.

It is not the admiration that the public pays to a great man who has occupied great positions and rendered great public services with which this community today has paid its respect to his memory. It is a sentiment nearer and tenderer than admiration. It is the appreciation lovingly paid to one whose universal kindness has been experienced and recognized in this community over a long period of years.

And it seems me, sir, that there is something peculiarly beautiful in the manner in which his last closing years have passed and with which the announcement of his death has been received.

There has been no fulsome praise of his virtues. Virtue needs it not. There has been no excess of adjectives by speakers or writers in referring to his fellow man, felt and sympathized with him, has ended his earthly life and we pause to reflect and contemplate his life and work. They need it not. But there is a feeling pervading this community, a feeling of reverence—of loss, a feeling that one, who lived with his bright and noble example.

We recognize rather than applaud the merit of his life and character. In this, there is paid to his memory a beautiful tribute by a community in which he has exerted a strong, wholesome exemplary and influence over the period of more than a half century of the earthly life vouchsafed to him.

In a sketch of Mr. Worth, the North Carolina Presbyterian of this week says:

"To the above memorial wreath the present writer would add but a sprig from heart-graven impressions of an acquaintance of nearly forty years; an acquaintance in business and lattterly in church relations which ripened into something beyond even most cordial friendship, into brotherly affection. David Worth was a man to admire. to esteem, to love. To a character childlike in its simplicity there was added a tenderness that was womanly, and that wisdom, strength and firmness in unswerving devotion to truth and justice and right which are thoroughly manly. In his social intercourse, in his business dealings, in his relations with his brethren as a servant of Christ and leader in the house of the Lord, he exhibited such qualities and characteristics of mind and heart as made him to the eye of his fellows seem wellnigh faultless and complete. His disposition and his character were so well rounded, indeed, that one must seek far to and points of distinguishing excellence. We find it in that deep humility before God and that implicit faith in the Saviour that has been justly said to have been the spring of his public and social virtues, his generous works and his noble benefactions.

"All who knew Mr. Worth intimately with ready accord will testify to a sense of personal loss. We feel that we have lost a friend, nay more, a brother."

Why allow yourself to be slowly tortured at the stake of disease? Chills and Fever will undermine, and eventually break down the strongest constitution. Febri-Cura (Sweet Chill Tonic with Iron) is more effective than quinnie, and being combined with iron is an excellent Tonic and Nerve medicine. It is pleasant to take, and is sold under positive guarantee to cure or money "just as good" kind don't effect cures. Sold by J. C. Shepard, J. H. Hardin and H. L. Fentress

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ENCOURAGEMENT FOR DURRANT

The Widow of Forbes, Alias Branther, Believes Her Husband to Have Murdered the San Francisco Girl

Fort Worth, Texas, November 25.—The widow of Arthur Forbes, alias Blanther, who was arrested at Meridian, Texas, charged with having murdered Mrs. Philipena Langfeldt in San Francisco and who committed suicide in the Bosque county jail, has been located in this city by the police officials. Mrs. Forbes says there is no doubt as to Forbes being the murderer of the San Francisco women; that he often told her that he was well acquainted with Minnie Williams and Blanche Lamont, having ben introduced to them by Theodore Durrant; that he often referred to the murders in such a manner that she was convinced that he knew of them. Mrs. Forbes, or Ada Taylor, says that one of her trunks is still in San Francisco, where it was in evidence during Durrant's trial. She today wired Durrant as follows:

"Have courage. I believe you to be an innocent man. If I can help to prove your innocence, command me."

J. M. Thirswend, of Grosbeck, Tex., says that when he has a spell of indigestion, and feels bad and sluggish, he takes two of DeWitt's Little Early Risers at night, and he is all right the next morning. Many thousands of others do the same thing Do you? R. R. Bellamy.

The Insanity Dodge Unsuccessful

A Norfolk special to the Washington Post says:

The plea of insanity set up by the counsel for Clifton Hill, the white man charged with a criminal assault on twelve-year-old Mary Culpepper, in an attempt to save their client's life, was effectually disposed of by the jury in the county court yesterday, which, after hearing the evidence, declared him sane. His trial has been postponed until December 1st.

Miraculous Benefit

RECEIVED FROM

Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure.

ELI P. BABCOCK, of Avoca, N. Y., a veteran of the 3rd N. Y. Artillery and for thirty years of the Babcock & Munsel Carriage Co., of Auburn, says: 'I write to express my gratitude for the miraculous benefit received from Dr. Miles' Heart Cure. I suffered for years, as result of army life, from sciatica which affected my heart in the worst form, my limbs swelled from the ankles up. I bloated until I was unable to button my clothing; had sharp pains about the heart, smothering spells and shortness of breath. For three months I was unable to lie down, and all the sleep I got was in an arm chair. I was treated by the best doctors but gradually grew worse. About a year ago I commenced taking Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure and it saved my life as if by a miracle."

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on diseases of the heart and nerves free. Address,

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Restores Health.

DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

SOMETHING NEW

5¢

Large package of the world's best cleanser for a nickel. Still greater economy in 4-pound package. All grocers. Made only by

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,

Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Boston, Philadelphia.

THE WILD DISORDER

Of Wednesday in the Austrian Reichsrath Repeated Yesterday—Such Epithets as "Swindler" and Blackguard Used—The Sitting Suspended

Vienna, November 25.—When the lower hounse of the reichsrath re-assembled today after adjourning yesterday from the scene of unprecedented disorder, all the ministers were present and the approaches to the presidential tribune were blocked, doors having been erected since the disgraceful fighting of yesterday in and about the tribune and throughout the house.

The entrance of the president of the chamber, Dr. Abrahamovics, was the signal for loud and ironical salutions, which were followed by vehement leftists shouts of "Shame."

Dr. Abrahamovics made an attempt to speak, but Dr. Wolff, the German nationalist leader, interrupted him by shouting: "Some one else must take the chair, not this swindler."

Herr Schoenerer, the leader of a section of the German opposition, then yelled at the top of his voice: "I demand the right to speak, which I am entitled to."

Thereupon Dr. Wolff retorted: "There is no such thing as right in this house. It is trodden under foot by his Makelukes."

As the uproar which followed showed every sign of increasing, Dr. Abrahamovics adjourned the house until 3 o'clock this afternoon, amid a storm of "hurrahs" and "bravos."

The sitting was resumed at 3:30 o'clock. Immediately the leftists commenced a tremendous din in the middle of which the German centrist, Herr Falkenhyn, conceived as a happy idea a proposal to defeat obstructionists, by threatening their pockets. He moved that for the future disorderly members might be suspended for three days by the president or for thirty days by the house, during which time their allowance should be stopped, while members refusing to leave the chamber when requested might be forcibly expelled.

The speech was interrupted with continuous uproar, Herr Wolff shouting: "Let's pitch the blackguard out."

The president vainly called for order. Finally Herr Wolff stationed himself directly in front of the presidential tribune and began a shrill whistle. A number of deputies tried to force open the doors at the front of the platform, while a party of Czechs endeavored to prevent them.

When the tumult was at its height, Herr Abrahamovics declared that he regarded the motion of Herr Falkenhyn as a necessary measure of self-defence, and called for the voting. The whole right at once arose and the president declared the motion carried. A number of deputies then began clambering upon the president's platform, whereupon he seized his bell and left the house.

After a short interval he returned and began to address the chamber, but his voice was drowned in a torrent of leftistic yells and shouts of "Get out," and "Shame." Finally the sitting was suspended for an hour, at the close of which President Abrahamovics returned and announced that in accordance with wishes expressed in many quarters, he had decided to close the citting, to open again tomorrow.

When a man is suffering with an aching head, a sluggish body, when his muscles are lax and lazy, his brain dull, and his stomach disdaining food, he will, if wise, heed these warnings and resort to the right remedy, before it is too late "Parker's Sarsaparilla" the "King of Blood Purifiers" makes the appetite keen and hearty—invigorates the liver—purifies the blood and fills it with the life-giving elements of the food. It is a wonderful blood maker and flesh builder. Sold by J. C. Shepard, J. H. Hardin and H. L. Fentress.

Breaking Place Kick Records in Foot Ball

Chicago, November 25.—Clarence Hershberger, the full back of the University of Chicago, made a name for himself in foot ball history today by making three successful place kicks in the annual game between the universities of Chicago and Michigan. One of them was so difficult that the attempt would have seemed foolhardy had not his team been well in the lead. One was made in the first half from the seventeen yard line, and two in the second half, one from the thirty yard line, the ball at the time being right in front of the goal posts. But the kick which brought 12,000 people to their feet occurred about fifteen minutes later. The ball at the time was not more than five yards from the side line and twenty-five yards from the goal and when the strong limbed half back and Gordon Clark dropped back with the evident intention of attempting the play Chicago supporters were amazed. The ball was passed cleanly and Clark placed it on the thirty-five yard line. An instant later the ball was sailing high in the air. It dropped squarely between the post and a new foot ball record had ben made. The game resulted: Chicago 21; Michigan, 12.

A Disastrous Incendiary Fire

Pensacola, Fla., November 25.—About $100,000 worth of property was burned this morning by fire that was started by an incendiary in the old compress building, which was used by several firms as a warehouse for the storage of hay and feed stuffs. The fire spread from this building to the Clubbs lumber yard, the old freight house of the Louisville and Nashville railroad and the company's new freight house. The latter was filled with merchandise. The contents of both freight depots were destroyed.

AN EXPENSIVE CAMPAIGN

HANNA SPENDS $50,000 ON THE OHIO ELECTION

His Subscription to the Committee of $15,000—Nearly Half of Which Said to Have Come from Republican National Committee—Under the Law Mr. Hanna Did Not Have to Limit His Personal Expenses. The Debts of the State Committee

(Special to The Washington Post.)

Columbus, Ohio, November 24.—The charge is made here today that of the $15,000 supposed to have been paid by Senator Hanna to the republican state committee in the late campaign, but $9,000 was his personal funds, the $6,000 being furnished by the republican national committee. An evening paper says:

"According to the summary of the report of the committee, which was prepared for the use of the press by Secretary John R. Malloy, Mr. Hanna is credited with the payment of $15,000. But the most careful search of the report itself fails to disclose such an amount credited to Mr. Hanna personally. Major Dick, however, is credited with two checks. The first is for $1,000 and is the second or third amount received by the committee after it opened quarters for business. The second check received from Major Dick was for $5,000, toward the latter part of the campaign. Mr. Hanna is personally charged with but $9,000, in two amounts one of $4,000 and the other of $5,000. Evidently, therefore, the $6,000 which is credited to Major Dick is really intended as a credit to Mr. Hanna.

"Now the question arises where did that money come from? Major Dick's habits with the check book are well known. He has given out checks in this city before, all of which were made payable on a national bank of Washington, D. C. It is said that the two checks made payable to the committee were also drawn upon this bank. This bank is the custodian of the funds of the national republican executive committe, of which Major Dick is secretary and Mr. Hanna chairman. It was upon this money that Major Dick drew his other checks. It is charged that the two checks paid to the committee were out of this fund."

It is stated on very good authority that Mr. Hanna's total expenses in the campaign was over $50,000. In view of the manner in which at least a part of his contribution to the state committee's funds was made up, it is an open question as to how much of that sum came from the private bank account and how much from the coffers of the national committee. In this connection is noticeable that President McKinley did not give a cent to the fund for his champion's campaign. At least there is no record of a gift.

The two notes for $10,000 each, which the republican state executive committee owes on the expenses of their state campaign, are variously regarded among the republicans. There are none who do not realize that Senator Hanna will take care of them when he gets ready. Probably he will not get ready until after his election as senator is assured. When asked about the matter the republicans at state headquarters only remark that there will be no trouble about these notes. Nobody thinks for a moment that the other faction of the republican party will pay all, or any part of them. It is well known among the leaders that Governor Bushnell's contribution to the committee is limited by law. This accounts for his contributing only $500 this year, when it is pretty well understood that his first election cost him about $30,000. The Garfield law was not in operation then. It should be explained that Senator Hanna, not being a candidate before the people, is not limited in his political expenses.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

STATEMENTS OF THE INDEBTEDNESS OF THE SUBSCRIBERS TO THE SEMI-WEEKLY MESSENGER WERE RECENTLY MAILED, AND WHILE A GREAT MANY HAVE RESPONDED, THERE ARE MANY YET IN ARREARS AND WE TRUST THIS REMINDER WILL CAUSE ALL WHO HAVE NEGLECTED THEIR ACCOUNT WITH US TO TAKE PROMPT ACTION. THE DATE ON THE LABEL OF EACH PAPER SHOWS THE TIME TO WHICH THE SUBSCRIPTION HAS BEEN PAID, AND THE ACCOUNT CAN BE EASILY DETERMINED WITHOUT WAITING FOR A STATEMENT FROM US. A THOROUGH REVISION OF THE LIST WILL BE MADE AT AN EARLY DATE AND ALL DELINQUENTS WILL BE PLACED ON OUR "BOOK OF REMEMBRANCE."

A Boston Business Man Charged With Forgery

Boston, November 25.—William F. Spear, a prominent business man of this city, was arraigned in court yesterday on a charge of forgery, preferred by his cousin, Sanford L. Leeds, a boot and shoe merchant here. The amount involved in this single transaction is said to be small, but the inspector states that complaints involving thousands have been placed with him.

It is claimed that Mr. Spear made out a note, had it indorsed by his partner, Mr. Dutton, and then raised it before presenting it to Mr. Leeds. Another warrant pending against the prisoner was issued at the instance of William H. Prior, a Faneuil Hall Market provision dealer, who claims that a check which Spear gave was signed with the name of Dutton & Spear, when, as a matter of fact, that partnership, which formerly existed, had been dissolved.

The American Consulate to be Guarded

Havana, November 25.—The tube reported to have contained dynamite, which was found by a man subsequently arrested by the private watchman of the American consulate, is classed in official circles as being nothing more than a joke. The man arrested is believed to be the individual who placed the tube where it was found. But in order to guard against any possibilities, the Spanish officials are taking precautions to guard the United States consulate and to protect the United States consul general, General Fitzhugh Lee.

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. . HAS FOR SALE AT . .

LOW PRICES

Flour, Sugar, Coffee

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FULL STOCK OF GROCERIES,

Ask Your **Druggist** for a generous **10 CENT TRIAL SIZE.**

ELY'S CREAM BALM

contains no cocaine, mercury nor any other injurious drug.

It is quickly Absorbed.

Gives relief at once.

CATARRH

COLD IN HEAD

It opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages. Allays Inflammation. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full size 50c; Trial Size 10c at Druggists or by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

COCELIN

TRADE-MARK.

Nature's Nervine and Rapid Restorative.

An unfailing cure for Diseases of the Digestive, Nervous and Generative Systems. A Tonic of rare efficacy for the old and young and of marked service for Students, Teachers, and all who are engaged in Brain work or close occupations.

CURES

Depression,	Tired Feelings,
Nervousness,	Muscular Weakness,
Loss of Appetite,	Palpitation of Heart,
Restlessness,	Hysteria,
Nerve Weakness,	General Discomfort,
Excesses,	Alcholism,

and that almost innumerable series of diseases and complications resulting from any derangement of the Nervous system. Invaluable for weak women and nervous children.

Steady Nerves, Braced System, Sound Rest, Good Work,

INSURED BY USING

Dr. Cox's Cocelin Nerve Tonic.

CONTAINS NO OPIATES OR DANGEROUS DRUGS TO MAKE A HABIT.

50 Cents per Bottle;

If three bottles be ordered at one time, a copy of Oriole Cook Book will be included free.

AT DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS OR DIRECT OF US ON RECEIPT OF PRICE 50 CENTS.

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SOLE PROPRIETORS,

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