

THE FREE TRADER.

OTTAWA, Friday, August 7, 1840.

DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.

Opposition to a National Bank, as fraught with danger to our free institutions and to the liberties of the people from its necessary great and controlling power over the general currency and business of the country.

Agents for the Illinois Free Trader.

The following gentlemen are authorized to act as agents of this paper, viz: M. MOTT, Peru, La Salle county, Ill.

ELECTION RETURNS.

The following is a statement of the result of the late election for Representatives, as far as heard from:

LA SALLE COUNTY.

Table with columns for REPRESENTATIVE and SHERIFF, listing candidates and their respective counts for various precincts like Ottawa, South Ottawa, etc.

We will publish next week the official returns, giving a statement of all the votes of the several candidates.

KANE COUNTY.

We have just received the following statement of a gentleman from Kane county. We are fully satisfied that Mr. Link's vote is not set down too small, as our informant is a warm friend of the Whig party.

DE KALB COUNTY.

We learn that Mr. Dodge's majority in Sampson is 7.

We received the following letter just as our paper was going to press: Pau Pau, Aug. 4.

Messrs. WEAVER & HISE—Our precinct gave Abram R. Dodge 27—Lewis W. Link 2.

We learn that in Bayou precinct, Livingston county, that Mr. Link has a majority of 18.

COOK COUNTY.—We learn from the Chicago Daily Democrat that the entire regularly nominated Democratic ticket is elected by a large majority, over the mongrel Canal ticket.

WILL COUNTY.—The Juliet Courier of the 7th inst. says: "500 GUNS FOR WILL COUNTY."

"We have met the enemy and they are ours!"

"Will county has done her duty in sustaining the cause of democracy. The gallows-handbill-faction have been routed—horse, foot, and dragons."

"Will county is sound in the true democratic faith. In November she will stand in the front ranks for Van Buren and Johnson."

Hamilton D. Risley (whig) is prob-

ably elected Sheriff of Will county. Four democratic candidates were in the field.

We have received information from the following counties, viz:

SANGAMON.—Whig ticket elected, one Senator and five Representatives.

MENARD.—The election for Representative doubtful. Rumor says that Bennett (whig) is elected.

LOGAN & CHRISTIAN.—White (dem.) said to be elected Representative.

SHELBY.—The democratic Senator and Representative both elected. This is a democratic gain of one Senator.

MORGAN.—The whole whig ticket elected—two Senators and five Representatives. Whig gain of one Senator and two Representatives.

MONTGOMERY.—Democratic Representatives elected.

TAZEWELL.—Whig ticket elected—one Senator and two Representatives. Whig gain of one Senator and one Representative.

PEORIA.—Whig Representative elected by a majority of 7 votes. Whig County Commissioner elected, and a democratic Sheriff and Coroner.

PUTNAM DISTRICT.—In Putnam county the Whig candidate for Representative, Col. Henderson has a majority of 87. In Bureau county Mr. Swan, the democratic candidate, has a majority of 6.

FULTON COUNTY.—A democratic Senator and two Representatives elected by about 165 majority. Democratic gain of two Representatives.

WARREN DISTRICT.—The probability is that one Whig Senator and Representative are elected.

Jc DAVIES DISTRICT.—Whig majority of 36 for Representatives, in Lee county.

Gen. Jackson's Letter.

A number of the opposition prints, and in particular the Juno at Springfield, have been asserting that the Hero of New Orleans was in favor of Gen. Harrison for the Presidency.

HERMITAGE, June 23, 1840.

To the Editor of the Nashville Union: Sir: From the many letters which have been recently addressed to me asking for an expression of my views relative to the leading measures of the present administration of the general government, some of which are from well known and respectable sources, representing that efforts are made in various quarters of the Union to inculcate a belief in the public mind that my confidence in the present Chief Magistrate has been impaired, it seems to be proper that some step should be taken by me to undeceive those who are thus imposed upon.

From whatever cause, or on whatever authority, statements may be made, representing me as having changed my views of the leading measures of the present Administration, they are unfounded and unjust. Of the wisdom and importance of these measures, and particularly of that which aims at the establishment by Congress of a fiscal agency for the Government without the use or aid of banks, time and the fullest opportunity for reflection have left not a doubt on my mind.

And the ability which Mr. Van Buren has manifested in developing the bearing of this great question, and of its antagonist one, on the free institutions of our country, and the firmness he has displayed in holding on to the true interests of the people, when there has been so much temptation to compromise them, entitle him in my judgment to a rank not inferior to that of Mr. Jefferson or Mr. Madison as a patriot and statesman.

With such opinions of the present Chief Magistrate and of the measures to which he has given his sanction—opinions which I have never failed to express when I have had occasion to speak on the subject—it is surprising how any one could take up the idea that my confidence in him had been impaired or that I had become indifferent as to the choice to be made at the next election between him and Gen. Harrison.

Looking upon the latter gentleman as the representative of Federal principles in the present contest, and knowing that he has never been identified with the Republican party in any of its great struggles against the influences which have been calculated to take power from the people and the States, and give it to the General Government, I to suppose that I would for a moment think of giving my support to such an individual as a candidate for the Presidency would be a mockery of all public principle.

In respect to the statements which have been made in several newspapers of the day, that I disagree with many of my political friends in the estimate they have formed, of Gen. Harrison's military merits, I am not aware of having said any thing to justify them.

Having never admired Gen. Harrison as a military man, or possessing the qualities which constitute the commander of an army, I have looked at his political relations alone in the opinions I have formed or expressed respecting his pretensions to the Presidency, and the consequences which would result to the country, should the

suffrages of the people place him in that high office.

I am very respectfully, Your obedient servant, ANDREW JACKSON.

'Log Cabinian' and 'Hard Ciderian.'

That our readers may keep pace with the movements of the Opposition party, we deem it advisable to furnish them with an occasional specimen of Harrison enthusiasm in the eastern states. That they are becoming disgusted with the plan of operation, will be fully substantiated by the following from the Albany Argus:

'Log Cabin' Demolished!

Johnstown, July 7th, 1840.

Dear Sir—A log cabin was raised in the town of Broadalbin, on Thursday last, by the feds, in honor of Harrison and Tyler. Some 50 or 60 attended on that occasion; when there was literally "great excitement" since hard cider and something stronger were freely used. I am informed that that peaceable and quiet place never exhibited such a scene of intemperance as on the few days this log cabin was allowed to stand.

The "Hard Cider Party."

A Boston correspondent of a Harrison Whig paper in the city of New York, after giving an account of the celebration of the four hundredth anniversary of the invention of Printing, adds these truths:

"There is no news of importance to communicate to you to day. The log cabin, hard cider party, are as crazy as ever, and many sensible men among the whigs are disgusted with the proceedings of their own party. The recent convention at Worcester, is said to have made scores of democratic loco focos. The scenes there exhibited, by portions of the delegates, would have disgraced the inmates of a bawdy house. On one end of a barrel of hard cider, was placarded, "get up, tumble up, any way to get up." Many other mottoes, equally ridiculous, were there, as "part and parcel" of the convention, and my only wonder was that men could be found so lost to all decency and sense of propriety, as to bear about the banners and other insignia of Tippecanoe enthusiasm. I say not this as a partisan—but common sense rebels at such sights, and teaches me, as I have no doubt it does thousands of others, that such exhibitions cannot elect any man to the presidency, but will, on the contrary, render odious the individual whom they are intended to advance up the political ladder. The whigs of Massachusetts must change the modus operandi of their electioneering, if they would prosper, if they would have their victories come after as well as before election."

The New York "Olive Leaf," a religious paper, says:

"In this city, it is said that all the 89 called log cabins are furnished with extensive bars for the sale of intoxicating liquors of every kind. It is said in the papers, that several of them are kept open on the Lord's day. The great central cabin, in Broadway, which we visited a day or two since, has a bar nearly thirty feet long, with a long spruce log for a rail in front, and the shelves filled with death draughts, intermingled with Log Cabin song books, Tippecanoe text books, Harrison almanacs, &c. On one end of the counter is a barrel, labelled 'HARD CIDER.'

From the Chittenden Advertiser.

To the Ladies.

When the fair ladies of the land, "the last best gift of God," do not transcend the bounds which their amiability and dignity should at all times prescribe; they are capable of imparting an interest to assemblies, of a convivial, moral or intellectual character, almost irresistible to the rougher sex; it is therefore much to be regretted that in the instance given below, which we extract from the "Dayton Herald," they should have so far descended from the elevated station they are capable of occupying, to assist a few fanatical demagogues in their designs of substituting rivalry for argument, and buffoonery and revelry for reason and common sense.

MIAMI, July 12th, 1840.

Mr. Editor:—It is truly ridiculous to see the foolery of whiggery. On last Saturday the ladies, no not the ladies, but some of the females of Carrollton and vicinity came on a freight boat to this place to exhibit themselves. They were joined by some of the females of this place; they all went to a tavern and after smelling at the bung hole of a certain elder barrel, they each brought forth one of Comly's negro tune song books. They sang several vulgar, low, doggerel songs to the tune of Jim Crow, rosin the bow, &c. &c., and at the end of each verse or song shouted and cheered most lustily. When they sang John Van Cleve's song and followed his direction in the singing, it was most beautiful to see female who wish to pass themselves in community as decent, clap their thumb to their nose and

"gracefully wave" their fingers and grind with their other hand. But the most revolting part of the brothel like parade was the small apron each wore with large letters in front, some of which read "Martin can't come it," "Come it Tip and Tyler." The heart of an honest female must sicken to see her sex standing in the public street or on the top of a canal boat with one thumb on their nose and grinding with the other hand, and labelled "Martin couldn't come it."

Latest Fashion for Log Cabin Gentlemen.

Cambrie linen shirts, with exquisitely ruffled wristbands, perfumed with otto of roses. Delicate silk umbrellas, also, are sold at the log cabin stores, for log cabin men, to drive the rule sun from them when they go into the fields, and to protect them from the falling dew at night.—N. Y. Planet.

Falsehood is often rocked by truth, but she soon outgrows her cradle and discards her nurse.

Arrivals and Departures of the MAILS.

POST-OFFICE NOTICE.

The contract time for the arrival of the eastern mail from Chicago is daily, except Saturdays, by 9 o'clock P. M. Departure daily, except Sundays, at 3 o'clock A. M.

The south-western mail from Peoria, via Black Prairie, Crown Meadow, Magnolia, Point Republic and Vermilionville arrives 3 times a week, by 8 o'clock P. M. and departs on the same days at 3 o'clock A. M. by the way of Rome, Henry, Lacon, Hannegan and Peru, every alternate day at the same hours.

Tri-weekly mail up Fox River, via Dayton, Northville, Fenfield, Bristol, Oswego and Aurora to La Fox (Geneva) arrives every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday by 8 o'clock P. M. and departs every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6 o'clock A. M.

Weekly mail to Troy Grove arrives every Saturday by 12 o'clock P. M. and departs the same day at 1 o'clock P. M.

Weekly mail to Marseilles, goes out and returns every Saturday.

Semi-monthly mail, via Pontiac and Avoca to Danville, departs every other Thursday at 12 o'clock M. and arrives the Thursday following at 11 o'clock A. M.

Persons sending letters East or South, will please hand them in as early an hour as possible, as the P. M. is authorized to deliver the mail in anticipation of the contract hour.

The Post Office is open, on week-days, during business hours, and on Sundays from 9 to 10 o'clock A. M. and from 8 to 9 o'clock P. M.

M. E. HOLLISTER, P. M.

Ottawa, June 26, 1840. 6--tf.

OTTAWA PRICE CURRENT.

Table listing prices for various commodities like Bacon, Beef, Butter, Beans, etc., with columns for quantity and price.

STATE OF THE THERMOMETER.

From Doctor J. G. Armstrong's Office.

Table showing temperature readings for Ottawa, July 1840, with columns for date and time (9 o'clock, 12 o'clock, 3 o'clock).

J. O. CLOVER, B. C. COOK.

Glover & Cook,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law.

Office two doors North of the Post Office, Ottawa, Illinois.

August 8, 1840. 12--tf.

13 BBLs. of AMERICAN BRANDY, just received, and for sale by WALKER & SANGER.

August 8, 1840. 12--tf.

Caution.

MY wife Emily W. Pasmore having left my bed and board without just cause, I hereby caution all persons from trusting her in my name, as I am determined hereafter to pay no debts of her contracting.

PHILIP C. PASMORE.

August 8, 1840. 12--3w.

10 Barrels of GIN, just received and for sale low by the subscribers.

ARMOUR & LAMB.

July 31, 1840. 11--tf.

3 Bales of Domestic SHEETINGS, just received and for sale by the subscribers.

ARMOUR & LAMB.

July 31, 1840. 11--tf.

JUST received and for sale low, a quantity of LOAF SUGAR by

ARMOUR & LAMB.

July 31, 1840. 11--tf.

2 BOXES OF LEMON SYRUP, just received per Steamer Fayette, and for sale by WALKER & SANGER.

June 6. 3--tf.

FOR SALE.

A LARGE PATENT BEAM SCALE, drawing 500 lbs. by

WALKER & SANGER.

Ottawa, June 6, 1840. 3--tf.

HEPATIC PILLS.

Prepared by Dr. J. Stickle, Ottawa, Illinois.

THESE Pills are admirably calculated to cleanse the stomach, restore the proper functions of the biliary organs when impaired, and dispel with promptness the premonitory symptoms of the Bilious Fevers in this state. Being made expressly for the use of persons in this climate, and intended for a family medicine, so that every one may avail themselves of the means of cure, and apply the remedy when the first symptoms of disease make their appearance, which will be noticed by a bad taste in the mouth in the morning, with some headache, and a furred tongue.

Directions.—The dose for adults is four pills, to be taken on going to bed at night; and if they should not operate by morning, take two or three more, and repeat them every night until relief is obtained. But if four pills should operate more than two or three times actively, it will be best to take but two or three the next time. Children from five to ten years old may take from one to two pills for a dose.

For sale at the Drug Store of M. E. Hollister, north east corner of Canal and Columbus street, Ottawa, La Salle county, Illinois.

July 24, 1840. 10--tf.

NOTICE.

THE heirs of Norton Gum, deceased, late of the county of La Salle, and State of Illinois, are hereby notified that I intend to present a petition to the Circuit Court, to be holden at the Court House in the town of Ottawa, in said county, on the second Monday in November next, at the opening of the court, to enable me to sell all the real estate of the said Norton Gum, deceased, to pay the debts of the said estate, (the personal estate being insufficient,) when and where the said heirs can appear and show cause, if any there is, why the said petition should not be granted.

DAVID READER, Administrator of the said Estate.

July 24, 1840. 10--5w.

Peru and Peoria--Daily Packet.

THE Steam Boat FRONTER, BLAKELEY MASTER, will run as a regular packet between Peru and Peoria, leaving Peru daily, (Sundays excepted,) at 6 o'clock, a. m. and Peoria at 7 o'clock, a. m.

PRINK, WALKER & Co. 9--tf.

Administrator's Notice.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of Benjamin Lowry, deceased, are hereby notified and requested to attend before the Probate Justice of La Salle county at his office, in Ottawa, on the 2d Monday in September, A. D. 1840, for the purpose of having the same adjusted; that being the day fixed by the subscriber, in pursuance of the statute, for the purpose of settling and adjusting all claims against said decedent.

WILLIAM SEELY, Administrator.

Ottawa, July 17th, 1840. 9--0w.

Ottawa Chair Manufactury.

MOORE & WATERMAN, WOULD respectfully inform the subscribers that they will continue to manufacture CHAIRS on La Salle street, a few doors North of the Market House, where they constantly keep on hand

AN ASSORTMENT OF CHAIRS of every description, viz: Windsor, Grecian and Flag Seats of all kinds; Also, Rocking-Chairs, Cradles and Sitters.

The subscribers feel extremely grateful for the liberal patronage with which the community has favored them during the past year, and they respectfully solicit a continuance of the same.

W. MOORE, E. L. WATERMAN.

Ottawa, July 24, 1840. 10--tf.

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given to all whom it may concern, that I intend to apply to the County Commissioner's Court of La Salle county, at Ottawa, at the next September Term of said Court, to establish another Ferry across the Illinois River, in said county, at or near Peru, and that I will also then and there apply for a license to keep the same.

J. H. ROBINSON.

August 8, 1840. 12--1w.

laughter. She was an only child and the circumstances of her lover were not such as answered the views they had formed. Business had called the young man from home for several weeks, and on his return, to his great surprise and chagrin he found that Mr. S., the father of his beloved, had sold his farm, and with his wife and daughter had departed for Michigan. James tho't he saw through the motive of this movement, and learning that they had been gone but a few days, his resolution was at once taken to follow, unprepared as he was for the journey, either with

10 Barrels of Smith Ohio Rectified 50 WHISKEY, just received and for sale by the subscribers on Water street, between La Salle and Columbus streets, Ottawa, Ill. ARMOUR & LAMB.

July 31, 1840. 11--tf.

10 Barrels of BRANDY, just received and for sale low by the subscribers.

ARMOUR & LAMB.

July 31, 1840. 11--tf.

Just Received

BY the subscribers a large supply of DRY GOODS, Boots & Shoes, and Groceries, and for sale low, for Canal Serip, by

ARMOUR & LAMB.

July 31, 1840. 11--tf.

NEW GOODS.

J. SHULER, MERCHANT TAILOR, OTTAWA, ILLINOIS.

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Ottawa and vicinity, that he has just received from Philadelphia city, a large assortment of Broad Cloths,

of various colors viz: Blue, Black, Invisible Green, Brown, Dull, Cadet, Steel-mix'd, Drab, &c. Also, a large assortment of CASSIMERES, Fancy Stripe and other different colors. A variety of Satinets, of various colors, such as Black, Blue, Invisible Green, Brown, Ash, Cadet, Steel-mix'd, &c. Also, Bombazine of an excellent quality; a splendid assortment of full-trimmed Satin and Bombazine Stocks; Gentlemen's Gloves, Gumelastic Suspenders; the latest style of Satin, Marselles and Silk Vests, excellent articles for Vests. Also, Shirts, and a splendid assortment of Trimmings. He has also received a lot of Beaver and Pilot Cloths, and an excellent article of Blue Flushing for Over-Coats, a variety of Merinoes; Corduroy, Fancy and Plain Cravats, Pocket Handkerchiefs, Crape, Lastings, and Summer Cloths.

Mr. Shuler respectfully informs his friends and the public in general, that he continues the Tailoring business in all its various branches!

July 17, 1840. 9--3m.

NOTICE.

MY wife, Sarah Ann, has left my bed and board without any just cause or provocation; all persons are, therefore, hereby cautioned against harboring or trusting her on my account, as I shall pay no debts of her contracting.

TIMOTHY HORRUM.

Ottawa, July 3, 1840. 7--1w.

State of Illinois } SCT. LA SALLE COUNTY, }

Circuit Court. To November Term 1840.

TIMOTHY HORRUM, } In Chancery. vs. SARAH ANN HORRUM, } Petition for a divorce.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the above named petitioner Timothy Horrum, has filed in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of said county his petition, praying to be divorced from the said Sarah Ann Horrum; that a summons has been issued in this cause returnable before the Circuit Court of La Salle county on the first day of the next term thereof, to be holden at the Court House in Ottawa on the second Monday in November next; and it appearing by satisfactory affidavit, filed in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of said county, that the said Sarah Ann Horrum resides without the limits of the state of Illinois; Now, unless you, the said Sarah Ann Horrum, shall personally be and appear before the said Circuit Court on the first day of the next term thereof, to be holden at the Court House in Ottawa on the said second Monday in November next, and answer the said petition, the same will be taken as confessed, and the matters and things therein prayed for be decreed according to the prayer of the said petitioner. J. CLOUD, Clerk.

Ottawa, Illinois, July 24, 1840.

DICKER & GLENDON, Solicitors for the Petitioner.

July 3. 7--4w.

Administrator's Notice.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of James G. Higgins, deceased, are hereby notified and requested to present the same to the subscriber, administrator of said estate, or to the Probate Justice of La Salle county, within nine months from the date hereof, for settlement. B. VAN VALKENBURGH, Administrator.

Ottawa, July 3d, 1840. 7--4w.

NOTICE

IS hereby given, that, on the 8th day of August next, I will proceed to sell to the highest and best bidder the north-west quarter of Section No. 34, in township No. 14, north of range six, west of the principal meridian, in the county of Putnam, State of Illinois, as the property of the late Samuel R. Aldrich, dec'd.

Said sale to be upon the said premises and on a credit of nine months, the purchaser giving good security.

STEPHEN ALDRICH, Administrator.

July 3, 1840. 7--4w.

Administrator's Notice.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of Ezra Akley, dec'd., are hereby notified and requested to present the same to the subscriber, administrator of said estate, or to the Probate Justice of La Salle county, within nine months from the date hereof, for settlement. LEMAN AUKLEY, Administrator.

Ottawa, July 3d, 1840. 7--4w.

Strayed from Utica,

ON the 14th inst. a BAY HORSE, about eight years old, 17 or 18 hands high, with black mane and tail, rather slender built; no other marks recollected, except a small lesh or one of his eyes. Any person returning said horse to the subscriber, E. J. La Salle county, Illinois, or giving information where he may be found, shall be suitably rewarded.

JAMES CLARK.

Utica, June 30, 1840. 6--4t.