THE ARGUS.

Published Daily and Weekly at 1624 Second Avenue, Rock Island, Ill. [Entered at the post-office as second class matter.]

J. W. POTTER - - PUBLISHER.

TERMS—Daily, 10 cents per week. Weekly, $2.00 per annum; in advance, $1.50.

All communications of a critical or argumentative character, political or religious, must have real name attached for publication. No such article will be printed over fictitious signatures.

Correspondence solicited from every township in Rock Island county.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1895.

MR. AND MRS. GEORGE CLAUSER, of Mahomet, Ill., have just celebrated their 71st wedding anniversary.

NEW YORK republicans launched Levi P. Morton's presidential boom yesterday, and from now on he may be regarded as one of the most formidable aspirants in the republican party for the nomination.

ACCORDING to the various grand juries which have inspected the condition of the county jail for the past score of years, Sheriffs Reticker, Silvis and Gordon had a truer realization that cleanliness is next to godliness than has the present occupant of that office.

THE supreme court at Washington will reopen in October, and Gen. Harrison has said that he expected to appear before it and make an argument on an important law case. The republican national committee will be meeting in Washington about that time to fix the time and place for holding their national convention next year, and it is just possible that Gen. Harrison will improve the opportunity by interviewing the members of the committee on their preference for president.

Mrs. W. I. Babb is a Democrat.

Mrs. Babb, wife of the democratic candidate for governor of Iowa, has written the following letter to the Hawarden Independent:

"Your letter of recent date received, calling my attention to the fact that a number of newspapers are claiming that I am a republican, and you ask me to state whether this is true.

"In my college days I learned to believe that legislation should be for the benefit of all the people, and not merely to promote the interests of a privileged class; at the same time I became convinced that from our position we are entitled to become the great commercial nation of the world, and to secure this we must remove all high tariff and other artificial barriers which tend to restrict our trade with other nations. I also came to the conclusion that the great end of all good government should be to bring its people the largest amount of happiness and comfort, and to allow each individual to develop himself to his highest capacity, and that this could only be secured by allowing him the largest possible personal liberty consistent with the rights of others. I need not add that, so believing, in the language of Senator Hill, 'I am a democrat.'"

Sound Education.

R. E. Spangler, secretary of the democratic literary bureau of Illinois, of which Hon. Ben P. Cable, of Rock Island, is chairman, has sent out circulars to representative democrats throughout the state, a number having been received in Rock Island, accompanying an address issued by the executive committee of the bureau which speaks of the meeting of the democratic state central committee of Illinois in Springfield, June 5, at which resolutions were adopted declaring that the democratic party in the state favors the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, and in which address it is said:

"Notwithstanding the action of this convention, it is a fact that there are many democrats in this state—constituting as we believe, a large majority of the voters of the party—who refuse to accept this declaration as the true sentiment of the democrats of the state of Illinois on this question. The dissent from this proposition found expression in the form of strong editorials in many of the leading newspapers of the state, in public declarations of prominent democrats and in letters addressed to the members of the national committee and other persons in positions of trust in the councils of the party."

The address then speaks of the fact that so widespread and earnest was this sentiment that it became evident unless some steps were taken to afford this large and influential element an opportunity to be heard and express the opinions held by them, there was very great danger that there would spring up a factional fight which would result in demoralization, if not in total disruption of the party, rendering almost futile any attempt to meet our opponents in the next campaign with hope of success. In view of these considerations a conference attended by many men prominent in the party, and in which every section of the state was represented, was held in Chicago on the 12th of August. After a careful and earnest consideration of the situation, the conclusions of those present were embodied in the preamble and resolution which were unanimously adopted, and which have been published in full in THE ARGUS, setting forth the educational purpose of the Illinois democratic bureau thus instituted.

Then the address continues: "In further explanation of our position, it may be said that we contend that authorative declaration of the belief of the party on the currency or any other national question can come alone from its representatives in national convention assembled.

"The resolution of the last national convention on the financial question reads:

"'We denounce the republican legislation known as the Sherman Act of 1890, as a cowardly makeshift fraught with possibilities of danger in the future which should make all of its supporters as well as its author anxious for its speedy repeal. We hold to the use of both gold and silver as the standard money of the country, and to the coinage of both gold and silver without discriminating against either metal or charge for mintage, but the dollar unit of coinage of both metals must be of equal intrinsic and exchangeable value, to be adjusted through international agreement or by such safeguards of legislation as shall insure the maintenance of the parity of the two metals, and the equal power of every dollar at all times in the market and in the payment of debts; and we demand that all paper currency shall be kept at par and redeemable in such coin. We insist on this policy as especially necessary for the protection of the farmers and laboring classes, the first and most defenseless victims of unstable money and a fluctuating currency." (Democratic platform, 1892.)

"By the adoption of this resolution the party is pledged to maintain the stability of our currency and to preserve the integrity of our national credit. This declaration is accepted by us, as it must be by all true democrats, as the faith of the party on this question until a like authority shall in similar manner adopt a different creed. We each and all favor the use of silver as money, but we are convinced that the free and unlimited coinage of silver at a ratio of 16 to 1 by this country alone would result in disaster to the business and commercial interests of the nation, an opinion in which we are sustained by the most eminent authorities on finance in all parties and in all countries.

"All authority must come from the people, and it is our purpose and desire to furnish to each voter in the democratic party in the state of Illinois, facts bearing upon this and other public questions, in order that he may become fully informed and be prepared to act intelligently when the time comes for the party in the state to make authoritative declaration as to the issues on which we must go before the people.

"We have no quarrel with any man or men, organization or organizations, within the party in this state. We most earnestly desire harmony and party success, and that we believe to be best assured by adhering to the lines of economic reform upon which we went to the people in the last general election, when we appealed to the intelligence of the voters, declared republican protection a fraud and won a notable victory. A democratic congress then elected, repealed the purchasing clause of the Sherman act, passed a tariff law under the operation of which manufacturers are prospering, old industries are being extended and new ones projected, labor is being employed, wages increased, prosperity is returning, and the cost of almost every article of necessity and even luxury used by the people has been cheapened, verifying every prediction made by us and justifying us before the nation.

"We can consistently and with pride appeal to the people on this record, and we earnestly protest against adopting as the chief issue between the two great parties a financial experiment which must inevitably lead to dissensions in our ranks, and which carried into legislative enactment could but prove disastrous to the nation. Rather let us compel the republicans to again meet us on the proposition that the tariff should be made prohibitive.

"Strong in the conviction that we are right and with a firm and abiding faith in the integrity and intelligence of our fellow democrats, we submit this matter to them in full confidence that they will approve this action and sustain us in our efforts to hold the democratic party of the state true to its teachings and traditions.

"BEN T. CABLE, Chairman, Rock Island.
WILLIAM S. FORMAN, East St. Louis.
CHARLES A. EWING, Decatur.
JAMES T. HOBLIT, Lincoln.
JOSEPH M. PAGE, Jerseyville.
WILLIAM P. HALLIDAY, Cairo.
ADAMS A. GOODRICH, Chicago.
ROBERT J. SMITH, Chicago.
WILLIAM A. VINCENT, Chicago."

The position taken by the executive committee of the bureau in the above address is decidedly conservative and sustains the statement that it is not the intention to cause a chasm in the ranks of the democratic party of the state. That the necessity exists of such a "campaign of education" as the bureau proposes to wage is apparent. While there was considerable latent silver sentiment in the party prior to the ill-advised convention of June last, that convention, although originated and manipulated by a few self-seeking politicians in their own interests, served to fan the flame into an intensity sufficient to warp the judgment and good common sense of thousands of voters. The mission of the democratic literary bureau is to counteract the misrepresentations and sophistries advanced by the silverites, and endeavor to keep the Illinois democracy true to its traditional teachings. If the bureau succeeds in its undertaking, as we believe it will, it will have achieved a victory as creditable to itself as to the party at large.

Lawyers Who Make Their Own Wills.

Many celebrated men have neglected to settle their affairs. Ben Jonson, Dryden and Sir Isaac Newton all died intestate, Bacon insolvent, and the epigram on Butler's monument in the abbey sufficiently explains why he and many others like him never made a will:

The poet's fate is here in emblem shown:
He asks for bread and he receives a stone.

"Wills," said Lord Coke, "and the construction of them do more perplex a man than any other, and to make a certain construction of them exceedeth jurisprudentium artem." An old proverb says that every man is either a fool or a physician at 40. Sir H. Halford happening one day to quote the saying to a circle of friends, Canning humorously inquired, "Sir Henry, mayn't he be both?" At any rate experience teaches that lawyers who draw their own wills sometimes make great mistakes. Sir Samuel Romilly's will was improperly worded, Chief Baron Thompson's will became the subject of chancery proceedings, while the will of Bradley, the eminent conveyancer, was actually set aside by Lord Thurlow.—Temple Bar.

At the Santa Caterina cathedral, Genoa, may be seen a crescent made of an emerald, which is eight inches between the points. Tradition says that it was a present from Solomon to Queen Sheba.

Master's Sale.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, } ss.
ROCK ISLAND COUNTY, }

In the Circuit Court, in Chancery. Foreclosure general No 3,810.

The Home Building and Loan association, of Rock Island.

vs.

Clara Rosalia Matilde Kastner, Carl Robert Kastner, the Rock Island Brewing company, John Spiiger, Joseph J. Lerch and Joseph E. Greve, partners as Lerch & Greve, H. F. Brammer Manufacturing company and Henry Doering.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a decree of said court, entered in the above entitled cause, on the 19th day of July, A. D., 1895, I shall, on Saturday, the 19th day of October, A. D., 1895, at the hour of 1:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at the north door of the court house, in the city of Rock Island, in said county of Rock Island, to satisfy said decree, sell at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash that certain parcel of land, situate in the county of Rock Island and state of Illinois, known and described as follows, to-wit:

Lot number one (1) in block number one (1) in Guyer's third (3d) addition to the city of Rock Island.

Dated at Rock Island, Illinois, this 17th day of September, A. D. 1895.

ELWIN E. PARMENTER,
Master in Chancery, Rock Island County, Ill.
JACKSON & HURST, Complainant's solicitors.

THE TRAVELERS' GUIDE.

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC Railway—Tickets can be purchased or baggage checked at R. I. & P. Twentieth street depot or C. R. I. & P. depot, corner Fifth avenue and Thirty-first street. Frank H. Plummer, Agent.

TRAINS.	EAST.	WEST.
Denver Limited & Omaha	† 2:55 am	* 8:05 am
Ft. Worth, Denver & K. C.	† 4:25 am	*11:00 pm
Minneapolis	† 6:30 am	* 5:55 pm
Omaha & Des Moines	† 7:20 am	* 3:10 pm
‡Omaha & Minneapolis	*12:30 am	* 4:10 am
Omaha & Des Moines Ex.	*7:25 am	11:10 pm
‡Omaha & Minneapolis Ex.	*12:15 am	† 5:10 am
Denver, Lincoln & Omaha	* 2:50 am	† 8:10 am
St. Paul & Minneapol's	* 6:30 am	† 8:55 pm
Denver, Ft. Worth & K. C.	* 4:20 am	*11:15 pm
Kansas City & St. Joseph	*11:00 pm	† 6:25 am
†Rock Island & Washington	*12:50 am	† 3:35 pm
‡Chicago & Des Moines	† 1:45 pm	† 7:16 am
Rock Island & Stuart Accom.	† 7:30 pm	† 7:30 am
Rock Island & Brooklyn Ac.	* 6:15 pm	† 7:40 am

* Arrival. † Departure. ‡ Daily, except Sunday. All others daily. Telephone 1003.

BURLINGTON ROUTE—C. B. & Q. RAILway—Depot First avenue and Sixteenth street, W. J. Young, agent.

TRAINS.	LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
St. Louis Express	* 7:00 am	* 7:30 pm
St. Louis Express	* 7:40 pm	* 6:55 am
Sterling, Dubuque & St. Paul	† 6:40 pm	* 7:10 am
Beardstown Passenger	2:50 pm	11:15 am
Sterling, Dubuque & St. Paul	† 7:55 am	* 8:50 pm

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL Railway—Racine & Southwestern Division—Depot Twentieth street, between First and Second avenues. L. H. Greer, Agent.

TRAINS.	LEAVE.	ARRIVE
Mail and Express	7:00 am	9:20 pm
St. Paul Express	4:00 pm	11:30 am
Freight and Accommodat'n	9:00 am	7:30 pm

Daily except Sunday.

ROCK ISLAND & PEORIA RAILWAY—Depot First Avenue and Twentieth street E. L. Goff, agent.

TRAINS.	LEAVE	ARRIVE
Eastern Ex. "The Tribby"	1:25 am	*10:45 pm
Peoria & St Louis Mail Ex.	*8:05 am	6:40 pm
Express	1:25 pm	11:15 am
Peoria Accom. Freight	7:10 pm	2:00 am
Cable (via Sherrard) Accom.	6:00 am	5:30 pm
Cable Accommodation	8:40 am	2:20 pm
Cable Accommodation	3:25 pm	7:55 am

Passenger trains leave C. R. I. & P. (Moline avenue) depot five (5) minutes earlier than time given. Trains marked * daily, all other trains daily except Sunday.

BURLINGTON, CEDAR RAPIDS & Northern Railway, depot foot of Brady street, Davenport. Jas. Morton, Gen. Ticket & Pass. Agent.

Davenport Trains.	LEAVE	ARRIVE
Passenger	b4:35 pm	b10:25 am
Freight	b7:00 am	b9:45 pm
West Liberty Trains	**†North.**	**‡South.**
Passenger	b7:10 am	b10:40pm
"	a10:30 pm	a5:15am
" No.		b7:35 pm
Freight	b2:40 pm	b11:45am
"	a12:45 pm	b8:00 am

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday. †Going north. ‡Going South and east. No. 16 runs between Cedar Rapids and West Liberty.