

SWEPT BY FIRE.

A Forest Fire Razed at Castle Haynes Yesterday, Destroying Valuable Timber, Rails, Fencing, and Cord Wood—Mr. Thos. J. Larkins' Stable Burned Together with Corn, Fodder and Tools.

Yesterday somebody started a fire in the woods near Castle Haynes and as it was very dry owing to the fact that there has been no rain for sometime, the flames swept madly over an area of four miles, destroying valuable timber, cord wood, rails and fencing.

THE STRAWBERRY MOVEMENT.

Nearly Three Thousand Crates Shipped Yesterday From Points Along the Atlantic Coast Line—Mr. H. T. Bauman, Distributing Agent for the Truckers' Association, Takes Up His Station at Rocky Mount.

The movement of strawberries yesterday along the Wilmington, and Weldon railroad amounted to 2,100 crates by express and 100 crates by the Armour refrigerator line.

The Truckers at Currie.

(Correspondence of The Messenger.) Currie, N. C., April 28.—There was shipped from here on yesterday fifty-two crates of strawberries and fifty-seven today.

BACK FROM THE REUNION.

Captain Metts Returned Yesterday from Dallas, Texas—North Carolina Was Well Represented at the Great Confederate Gathering. Groups Well Advanced.

Captain James I. Metts, commander of Cape Fear Camp, No. 254, United Confederate Veterans, returned yesterday from the great reunion of the United Confederate Veterans at Dallas, Texas.

A CLASS LEAVES COLLEGE.

The Entire Sophomore Class of Clemson College Go Home. Charleston, S. C., April 29.—Today sixty-nine of the seventy-four members of the sophomore class of Clemson (the state agricultural college) on the site of Calhoun's home, quit and went home.

Miles Given a Rest.

Washington, April 29.—It is now believed that no further consideration will be given by the president to the subject of retiring Lieutenant General Miles, so long as the commander of the army continues his present attitude of reserve, and that the case will be allowed to remain as it is unless General Miles himself should do something or take some action to revive the recent determination of the president.

EXPRESS TRAIN WRECKED.

A Trans-Continental Flyer Ditched. Five Persons Killed. Keokuk, Ia., April 29.—The California express on the Atchison road, east bound, was derailed on a curve at Cama, a switch five miles west of Mendon, Mo., today while going at a tremendous speed.

Mother's Friend. Mother's Friend is a soothing, softening, relaxing oil, a muscle maker, invigorator and freshener.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO. ATLANTA, GA.

EXPLOSION IN THE PULTON.

While Steaming Half Submerged, a Gas Explosion Injures Six Persons.

Lewes, Del., April 29.—An explosion of considerable severity which injured half a dozen persons, occurred on the submarine boat Fulton today as she was running into the harbor of the Delaware breakwater.

The most seriously injured are: Lieutenant Oscar Kohlen, of the Austrian navy, severely bruised; Lieutenant Arthur MacArthur, United States navy, cut about the head; Harry Moore, assistant engineer, injured about the head; C. B. Minor, assistant engineer, nose split; Charles Bechtol, gunner, severely hurt on head and body.

All the injured were sent to the United States marine hospital and after their wounds were dressed they were discharged with the exception of Bechtol. He will leave the hospital tomorrow morning.

The explosion was caused by an accumulation of gas, which had been generated by the storage battery. Although the explosion was a violent one the vessel was only slightly injured.

On account of the rough weather at sea it was decided by the commander of the Pulton to put into the Delaware breakwater and it was while the boat, partly under water, was rounding the great stone breakwater that the explosion occurred.

The state agricultural department has been sent a quantity of silk worm eggs from Italy. These are now hatching. An earnest effort is being made to promote silk-culture in the state.

The insurance commissioner says that since January 1st there have been eighteen fires at Thomasville, of which only four were accidental.

Archbishop Corrigan Not So Well. New York, April 29.—Archbishop Corrigan's condition took a turn for the worse today and though Father Curley, the prelate's secretary, declares the restlessness and weakness of the archbishop had been anticipated, extra precautions were taken to ensure the patient's recovery.

Washington, April 29.—President Havemeyer and other officials of the American Sugar Company will be asked to appear and give testimony before the sub-committee of the senate committee on relations with Cuba, appointed to inquire into the question of Cuban sugar holdings, and they will be the first witnesses called.

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VIRGINIA-CAROLINA BOUNDARY.

Original Report of the Survey of 1888—To Present Crosses of Honor to Veterans—Charts of all the Coast Sounds—Silk Worm Eggs from Italy.

The secretary of state today received from W. D. Purden, of Edenton, the original report on the survey of the boundary line between this state and Virginia which was made by H. T. Greenleaf, surveyor, in 1888. Purden was the commissioner on the part of this state.

Joseph E. Toms, who in 1882-4 was the executive clerk to Governor Jarvis, is appointed secretary of the National Wholesale Druggists' Association, with headquarters at Toledo, Ohio.

The playing of Raleigh's new baseball league team is hardly strong enough as yet to suit some of the cranks. It is not up to the mark of last year's team, which was a very fast one indeed.

The state agricultural department has been sent a quantity of silk worm eggs from Italy. These are now hatching. An earnest effort is being made to promote silk-culture in the state.

The insurance commissioner says that since January 1st there have been eighteen fires at Thomasville, of which only four were accidental.

By the Tornado at Glenrose, Texas. Many Families Destitute. Dallas, Texas, April 29.—A special report from Granbury, Texas, confirms the report of damage caused at Glenrose by a tornado yesterday.

There were fifty-seven persons injured, but with the exception of the three mentioned as fatally hurt, it is thought that all will recover. In Glenrose, thirty-three buildings were totally demolished and more than 100 persons are homeless and destitute of food or shelter.

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COST OF NEGRO EDUCATION.

The Amounts Paid by This State Since 1873—Annual Reports of Officers of Odd Fellows' Grand Lodge—Tour of Corporation Commissioners.

The state superintendent of public instruction is preparing figures to show the amounts paid by this state for negro education. The sums paid negroes and whites were not kept separate until 1873. From then to 1880 the amount for negroes was \$296,000; from 1880 to 1890 it was \$1,916,000; from 1890 to 1900 it was \$1,843,000. For 1900-01 it was \$255,000 and for 1901 it was \$250,000. All this is for rural public schools, not including graded schools, normal schools, the estimate for these for past 20 years being \$329,000. The grand total is \$5,381,000.

The annual reports of the officers of the grand lodge of Odd Fellows for the fiscal year are complete. The gain of the order is great—for example 1,409 members this year, that is since January 1st. The receipts are in round numbers \$11,500. Grand Master Robert Murray says but few members know the secret word and urges that officers be not installed unless they do know it.

The corporation commission left this afternoon for the counties of Swain, Cherokee, Buncombe, Transylvania, Henderson and Mecklenburg, to confer with county officials as to tax assessments. It will at Murphy hear complaints against the Atlanta, Knoxville and Western railroad.

Clarkston Express: Rev. J. R. Howerston, D. D. of Charlotte, has accepted an invitation to deliver the address at the closing exercises of the C. M. I. May 23rd.

Durham Herald: R. B. Proctor was hurt in a runaway yesterday morning. His horse became frightened and he was thrown on his head, rendering him unconscious for a short while.

Henderson Gold Leaf: Mr. J. S. Jones tells us of an unusually large hawk killed by Mr. Walter Huff near Fox's place May 22nd to 23rd, at Winston-Salem, and his subject will be North Carolina history at that time.

Charlotte Observer: Monroe, April 28.—Mr. J. C. Austin, a country merchant of New Salem township, lost his store by fire Thursday night. The fire started about 11 o'clock and is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary.

For Sale of Danish West Indies. Copenhagen, April 29.—The bill providing for the sale of the Danish West Indian islands to the United States, as amended by the Landsting, came up for discussion in the Folkething today.

Chaucey Depew and the Tramp. I cannot resist here telling a story concerning Chauncey Depew. It is too good to be original, but the senator must be in, just as Lincoln was in all the stories of a past period.

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AN OLD SORE

months of diligent and faithful use of external remedies that the place remains as defiant, angry and offensive as ever. Every chronic sore, no matter on what part of the body it comes, is an evidence of some previous constitutional or organic trouble, and that the dregs of these diseases remain in the system; or, it may be that some long hidden poison—perhaps Cancer—has come to the surface and begun its destructive work.

The blood must be purified before the sore will fill up with healthy flesh and the skin regain its natural color. It is through the circulation that the acrid, corroding fluids are carried to the sore or ulcer and keep it irritated and inflamed. S. S. S. will purify and invigorate the stagnant blood when all sediment or other hurtful materials are washed out, fresh rich blood is carried to the diseased parts, new tissues form, and the decaying flesh begins to have a healthy and natural look; the discharge ceases and the sore heals.



Several years ago, my wife had a severe sore leg and was treated by the best physicians but received no benefit. Our druggist advised her to try S. S. S., which she did. Fourteen bottles cured her and she has been well ever since.

J. R. MAROLD, 22 Canal St., Cohoes, N. Y.

skilled physicians for which no charge is made. Book on Blood and Skin Diseases free. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Will sour the sweetest disposition and transform the most even tempered, lovable nature into a cross-grained and irritable individual.

If impatience or fault-finding are ever excusable it is when the body is tortured by an eating and painful sore. It is truly discouraging to find after

months of diligent and faithful use of external remedies that the place remains as defiant, angry and offensive as ever. Every chronic sore, no matter on what part of the body it comes, is an evidence of some previous constitutional or organic trouble, and that the dregs of these diseases remain in the system; or, it may be that some long hidden poison—perhaps Cancer—has come to the surface and begun its destructive work.

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S. S. S. is the only blood purifier that is guaranteed entirely vegetable. It builds up the blood and tones up the general system as no other medicine does. If you have a sore of any kind, write us and get the advice of experienced and

Early Rose Seed Potatoes!

SEED OATS, SEED WHEAT, SALT, MOLASSES, BAGGING and TIES. LIME, CEMENT, NAILS. GRAIN and HAY.

A General Line of GROCERIES

OF BEST QUALITY AND FAIR PRICES. THE WORTH CO.

A LIVELY DEBATE

IN THE SENATE ON THE PHILIPPINE QUESTION

RUNNING FIRE OF COMMENT

On the Conduct of the War and Lack of Proper Investigation by the Government of Charges of Cruelty to Filipinos—Orders of Generals Smith and Bell Denounced—Some Pertinent Questions Put—House Passes Under Gag Law an Omnibus Public Buildings Bill.

Washington, April 29.—A spirited and at times heated discussion of the Philippine situation occurred in the senate today. It revolved around the order alleged to have been issued by General Jacob A. Smith to make the island of Samar a howling wilderness and to kill all male inhabitants over the age of 10 years.

When the Philippine bill was laid before the senate no senator was prepared to deliver a set speech upon it. Senator Lodge, of Massachusetts, in charge of the measure, said he felt compelled to press it for consideration. His remarks drew the fire of Senator Teller, who criticised the republicans for not participating in the discussion. This precipitated the debate and for more than two hours it continued.

During Senator Teller's remarks Senator Tillman, of South Carolina, said it was reported that the government was very polite to the warlike dattos and observed that consideration was shown Mohammedans of that island to the Christians of Samar.

Discussing the alleged order of General Smith, Senator Teller said he understood that General Smith had tried to justify his order by what is known as the "Tom Ewing order." During the civil war, by this order, the population of two counties in Missouri was deported and the property destroyed. He was proceeding to characterize the action of the American army in the Philippines as most cruel and barbarous when he was interrupted by Senator Spooner, of Wisconsin, with the inquiry, "Does the senator not remember Fort Pillow?"

"What does the senator mean by his reference to Fort Pillow?" inquired Senator Carmack, of Tennessee. "I had in mind," replied Senator Spooner, "what has been considered a massacre of colored troops there."

Senator Carmack insisted with some heat that there was no massacre of troops or killing of prisoners at Fort Pillow. Senator Teller continued his remarks about General Smith's order, when he was interrupted by Senator Fairbanks, of New York, with the inquiry, "I do not understand," said he, "that the government approves of General Smith's alleged order. It has ordered a court-martial to try General Smith."

Senator Teller offered an amendment to the bill providing for a commission to be appointed by the president and to consist of not less than seven or more than fifteen persons to proceed to the Philippines and try to secure a lasting peace between the United States and the Filipinos, the United States to pay commissioners' salaries of \$10,000 a year and all expenses.

Senator Teller continued his discussion of General Smith's order, which, he said, had shocked the public mind in this country, regardless of party affiliations. He said he would despair of our government if the American people should not repudiate such an order.

of all the great wars since the middle ages," he declared, "you cannot find such a disgraceful and wicked order as that issued by General Smith."

Senator Lodge said nothing was known here of General Smith's order until it was pleaded by Major Waller as a defense for his action in Sgman. As soon as Waller had pleaded that order as his defense the president himself had directed that General Smith be court-martialed. He said he did not know whether the order of General Smith was verbal or written.

Senator Carmack, of Tennessee, insisted the evidence indicated that orders of a very extreme character issued in the Philippines were being suppressed, not, he believed, by the war department but by the military authorities in the Philippines.

In calling attention to the report of the secretary of Batangas province that there had been so great mortality in the province as to reduce the population from 300,000 to about 200,000, the mortality being due to disease, Senator Tillman inquired whether the Philippine committee had investigated that matter. When informed that it had not, he exclaimed: "Well, how long are we going to hold on to this bag of cats? What benefit to the American people to pursue this infamous policy?"

As the running colloquy continued Senator Culberson, asked Senator Lodge if he endorsed the order issued by General Bell. "No," replied Senator Lodge, "I do not endorse cruel methods of warfare. General Smith's order is one which every American should regret. On the surface those orders seem to me to be revolting."

In explaining the great mortality among the inhabitants of Batangas, Senator Bacon, of Georgia, expressed the belief that the disease among the natives had been caused by the laying waste of the province by war. "Crops had been destroyed and the inhabitants had been confronted almost by a condition of famine."

Senator Teller, in conclusion, declared that this government could not escape the condemnation of the world and of every right thinking man for "this miserable, wicked attempt to compel these people to accept our government whether they desire it or not."

House of Representatives. Under a special order which allowed three hours debate but cut off all opportunity of amendment, the house today passed an omnibus public buildings bill which will distribute \$17,405,450 among 174 cities. As the bill covers into the treasury \$1,885,000, the total amount carried by the bill is reduced to that extent. The bill provides for seventy-seven new buildings and sites, six buildings on sites already purchased, seventeen buildings on donated sites and fifty-eight increase in appropriations for buildings already authorized. It also provides for the purchase of sixteen sites. The majority for the bill was so overwhelming that only nine members backed a demand for the yeas and noes on the passage of the bill. There was some criticism of the method by which it was proposed to pass the bill without opportunity for amendment, which Mr. Mercer, chairman of the committee answered by stating that if the bill had been subject to amendment, the appropriations carried by it would have been increased to \$50,000,000.

Mr. Richardson, of Tennessee, opposing the adoption of that special order, saying this method of legislation could not be justified by any course of reasoning. Among those who spoke on the bill were Messrs. Bartlett, of Georgia, and Small, of North Carolina.

New Orleans Cotton Market.

New Orleans, April 29.—The demand for spot cotton continues at full prices. Quotations unchanged. The climbing tendency in the market for the future delivery of cotton was checked somewhat this morning, the first call showing losses of 3 to 6 points. The market soon recovered to about the level of yesterday, at which prices considerable business was transacted. Some realizing sales brought about a sag from the top and there were losses until a new level had been reached. Throughout the session, however, there was ever apparent a good undertone and the losses were checked with little effort on the part of the bulls. The closing figures showed net losses on the day of 5 to 10 points.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills. Must Bear Signature of Brewster.

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

FOR HEADACHE, FOR DIZZINESS, FOR BILIOUSNESS, FOR TORPID LIVER, FOR CONSTIPATION, FOR SALLOW SKIN, FOR THE COMPLEXION.

FOR BRISK HEADACHE.



HERE'S A BABY ITS MOTHER IS WELL.

The baby is healthy because during gestation its mother used the purely vegetable liniment.

Mother's Friend.

Mother's Friend is a soothing, softening, relaxing oil, a muscle maker, invigorator and freshener. It puts new power into your back and hips. A coming mother rubs it in from the outside, with her own pretty fingers—no dosing and swallowing of nasty drugs—no inside treatment at all.