

# JAP TROOPS ORDERED TO EVACUATE SIBERIA

## GOVERNMENT FEARS EASTWARD SPREAD OF RED DOCTRINES

Honolulu, March 5.—The Japanese government has decided to abandon the Siberian expedition in line with the American policy, according to a cable message from Tokio, received by Shingo, a Japanese language newspaper here today. The first detachment of Japanese troops will leave Vladivostok March 20 simultaneously with the departure of the last Czechoslovak troops, the message said.

The soviet government's peace offer to Japan according to the cablegram, asks recognition of Lenin's de facto government and resumption of full diplomatic relations, promising to end terrorism simultaneously with allied acquiescence with the offer and to recognize Japan's special rights in Siberia.

A cablegram from Tokio Jan. 20, said all Japanese troops in Siberia would be withdrawn upon the accomplishment of the main purpose for which they were dispatched to Russia according to a "fundamental Siberian policy" promulgated by the Japanese imperial diplomatic council.

London Criticizes Jap Envoys.

London, March 5.—Discussing the address made in New York on Wednesday by Kijuro Shidehara, Japanese ambassador to the United States, the London Times declares the speech "appears to have contained unnecessarily emphatic references to China."

"Nor was it worthy while," the newspaper continues, "that the present difficult juncture to say marked stress upon Japan's special position regarding China."

"We fear the question of the Shantung peninsula may be drifting toward a deadlock. Perhaps neither side is entirely free from blame, but it is extremely desirable that no language should be used which might accentuate differences and postpone settlement."

Fear Bolshevism Spreads.

Washington, March 5.—Deeply concerned over the rapid eastward spread of bolshevism, again is understood to desire the creation of a buffer state between it and soviet controlled Russia. It is believed here that the erection of such a state may be made one of the first considerations in any future relations between Japan and Russia.

Establishment of an enormous Siberian state centered about Irkutsk has been contemplated recently by the individual according to official dispatches received here. Such a state, while following the political outlines of the present Russian government, would still possess a sufficiently independent character to satisfy any Japanese desire for a buffer between Japan and bolshevik controlled Russia.

## COURT UPHOLDS MAYOR WEEKS IN SUIT AGAINST MRS. SACKS

JUDGE ELDRIDGE RULES NOTORIOUS RESORT MUST CLOSE

INJUNCTION STANDS

JURIST REFUSES TO DISMISS SUIT AGAINST FULTON STREET DIVE — PROCEEDINGS PROVIDE SALE OF FURNITURE TO PAY COSTS OF SUIT.

A decree abating 1033 Fulton street for at least one year, by closing it for all purposes during that period, was allowed in the Circuit Court this afternoon, when Mayor George V. L. Weeks' injunction proceedings under the Kate Addams (corrected) law was threshed out before Judge Eldredge.

The suit, which was started by the mayor as a private citizen, named Mrs. Kate Sacks as defendant. Under the court order the old joint which has long played a varied career in Ottawa's life, will be closed for the twelve-months period and the furniture sold to pay for the court proceedings. Mrs. Sacks, the defendant, did not appear in court, but was represented by her solicitor, C. S. Cullen.

The court room was about half filled with men who listened to the proceedings, and two prominent ministers of religion were present.

Mr. Cullen entered a motion that the temporary injunction issued by Judge Eldredge be dissolved, as the defendant was not served before the writ was granted. He cited the general injunction law, requiring that a defendant be served before such an order was issued. He declared that neither in Mayor Weeks' bill, nor in his affidavit, had he shown a reason for not serving the defendant before the court signed the order prohibiting her from using her home.

Mayor Weeks explained that his bill set forth his prayer that the movable contents of the house be sold to pay the costs of the proceedings and that by serving the defendant with a notice that the injunction was issued, she would have been given an opportunity to move her personal property and furnishings from the house. He declared that there was nothing to prohibit him from starting another suit, and that if his original bill and affidavit did not give sufficient reasons for closing the house he would start a new suit. He explained that his action against Mrs. Sacks was not a law suit or any kind of a suit that would be of profit to him, but was started to rid the city of a pest and a nuisance.

Judge Eldredge in denying Mr. Cullen his motion, stated that the closing of such a resort as the one at No. 1033 Fulton street, was a public nuisance and was not in accordance with the law, and that courts had drastic action over such places. He explained that if Mrs. Sacks was not running the place in ill repute, as she has been charged with doing, but was living in the place which she owned as a law abiding citizen, the injunction did not affect her. He also stated that the suit was brought by Mr. Weeks in the interests of the public and not for any personal gain and that in a suit where one's personal interests were not involved and injunction was not the same as in a suit where personal interest of the complainant were at stake.

He explained that the law under which the suit was started was a new one and one that very little construction had been given to. He declared that the injunction only enjoined Mrs. Sacks from operating the place as a public nuisance, and that if she was living there in a lawful manner she was not affected by the writ.

After Judge Eldredge denied the motion Mr. Cullen entered the case and consented to an immediate hearing. Judge Eldredge informed Mayor Weeks that he would sign the decree in accordance with the prayer of his bill.

## 2 DEMOCRATS FILE IN EACH WARD FOR COMMITTEE POSTS

ELECTION ON APRIL 13 PROMISES TO BE PRECEDED BY INTERESTING CAMPAIGN—REPUBLICANS FILE IN EACH OF SEVENTY-THREE PRECINCTS IN THE COUNTY.

When the county clerk's office closed at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon the time for filing petitions as candidates for precinct committeemen drew to a close. The primaries will be held Tuesday, April 13, when a vote will be taken on the presidential preference, the precinct committeemen, and delegates and alternates to the national convention. While no other petitions can be filed candidates can be elected by having their names written in on the ballots.

Democrats are preparing for one of the biggest fights for minor offices in the history of the city, and two complete sets of candidates have filed their petitions. The pro-union fight promises to be almost as interesting as the mayoralty campaign last spring.

On the Republican ticket the fight will be centered around East Ottawa, where Probate Judge Richard D. Mills and Harry G. Cook are opponents, and in the sixth precinct, where W. H. Hinchman has James O'Meara for an opponent.

Women are barred from voting at this election, and can only watch the event from the side lines and as campaign workers. Petitions were filed for the Republican candidates in seven of the seventy-three precincts in the county, and practically all of the thirty-seven townships will have Democratic candidates, although there is one Democratic candidate in each precinct.

The candidates for each precinct in this city follow:

Republican.

First—J.G. Cook, 622 Canal street, and Richard D. Mills, 814 Congress street.

Second—Walter E. Woese, 1105 Paul street.

Third—Thomas J. Crawford, 222 J.W. street, and Arthur Barrett, 1850 La Salle street.

Fourth—Frank Hollman, 1206 Chestnut street, and Harry S. Westcott, 519 West Superior street.

Fifth—H. L. Hinchman, Webster street.

Sixth—William H. Hinchman, 147 Ottawa avenue, and James O'Meara, 1500 E. P. D. 25.

Seventh—George O. Groves, Second avenue.

Democratic.

First—Harry Moore, 64 Columbus street, and Andrew McManis, 612 Grafton street.

Second—Thomas Loxo, 530 E. 2nd Canal street, and James A. Fox, 724 East Superior street.

Third—Maurice Wolff, 528 East J. H. street, and Thomas Lanigan, 227 Nebraska street.

Fourth—John Sullivan, 1007 Chestnut street, and March Midlight, 912 West Superior street.

Fifth—Paul Teschner, 708 Webster street, and John Stovien, 619 Chestnut street.

Sixth—Julius Vallat, E. P. D. 1, and George Arzoo, 1404 West Jackson street.

Seventh—John Washam, 675 Adams street, and Edward Morahn, Ottawa.

## EMPLOYEES OF FEDERAL BANK MUST EARN \$125 PER BEFORE MARRYING

Chicago, March 5.—A local law for employees of the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago, circulated today, says that no male employee receiving less than \$125 a month salary will be permitted to marry while in the service of this bank, without first taking the matter up with the chief clerk.

"The aim set in the book is the minimum on which an employee can risk a matrimonial venture," declared C. R. McKee, vice governor of the bank, who added that the rule was "imperative."

## MISS ELZER BECOMES ED. MARTEN'S BRIDE

Miss Eva Elzer, a popular West Ottawa girl, and Edward Marten, a well known farmer of Dayton township, were united in marriage last evening at 5:30 o'clock by Rev. J. T. Mueller at the Zion Evangelical Lutheran church. Miss Elzer, a sister of the bride and Arthur Marten, a brother of the groom, were the attendants.

Miss Elzer wore a dark blue travel suit, a hat to match and a corsage bouquet of sweet peas and ranunculus. The bridesmaid wore a tailored suit.

Following the ceremony a six course wedding dinner was served to the immediate relatives at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Elzer, 1257 Phelps street.

Mr. Marten and his bride left last evening for Kansas City, Mo., where they will spend a two week's honeymoon, after which they will return to Ottawa and make their home on a farm just west of the city.

The bride is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Elzer. For a number of months she has been employed in the office of the Wedron Silica Sand Co. The groom is one of the best known young dairymen in the city. He is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Gottlieb Marten of South Ottawa.

## PLUNKETT OPPOSES HOME RULE BILL

(By the Associated Press.)

Dublin, March 4.—Sharp criticism of the new Irish home rule bill was expressed by Sir Horace Plunkett, chairman of the Dublin convention at a "welcome home" dinner in his honor here tonight by the British dominion league. He has just returned from the United States and gave his impressions of the American attitude toward Ireland.

## FAME OF METZGER'S SHOP IS SPREADING

Miss Florence Martin of Cleveland, Ohio, special advertising writer for the Wooltex Cloak and Suit Co., will arrive in Ottawa tomorrow for a visit at the Metzger Ladies Shop. Miss Martin wrote to Carl Metzger, proprietor of the shop and informed him that she had heard so much about his beautiful Ottawa store that she was anxious to visit it and inspect it first hand, so that she might gain information for her work.

## CIRCUIT COURT IS GETTING READY FOR BUSY MARCH TERM

JUDGE ELDRIDGE ISSUES CALL FOR OPENING OF NEW SESSION OF HIS TRIBUNAL—CALL TO BE AGREED UPON MONDAY.

Judge Eldredge issued a call this morning to all attorneys having cases on the March docket to appear in court on Monday afternoon, March 8, at 1:30 p. m., and have the dates for trials set.

Refuses to Accept Auto.

Because he refused to accept a \$1,500 Mitchell automobile on March 1, when it was delivered to him, Charles W. Wilhelm at first was made defendant in a suit started at the Circuit Court today by Louis Hessler, a Peoria auto dealer. The plaintiff claims that Wilhelm agreed to purchase the car some time ago but on delivery refused to pay for it. The case will come up for trial during the May term of court.

Says Child is Dependent.

Miss Ella Dean, adoption officer of La Salle, filed a petition in the County Court asking that Margaret Helen O'Glesby be declared dependent. The petition states that the mother of the child is dead, and she is at present living with Mrs. Margaret Noland. Miss Dean states that her attendance at school is irregular and that she needs other care than she is receiving.

## NEW STATE BANK IS ORGANIZED BY PROMINENT RESIDENTS OF MARSEILLES

STATE AUDITOR RUSSELL ISSUES CHARTER TO FARMERS AND MERCHANTS' BANK, CAPITALIZED AT \$25,000.

Reports which have been long current of a new bank at Marseilles culminated today in something more tangible than the hearsay which has been so freely scattered about during the past two months or more.

The rumors, which grew with the telling, included in the names of prominent Senator Curtis, Secretary of State Louis Emmerson, and other state officials. Today's formal announcement from Springfield puts at rest all the doubts and misgivings which Marseilles may have entertained about a second financial institution of an authentic report from the Free Trader-Journal's special correspondent of the state capital. The Free Trader-Journal's representative gives the names of A. L. Trumbo, Mayor A. H. Spicer, F. J. McCormick, and E. Burzovich as the principal incorporators of the new bank, which has been incorporated at \$25,000 with all the capital stock subscribed.

A charter was issued to the bank, which is to be known as the Farmers and Merchants' State Bank, at Springfield this morning by State Auditor Andrew Russell. The first set of officers under the charter are announced as follows:

President—A. L. Trumbo.

Vice president—William H. Spicer.

Vice president—Frank J. McCormick.

Cashier—E. Burzovich.

## BLIZZARD RAGES IN SOUTH AND EAST

Chicago, March 5.—The cold weather which yesterday swept into the middle west to day spread eastward, but left behind the winds and a heavy snow and ice storm which affected the middle mountain states.

Weather forecasts indicated the central western and mountain states would have some relief from zero temperatures tomorrow with fair weather but freezing temperatures reaching as far south as Mississippi valley and the lake regions.

The storm struck Chicago six hours ahead of the time forecast by the weather bureau, and elevated car service suffered serious interruption.

Kansas City, St. Louis, Omaha, St. Paul and St. Paul reported the storm had crippled the wire communication and impeded street car service.

To Hit East Tonight.

Washington, March 5.—The March blizzard which overtook the middle west yesterday will reach the Atlantic tonight with a diminished strength, but the weather bureau predicted heavy snow.

Approach Close of Socialist Trial.

(By the Associated Press.)

Albany, N. Y., March 5.—Hearing arguments for the defense of Seymour Soodman were expected to continue the entire session today at the union industry committee's hearing of charges against five suspended United Brotherhood members whose right to hold office was challenged on the ground of disloyalty to state and nation.

It was understood after the committee would adjourn after today's session until next Tuesday when the final argument for the prosecution would be presented by Elton R. Brown, former state senator.

## OHIO MINERS MUST HOLD CARD IN U. S. A.

Columbus, March 5.—Hereafter a declaration of citizenship by a foreign citizen will not be sufficient to entitle him to membership in the United Mine Workers of Ohio. He must actually become a citizen. Ohio miners in session here attended their constitutional making citizenship compulsory on all members of the organization.

## WOMEN CAN NOT VOTE FOR DELEGATE

Springfield, March 5.—Women can not vote for delegates to the national convention or party committeemen at the primary elections, Secretary of State Emmerson announced today. The two women who have filed petitions as candidates to attend the national convention may make the race, however.

## DELAY CONFIRMING BAINBRIDGE COLBY

(By the Associated Press.)

Washington, March 5.—Action of the nomination of Bainbridge Colby, to be secretary of state, again was deferred by the Senate foreign relations committee after members had objected to taking any vote until they had more information. The decision to let the confirmation question go over was said to have been reached by general consent of Republicans and Democrats.

## CAMPAIGN DREAMS



## MAN WHO "SASEED" JUDGE STOUGH, TRIED TO FIGHT HIS WAY OUT OF JAIL AND BLEW SAFES NOW A DOCILE CONVICT AT JOLIET.

Frank Logan, Sheridan café-brewer, county jail bad man and leader in a sensational break Dec. 13 last, in an attempt to secure his freedom, is following the perfectly harmless and peaceful pursuit of chair waving at the Joliet penitentiary, according to word brought from that institution yesterday by Deputy Sheriff Brazier and Armstrong.

Logan was sent up for a term of from one to twenty years by a jury in the Circuit Court. He was seen at his strenuous tasks by the two deputies when they escorted him from the county jail, included among whom was Roy Mack, an inmate in the jail delivery that miscarried when Sheriff Ayres attempted on the scene to subdue and recapture them after they had started a trail of terror among other inmates of the county, hostile by trying to beat and choke their way to liberty by means of a brass trap off a wash bowl.

The deputies report that Logan, Logan said is not showing any effect of his first twenty-four hours in the solitary as ordered by Judge Stough. The court, it will be remembered, committed Logan to solitary confinement after he had started about as badly a performance of insubordination and disrespect of authority and law as was ever exhibited in the county's highest tribunal.

Logan, from his bench in the county jail, saw and recognized the two deputies, but was forbidden by the rules to speak to them. The deputies did not offer to speak to him either.

Mack Nonchalant.

The oldest man of any number taken to the big city yesterday for long sessions as usual wards of the state was Roy Mack, Logan's partner in the jail delivery and mental partner in their desperate having been a convicted drunk for thirty weeks. He was in the best of humor and took his lot with good grace. All the way to Joliet he laughed and joked with his two custodians and made no attempt to get away from them.

At the prison gates he was fitted over to Warden Sullivan's men and was escorted into the penitentiary where, before having reached the prison entrance, he was ordered to enter to the institution.

The three others, Harry Brown, Joseph Bronkowsky and Walter Bakowski, were going to prison for their own experiences and were much less shaken by their plight. They seemed in a mood and did not talk much, but Mack kept up a constant chatter with his former railroad colleagues and passengers in the same coach with him. He had had four years' experience in prisons in the United States. That may explain his lack of worry while on route to Joliet, and outside of the big pen.

## Kaiser's New Home IN HOLLAND TO BE LIKE GILDED CAGE

(By the Associated Press.)

The Hague, March 5.—The Dutch government today for the second time refused to deliver the former German emperor to the allies for trial.

In a note addressed to Premier Lloyd George the government promised to take all necessary measures to minimize the liberty of Wilhelm and prevent him from embarrassing the world peace.

The second communication from the Dutch government which was delivered in London this morning, states that these precautions will be taken at the spot. While Dorn is not mentioned in the text of the note, it is understood that in conversation with the allied diplomats where the Dutch authorities have assured them that close guarding and censorship will be instituted when Wilhelm occupies his estate at that place.

The Hague, March 4.—Holland's answer to the second allied note, refusing to the extradition or internment of former Emperor Wilhelm of Germany, will probably be hardest. Premier Lloyd George by the Dutch minister in London this week. Intimations have been given that the Northern lands government will exercise its will to guard the outside world against any news that might hasten the peace of Europe.

Night and day shifts are working on the Kaiser's new residence at Dorn and it is reported he will move there from Amsterdam on May 12.

While unexcused by him, walls or a most the Dutch estate is now in reality a 200-acre cage that can be easily guarded and within which the Dutch government expects Wilhelm to spend the rest of his days.

## JOLIET GROWS 3.702 DURING TEN YEARS

(By the Associated Press.)

Washington, March 5.—Government census bureau made today today show Joliet, Ill. has a population of 38,372, an increase of 3,702 or 10 per cent over 1910.

## WILSON KEEPS JELKE FROM JAIL SENTENCE

(By the Associated Press.)

Washington, March 5.—President Wilson has commuted the jail sentence imposed on John F. Jelke of Chicago who was sentenced to serve 60 days and pay a fine of \$100 for violation of the oleomargarine law.

## APPROACH CLOSE OF SOCIALIST TRIAL

(By the Associated Press.)

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## LOGAN, ERSTWHILE BAD MAN, WEAVER OF CHAIRS AT PEN

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## \$500 BONUS ASKED FOR EX-SERVICE MEN

(By the Associated Press.)

Washington, May 2.—Payment of a lump sum of \$500 to each person who served in the military or naval forces of the United States was urged before the House war and marine committee today by Marvin Gates Sperry, national president of the Private Soldiers' and Sailors' League.

The proposed provision for adjusted compensation varying from \$20 to \$50 for every month in service and said the sum of \$400,000,000 young American boys could be paid by "the same amount possibly additional compensation being needed before congress."

"The \$500 grant," he told the committee, "would not be paid before at any one day or month but as a help to the government to aid in restoring former service men and women to positions in civil life from which they were called to serve in time of need."

That, too, over the payment by the government to veterans by the wish of the American people."

Sperry charged that H. Huber, a member of the legislative committee of the rank and file Veterans' association who is socialist and communist and "that tried to turn over the private soldiers and sailors legion to the communist party of New York."

Letters from the soldiers, sailors and marine protective association of New York City asking the amalgamation of all soldier bodies, was read by the witness who said this organization was raised and its literature dumped into the streets.

"What proof have you that Huber is a socialist?" asked Chairman Forney.

"He admitted it to me before the witnesses," Sperry replied.