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THAD R. MANNING,
Editor and Proprietor.

"CAROLINA, CAROLINA, HEAVEN'S BLESSINGS ATTEND HER."

VOL. VI.

HENDERSON, N. C., THURSDAY, JANUARY 6, 1887.

NO. 2.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A NAMELESS CASE.

My case has been a very curious one for about thirteen years. At intervals of about one week I would be attacked with spells of severe and most excruciating pain, all commencing in the region of my kidneys. The pain would then go upwards and affect my body and head, and seemed to penetrate my very eye-balls, creating the most intense suffering, lasting about eight hours each spell.

I resorted to all kinds of medicine without benefit. Several doctors treated my case, but none gave relief. I finally used B. B. B. as an experiment, and to my utter astonishment all pain and suffering vanished after using three doses. To the present time I have used three bottles, and not a pain has ever returned. I do not know what was the matter, neither could my physician name the complaint. The B. B. B. acted finely and powerfully on my kidneys, my appetite has been splendid and my constitution built up rapidly.

R. THOMAS,
Constitution, Ga., May 6, 1886.

UNIMPEACHED INTEGRITY.

I am 55. Broken down twelve years ago, and have not been able to work since. Have lost proper action of my hips and legs. For five years I have been unable to get on my feet, and have been comparatively blind. I have been treated by eminent physicians of different schools without a cure. I have taken five bottles of B. B. B. (made at Atlanta, Ga.), and all scrofulous sores have gradually healed. Inflammation about my eyes has disappeared and there is some improvement in my vision. Am very much benefited and relieved. I feel good. My strength and activity are returning in my legs and hips. The B. B. B. acts vigorously upon my kidneys, and the quantity of matter that has been forced out through the skin is incredible, often so often in odor as to produce nausea. I refer to all business men of Atlanta, Ga.

P. PROPHILL,
LaGrange, Ga., January 13, 1886.

PROCLAIMS ALOUD.

We have a case under our immediate observation of Rheumatism which has been cured by the use of B. B. B. Simpson (col.) was almost helpless when we put him on B. B. B. He has been about 8 bottles and says he is well, and to all appearances is well. He is now our regular porter and does all the heavy and light work and proclaims aloud the virtues of B. B. B.

DUNAWAY & CO., Druggists,
Arkansas City, Ark., April 30, 1887.

DEMONSTRATED MERIT.

SPARTA, GA., May 15, 1885.
Blood Balm Co.
You will please ship us per first freight one gross B. B. B. I give you pleasure to report a good trade for this preparation. Indeed it has far eclipsed all other blood remedies, both in demonstrated merit and rapid sale with us.

ROZIER & VADENAM.

Rheumatism.

Although a practitioner of near twenty years, my mother-in-law, who had been afflicted by her bed several months with Rheumatism, which had stolen her rest, and which all the remedies, within twenty-four hours after commencing B. B. B. I observed marked relief. She has just commenced her third bottle and is nearly as active as ever, and has been to the front yard with "rake in hand" cleaning up. Her improvement is truly wonderful and immensely gratifying.

C. H. MONTGOMERY,
Jacksonville, Ala., May 15, 1886.

A BOOK OF WONDERS, FREE.

All who desire full information about the cause and cure of Blood Poisons, Scrofula and Scrofulous Swellings, Ulcers, Sores, Rheumatism, Kidney Complaints, Catarrh, etc., can secure by mail, free, a copy of our 32 page Illustrated Book of Wonders, filled with the most wonderful and startling proof ever before known.

Address, BLOOD BALM CO.,
Atlanta, Ga.

Those who Die

Must be cared for as well as those who live, and the place to go for burial cases, every description, is the old and reliable Undertaking Establishment

of JOHN M. BARNES. A full line of Coffins—all styles and sizes—and we positively will make it to the advantage of customers to examine our stock before buying elsewhere. Large lot metallic cases, imitation rosewood, fine walnut and cloth covered coffins always on hand from which to select. People do well to give me a call as

I CAN AND WILL UNDERSELL THE TOWN.

Fine Hearse and pair of Black Horses always at command—at moderate prices. Ready at all times to wait on customers, day or night. Having long been in the Undertaking business, I feel that I understand the wants and necessities of my customers, and I guarantee satisfaction in every instance.

We keep also in stock a fine line of furniture, mattresses, etc., which we sell very reasonably. Also agent for first-class marble works.

Thanking my friends and customers for their generous patronage in the past, and hoping to meet a continuance of the same in future, I am,

Very Respectfully,
JOHN M. BARNES,
(July 8, 1886)

Dr. John R. Moss

Offers his professional services to the citizens of Henderson and surrounding country. Many years of experience and familiar acquaintance with the science and practice of Medicine enables him to give the highest satisfaction. Old patients will find still faithful and new ones will receive every attention. Satisfaction guaranteed as to charges; office—corner Cary's store, Kivett building, Henderson, N. C.

RECORD OF A YEAR.

Chronology of the Twelvemonth That is Just Past.

A PERIOD OF PROGRESS.

Peace Prevails, Though There are Mutterings of War.

Many Prominent Persons Pass Away.

The Labor Movement—Strikes—Riots.

The George Campaign—The Land Movement in Ireland—The Eastern War Cloud—Disasters of all Sorts—Explosions—Railroad Accidents—The Criminal Record—Personal—Miscellaneous.

The year of our Lord 1886 has passed away. All hail to its successor, 1887!

The record here presented has become history. Its careful perusal will show that the departed twelvemonth will count for more than naught when the larger records, that are possible only after the lapse of time, are made up. Then the significance of many things now accounted trivial will be apparent. Then many circumstances now thought important will be found to be of small moment.

The year was a notable one in that the lives of many men of mark went out during its reign.

The labor movement developed in new and unlooked for directions.

The elections of November were full of surprises for men of all parties.

Across sea, England, after a long period of indecision, finally made up her mind in regard to the Irish question, and in December adopted strong coercive measures.

Upon the continent of Europe there was a continual agitation during the whole year, which reached the maximum when Alexander was expelled from Bulgaria's throne. Peace still prevails, but war would not at any time be unexpected.

Disasters followed each other closely the whole world over. The earthquakes in the Sandwich Islands, in Spain and in about 8 bottles and says he is well, and to all appearances is well. He is now our regular porter and does all the heavy and light work and proclaims aloud the virtues of B. B. B.

DUNAWAY & CO., Druggists,
Arkansas City, Ark., April 30, 1887.

THE YEAR'S NECROLOGY.

Death Loves a Shining Mark, Indeed, When These Are Called Away.

JANUARY.

5. J. B. Lippincott, the publisher, died at Philadelphia.

17. Miss Katherine Bayard, eldest daughter of the secretary of state, found dead in her room.

20. Dr. R. A. Atchison died in Clinton county, Missouri. He was the only man who ever enjoyed the distinction of having been president of the United States for a single day.

31. Mrs. Thomas F. Bayard, wife of the secretary of state, died at Washington.

FEBRUARY.

9. Maj. Gen. Winfield Scott Hancock, U. S. Army, died at Fort Myer, Va.

20. Dr. George J. Waddell, who commanded the Confederate ship Shenandoah during the civil war, died at Annapolis.

25. Dr. Charles F. Smith, died at London, England.

MARCH.

8. Hon. John P. Miller, United States senator from California, died at Washington in his 55th year.

9. Jerome B. Chaffee, ex-United States senator from Colorado, died at Salem, N. Y., aged 60.

13. Dr. Austin Flint, of New York City, died, aged 73.

20. Dr. James J. Waddell, who commanded the Confederate ship Shenandoah during the civil war, died at Annapolis.

25. Dr. Charles F. Smith, died at London, England.

26. Hon. Horatio Seymour, one of the "war governors" of New York state, and Democratic candidate for the presidency in 1868, died at Utica. Born in Onondaga county, N. Y., 1810.

27. John B. Gough, temperance lecturer, died at Philadelphia, Pa. Born at Sandgate, England, 1817.

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THE LABOR MOVEMENT.

STRIKES THAT RESULTED FOR GOOD OR FOR ILL.

The Demand for Eight Hours—The Big Strike in Chicago and the Anarchist Bomb Throwing—Big Packing House Strike—Street Railway Tie Ups.

JANUARY.

6. Great strike and lockout of the engineers of the elevated railroad system of New York city. Travel was almost entirely suspended for a day or two.

20. A riot occurred at Mount Pleasant, Pa. The police and the Hungarian strikers had a collision, in which several of both parties were injured.

28. Six thousand glovemakers of Johnstown and Gloversville, N. Y., struck.

FEBRUARY.

5. The employees of the New York Seventh Avenue, Fourth Avenue, Sixth Avenue and Broadway surface roads strike successfully for a reduction of hourly wages.

MARCH.

3. Brooklyn street car lines all "tied up."

5. General tie up of the street railroads of New York city. It required 750 policemen to force a car through Grand street, where a great crowd had assembled.

6. Five hundred men, Knights of Labor, employed in the Missouri Pacific railroad shops at St. Louis, quit work at the blowing of the noon whistle. One thousand other employees of the Missouri Pacific also struck. The freight business of the road is paralyzed.

7. Secret meeting held at St. Louis, at which the passenger engineers, brakemen, switchmen and firemen of the Missouri Pacific system decided to join the freight handlers and carshop strike. Accordingly, on the morning of the 10th, 6,000 miles of road lie. Immense freight blockade.

9. Employees of the Troy and Lansingburgh street car lines, at Troy, N. Y., struck for fewer hours of work. Demands granted.

9. Five thousand employees of the "Gould" railroad system were discharged on the Missouri Pacific.

10. Vice-President H. M. Hoxie, of the Missouri Pacific railroad, declines to confer with the Knights of Labor or a committee from the strikers.

23. Jay Gould accepted a proposal for arbitration. Mr. Powderly ordered the men to work.

23. The district assemblies of the I. O. of L. refused to obey Powderly's order, and instruct the Missouri Pacific strikers not to resume work.

31. The rights to resume work on the Missouri Pacific.

31. Six hundred and fifty morocco workers of Wilmington quit work.

31. Strike of Colons spinners ended. About 7,000 persons affected.

APRIL.

1. The strike on the Gould road has been resumed on account of the refusal of the company to reinstate all the strikers.

2. "Bloody Saturday" at Fort Worth, Texas. Strikers resist the movement of trains, firing a volley from Winchester rifles into a posse of deputy sheriffs, killing one and mortally wounding two others. The officers replied with shot and shrapnel.

5. Mr. Powderly formally recalls his order to the Missouri Pacific strikers to resume work.

6. Deputy sheriffs in East St. Louis fire on the strikers, killing one person, one of whom was a striker.

14. Powderly makes an appeal to Gould for the strikers to resume work.

15. Several of the Brooklyn surface roads tied up. Settled same day, after some blood shed.

16. One thousand two hundred dissatisfied employees at the coal wharves of the Reading road in Philadelphia, struck. Unless the demands of the men are granted, 25,000 Knights of Labor will go out on strike.

27. Masked cable car strikers in San Francisco attack a car and drive the passengers for miles.

27. It is reported that 50,000 machinists will leave the Knights of Labor unless granted a National Assembly charter and County Democracy factions united upon Hon. Abraham S. Hewitt, who was unanimously nominated for mayor of New York City.

28. Dynamite found in the cable road tunnel in San Francisco.

28. District assemblies of Knights of Labor of ten states soon sent request to Grand Master Workman Powderly to call a special session of the national assembly. This because of Powderly's order to recall strikers "off," his ordering money subscribed to the "anarchist" fund returned, and to rescind the order to recall strikers.

28. Knights of Labor picket at Amsterdam released from confinement. This is a significant movement in the contest between the knitting mill owners and operatives, which was a feature of the year.

29. The third avenue street car strikers, New York city, put on free coaches for the accommodation of persons who would otherwise be compelled to ride in the cars.

30. Chairman O'Donnell, Secretary Best, and Graham, Hughes and Downing, of the Empire Protective association, indicted by the grand jury at New York for ordering the tie up of the Third Avenue cars.

MAY.

1. Chicago trades union demands a uniform working day of eight hours, without reduction of wages. The same demands are made in many other cities.

1. Forty thousand men in Chicago go on strike for eight hours. Strikes for similar cause are general all over the country.

2. An attempt by the Chicago police to disperse a meeting of Anarchists was followed by a riot in which a dynamite bomb was thrown by the Anarchists among the police, killing six and wounding sixty-one.

5. Rioters fired upon and several killed by the state militia at Milwaukee, Wis.

5. More shooting occurred at Chicago between the police and Anarchists, and leading rioters were arrested.

6. Milwaukee rioters indicted.

9. The planmakers of New York have abandoned their demand for a reduction to eight hours a day.

10. Big strike at Chicago ends. Employees of the Troy, N. Y., collar and cuff factories, locked out by the manufacturer, returned to work.

21. Eight thousand tailors locked out by the Essex Tailors' union, New York city.

JUNE.

2. John Most, convicted of inciting to riot, was sentenced to imprisonment at hard labor for one year and to pay a fine of \$500 at New York.

3. The convention of Knights of Labor, at Cincinnati, closed. The conference with the trades unions were not satisfactorily adjusted.

4. Female members of the families of the striking Chicago railroad men stop trains by standing upon the tracks.

5. Fourteen thousand horse car men, of New York, Brooklyn and Long Island City, quit work.

6. The Empire Protective association gives up the fight against the Third Avenue road.

12. At the meeting of the Brotherhood of Telegraphers at Kansas City, it was decided

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