

AGAIN IN HARMONY.

America and Spain Receive Each Other's New Ministers.

CEREMONIES AT TWO CAPITALS.

Historical Events on Both Sides of the Atlantic That Happily Conclude a War That Changed the Map of the World—Spain's Pay from Germany for Pacific Groups—Dreyfus Gets a New Trial.

Washington, June 3.—The new Spanish minister, Duce d'Arcos, presented his credentials to the president today. He called at the state department shortly before 11, and with Secretary Hay, proceeded to the White house.

On arrival at the White house the party was ushered into the blue parlor. The ceremony of presentation lasted less than five minutes. No one was present except the president, Secretary Hay, and the Spanish minister and his two secretaries.

The duc was attired in his resplendent diplomatic uniform. The president was cordial but dignified in his greeting.

Simultaneously in Madrid, the program of renewal of diplomatic relations was carried out. Belleny Storer, the new United States minister to Spain, being presented to Queen Christina. It was a notable occasion in the world's history, the resumption of friendly relations between the two nations which have been at war and in a brief struggle changed the map of the world. The speeches here were especially notable. They were plain spoken and devoid of the usual hazy diplomatic phraseology.

HENDERSON MUCH IN LEAD.

Iowa Congressman Seems to Have a Certainty on Speakership of Next House.

Boston, June 3.—A private meeting of Massachusetts congressmen was held here today, at which it is understood it was determined to favor Moody, of Haverville, but it is understood he will withdraw in favor of Henderson, of Iowa, as did Hopkins, of Illinois.

Chicago, June 3.—Congressman Henderson, of Iowa, who is now regarded as certain of the speakership of the next house, is here conferring with republican leaders. Senators Allison, of Iowa, and representatives of Illinois, Wisconsin and Minnesota will arrive here this evening for the purpose of conferring with a view to making efforts to capture the vote necessary to make Henderson's election certain.

THE TERMS OF THE DEAL.

Conditions Under Which Germany Bought Spain's Islands.

Madrid, June 3.—Germany pays twenty-five million pesetas for the Caroline, Palos and Marianne islands. Spain retains a coaling station in each group and Germany undertakes to defend these stations in case of war. Germany, in addition, grants Spain the most favored nation in treatment in Germany and the colonial islands.

DREYFUS GETS NEW TRIAL.

Hearing of Second Court Martial Proceedings Ordered.

Paris, June 3.—The court of cassation today rendered a verdict in favor of revision of the Dreyfus case, ordering a new court martial, to sit at Rennes, 60 miles from Nantes, for trial of the prisoner.

Liner St. Louis Has An Escape.

Southampton, June 3.—The American liner St. Louis caught on the coast here at dead low water, but floated off at high tide, having simply stuck in the mud.

Rolling Jury Disagrees.

Chicago, June 3.—The jury in the case of Emil Rollinger, for the murder of his wife, reported a disagreement today and were discharged. Rollinger was remanded to await another trial.

Sixtieth Wedding Anniversary.

Platteville, Wis., June 3.—Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Ottiker, Sr., celebrated the sixtieth anniversary of their marriage yesterday. Jacob Ottiker, Sr., was born in 1801 at Manndorf, Switzerland, and was the youngest of four children. He married Mary Breitenstein in that city, who also came from Switzerland, where she was born in 1821.

Scores on the Ball Field.

Chicago, June 3.—Following are the League base ball scores made yesterday: At Boston—Cincinnati 4, Boston 6; at New York—Louisville 12, New York 13; at Washington—St. Louis 7, Washington 2; at Philadelphia—Pittsburgh 3, Philadelphia 4; at Brooklyn—Cleveland 10, Brooklyn 11; at Baltimore—Chicago 2, Baltimore 4.

Western League: At Indianapolis—Minneapolis 3, Indianapolis 9; at Columbus—Kansas City 2, Columbus 3; at Detroit—St. Paul 6, Detroit 2; at Buffalo—Milwaukee 6, Buffalo 6.

Gen. Alger and Wife Coming West.

Washington, June 3.—Secretary and Mrs. Alger left last evening for a visit to their home in Detroit, after which the secretary will visit the lumber regions in Minnesota, where he has large private interests. Mr. and Mrs. Alger will go by the way of Boston, where

they will pay a visit to their son, Captain F. M. Alger, who is a senior at Harvard, and then proceed to Grandmere, Canada, to visit another son, Russell A. Alger, Jr.

FAIR WOMEN AND BRAVE MEN

At a Ball Given by Our Philippine Commission—Senator's Beverage Trip.

Manila, June 2, 11:10 a. m.—The United States Philippine commission last night gave one of the most brilliant balls Manila has ever seen. It was one of a series of entertainments intended to foster friendship between the Americans and the natives. The newly appointed judges, General Otis, a number of other American officers, and many wealthy natives were present. There was a display of gorgeous native toilets and many jewels were worn, and the array of handsome women surprised the Americans.

United States Senator Beveridge, of Indiana, who came to the Philippines some time ago, has made a fortnight's trip in the southern islands. During his tour he talked with the chief of Jolo, who has 2,000 fighting men under his command, and who professes friendship for America, which friendship, he hinted, might be strengthened by the continuance of the annual subsidy of \$12,000 formerly paid by the Spaniards.

General Smith has punished the insurgents at Escalante, island of Negros, for the murder of Captain Tilly, of the signal corps. General Smith burned the town and killed a number of members of bands of insurgents whom he found in the neighborhood. Three members of the South Dakota regiment were wounded at San Fernando in an encounter between insurgents and the American outposts.

CARRIE JONES CONFESSES.

Girl Who Carried Away Baby Marian Clark Tells Her Story.

New York, June 3.—The world this morning says: Carrie Jones, the nurse who had charge of little Marian Clark, was arrested at Summit, N. J., last night. Her real name is Bella Anderson. In a confession before a notary public she said that she had been a party to the abduction, that she had been led into the scheme by George Beauregard Barrow and his wife Jennie. She said: "I was told by them that I would get half of any ransom paid for the return of the child. I was poor, tired of hard work and wanted money. I was told that there would be absolutely no danger."

"The Beauregards schooled me in the way to abduct the child. We had determined to take the first child that would command a ransom."

"On Monday, when the abduction became public, the Beauregards and Marian and I, Mrs. Beauregard carrying the baby, went to St. Louis and stayed there until Friday, and then went to the Beauregard flat. Yesterday Mr. Beauregard came to see me, gave me \$10 and told me to leave the city. I then went to my aunt's home at White Oak Ridge. I don't know why I did this, except I was ill and needed money."

ABBREVIATED TELEGRAMS.

The Chilean ministry has resigned. It was appointed last December. Baroness Hirsch's charitable bequests amount in all to about \$9,550,000.

The shipyard at Newport News, Va., has contracts for nearly \$10,000,000 of work.

Experiments to reproduce dead men's features from their skulls are being made in Germany.

The London Daily Chronicle announces that Mrs. Florence Maybrick is likely to be liberated shortly.

In eighteen of the larger cities the increase on building operations in March was 33 per cent. over March, 1898.

Reginald Hynes, an Englishman who went to Chicago recently, committed suicide by jumping overboard from the yacht Peri.

The bishops of Latin America, who are now gathered at London in council, have presented to the pope \$50,000 lire as Peter's pence.

A woman at Chicago whose name is withheld has given her jewels, worth \$5,000, for the use of St. Mary's (Episcopal) Home for Children.

Mrs. Margaret Flynn, who was assaulted by her son, James, May 27, died at the county hospital at Chicago. The young man is feeble-minded.

While playing in the yard at the rear of her home at Chicago a 2-year-old daughter of Charles Kiste fell into a ditch filled with water and was drowned.

Mary Ann Jewell, aged 63, living alone in the Wyoming valley, near Spring Lake, Wis., was found dead in the road near her home, supposedly the result of a runaway.

All silver and lead properties in the vicinity of Sandon, B. C., except the Shocan Star, have been shut down, refusing to the \$2.50 for eight instead of ten hours' work.

Fred Arnold, 13 years old, shot Alexander Melis, of the same age, in the neck. Arnold had a rifle of small caliber and did the shooting at the command of John West, who is only one year older.

Trans-Mississippi Congress.

Wichita, Kas., June 3.—The Trans-Mississippi congress yesterday adopted resolutions strongly endorsing the proposed international exposition to be held at St. Louis in 1904, in commemoration of the Louisiana purchase centennial.

Bank Robbers Found Guilty.

Stevens Point, Wis., June 3.—John Harrington, Edward Rattigan, John Harly, and John Kelly, all of Chicago, were found guilty in the circuit court yesterday of the charge of blowing up the safe of the International bank of Amherst on March 18.

Combine in Cheating Gam.

New York, June 3.—Articles of incorporation of the American Cheating company at Trenton, N. J., yesterday with an authorized capital of \$9,000,000.

Dixon Gets the Decision.

New York, June 3.—Dixon got the decision over Bernstein at the end of the twenty-fifth round of their glove contest in this city last night.

LOOK AT YOUR BONDS

If You Have Any of the Arkansas Kind You May Be a Victim of Fraud.

STEAL OF \$175,000 IS UNEARTHED.

State Treasurer Fears It May Run Up Into the Millions—New York Man's Estate Includes Worthless Arkansas Bonds—Big Haul of Train Thugs, About \$50,000—Box of Sovereigns Worth \$25,000 Stolen from a Ship's Treasure Room.

Little Rock, Ark., June 3.—A letter of inquiry from the executor of a New York estate addressed to State Treasurer Little has unearthed a bond swindle which already amounts to \$175,000, and which the state officials believe may on investigation run up into the millions. The letter reveals the fact that fraudulent state bonds have been successfully floated, but the extent of the swindle cannot yet be approximated. The letter is from William L. Jaques, 15, West One Hundred and Nineteenth street, New York city, and is as follows:

"Dear Sir:—As executor and heir of my father's estate Edward J. Jaques, deceased, I desire to make inquiries regarding some seventy bonds, 5 per cent. of the state of Arkansas, series issued 1870, of which the enclosed list are the numbers and now held here. The bonds are under an agreement for settlement between the state of Arkansas and the bondholders, to be consummated in this present year—1899. Will you kindly let me know at your earliest convenience what the prospects are looking to a settlement, and any information concerning the bonds that would be of service to me in the settlement of my father's estate I would appreciate greatly."

Same Bonds in Two Places.

Then follows a schedule of seventy bonds in the possession of Jaques of the series issued Jan. 1, 1870, bearing 5 per cent. interest. Seventeen of these bonds, ranging in number from 2 to 420, are shown on the state bond record to have been redeemed and cancelled, with the exception of two which are now in the permanent school fund and actually in the vaults of the state treasury. How Jaques could have the same bonds in his possession is a riddle that can be solved only on the supposition that they are counterfeits. Little points out the fact that a bond of that issue could have been readily forged by changing the numbers.

Reputation Settles the Others.

The remaining fifty-three bonds are as valueless as the paper upon which they are printed, as they come within the limits of those repudiated by the Fishback amendment. It develops, therefore, that bonds with a face value of \$175,000, including accrued interest coupons, held in good faith as assets of the Jaques estate, are worthless. The appearance of these bonds is taken by the state authorities as evidence of a gigantic swindle having at some time in past years been perpetrated, and the state bond board will endeavor to ascertain to what length it was carried, and if possible locate the guilty parties.

TRAIN THUGS GET \$47,000.

Hold-up on the Union Pacific to That Extent, It Is Claimed.

Salt Lake City, Utah, June 3.—A special to The Tribune from Rawlins, Wyo., says the robbers at Wilcox yesterday obtained \$36,000 in money and about \$10,000 worth of diamonds, and that a large amount of money in bills was destroyed by the explosion.

Laramie, Wyo., June 3.—The Union Pacific trans-continent west-bound mail train was held up, dynamited and robbed at 1 o'clock yesterday morning near Wilcox, a lonely station on the Wyoming division. The hold-up was accomplished by waving a danger signal a short distance east of Wilcox bridge. Engineer "Grindstone" Jones resisted, and one of the robbers climbed on his engine and struck him on the head, giving him a severe scalp wound. He was made to cut his engine loose from the train at the point of a gun. The robbers drove the express messenger from his car and then exploded a charge of dynamite under it.

The car was wrecked and the mail car next to it badly damaged. The robbers then exploded a charge of dynamite under the Wilcox bridge, cutting off communication between the engine and engine, and tying up all trains after the bridge was blown up. The hold-up disappeared, and Engineer Jones ran to Medicine Bow and reported. It is not known at this time the amount secured from the express car safe. The hold-up occurred in a district where escape to the mountains is comparatively easy. The Union Pacific officials have offered a reward of \$1,000 apiece for the capture of the thugs.

FIVE THOUSAND SOVEREIGNS GONE.

Stolen from a Consignment of Gold on the Steamer Alameda.

San Francisco, June 3.—There was great excitement on board the steamer Alameda upon her arrival from Australia yesterday when it was discovered that a box containing 5,000 sovereigns was missing. Seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars in gold had been sent by the steamer from Sydney. The money was shipped in thirty steel boxes, each containing \$2,500 in British gold. One of these boxes was abstracted from the steamer's treasure room or vault during the voyage. The theft is apparently shrouded in deepest mystery. On the Alameda this vault is formed of steel plates each five-sixteenths of an inch thick. It is located in the stowage dining room, and the only mode of entering it is through a small trap door secured with an iron bar and a Yale lock.

The lock was sealed with the stamp of the steamship company after the boxes of sovereigns had been counted and receipted for by the purser, and the key of the lock placed in the safe in the purser's room. The purser declares that the key to the lock has never been

taken from the safe from the time the steamer sailed from Sydney until the arrival here. The seal over the lock was broken, and yet the consignment was short 5,000 sovereigns. No one questions that thirty boxes were placed in the steel tank at the beginning of the voyage and yet but twenty-nine boxes were in the tank when the steamer arrived.

There are two suspects giving their names as William Green and John H. Porter, and the former was on the passenger list as Willard Reed. The latest theory of the police is that the missing box was never in the steel tank. The boxes are heavy, each weighing about ninety pounds; as they were brought on board they were checked by the purser and chief officer and carried to the strong room by two porters. It is now believed that a game of bluff was played at this stage, and the box, instead of being placed in its proper receptacle was moved and the money either taken on shore before the steamer sailed from Sydney or else divided among the confederates who were among the passengers.

OUTLOOK IS FAVORABLE.

All Business Signs Continue to Speak Loudly of Prosperity.

New York, June 3.—Broadstreet's says: Holiday observances and warmer weather have worked together toward a smaller aggregate of speculative transactions and less pronounced activity in some lines of wholesale trade this week, while naturally stimulating retail business at most centers. Current bank clearings reflect the former influences in considerably reduced totals for the week, while cheerful advices as to trade in May as a whole are confirmed by very large bank returns for that month, second only in fact to the month of January and March, the latter holding the record in this respect. The favorable effect of the immense current industrial activity and consumptive demand, offsetting the smaller tonnage of cereals now as compared with a year ago, is found in the continued good increases in gross railroad earnings.

Net returns are, it is true, not quite so relatively favorable, but it is to be recalled that comparisons now are with specially good reports a year ago. In industrial lines the demand for and strength of iron and steel are the most interesting features. Rather more speculative interest has been observable in cereals, particularly wheat, this week. Heavier shipments from northwestern points are taken to indicate confidence in a full yield of spring wheat. Advances from many cities of great activity in building and confirmation in the continued heavy demand for lumber, building hardware and other materials.

Business failures are down to a low summer minimum, numbering only 129, against 153 last week, 178 in this week a year ago, 192 in 1897, and 236 in 1896.

TREMENDOUS WIND-FORCE.

Blows Five Cars Out of a Train and Tears Up 60 Feet of Double Track.

Terre Haute, Ind., June 3.—Word has just reached this city of damage sustained north of Watsika, Ill., by the Chicago and Eastern Illinois railroad. An extra freight train was struck by a cyclone while en route at a good rate of speed, and the wind carried five cars off the train and blew two cars for a distance of sixty feet, together with a good portion of the roadbed.

Two cars loaded with barrels and two loaded with heavy lumber were driven bodily from the trucks and thrown into the ditch, while an empty box car was hurled clear off the right of way.

Tax on Michigan Mines.

Lansing, Mich., June 3.—The house agreed in committee of the whole to the bill taxing mining companies in the upper peninsula, and friends of the bill claim enough votes to pass it in both branches. Under it copper mining companies are required to pay a specific tax of from one-sixteenth of a cent per pound on an annual output of 5,000,000 pounds, to one-half cent per pound on an output exceeding 50,000,000 pounds. Iron mining companies are required to pay 3 cents on each ton of ore.

Yerkes Out of Control.

Chicago, June 3.—Stockholders of the North and West Chicago Street Railway companies yesterday voted to lease the two systems to the Chicago Union Traction company, a concern formed by a number of New York capitalists. During the meeting President Charles T. Yerkes announced his retirement as an active member of Chicago street railway companies. The new company has an authorized capitalization of \$35,000,000.

Sol Van Praag Indicted.

Chicago, June 3.—The grand jury yesterday morning returned an indictment against Sol Van Praag. The "true bill" accuses the proprietor of the Owl saloon, at 202 West State street, of "keeping and wickedly keeping a common, ill-governed, and disorderly house for the encouragement of idleness, gaming, drinking, misbehavior and other forms of vice."

Insurance Company Pays Taxes.

Madison, Wis., June 3.—The North-western Mutual Life Insurance company, of Milwaukee, yesterday paid the increased taxes required by the Orton law, passed by the legislature last winter, to the insurance commissioner. The amount is \$152,739.21, which is stated to be 1 per cent. of the company's gross income, with rents, etc., deducted.

Jury Is Hung on Rollinger.

Chicago, June 3.—Last night after being out seven hours the jury in the case of Michael Rollinger, charged with the murder of his wife, was unable to reach a verdict and was confined until today. The case first stood nine hours for conviction and three for acquittal. When the adjournment was taken it stood eleven for conviction, one for acquittal.

Stryker Resigns His Position.

Springfield, Ill., June 3.—W. D. Stryker, of Springfield, has resigned as a member of the state board of agriculture, and his resignation has been accepted. M. Zimplmann, of Woodstock, has been selected to fill the vacancy, and the trouble growing out of the twenty-fifth round of Stryker out of the board is now regarded as settled.

THE LONDON

Just bought of a hard-up clothing house in Chicago 400 Men's Fine

All Wool Suits 50c on the Dollar

Poor Fellow Needed Money.

We didn't do anything but take advantage of the situation and bump them good and hard. In order to sell this lot out quick we offer them at the same rate we bought them.

Suits worth \$13.50, \$12 and \$10 all Go at

\$6.75.

This lot will not last long, as the shrewd buyer will pick them up quick.

THE LONDON

YOU KNOW US.

JUSTICE FOR DREYFUS

Court of Cassation to Recommend a New Trial of the Captain.

MME. DREYFUS HEARS THE NEWS

Report That President Loubet Has Been Persuaded Not to Resign, Which Was His Intention—Esterhazy Tells the London Chronicle That He Wrote the Bordereau That Sent Dreyfus to Isle de Diabole—French Army Officials Denounced.

London, June 3.—The Paris correspondent of The Morning Post telegraphing yesterday, says: The work of the court of cassation is practically finished. Each of the judges gave his opinion today and only formalities remain. The councillors were almost unanimously in favor of revision; and the decision to be given tomorrow will result of the decision will be delivered about noon today. It will send Dreyfus to trial by a new court-martial. La Fronde says: M. Krantz, the minister of war, and M. Ballot de Beaulieu, the reporter for the court of cassation in the Dreyfus affair, yesterday received from Esterhazy a communication confessing the authorship of the bordereau, and asking a safe conduct to enable him to come to Paris to give explanations. Le Pe Francaise is responsible for the statement that President Loubet yesterday announced his intention to resign, but that the ministers persuaded him to remain in office.

ESTERHAZY'S NEW CONFESSION.

Tells the London Chronicle That He Wrote the Bordereau.

London, June 3.—The Daily Chronicle says that Major Comte Ferdinand Walsin Esterhazy called at its office last evening with a confidential friend, and after declaring that the time had arrived when the whole truth should be told, although hitherto by reason of constant orders and inducements he had kept silence on the essential point, made the following statement: "The chiefs of the army have disgracefully abandoned me. My cup is full and I shall speak out. Yes, raising his voice and glaring around, it was I who wrote the bordereau. I wrote it upon orders received from Sandherr."

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He then denounced the chiefs as a "set of scoundrels who have abandoned me basely," and added, "but at one time they used to come to thank Madame Pays for her assistance." Esterhazy asserted that quite recently the chiefs sent M. Laguerre, a former deputy, to London with seductive offers to him to keep silence. "Now they are using threats," he shouted, "but I will not be deterred."

The Daily Chronicle got Esterhazy to sign the notes of the interview.

Stanley Is "Mr. Henry." Now.

London, June 3.—The queen's birthday honors were announced yesterday. Alma-Tadema, the artist, and J. A. Boyd, chancellor of the high court of Ontario, are knighted. Henry M. Stanley, M. P., is made a knight of the grand cross of the Bath.

"Tis worth a bag of gold." This applies with special force to Hood's Sarsaparilla, America's greatest medicine.

Backache should never be neglected. It means kidney disorder which, if allowed to run too long, will result in Bright's disease, diabetes or other serious and often fatal complaints. Foley's Kidney Cure is guaranteed for kidney disorder.

Six ballots were then taken and the

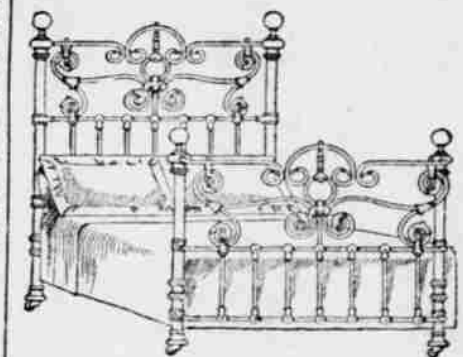
COMTE FERDINAND ESTERHAZY.

He never more energetically in favor of Dreyfus than was the report of M. Ballot de Beaulieu. It will declare that the "Canaille de d—" document is in no way applicable to Dreyfus.

Paris, June 3.—The Figaro asserts that Madame Dreyfus has been assured to inform her husband that M. Ballot de Beaulieu and Manna have reported in favor of revision and of a new trial.

Salutes the Hour of Justice.

They received in return a reply saying: "Full of emotion, I salute the hour of justice, which I have never despaired of, and I await with absolute confidence the appearance of my husband before his future judges."



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This is a money saving line for you. Come over and see it.

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