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ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

GREATEST NAVAL BATTLE IN HISTORY OF THE WORLD

Huge Fleets of Germany and England Met Wednesday and Fought Day and Night—Both Sides Claim Victory Which at First Was Thought to Have Been With Germany—Perhaps Ten Thousand Seamen Lost for When a Ship Went Down Her Crew Perished—English Loss Large in Great Ships and in Men and Officers—English Claim German Loss Was Larger.

Last Wednesday afternoon the great high seas fleet of Germany came in contact with the blockading fleet of England in the North Sea and the result was the greatest naval battle in history, which lasted the remainder of the day and through the night. The last reports from the British admiralty claims positively that more ships of Germany were lost than of England.

It was a running fight of 165 miles. The big ships hammered at each other from a distance of fifteen miles at first and later came to close quarters of five miles. In the battle were all the various grades of fighting craft of both navies from the greatest superdreadnaughts to the smallest torpedo boats. There were perhaps one hundred ships on each side finally in the fight. Every time a ship went down its crew went with it and the loss of life was immense. Many officers of the English perished.

As the reports begin to get clearer the truth seems to be that a large number of dreadnaughts of the Germans were first attacked by English battle cruisers, which are the next greatest in power. The Germans were thus able to inflict great loss before the biggest ships of the English got into action. As the Germans began to be outnumbered they retreated.

German Losses Much Greater Than Reported.

London Dispatch, June 4.

A statement issued tonight by the British Admiralty, confirming previous accounts of the battle between British and German fleets, reiterates that the German accounts of German losses are false, and that although evidence is still incomplete, enough is known to justify stating that the German losses were greater than the British "not merely relatively to the strength of the two fleets, but absolutely."

There is the strongest ground for believing says the statement, that the German losses include two dreadnaught battle cruisers of the most powerful type and two of the latest light cruisers in addition to smaller craft, including a submarine.

The text of the statement follows: "Until the commander-in-chief has had time to consult the officers engaged and write a full dispatch, any attempt to give detailed history of the naval engagement which began on the afternoon of the twenty-third of May and ended in the morning hours of the first of June, would evidently be premature. But the results are quite plain.

"The grand fleet came in touch with the German fleet at 3:30 on the afternoon of May 31. The leading ships of two fleets carried out a vicious battle in which the battle cruisers, fast battlehips and subsidiary craft all took an active part.

"The losses were severe on both sides but when the main body of the British fleet came into contact with the German high seas fleet a very brief period sufficed to compel the latter, who had been severely punished, to seek refuge in their protected waters. This maneuver was rendered possible by low visibility and mist and although the grand fleet were now and then able to get in a momentary conflict with their opponents no continuous action was possible.

"They continued the pursuit until the light had wholly failed, while the British destroyers were able to make a successful attack upon the enemy during the night.

"Meanwhile Admiral Sir John Jellicoe having driven the enemy into port, returned to the main scene of the action and scoured the sea in search of disabled vessels. By noon the next day, June 1, became evident there was nothing more to be done. He returned, therefore to his bases, four hundred miles away, refueled his fleet and in the evening of June 2 was again ready to put to sea.

"The British losses have already been fully stated. There is nothing to add or subtract from the latest account published by the Admiralty. The enemy losses are less easy to determine. That the accounts they have given to the world are false is certain and we cannot yet be sure of the exact truth. But from such evidence as has come to our knowledge the Admiralty entertains no doubt that the German losses are heavier than the British, not merely relatively to the strength of the two fleets but absolutely.

"There seems to be the strongest ground for supposing that included in the German losses are two battlehips, two dreadnaught battle cruisers of the most powerful type, two of the latest light cruisers, the Wiesbaden and Eibing, a light cruiser of the Rostock type, the light cruiser Frauenlob and destroyers and submarines."

The First News.

London Dispatch, June 2.

The British public was given a painful shock tonight when the admiralty gave out a statement that in a naval battle in the North sea Wednesday afternoon, the British battle cruiser fleet met the German fleet,

with the result that three British battle cruisers were sunk, together with three cruisers and several destroyers, while six destroyers were still unaccounted for.

The Indefatigable, the Invincible and the Queen Mary were the battle cruisers sent to the bottom by the Germans. The cruisers Defense, Black Prince and Warrior also were lost. The Warrior first was reported disabled, but subsequently it was announced that she had been abandoned by her crew.

The battle seems to have lasted through the afternoon and the following night. The German fleet's losses are stated to have been serious, but no very definite information of these losses is afforded. One battle cruiser is declared to have been destroyed and another severely damaged, while the belief is expressed that a large number of German destroyers were disposed of.

Following quickly upon the admiralty announcement, came the German official version of the fight which, in general, confirms the British account, but claimed that the battleship Warspite also was sunk and other British battleships damaged.

The German losses, according to the German version of the battle, were the small cruiser Wiesbaden, sunk by gun fire and the warship Pommern by a torpedo, while the cruiser Frauenlob and a number of torpedo boats are missing.

The new was flashed out in special editions of the evening newspapers and caused greater consternation in the west end of London than has been witnessed on any previous occasion since the declaration of war. The frankness of the admiralty announcement concerning the serious nature of the British losses and the apparently small losses of the Germans in comparison, led to the assumption in most minds that the British vessels must have been led into a mine field.

GOOD HEALTH AND GOOD ROADS

President of National Highway Shows Relation of Good Roads to Good Health.

That good roads are conducive to good health is one of the best arguments advanced by Mr. Charles H. Davis, C. E., president of the National Highway Association, in favor of good roads. He says: "Given the same density of population, the town with better roads has the smallest percentage both of disease and deaths. When statistics show this is almost invariably the case, there must be some connection between good roads and health.

"It is true that a town with good roads is a progressive town with a health board that is correspondingly well informed and alert, but it is also true that good roads have directly contributed to the progressive spirit. In short, money has rolled in over their wellkept surfaces. Through them the town has become wealthier and wiser, and better health protection is a natural result."

Again he says: "A community to be wholly healthy must not be a 'queer' community. It must take a sane interest in its business, and the relation of its business to the outside world. It must mix with other people besides its own immediate neighbors. In other words, it must come out of itself and to do this it must look to its roads.

"Where the roads are heavy, narrow, muddy and impassable, the community becomes segregated; a quiet backwater, quaint, but unless in our national progress, and sometimes queer and dangerous. It becomes the breeding place of insanity and perversion, a cancerous and vexed spot of mental ills and moral contagion that spreads as rapidly and leaves as sanguinary effects as any of the epidemics known to medicine."

From Bethlehem Community.

Correspondence of The Journal.

Mrs. M. C. Broom and children of Orlando, Fla. are visiting relatives in the community. Mrs. Broom came to be at the bedside of her mother, Mrs. J. L. Parker, who died Thursday morning. Mrs. Parker was a lady of fine christain character and our heartfelt sympathy goes out to the family in their hour of bereavement.

Mr. Thomas Ross of Monroe spent part of last week with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. Ross.

Miss Bernice Broom has returned from Brevard Institute, where she has been taking normal training.

There will be children's day services here Sunday, June 18. Exercises by the children at 10:30 and an address in the afternoon by Rev. J. E. Abernethy.

The members of the Epworth League have recently purchased carpet for the church. The league is doing some profitable work here and much interest is being manifested.

The Sunday school is increasing in numbers as well as in interest. We have about 250 members now, compared with 175 during the winter.

Rev. M. A. Osborne, our efficient pastor, will occupy the pulpit here Sunday afternoon at 3:30.

Thanks.

I desire to thank the voters who supported me in the primary for county commissioner for their confidence and support. Though I was not nominated I appreciate the vote and the confidence of my friends.

Respectfully,
J. W. RALLINGS.

BURIAL OF MRS. GRIFFIN

Good Lady Whose Death Caused Sorrow — Locals, Personal, and Thoughts From Wingate.

Wingate, June 3. — The month came in with the mercury down to about 66, with a cool North wind steadily blowing causing the rapid evaporation of the needed moisture; a condition quite unfavorable for the germination of garden and farm seeds and the desired growth of the crops already above ground. Nevertheless, more or less progress has been made, while the alert and wide-awake farmers have had ideal weather in which to plant and cultivate his crops and to put them in fine shape for the warm weather and gracious showers later. You see, if you turn the thing over, you will always find something good on the other side to compensate the bad in every case. The outlook for splendid crops is quite encouraging, comparatively speaking.

Miss Mattie Gaddy, who had charge of the music department of the Chestertown high school during the spring term, has returned to that town after a short vacation, and will instruct a class in music during the summer months. This scribe congratulates Miss Gaddy on her success in her chosen vocation. Miss Gaddy learned her A. B. C.'s at quite a tender age under his tuition, and for some reasons, which cannot be given here, he always feels a special interest in the welfare and success of everyone that came under his care and instruction. Perhaps the reasons for which will be given later.

Mesdames Mary E. Griffin, Lydia Parfiter, and Arthur Braswell, all of Marshville, are visiting the family of Mr. and Mrs. Jodie Stewart.

Monday morning — Just an ideal spring morning, and everything seems to be rejoicing; even O. P. T. feels unusually fine when he gets able to get out among his friends, and kith and kin. Hallelujah! But I must stop this and write of things more interesting.

Mr. Ed Williams, son of Mr. T. J. Williams, who has been attending some medical institution in New York, is at home to spend his vacation, presumably.

Mr. Jesse Williams of Waxhaw visited the family of his father, Mr. S. A. Williams Sunday.

Messrs. Percy Wall and Wilson Ross of Badin were in Wingate Sunday.

Messrs. John and William McManess, Mr. Lowery, Mr. Claude Duncan, and sister, Miss Annie, were in town among friends Sunday.

Miss Maude Reader of Rocky River Springs spent Saturday night and Sunday with the family of Dr. and Mrs. J. R. Jerome.

Mr. and Mrs. Blair Bivens and little daughters of Monroe, and Mr. and Mrs. J. Collier Meigs, and little Dorothy Meigs of Rock Rest, were our welcome out of town visitors Sunday afternoon. At the same time we had as our guests from the village, Mr. and Mrs. B. D. Austin, Mrs. Jona Hartsell, Misses Blanche Moore, and Dezzie Hargett and Messrs. S. J. Helms, E. H. Williams, Bunyan Griffin and Guilford Ross. Needless to say that we enjoyed the occasion immensely.

Miss Mary Perry Stewart of Wingate is on an extensive visit to the home of her father, Mr. Ellis Perry of lower Union county.

Mr. Calvin Nash has taken a contract to build two resident buildings for Mr. James Bivens of Marshville township for his sons-in-law, Messrs. Talmage Helms and Ellis Nash. Mr. Nash will begin work on these at once.

The remains of Mrs. N. W. Bivens, whose death was noted in our last letter, were laid to rest in the cemetery at Meadow Branch Friday afternoon in the presence of a large number of friends and relatives. Rev. C. J. Black, Rev. Joseph A. Bivens, and Rev. E. C. Snider all participated in the funeral services.

Mrs. Bivens was 62 years, 1 month, and 19 days old at the time of her death. She was a daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Coleman Lee of the eastern section of Union county. She was twice married first, to Mr. Henry Griffin, son of the late William Lafayette Griffin of lower Union county. To this union was born one son, Mr. Bunyan Griffin of Wingate, who, together with her second husband, Mr. Nathaniel W. Bivens, and a number of step-children, survive her. Though not a member of any church, Mrs. Bivens professed full faith in the christian religion and gave assurance of her acceptance with her Saviour.

Mrs. Bivens believed in the "old-time religion," which manifested itself in the lives and conduct of its possessors. Her ideals were those of purity, plainness and simplicity. The deceased possessed in a high degree all those rare and essential virtues that make the true woman—a devoted wife, a loving mother and kind, helpful neighbor. She will be sadly missed in her sphere. The bereaved husband and family have the deep and sincere sympathy of their many friends in this sad and gloomy hour.

This section was visited Saturday evening by gentle and copious showers which received a warm welcome by our farmers and house-wives.

O. P. TIMIST.

Thanks, Friends.

I wish to sincerely thank my acquaintances and friends for their support and interest in my first venture into politics.

J. C. STEELE.

Some men value outward show more than inward worth.

WOMAN SANITARY OFFICER

Mrs. Henry Laney Has Been Elected for Thirty Days to Look After the Health of the City—Firemen Rewarded — \$175 Donation to the Fourth of July Committee.

The city aldermen held an interesting meeting last night—one that will perhaps be gratefully remembered for many years to come. Several innovations were made, and all were progressive measures. A woman was appointed Sanitary Officer of Monroe; something that has perhaps never been done before in the entire country—certainly not in North Carolina; the firemen were given \$150 to attend the Firemen's tournament; and the Fourth of July committee received a donation of \$100, and this will be raised to \$175 if they decided to get an airship to exhibit here on that day.

Woman's Club Urge Change.

A delegation of the Woman's Club, headed by the President, Mrs. Frank Laney, appeared before the Aldermen. They stated their case, claiming that a man is not as competent as a woman to look after the sanitation of a town; and, also, that most men are careless in the performance of the work. They meant no reflection on the present incumbent, Mr. Allen English, or any other man that has heretofore had the job. They simply claimed that woman, endowed with certain qualities, is more competent and more willing to enforce the sanitary laws than a man.

The Aldermen granted their petition. Instead of taking it on themselves to appoint the officer, they left it to the Woman's Club to decide who would be the first Woman Sanitary Officer of Monroe, if not of the United States. The Club immediately voted on the proposition with the result that Mrs. Henry Laney was elected.

Mrs. Laney stated to The Journal this morning that she would accept the position. She also stated that she was very much gratified at the honor bestowed upon her by her club fellow-members, and that she would do her best to merit the honor.

The appointment was for only 30 days. If, at the end of that time, Mrs. Laney proves herself competent to hold the position, her appointment will be permanent. The job pays \$50 per month.

Firemen Rewarded.

The volunteer firemen of Monroe were rewarded for their past valiant efforts in fighting fires and saving property by the city aldermen by giving them \$150 to defray their expenses to the annual firemen's tournament, to be held at Raleigh, July 16. In the past the firemen have had to depend on public subscription to make their annual pilgrimage, and voluntary gift of the city is much appreciated, and is praised by the citizens of the town.

Airship for the Fourth.

Messrs. R. A. Morrow, W. C. Stack and G. B. Caldwell, representing the Fourth of July Celebration Committee, also appeared before the aldermen last night and solicited the aid of the city for the celebration this year. It was readily given.

The aldermen donated \$100 outright, but decided to raise it to \$175 if the committee would secure an airship to make a flight here on the day of the celebration. Mr. W. C. Stack, a member of the committee, stated to The Journal this morning that it had been decided to get an airship for the fourth, and this means that the city will donate \$175. The flight will cost the committee \$500, and owing to the beneficence of the city, only \$125 remains to be raised to secure the necessary amount.

Airship For Fourth!

Plans are steadily materializing for one of the biggest fourth of July celebrations ever held in the State of North Carolina at Monroe on the Fourth of July. "Hurricane," the racing ostrich, is already a sure attraction, and now the outlook is bright for an airship exhibition on Monroe's and Union county's big day.

A donation of \$175 from the city last night makes the airship proposition an almost sure thing. Only about two or three hundred more is needed to make the celebration a complete success from a financial standpoint of view, and Mr. Tom Dillon stated to The Journal this morning that the contributions are rolling in like forty. Many who have already contributed to the fund have on learning that an airship exhibition was in sight, gone voluntarily to Mr. Dillon and increased their donations. More is yet needed, the Monroe citizens are expected to contribute with a vim.

Thousands and thousands of people are expected for the celebration this year, and Monroe is already grooming herself for the entertainment of the visitors on that day. Since it is almost a certainty that an airship will make a flight on the Fourth, some conservative estimates, barring bad weather, place the size of the crowd at not less than ten thousand. Besides making arrangements for the entertainment of the crowd on a vast scale, the committee is also going to make arrangements to see that everybody will get plenty of food and water, so that everybody may come with the assurance of being well provided for and entertained.

There are thousands and thousands of Union county citizens who have never had the pleasure of seeing an airship flight. This year, all who desire the pleasure will have an opportunity to see it gratified.

Monroe extends an invitation for everybody to be here on the Fourth.

Masonic Bazaar and Rally in Monroe.

The Masons of this locality, on the initiative of the Blue Lodge of Monroe, will hold a bazaar and rally in Monroe on St. John's Day, June twenty-fourth. The plan is to make it a great occasion not only for the Masonic fraternity, but for the public. The program will embrace both day and night, the night feature being a public installation of officers. During the day there will be speaking and other features. Dr. E. W. Sikes will speak and Mr. T. W. Bickett, the next Governor of the State, has been invited and is expected to accept, if possible.

The Blue Lodge appointed the following committee to take up the matter: T. L. Crowell, R. C. Griffin, J. V. Griffith, W. Z. Faulkner, M. B. Yandle. The committee met at the court house Saturday with Mr. T. P. Dillon, president of the chamber of commerce, and it was agreed to have an open meeting at the Commercial club Monday night to further discuss the matter. Last night there was a gathering of over fifty representative citizens and it was unanimously decided to make the occasion a great event. The meeting appointed the following committees: G. B. Haigler, H. F. Taylor, W. E. Funderburk, F. N. Snyder, and J. C. Sikes, to work in connection with the committee from the Blue Lodge; Mrs. W. B. Love, Miss Pattie Benton, Mrs. A. L. Monroe, Mrs. R. W. Lemmond, and Mrs. E. C. McClelland, to represent order of the Eastern Star, which will co-operate, on grounds, T. L. Crowell, W. E. Funderburk and W. Z. Faulkner; on securing a tent, R. C. Griffin, J. V. Griffith, J. C. Sikes, and M. B. Yandle; canvass committee for bazaar, ladies of the Eastern Star; central committee, T. P. Dillon, from Chamber of Commerce, R. W. Lemmond, representing Blue Lodge, Mrs. W. B. Love representing order of the Eastern Star.

The idea is to secure the tent which is to be used for the Union meeting in July. It is expected that this tent will be erected on the Chautauqua grounds.

The object of the bazaar is to raise money to be added to the fund already started to erect a Masonic temple in Monroe. This fund already has two thousand dollars to its credit. It is designed that when a temple is erected in Monroe it shall contain a public auditorium.

At the bazaar there will be a big all day dinner and speeches and other features, including the finest dinner ever served in Monroe. The plan has started off with much enthusiasm and the people behind it will leave no effort undone to make it a great event.

Provisions of Mrs. Fitzgerald's Will.

The will of Mrs. E. E. Fitzgerald has been filed for probate in the clerk's office. As heretofore mentioned, it gives her residence to the city of Monroe to be used as a hospital. There are no conditions attached except that the city shall provide for the expense of maintaining a hospital to be conducted in the usual manner, patients to be charged for as is customary with such charity work as is usually done by such institutions. All the grounds and outhouses go with the dwelling.

Fifty dollars in trust is left to the Monroe Presbyterian church for the purpose of caring for the graves of Col. and Mrs. Fitzgerald.

Mrs. Lottie Blair receives one thousand in cash.

Mrs. Rachael Armfield receives two thousand in trust to be used during her life time and to go to her children equally at her death.

Mrs. Susan McGuire Walker of Waxhaw, who was partially reared by Mrs. Fitzgerald, receives five hundred dollars.

Elizabeth Houston, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. W. B. Houston, receives five hundred dollars and the old family cupboard which, belonged to her great grandmother.

Mrs. Daisy Youngblood receives the portraits of the parents of Mrs. Fitzgerald. The other personal effects and household and kitchen furniture are to be divided by and among the several nieces. Mrs. S. O. Blair receives a diamond breast-pin which she had presented to Mrs. Fitzgerald. Other presents from the several nieces are to be returned to them.

Fifty dollars is devoted to putting an iron fence around the graves of her first husband, D. F. Armfield and his parents, in the old McWhorter graveyard, and twenty-five in trust to keep them up.

Nephews, R. F. Turner, J. C. Turner, Charlie Turner, D. A. Houston, C. E. Houston, are to receive fifteen hundred dollars each, less some advancement already made to some of them.

All nieces are to receive fifteen hundred dollars each, the children of Mrs. Lola Armfield to have her share, and for this purpose executors shall sell as soon as possible the Crawford Helms tract, the Wiley Helms tract and the Frank Turner tract north of town.

Mrs. Ella Lindsey receives for her life time the two small residences on main street between Shute's gin and the old McCann building, and at her death they go to the children of Mrs. Lola Armfield and to Mrs. Lessie Heath.

All property not specifically mentioned is to be sold by the executors, C. E. Houston and Rufus Armfield, for the purpose of paying debts, if any, and the remainder to go to the several nieces, who are declared to be residuary legatees.

It's easy for the average woman to keep a secret—going.

PRIMARY RESULTS IN COUNTY, STATE, DISTRICT

Bickett Nominated for Governor
All Old Officers Were Renominated—Robinson Leads for Congress—Niven and Helms for County Commissioners—Many to Run in Second Primary.

Nearly 2,500 votes were cast in Union county at the primary Saturday. The voting was comparatively light. The election proved to be a quiet affair, there is no dispute over the results.

Complete returns from all the counties of the seventh congressional district gives Robinson, 6328; Spence, 3288; Varner, 2549; Finley 1665. This leaves Robinson short 1174 votes of having a clear majority over all, and gives him 3040 over Spence, the next highest aspirant. Spence and Robinson will run over.

At the meeting of the Union county board of election in the courthouse yesterday, the following gentlemen were declared the nominees for the various offices.

J. V. Griffith, Sheriff; M. C. Long, Register of Deeds; L. R. Helms and J. M. Niven, Commissioners; J. S. Plyler, Coroner; R. W. Elliott, Surveyor; R. F. Beasley, Representative; and R. L. Stevens, Prosecuting Attorney.

Mr. Bickett carried the county by 1500 majority.

J. N. Price and George S. Lee Jr., will contest for the remaining seat in the House a second primary, to be held Saturday, July 1. W. O. Lemmond came within 5 votes of securing the nomination for Recorder, and he and M. L. Flow will run it over. For the third county Commissioner, H. T. Baucum and Jerry C. Laney will run again to decide the nominee. C. B. Barden and Henry Presson will have to run over to decide the nomination for cotton weigher at Monroe; and so will B. F. Black and J. Mod Maness at Marshville. W. M. Crow was nominated for cotton weigher at Waxhaw.

For Congress, Lee Robinson carried the county by 501 votes, having secured a total of 1323. Mr. Finley ran second, polling 325 votes. Mr. Spence ran third with 283 votes, and Mr. Varner ran last with 224 votes.

Woodrow Wilson is the choice of Union county for President, and Marshall for Vice-President. Roosevelt received 25 votes, Hughes 8, Allen Brunson, Socialist, 1; W. J. Bryan 2, F. M. Simmons 1, Champ Clark 1, Ben Tillman 1. For Vice-President Ellihu Root received 3 votes, C. W. Fairbanks 13, J. C. Pritchard 1, Kirkpatrick, Socialist, 1; F. M. Simmons 1, Cole Blaise 1, and Lansing 1.

The vote for the county, district and State ticket appear in the table.

The State Ticket.

Attorney General T. W. Bickett was nominated in the Statewide legalized primary of Saturday as the Democratic candidate for Governor by a 55,000 majority over Lieutenant Governor E. L. Daughtridge.

For Attorney General the indications are that Judge J. S. Manning of Wake was nominated. For the other State officers all the incumbents have been re-nominated.

Majority Leader Claude Kitchin carries every county in the Second Congressional district, his majority over Congressman W. Mitchell of Bertie being about 7,000.

Congressman H. L. Godwin in the Sixth district will have to go into a second primary with J. A. Brown of Columbus.

Cotton Weighers at Waxhaw, Wingate and Marshville.

For cotton weigher at Wingate L. W. Chaney received 23 votes, W. P. Griffin 29, and E. L. May 40. As Mr. May did not receive a majority, and as the two other candidates are tied for second place, all three are eligible to run over in the second primary. An enactment of the Legislature, however, gives the two tied candidates the privilege to draw straws for the elimination of one man. This is not compulsory.

No nomination was made for Marshville and Messrs. B. F. Black and J. Mod Maness will try it over. The total vote was 401. J. C. Baker received 87, B. F. Black 161, J. Mod Maness 107, and W. Benson Marsh 49. By precincts as follows: Marshville, Parker 18, Black 50, Maness 62, Marsh 36, Olive Branch; Baker 3, Black, 23, Maness 24, Marsh 2; Euto, Baker 1, Black 17, Maness 5, Marsh 1; Lanes Creek, Baker 65, Black 31, Maness 16, Marsh 7.

At Waxhaw there was a total vote of 427 of which W. M. Crow received 263 and was nominated. W. L. Perkins received 22 and W. J. Sims 142. By precincts as follows: West Sandy Ridge, Crow 48, Perkins 0, Sims 15; Marvin, Crow 49, Perkins 0, Sims 29; Waxhaw, Crow 92, Perkins 18, Sims 49; Wilson's Old Store, Crow 74, Perkins 4, Sims 49.

Mr. W. L. Earnhardt, the present incumbent, was nominated for Constable of Monroe township over his opponent, Mr. Rosser Wolfe, by a large majority.

In the Second Race.

As you all know I am in the second primary, July first, for cotton weigher in Monroe. I wish to express my appreciation for the support the voters of Union county have given me in the past, and to say that I will still appreciate your loyal support in the primary on July first. It is to express it mildly. Hoping that you all will attend the next primary, I am,

Yours for a square deal,
C. B. BARDEN.

Never argue with a man who is over 70 years of age, or with a woman of any age.