TIDINGS ARE CHEERING

Continued from First page.

for, you know, 'Man proposes and God disposes.' I consider the president's case a serious one, and so I do not predict, but I may say that at this stage of the occurrence the condition of the patient is quite remarkably favorable, and personally I cannot anticipate anything but recovery."

Dr. Eugene Wasdin, who was with Dr. Mynter, said: "I, too, am averse to making predictions, but I agree that the president's condition is one that strongly favors complete and rapid recovery."

One Peril Has About Passed.

The fear of peritonitis, it can be said positively, has well-nigh disappeared. At the expiration of the 72-hour period at 4 p. m. yesterday danger from that source was almost gone. The president himself was cheerful all day and expressed confidence in his recovery. He asked for a morning paper, but this had to be denied him. It is with some difficulty that he can be restrained from talking.

HAS A VISIT FROM HIS WIFE

Vice President Very Optimistic—Emperor Nicholas' Telegram.

Mrs. McKinley saw him again yesterday for a brief visit, and Secretary Cortelyou was admitted for the first time. No one else was allowed to see him, although he inquired several times who were below stairs. If he continues to improve it will be gradually. If he should grow worse the change in that direction also probably would be slow. This is the opinion of Dr. Dr. Mann. There will be no crisis. If he arrives at convalescence Dr. Park expresses the opinion that it will be three weeks before it will be safe to move him. It is expected that the interior wounds will heal first. The sutures of the lacerated tissue were made so soon after the bullet passed that they are probably healing rapidly. With the exterior wound it is a slower process.

The extreme optimism of the vice president and the members of the cabinet would be difficult to overstate. "I am absolutely confident everything will turn out all right," declared the vice president, and he said he based his confidence on information behind the public expressions of the physicians. So relieved are Secretary Gage and Attorney General Knox at the steady improvement that they returned to Washington last night feeling strongly that heir chief would recover, but with the assurance of the physicians that if a change for the worse should come it would be gradual and that they would have ample time to return.

Vice President Roosevelt has occupied a peculiarly delicate and trying position since the event which threatened the president's life, but he has borne throughout this ordeal in such a manner as to win the admiration and respect of all. On the streets Roosevelt has been the center of respectful attention, but he has met this with dignity and composure. Despite senseless remarks that he was going about guarded by secret service men he has positively declined to have anything like a guard near him. One of his remarks yesterday in speaking to two laborers who greeted him struck a popular chord. They had suggested that he might be afraid to be stopped.

"No, indeed," he replied. "You men are our protection, and the foul deed of Friday will only make you more vigorous in protecting those whom you elect to office."

Emperor Nicholas gave happy expression to the world-wide solicitude over the president in a message which was given out yesterday. It is addressed to the president, and after expressing his happiness at the president's improvement adds that he joins with the universal world in wishing a speedy recovery.

NEITHER EXCUSE NOR TOLERATION

For Anarchy in This Country—So Declares Col. Bryan.

Buffalo, Sept. 10.—William J. Bryan yesterday telegraphed The Times as follows:

"Free governments may be overthrown, but they cannot be reformed by those who violate the commandment, 'Thou shalt not kill.' Under a government like ours every wrong can be remedied by laws, and the laws are in the hands of the people themselves. Anarchy can neither be excused nor tolerated here. The man who proposes to right a public wrong by taking the life of a human being makes himself an outlaw, and cannot consistently appeal to the protection of the government which he repudiates.

"He invites a return to a state of barbarism in which each one must at his own risk defend his own rights and avenge his own wrongs. The punishment administered to the would-be assassin and to his co-conspirators, if he has any, should be such as to warn all inclined to anarchy that while this is an asylum for those who love liberty it is an inhospitable place for those who raise their hands against all forms of government."

CHICAGO'S HUNT FOR PLOTTERS

Nine Men in Jail—Three Women Get Free—Emma Goldman Located.

Chicago, Sept. 10.—The twelve persons charged with conspiracy to kill the president who were arrested last week were arraigned yesterday, but their trial was postponed until the 19th inst. At the request of the state, concurred in by the attorney for the defense, who had juot been put on the case by friends of the accused.

The men were refused bail, but the women were told that they could get out on $3,000 each. This they declined. Later, after a conference between Assistant City Prosecutor Owens and Attorney Leopold Saltiel (for the prisoners) the case against Julia Mechlianis, Maria Isaak and Maria Isaak, Jr., were nolle prossed for want of evidence and the three women freed.

Chief O'Neill announces that Emma Goldman is under surveillance not far from Chicago, although not in this city. He insisted that she had been located, and intimated that she will be arrested soon.

Views of ex-Speaker Reed.

Kingston, N. Y., Sept. 10.—Judge A. T. Clearwater, of this city, just returned from Bar Harbor, was with ex-Speaker Thomas B. Reed when Reed heard the news of the attempt to kill President McKinley. Reed expressed the warmst hope that the injuries were less serious than reported and for the president's speedy recovery. He aid the time had arrived to protect presidents from close contact with large crowds.

He Was Promptly Fired.

Washington, Sept. 10.—Second Assistant Postmaster General Shallenberger yesterday summarily canceled the contract of a mail carrier for expressing satisfaction over the shooting of President McKinley. The name of the person who was thus dealt with is Charles F. Cortright, and he had a contract for carrying the mail between Homer, Cortland county, N. Y., and Spafford, in Onondaga county, the same state.

Ran Into Extra Freight.

Saginaw, Mich., Sept. 10.—Work train engine No. 45 on the Pere Marquette road bound east Sunday ran into the rear end of an extra freight one mile west of Chase Station. Engineer Henry Hatswell, of Saginaw, was fatally injured internally. Thomas Moore, of Baldwin, was probably fatally hurt and four others were slightly hurt.

Schley Inquiry Will Proceed.

Washington, Sept. 10.—During the conference between Admiral Dewey, president of the Schley court, and Captain Lemly, judge advocate of the court, at the navy department yesterday, it was arranged that the sessions of the court after Thursday, when the court first assembles at 1 p. m., shall be held daily—morning and afternoon sessions.

Sort of Filipino DeWet.

Manila, Sept. 10.—Numbers of small surrenders of insurgents occur daily. The only active forces operating now with any number of men are those of Malvar and Luckban. The capture or surrender of the former is expected at any time. The latter, the Filipinos believe, will hold out as long as he is able to get ammunition. His brother, a doctor in Manila, says Luckban will never surrender.

Would Declare Off All Meetings.

Columbus, O., Sept. 10.—Chairman Daugherty, of the Democratic state executive committee, yesterday addressed a letter to Chairman Dick, of the Republican committee, asking that all political meetings be declared off during the illness of President McKinley. The same arrangement was perfected following the assassination of President Garfield.

Smyser Held in Bail.

Chicago, Sept. 10.—Dr. Jacob H. Smyser, former secretary of the state dental board, who was given a hearing in the criminal court last week on charges of forgery, accepting a bribe, and malfeasance, was held to the grand jury on the two first-named charges.

Talked of the Great Crime.

Muncie, Ind., Sept. 10.—Every minister in Muncie Sunday made reference to the attempt on the life of President McKinley and prayers that his life may be spared were offered. Expressions from Muncie ministers show some favorable to exiling the anarchists.

Edward and Nickolas Neet.

Fredensburg, Sept. 10.—Emperor Nicholas met King Edward at Copenhagen and accompanied him hither. A grand banquet was given last evening, at which all the British, Russian and Danish royalties were present.

THE MARKETS.

Chicago Grain and Produ

Chicago, Sept. 9.

Following were the quotations on the Board of Trade today:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—				
Sep.	$ .68⅝	$ .68¾	$ .68¼	$ .68¾
Dec.	.70½	.71	.70⅝	.71
May	.74	.74⅝	.74	.74½
Corn—				
Sept.	.55¼	.55⅞	.55¼	.55⅝
Dec.	.57½	.58⅛	.57⅜	.57⅞
May	.59¼	.59¾	.59¼	.59
Oats—				
Sept.	.33½	.33½	.33⅝	.33⅜
Dec.	.35⅛	.35¼	.35	.35
May	.37½	.37½	.37¼	.37¼
Pork—				
Sept.	14.67½	14.70	14.67½	14.70
Oct.	14.70	14.80	14.67½	14.80
Jan.	15.77½	15.85	15.77½	15.85

Produce: Butter—Extra creamery, 19½c; extra dairy, 17@18c; packing stock, 12½c. Eggs—Fresh stock, 12½@14½c. Live Poultry—Chickens, hens, 8@8½ per lb; springs, 10@10½c; ducks, 8@8½c. Apples—New $1.50@2.50 per brl. Potatoes—$1.10@1.20 per sack.

East Buffalo Live Stock.

East Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 9.

Dunning & Stevens, Live Stock commission Merchants, East Buffalo, N. Y., quote as follows: Cattle—Receipts, 200 cars; market slow and 25 to 35c lower for common grades and light steers; medium to fairly good, 10 to 15c lower; best fat steers about steady; tops, $5.60@5.80; medium, $4.65@4.75; lights to fair, $3.90@4.50; cows, $1.80@4.40; heifers, $3.25@4.55; extra, $4.60@4.90; bulls, $3.25@4.00; stock do., $2.50@3.15; stockers and feeders steady for good; others lower, $3.00@4.00; milch cows steady, $22.55; veals, $5.50@7.50. Hogs—Receipts, 85 cars; market lower, heavy, $6.90@6.92½; mixed, $6.85@6.90; Yorkers, $6.75@6.80; light, $6.60@6.70; pigs, $6.25@6.40; roughs, $5.90@6.10; stags, $4.50@6.00. Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 110 cars; market lower; lambs, $4.75@5.00; few early, $5.10@5.25; others, $3.00@4.60; sheep easier; tops mixed, $3.50@3.60; others, $1.25@3.40; wethers, $3.75@4.00; yearlings, $3.50@4.25.

St. Louis Grain.

St. Louis, Sept. 9.

Wheat—Higher; No. 2 red cash elevator, 70c; track, 70⅜@72c; September, 69⅝c; December, 72@72½c; May, 74¾c; No. 2 hard, 68⅝c@69c. Corn—Higher; No. 2 cash, 58c; track, 58⅛c; track, 58¼@59c; September, 57½c; December, 59¼c; May 60⅞c. Oats—Higher; No. 2 cash, 36c; track, 36½@37¼; September, 45¾c; December, 36¾c; December, 36¾c; May, 39c; No. 2 white, 37½@38¼c. Rye—Lower; 56@56½c.

Local Markets.

Corn—64c
Oats—36c@38c.
Hay—Timothy, $14 prairie, $ 2
Straw—$7.
Coal—$3 per ton.
Potatoes—$1.30.
Butter—Choice to fair, 17c; fresh creamery, 20c.
Eggs—12½c.
Hens—6½c per pound.
Spring Chickens—$2.50@3.00 per dozen
Cattle—Butchers pay for corn fed steers 4¼c@5¼c; cows and heifers, 3¼c@4c; calves 3c@4c.
Sheep—4¼c@5c.
Spring Lambs—$2.50@$4 a head
Hogs—$5.50@$5.75.

WHITNEY'S NEW MOVE.

Millionaire's Plan to Make Saratoga Popular For Youth.

WILL FORM A POLO ORGANIZATION

Wishes the Springs to Become a Center For All Kinds of Healthful Recreation—Is Greatly Interested In Young Men—Talk of His Investments.

Mr. William C. Whitney, the famous turfman, spoke interestingly of his Saratoga plans to a reporter of the New York Herald recently. He said:

"We hope to make Saratoga the popular resort that it should be. This has been the most prosperous year in the history of Saratoga, and the race meeting that has just closed has been the pleasantest and the most successful that I have ever attended. It is my experience that no sport stands well if isolated. That was recognized as a fact in the early days. Adjoining Jerome park a field was set apart for polo. The unselfish interest of its patrons made it possible for the polo venture to succeed. Outdoor sport, claiming the interest of young men, takes them out of the saloons, the barrooms, billiard parlors and other places of like resort and gives them an athletic condition which we all admire.

"I take much pleasure in the society of young men. I like to see them enjoy themselves, especially when that enjoyment is taken in the manner that increases their physical, mental and moral well being, so when I came to Saratoga this year I was led, without premeditation on my part, to make the moves that I have made here. One day, after the races, I suggested to my son that we should drive over to the polo grounds. He was dressed in a light suit and was not intending to take any part in the game, but after spending a few moments as a spectator he climbed down to the ground and said that if he could borrow a pony he would play. He did borrow a pony and played, and when he went back to the United States hotel that night he looked like a tramp, but he was happy and so was I. He took a new interest in Saratoga. He found that there were ways here of enjoying himself. A new resource had been added.

"Mr. August Belmont played polo that same day, and as I watched the game I made up my mind that if Saratoga was to be made a resort worthy of its natural resources something must be done to diversify the interests. It was then determined in my mind that I would assist polo as an auxiliary to racing. Now we have tennis courts, golf links and polo grounds, which in a way, I believe, account for the success that has attended the races.

"I do not wish to be misunderstood in this matter. I lay claim to no credit for what has happened. My investments made in Saratoga have been small, and if a selfish view is taken of them they have all been dictated by business interests. I found that the polo club owned an option on one-half of the field. Clearly it was a mistake to control only one-half of the property, so I purchased the other half and then took up the option that the boys held. It would prove a paying venture if we chose to make it so. An organization will be formed, and interest bearing or income bonds may be issued.

"Seeing the prospect of a future success in racing at Saratoga, I purchased property directly west of the track and informed the members of the association that when they got ready to use it they could have it at the price I paid for it. I presume the track will be enlarged, and then this property that I have purchased will come into good use."

As the numbers went up Mr. Whitney stooped and picked up from the floor of the clubhouse balcony a wax match that some one had dropped. This he carefully placed in his matchbox, remarking in a half sorrowful, "I had that winner marked on my programme and really expected the race to finish as it did, but I couldn't wager against my friend.

"Precedents," continued Mr. Whitney, "gave us several hard problems to solve. It was our desire that the clubhouse should be used by ladies, but many feared that the objectionable element would keep them away, and we did not know just how to deal with the problem. As often happens, it solved itself. A cottage near at hand was obtained and fitted up for the use of the ladies. There they can remove their wraps and then come to the clubhouse. The first day we had a nucleus here of just the right sort. The next day there were more. The persons whose presence we did not care for found the clubhouse uncongenial and took themselves over to the grand stand, where they now occupy boxes.

"Naturally I am much pleased with the success of Saratoga. Next year there will be a larger attendance of those we most desire to see here. The outside resources will be developed, increasing the attractiveness of the place. There will be more of polo, more of tennis and more of golf, and the racing will be still better than it has been this year."

Auto Up Highest Jersey Peak.

John M. Schmidt of East Orange and Frank G. Haughwout of Orange, on a trip to Port Jervis, N. Y., and return in an automobile, says a dispatch to the New York Sun, succeeded in driving their machine to the summit of High point, on the Blue Ridge mountains, the highest point in the state of New Jersey, a feat that has been attempted, but never before been accomplished, it is said, in an automobile.