

STOP MINING APRIL 1, FARRINGTON SAYS

NEW GERMAN CABINET OUT AFTER FRUITLESS EFFORT TO END PARTY CONFLICTS

Radicals Said to Threaten Campaign of Destruction in Western District if They Fail in Their Efforts to Capture Wesel.

Berlin, March 26.—Dr. Herman Mueller, the foreign minister in the Bauer cabinet, has been requested to form a new cabinet, it was unofficially reported today.

Paris, March 26.—(Havas.)—The German cabinet, headed by Premier Gustav Bauer, has resigned, according to a message received here from Berlin today.

London, March 26.—Essen dispatches, forwarded from Berlin, say the red army leaders rejected the armistice with the reichswehr.

Reorganization Falls.

Berlin, March 26.—Interparty negotiations looking to the reorganization of the German government had been fruitless up to 7 o'clock this evening. Unexpected attacks on Vice Premier Schiffer and increased dissension in the wing of the Socialist party led by Philip Heidemann, former chancellor, retarded the day.

Threaten Destruction.

London, March 26.—Workers' forces entrenched along the Lippe river south and southeast of the city of Wesel, threaten, if they fail to capture Wesel, to destroy all factories and mines in western Germany, says a Berlin dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company.

Severe Engagements Fought.

Telegrams from Muenster report severe engagements between government and communist troops on the line from Hamm south to Hamm.

Further south in the direction of Cologne and Dueseldorf there has been fighting and serious casualties, however, at Wesel, Ruckelshaus and near Munster as well as along the Lippe river.

Quiet, Says Berlin.

Berlin, March 26.—Wesel, the beleaguered fortress northwest of the Ruhr coal basin, was still holding out today against the revolutionary workers, according to the Press.

The situation in the Ruhr industrial region gradually is clearing, the newspaper says.

Government Force Holds.

Coblenz, March 26.—(By the Associated Press.)—It was stated in German official sources last night that Wesel, the government fortress northwest of the Ruhr region, besieged by a workers' army, was still in the hands of the government troops at 9 o'clock last evening, although the fighting was heavy.

The government officials declared, had definitely agreed not to negotiate with the revolutionists in the Ruhr basin because of their violation of the armistice agreement.

Tuesday night and Wednesday a counter attack to Hamm, which was expected momentarily, it was said, the situation of the troops in Wesel meanwhile remaining critical.

In Berlin, it was announced, the situation was still unsettled.

Allies Not Heard From.

Paris, March 26.—The allies have not as yet given or refused permission for regular German troops to enter the allied zone of occupation or the neutral zone to the east established by the treaty of Versailles, according to semi-official information today.

What has been done by the allies, it is semi-officially stated, is to reach an agreement as to the guarantees to be demanded from Germany in case she desires to engage in military operations in the Ruhr in question.

According to the same source there is no further question of international intervention in the Ruhr district, and the impression prevails in official circles that there will be hesitation on the part of the Germans themselves to engage in operations there under the conditions the allies will impose.

U. S. Is Willing.

Washington, March 26.—Ambassador Wallace at Paris was informed by the state department that the United States would not oppose German government troops entering the Ruhr valley.

Belgians Are Warlike.

Breda, Belgium, Prussia, March 26.—Colonel Preux, commanding the Belgian forces, sent officers to the workmen's headquarters at Wesel, to notify the workmen he would open fire if any more shots fell in Belgian occupied territory.

Iron Division Rules.

Berlin, March 26.—The majority

Socialist organ Vorwaerts charges that Pomerania and the northern Uckermark, northwest of Stettin, are under the domination of the Iron division (Baltic troops) and the League of Pomeranian land owners, who have mobilized the citizens' guard and used it for their own purposes.

In Prenzlau, southwest of Stettin, they procured the murder of the local executive of the independent Socialists, the newspaper declares.

According to statements made by its officers, Vorwaerts asserts, the Iron division intends to march on Berlin.

OPPOSITION OF I AND R GIVEN HEARING APR. 1

Springfield, Ill., March 26.—Arrangements were completed today by Chairman F. R. Dove of the committee on initiative, referendum and recall for a meeting of the committee of the whole Friday, April 2, at which opponents of the initiative and referendum can present their arguments.

PUSH ROUNDUP OF COAL MEN

Indianapolis, March 26.—Copies of indictments charging coal mine operators and some union officials with conspiracy to violate the federal law which prohibits fixing of prices or of coal production, will be mailed this week to the states in which the various defendants reside, it was stated by federal officials today.

GOVERNMENT HAS 150 CHASERS OF U-BOATS TO SELL

Washington, D. C., March 26.—Offer of sale to the public of 150 submarine chasers built during the war was announced by the navy department. Constructed at an average cost of \$67,000, including engine plant consisting of three standard gasoline motors developing 675 horsepower, these craft are now appraised, it was said, at \$20,000 each.

The Weather

Fair tonight, becoming unsettled Saturday. Not much change in temperature, with the lowest tonight slightly above freezing. Highest yesterday, 60; lowest last night, 39. Wind velocity 18 miles. Precipitation, 1.08 inches. 12 m. 7 p. m. 7 a. m. yester. yester. today. Dry bulb temp. .54 53 49. Wet bulb temp. .53 52 48. Rel. humidity .95 95 83. River stage, 3.5; a rise of 1 foot in the last 24 hours. J. M. SHERRILL, Meteorologist.



German Shooting Too Straight for British at Jutland, Officer Says

Washington, March 26.—The Germans, by their superior gunnery, "targeted the British on their heads," at the battle of Jutland, Rear Admiral Plunkett declared today before the senate committee investigating the navy's conduct of the war.

Admiral Plunkett was testifying as to the need for keeping the navy personnel at full strength so men might be adequately trained. He did not go into details as to the Jutland battle and was asked no questions regarding it by the committee.

The admiral, who commanded the great naval battery of 14-inch guns on the western front, was the fourth witness in the investigation of Rear Admiral Sims' charge that the navy department failed to cooperate fully with the allies in the war and all of his testimony was devoted to the matter of personnel.

He told the committee that the navy was without sufficient men when the war began.

"If we had been up against Germany at the outbreak of the war," he said, "we would have been paying indemnity and all because we did not have the trained men."

DELAWARE NOT TO VOTE TILL NEXT TUESDAY

Suffragists May Win Majority in House, but It Is Admittedly Doubtful.

Dover, Del., March 26.—Agreement to postpone voting in the Delaware legislature on the woman's suffrage amendment until next week was reached today by Republican leaders in charge of majorities in both senate and house.

Plans for a senate vote today were abandoned. Next Tuesday was the date tentatively fixed by the Republicans for a vote in the house.

The new program was decided upon at a caucus of the house Republicans and joint steering committee after the leaders conferred with Governor Townsend.

Delay was determined on in a hope of the suffragists to secure further votes in the house, where the present alignment admittedly presages rejection of the ratification. Improvement, however, in the senate situation was claimed by the suffragist leaders.

Overnight gains they asserted, insure senate approval of the ratification resolution.

May Vote in Nebraska Anyway. Lincoln, Neb., March 26.—A constitutional amendment to give Nebraska women full voting privileges if adopted by the voters Sept. 21 could be made effective by the governor in time to grant them complete suffrage at the November general election under a provision made by the state's constitutional convention yesterday.

HAS NEWBERRY ANY RIGHTS TO SENATE SEAT?

Socialists Draw Parallel With Case of Victor Berger.

BY DAVID LAWRENCE. (Special to The Argus).

Washington, D. C., March 26.—Announcement by Governor Sleeper of Michigan, that he would not ask any office-holders to resign who were recently convicted in the federal courts for violation of the election laws has revived the inquiry here not merely as to what the state of Michigan would do but what the United States senate would say about the retention by Truman H. Newberry of his seat.

The question concerns not alone Michigan politics and the reduction of the Republican majority in the United States senate to one vote—a narrow margin on which to do business—but it affects the opportunities of the Socialists and radicals in the next campaign.

Already the Socialists are drawing a parallel between the expulsion of Victor Berger from the house of representatives because he had been convicted in a federal court on a charge of violating the espionage act and the case of Truman H. Newberry who has been convicted and sentenced to two years in the penitentiary.

Both Mr. Berger and Mr. Newberry have appealed their respective cases and each hopes to secure a reversal, even if it is necessary to carry the fight to the supreme court of the United States.

But in the meantime, the house of representatives not only refused to seat Mr. Berger but when he was reelected by the people of Wisconsin who by their votes gave the impression that they didn't believe him guilty of wrongdoing, the house declined even then to accept Mr. Berger into its membership.

All the soap box orators are getting ready to point out that a Socialist can't get a square deal from the federal government and the Newberry case is the very ammunition which they have needed to revive their point home.

Berger's claim that he was not the merly in expressing an opinion—in saying the war was not for democracy but for commercial gain and rivalry. Some of the very criticisms made by Mr. Berger during the heat of his conflict were later repeated in substance by President Wilson himself on his western trip in behalf of the League of Nations.

But of course the fighting was over and there was no sharp scrutiny of words or arguments in post-bellum days.

There are three ways by which the problem developed by the Newberry case can be solved. Mr. Newberry can resign of his own volition any part of Europe has been forwarded to the White house, the presiding bishop and council of the Protestant Episcopal Church announced here today. Rev. Dr. Randolph McKim of Washington was entrusted with delivery of it.

Say Tartars Killed 17,000. London, March 26.—Tartars recently massacred 17,000 Armenians at the instigation of Young Turks, according to Archbishop Kholn.

ASK PRESIDENT TO OUST TURK

New York, March 26.—A resolution signed by more than 200 clergymen, requesting President Wilson "to exercise all possible influence to remove the sultan forever from governmental control of any part of Europe" has been forwarded to the White house, the presiding bishop and council of the Protestant Episcopal Church announced here today.

Rev. Dr. Randolph McKim of Washington was entrusted with delivery of it.

ITALIANS MAY BREAK FEUDAL LAND SYSTEM

Consider Dividing Large Holdings in Island of Sicily.

Rome, March 26.—The chamber of deputies today discussed a bill proposing to transform the large, almost feudal, estates in Sicily into modern holdings for intensive culture.

The report on the bill, presented by Deputies Pecora and Micheli, Catholics, and Vaccira, socialist, described the condition of Sicilian agriculture as medieval and harrowing. The estates worked by the peasants, the report declared, were owned by millionaires who never even visited their lands, simply pocketing the profits and spending them in Rome, Paris and Madrid.

WILLIAM SENT CASH TO BERLIN BANK IN MARCH

Geneva, March 26.—Former Emperor William of Germany withdrew deposits amounting to 250,000 Swiss francs from a Zurich bank early in March, it is learned here, and the money is said to have been sent to Berlin just before the attempted reactionary revolt led by Dr. Wolfgang Kapp and General Luettwitz.

The German mark is now quoted at 100 centimes and the sum withdrawn from the bank would represent quite a snug fortune in Germany.

PAUL LITTLE RESTORED TO HIS PARENTS

Lad Kept in Local Hotel, Kidnaper Fleeing Without Ransom.

Lexington, Ky., March 26.—Paul Little, 12-year-old son of E. R. Little, Lexington capitalist, who has been held for ransom by kidnapers, was found this morning locked in a room at a local hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. Little first learned the whereabouts of their son when he telephoned his home from the hotel room. He said he had been kept a prisoner there since Wednesday night.

Investigation disclosed that the room had been reserved in advance by a man registered as J. C. Cox of Cincinnati. The parents hurried to the hotel and took him home.

Lured by Errand Boy. The boy disappeared from in front of the Lexington postoffice Wednesday afternoon, where he had been seen in conversation with a man. Playmates said the Little boy had told them he was to be given a dollar to deliver a box of candy. Soon afterward the father received a note stating that his son Paul was being held for ransom. Little would not state positively, but intimated that the amount asked for was \$25,000.

Turns In Key. At 7 o'clock this morning the key for the room in which the lad was found, was turned in at the hotel desk. At 7:15 a. m. Mrs. Little, called to the telephone, was overjoyed to hear the voice of her missing son. Nothing has been seen of the "Mr. Cox" since he left the hotel at 7 o'clock.

Mrs. Katherine Sartin, maid on the sixth floor of the hotel, said she had not been able to get into the room for two days, or ever since the boy was kidnaped. She saw the man enter the room and gave a description of him. She said he was about 5 feet 8 inches tall, weighing probably 170 to 175 pounds, rather rough looking and wore a brown suit of clothes and a soft, black round hat. A sign was found in the room, printed like the letter to Mr. Little in which the demand for the \$25,000 ransom was made. It bore the legend: "Do not disturb me; I am sick."

CLOSE BANK FOR SECOND TIME, BUT IT WILL PAY OUT

Grant Park, Ill., March 26.—The doors of the Farmers' State and Savings bank of Grant Park were closed today for the second time within a year. Bank examiners ordered the institution closed yesterday and later bank officials announced that it would go into voluntary liquidation. All depositors, the officials said, would be paid in full.

Any shortage, it was announced, will be met by directors and stockholders who signed notes for approximately \$150,000 when the bank was reorganized after its closure April 15, 1919.

U. S. BREEDERS TO SELL PORKERS TO SOUTH AMERICANS

Chicago, March 26.—Plans and arrangements for exporting swine to South American countries were made today at the meeting here of the National Swine Breeders' association. The breeders expect to send experts to these countries to lecture on the good points of the American breed swine.

Plans were also made for the swine exhibit to be held in Des Moines, Iowa, next October.

OLDEST HARVARD MAN IS DEAD AT 93

Newton, Mass., March 26.—Charles French, who was the oldest living graduate at Harvard died at his home here last night. He was graduated with the class of 1848 and was 93 years old.

HOLD NEGROES AFTER BODY OF GIRL IS FOUND

Adena, Ohio, March 26.—The search for the murderers of 11-year-old Frances South, whose body was found in a wood near here last night, was continued today by the armed posse of miners which formed shortly after the crime was discovered.

Authorities said today that they believed the posse or other citizens of Adena would make no effort to search Sherrodsville, Carroll county, where four negroes are being held as suspects in connection with the killing. Deputy sheriffs at Sherrodsville were making preparations to move the prisoners to Carrollton.

REFUGEES TOO WEARY TO GET OUT OF RUSSIA

Allies Save Many Bolsheviks Would Kill if Caught.

Constantinople, March 25.—(By the Associated Press.)—The anti-bolshevik army operating in the vicinity of Novorossisk and moving southward in the Black sea province towards Batum has established its capital at Sochi (Lakhsok), on the Black sea about midway between Novorossisk and Batum, where a general committee is directing a so-called government.

Dispatches from Novorossisk indicate that the war worn refugees in this region are becoming reconciled to remaining in Russia, even if the bolsheviks should occupy Novorossisk. The allies, however, are removing those who, it is considered, would unquestionably be in danger of bolshevik reprisals, transporting them to Theodosia in the Crimea.

CAPTAIN TRIED TO RUN THINGS, ADMIRAL SAYS

Fletcher Blames Magruder for Troubles in American Squadron at Brest.

Washington, March 26.—First evidences of friction at the headquarters of Rear Admiral William B. Fletcher, at Brest, came with the arrival there of Captain Thomas P. Magruder, commanding the Third Fleet of American craft sent to that port. Admiral Fletcher testified today before the navy board of inquiry investigating his removal from the Brest command by Rear Admiral Sims after the sinking of the transport Antilles in October, 1917.

Wanted Changes Made. Captain Magruder, Admiral Fletcher testified, had insisted that the Brest organization should be completely revised, in line with the organization of naval districts at home. Fletcher said he could see no need of this and offered to send Magruder to London to report his views to Admiral Sims, but that the officer did not wish to go.

"Did Captain Magruder support you loyally and carry out your orders?" Admiral Fletcher was asked. "I can not testify as to his having carried out my orders," Admiral Fletcher said. "I do not think he supported me loyally."

RESULTS CLOSE IN BASKET TOURNEY

Janesville, Wis., March 26.—The games played yesterday in the inter-state basketball tournament in which high school teams from 10 states are competing, were as follows: Centralia, Ill., 19; Winfield, Kan., 21. Red Wing, Minn., 15; Jackson, Mich., 14. Monroe, Wis., 9; Cedar Rapids, Iowa, 17. Canton, Ill., 11; Detroit, Northwestern, 10. Fargo, N. D., 16; Madison, High, 19. Woodward Tech. (Toledo, Ohio), 16; Elkton, S. D., 15.

In the six games played, four were won by one point, being the most closely contested games ever played in a Wisconsin tournament.

DANES PERMITTED TO OCCUPY ZONE

Copenhagen, March 26.—It is reported that the allied international commission has agreed upon the occupation of the northern plebiscite zone of Schleswig by Danish troops as soon as possible. The voting in this zone showed the inhabitants overwhelmingly in favor of Danish sovereignty.

More Than 67 Per Cent Of Chicago Population Made Up of Foreigners

Chicago, March 26.—More than 67 per cent of Chicago's total population, based on unofficial and incomplete census figures, is composed of foreign citizens. Of the estimated total of 2,884,827, 14 per cent are Germans, the count of that nationality in Chicago being given as 403,785. Approximately 940,452 native white Americans are Chicagoans. The Polish is the second largest group of foreign nationality, with 288,482. Russians are third, with 201,537, and the Irish fourth, with 173,869.

The negro population is 5 per cent of the whole, or 144,241. The census of 1910 gave Chicago a population of 2,185,283.

Totals Made Public. Washington, March 26.—Population statistics for 1920 announced today by the census bureau include: Elgin, Ill., 27,431, an increase of 1,455, or 5.6 per cent over 1910. Bangor, Me., 25,948, an increase of 1,145, or 4.7 per cent. Saratoga Springs, N. Y., 12,981, an increase of 488, or 3.8 per cent. Columbus, Neb., 5,410, an increase of 396, or 7.3 per cent. Anderson, S. C., 10,253, an increase of 881, or 9.1 per cent. Monroe, La., 12,675, an increase of 2,466, or 24.2 per cent over 1910.

CHICAGO BANKERS REFUSE BIG LOAN THE CITY WANTS

Chicago, March 26.—Chicago banks have refused a loan of \$4,000,000 to the city council.

STATE HEAD THINKS MEN WILL GO OUT

Not a Strike but Refusal to Work Pending Agreement on Wage Scale.

Peoria, Ill., March 26.—There will undoubtedly be a suspension of work in the coal mines of Illinois April 1, Frank Farrington, president of the United Mine Workers of Illinois, said here this morning.

"Understand it will not be a strike, but an unavoidable suspension of work. It may be for a short time or a long time."

Men Won't Work. "Our agreement expires at midnight March 31," Farrington continued. "I believe it will be impossible to keep the men at work after that."

"It is possible of course, that some sort of an agreement will be reached at the meeting in New York Monday to keep the mines running, but even at that a brief suspension of work will occur."

Expect Long Shutdown. The feeling of delegates at the convention of the Illinois mine workers in session here is that the suspension will be of long, rather than of brief duration.

The convention devoted time this morning to discussion of cooperative stores.

Charges made by Frank Hefferly regarding the election of Farrington, which have caused considerable wrangling among delegates, were ignored by the convention when a vote was taken and the report was submitted by Farrington as accepted.

Rev. R. H. Gleason, American Legion chaplain, spoke before the convention. He was interrupted several times by delegates who asked the stand of the legion on various questions.

Would Defend United States. After Rev. Mr. Gleason's address in which he referred to the Legion's stand for law and order, Delegate John Hindmarsh of Riverton addressed him asking:

"Suppose we miners refuse to obey any anti-strike laws or injunction such as that recently issued by Judge Anderson and refused to work, what action would the American Legion take regarding defending law and order?"

"I cannot answer what action the legion might take," Rev. Mr. Gleason replied, "but if you mean were the miners to resist law by open rebellion, I'll tell you personally that I, as an individual, would not hesitate in strapping a '45' to my side and stand ready to defend the United States."

"That's what I wanted to know," Hindmarsh said.

Iowa Miners Expect Settlement. Des Moines, Iowa, March 26.—J. C. Lewis, president of District No. 13, United Mine Workers of America, said today he could not say what Iowa miners may do in case of the wage conference at New York beginning Monday does not reach an agreement by April 1.

Iowa miners will be governed largely by action in the central "competitor's field," Mr. Lewis said. "I believe, however, the matter will be settled by the New York conference," Lewis added.

Kansas Not Ready to Strike. Pittsburg, Kan., March 26.—Kansas miners will be idle April 1, but only to celebrate the eight hour day, Alexander Howatt, president of the Kansas miners said today.

"A strike of the Kansas miners will occur a little later," Howatt declared, indicating that it would be early in April.

Look for Order to Keep Busy. Columbus, Ohio, March 26.—John Moore, president of the United Mine Workers of Ohio, said today that he did not look for any trouble in Ohio on April 1, because of the expiration of the miners' agreement.

"We expect that the first action taken by the New York meeting Monday will be to order the men to continue work," said Mr. Moore. "If such an order is given, we feel sure that the Ohio miners will obey it."

Demand 45.7 Per Cent More. New York, March 26.—While pressing their original demand for a 60 per cent wage increase, anthracite mine workers declared last night they will not accept less than 45.7 per cent.

Because of greater skill required in hard coal mines, these diggers until recent years received more pay than soft coal workers, according to officials of their union.

This difference, however, has not been maintained, and hard coal diggers declare they are entitled to 18.7 per cent, in addition to the 27 per cent wage increase just granted bituminous workers.

AUTO GANG ROBS MINNESOTA BANK

Minneapolis, Minn., March 26.—Five men, early today held up and robbed the Minneapolis State bank, Minneapolis, of \$20,000 in Liberty bonds and \$10,000 in cash and made their escape in an automobile.