

## A DARK CRIME

**A Washington Woman Found in Mutilated Condition.**

## RIVALS BONINE CASE

**A Despondent Michigan Man Attempts to Kill His Family.**

Washington, Dec. 10.—Mrs. Ada Gilbert Dennis, a fashionable dressmaker, was found in an almost dying condition in her room at 5 this morning under circumstances that promise to rival the Bonine case.

Her skull was fractured, the jawbone broken and the left ear almost severed from the head.

There was evidence of a struggle and her clothing and bedding were saturated with blood.

A large force of detectives was put on the case. The name of her assailant is unknown.

**Attempts Butchery of His Family.**

Copper Falls, Mich., Dec. 10.—At 2 this morning John Kinnison despondent over inability to procure work and provide for his family, with a razor cut the throats of his wife and two young sons while they were asleep in bed and then cut his own throat. Kinnison is dead, the others are in a serious condition but will probably recover.

## KING FIXES DATE

**Determines Upon June 26 Next for His Coronation.**

London, Dec. 10.—At the privy council today the king definitely fixed June 26 next as the date of his coronation. Parliament meets January 16.

## FLIGHT OF CASHIER

**Getting Away With \$100,000 of the Money of the Bank That Trusted Him.**

Los Angeles, Cal., Dec. 10.—H. J. Fleishman, cashier of the Farmers' and Merchants' bank, of this city, has disappeared with a sum of the bank's money which Vice President H. W. Hellman estimates at \$100,000. The shortage was discovered yesterday.

Fleishman has not been seen since 9 o'clock Saturday morning. At that hour he was at his club. He notified the bank people that he was ill Saturday morning, and would not be at his desk. Nothing was thought of the matter at the time.

When Fleishman failed to report yesterday his accounts were gone over and the shortage discovered. The exact amount has not yet been ascertained. Fleishman began work for the bank when a boy in 1875. He was under bond with a surety company for \$30,000. In addition to this he had real estate and personal property in this city sufficient, in the opinion of Hellman to meet the government for the loss of a dollar. The bank will continue right along in business. Fleishman was a man of no known bad habits. He had been married but was divorced.

## Salt Company to Build Boats.

Milwaukee, Wis., Dec. 10.—The L. J. Petit Salt company, of this city, will this week place an order for two wooden steamers to cost \$80,000 each. The company has been trying to buy the steamers suitable for the trade, but has been unable to do so. The company cannot use steel construction, and the steamers are to be only of twelve-foot draught. They will be ready next season.

## Fight Fought Off in Ohio.

Painesville, O., Dec. 10.—The fight between Jimmy Hoy and George Siddons which was to have taken place a week ago, but was prevented by the sheriff on orders from Governor Nash, was brought off early Sunday morning at Richmond. Hoy was knocked out in the ninth round. No arrests have been made and it is said there will be none.

## Belgians Exploiting Bolivia.

Lima, Peru, Dec. 10.—Advices from La Paz say that the Bolivian congress has sanctioned a concession to a Belgian syndicate to construct a port at Bahia Negra and a railway from the river Paraguay to Santa Cruz, with branches to Sucre and Potosi, and has also authorized the government to negotiate a foreign loan, the basis of which it not made public.

## In Memory of a Dead Man.

London, Dec. 10.—The White Star Line Steamship company has endowed the charities of Liverpool and Belfast to the extent of £20,000 in memory of the late Thomas Henry Ismay, founder of the line, who died Nov. 23, 1899.

## Smallpox in Michigan.

Lansing, Mich., Dec. 10.—The spread of smallpox has been somewhat retarded. It is now present in seventy-three places in Michigan, only three more than one week ago.

## FREED BY CORONER

**Inquisition Finds That Mrs. Dale's Child Died by Accident.**

New York, Dec. 10.—Mrs. Elizabeth Howe Dale was exonerated from all blame in connection with the poisoning of her child, Emmeline Dale, by the verdict of the coroner's jury that concluded the inquest last night. It was found that the child's death was due to poison, but that this had been taken accidentally and without the knowledge of the mother. Mrs. Dale is the Chicago woman whose child died suddenly while the two were living temporarily in Hoboken. Charges have been preferred against her and despite the action of the coroner's jury she must face a grand jury in connection with the death. Her attorneys announce that they will ask her release on bail pending the hearing by the grand jury.

## LOCKJAW SERUM

**Pittsburg Physician Says He Can Cure the Dread Affliction.**

Pittsburg, Dec. 10.—Dr. A. Leteveh, of the C. L. Magee pathological department of Mercy hospital, has discovered what has every indication of being a successful serum treatment for tetanus or lockjaw. After a year of patient experimenting on lower animals the doctor, within the last three weeks, had the opportunity of testing his theory on human subjects, one a middle-aged man, a middle-aged woman and a boy 19 years of age.

According to the physician's statement, when these patients were first given the injection of the serum they were violent, being in spasms and convulsions. The treatment soon brought them around, and within five or six days they were restored to their former health. Dr. Leteveh does not claim that the treatment will cure every case, but believes that the problem of treating tetanus successfully has been solved.

## HELLO GIRLS MAY HAVE TO GO

**Baltimore Man Invents a Device for Disposing of Her Services.**

Ernest A. Faller, an electrical and mechanical engineer of Baltimore, has invented and successfully operated an automatic telephone exchange. Mr. Faller is a native of the Black Forest in south Germany and is 31 years old. Six years ago, while installing a telephone exchange in San Francisco he conceived the idea upon which his "mechanical operator" is built.

He secured financial backing, hid himself away first at the viaduct plant, and later at 705 East Fayette street in Baltimore, and in May last an experimental machine, rudely built, was given a trial, and every hope of the inventor was realized.

Then followed the actual building of a 100-phone exchange equipment. Sweeping patent rights were secured, and the machine is now complete. Some of the merits of the mechanical operator as compared with present day manual and so-called automatic exchanges, will be seen by the following: A multiple exchange of 1,000 circuits has 1,250 or more magnets; the present automatic exchange of the same size has 3,000, while the Faller system only requires 154, and the proportion holds through all sizes of exchanges.

A small multiple exchange of 1,000 subscribers with metallic circuits would have 10,000 talking contacts. The present automatic of the same size would have 2,000,000 while this new mechanical operator would have only 2,000. The multiple exchange of 4,000 subscribers would have 160,000 contacts; the present automatic 32,000,000, which is wholly impracticable, while this new mechanical operator would have only 12,000.

The new system is flexible, with no "multiple" feature. The simplicity of circuits is fully preserved. It works as fast as the multiple system now used. No calls can be lost as the result of a rush on any section.

The apparatus is easy to operate and the necessary attachments can be placed on any equipment now in use in a short period. It has "number wheels," which expose a number through a small opening, leaving a means of check that the right number is set for the subscriber.

It is set by a half turn of a knob, and the subscriber does not have to stand with his ear at the receiver, but can proceed with other business until the bell announces that connection is made.

From the moment the sender is set to the required number and the calling knob turned until the end of the conversation the exchange operates automatically and independently of the subscriber, and it is impossible for him to interfere with it. Notice is given of the completed connection by the ringer, and, as in manual exchanges, the act of hanging up the receiver restores all parts of the circuit to normal or position of rest.

It cannot be definitely learned whether the new company is negotiating with the other companies, but it is believed that it is.

## SUBSIDY SCHEME

**Persistent Measure Introduced by Frye in the Senate.**

## McLAURIN AND TILLMAN IN FRONT

**With a Debate on the South Carolina Quarrel—Philippine Tariff Measure—Capital City Notes.**

Washington, Dec. 10.—The ship subsidy bill was introduced in the senate yesterday by Frye. It provides seven distinct classes with a rate of \$6 to twenty-knot steamers, increasing from 8,000 to 10,000 tons the minimum size; \$3 for sixteen-knot steamers provided the size is increased from 5,000 tons, the present minimum, to 8,000 tons. The proposed maximum mail rates per gross ton per hundred nautical miles are: Over 10,000 tons, twenty knots, 2.7 cents; nineteen knots, 2.5 cents; Over 5,000 tons—Eighteen knots, 2.3 cents; seventeen knots, 2.1 cents; sixteen knots, 1.9 cents; fifteen knots, 1.7 cents. Over 2,000 tons—Fourteen knots, 1.5 cents.

**Provides for a General Subsidy.** The second title, "general subsidy," contains the general subsidy for all vessels, steam or sail, which are not under mail contracts. This general subsidy is uniform, 1 cent per gross ton per 100 nautical miles for not exceeding sixteen knots in one year. To promote the building of new ocean vessels an additional allowance of one-fourth of a cent per gross ton is made for five years. Any vessel to receive the general subsidy must carry mails. If required, and must train in seamanship or engineering one American youth for each 1,000 tons, the vessel to be at the service of the government if required for defense.

**Subsidy Also to Fishermen.** The bill provides an annual bounty of \$2 a ton for deep sea fishing vessels and of \$1 a month for American citizens when engaged in deep sea fisheries; that a vessel shall receive only one form of subsidy, either a vessel which has received a subsidy shall not be sold to a foreigner except by consent of the secretary of the treasury.

**Lodge Asks Quick Action on the Treaty.** Washington, Dec. 10.—Lodge yesterday pressed to the senate the executive session of the report of the committee on foreign relations recommending favorable action upon the Hay-Pauncefote isthmian canal treaty, and gave notice that today he would ask the senate to go into executive session for the consideration of the treaty, repeating the request each day until the senate should act upon it. The report of the committee on judiciary recommending the confirmation of Attorney General Knox was submitted, but went over.

## SENATORS FROM SOUTH CAROLINA

**They Occupy the Floor and Most of the Time of the Senate.**

Washington, Dec. 10.—The senate chamber was the scene of a highly dramatic episode yesterday when Tillman of South Carolina challenged his colleague, McLaurin, to resign with him on the spot, in order to use his own language, that they might be able "to wash their dirty linen at home." McLaurin did not take up the gauge. The incident was the direct sequel of the very bitter controversy which arose between the senators in South Carolina last spring. McLaurin yesterday, speaking to a question of personal privilege, complained that there was a conspiracy to discredit him as a Democrat in his own state, because he did not act with his party, out of which he declared he would not be driven.

It developed in the course of the debate that he was not in line with the Democracy as to the tariff, the Spanish war, the Philippine policy and the upbuilding of our merchant marine. He said that last spring, before the adjournment of the senate, the chairman of the Democratic national committee in the cloak room asked him why he no longer attended the Democratic caucuses. He had replied that in view of his opinion of the questions growing out of the Spanish war he thought his presence might be embarrassing. The Democratic chairman had replied: "Then, perhaps it is wiser for you to be a senator who is not to be invited to the caucuses?" McLaurin said he had replied: "Certainly."

In replying to McLaurin Jones of Arkansas said the cloak room incident was this way. He (Jones) had been asked by the caucus officer for the list of senators who were to be summoned to a caucus, and McLaurin's name being mentioned he (Jones) had said he himself would see the senator from South Carolina. I met him in the cloak room," said Jones, "and recalling the fact that he had not attended a Democratic caucus for more than two years I asked him what his status was. He replied that his relations with the party were such that he thought it would be embarrassing for him to enter the Democratic caucus. I then said to him: 'You do not wish to be invited then?' and he replied: 'Certainly.'"

Then Tillman took the floor and said that though his name had not been mentioned he knew he was the cause of it all. He then told the story of the quarrel from his standpoint; of the resignation of both of the senators having been tendered to the governor, who had recommended that said resignations be withdrawn; of the withdrawal of McLaurin's, without qualification, and of the withdrawal of his own with the qualification—"if it can be withdrawn." He said he did not believe the resignations could be withdrawn, but that the matter could easily be settled. He wanted the judiciary committee to look into the matter, as he should enjoy nothing so much

## CAPITAL DOINGS

**AT A GLANCE**

Washington, Dec. 10.—The ways and means committee of the house organized today and the sub-committee was appointed.

The Philippine tariff measure was agreed upon. It is designated as a temporary measure and provides that the tariff laws of the Philippine commission shall have full force and effect.

The bill will be reported to the house Friday and after a day's debate passed under the special rule.

The house committee on appropriations organized. Chairman Cannon said no appropriation bills will be presented before the holidays.

In the house a resolution passed providing for holiday adjournment from Dec. 19 to Jan. 6.

After routine business the senate went into executive session to consider the Hay-Pauncefote treaty.

The president has decided to appoint Judge Francis E. Baker for the vacant seventh circuit court Indian judgeship.

The treasury officials decided to anticipate the interest due Jan. 1 and Saturday Treasurer Roberts will mail checks covering the interest amounting to \$4,065,742. Of this amount \$2,229,703 is on the 2 per cent consols of 1930 and \$2,436,020 on the 5 per cent funded loan of 1907.

as to "wash this dirty linen at home." Jumping to his feet McLaurin declared in ringing tones that he was ready to meet his colleague at any place or at any time for the discussion of the issues between them. Thereupon in most dramatic fashion Tillman challenged his colleague to resign on the spot.

"Now," said he, "and tender them to this man [pointing to the presiding officer], and that will settle it." All eyes were turned upon McLaurin, but the latter did not rise from his seat or make reply.

Reaction to the incident was the declaration that he doubted whether either gentleman from South Carolina was entitled to a seat, now; that probably their resignations were good at the instant offered and could not be withdrawn as they ceased to be senators the moment they signed their resignations. He alluded to a precedent supplied by Blaine when speaker of the house, who decided that the signature and delivery of a resignation ended their official life as a representative, prevented him from speaking in the house and stopped pending proceedings for expulsion.

## TARIFF AND THE PHILIPPINES

**Scheme That Will Probably Be Adopted by the Republicans.**

Washington, Dec. 10.—Secretary of War Root, accompanied by Col. Edwards, chief of the insular division of the war department, was with the Republican members of the ways and means committee throughout yesterday afternoon, going over the Philippine tariff situation. Root emphasized the fact that the new tariff of the Philippines committee had gone into effect only a few weeks ago, on Nov. 15, and he favored a continuance by congress of the rates established by the commission.

Representative Russell thereupon determined to go to further urge the proposition he had put forward earlier in the day for a 15 per cent. preference to American goods. The committee took no final action, adjourning for the day. The meeting of the members stated that while no conclusions had been reached and no votes taken the discussions and the hearing of Root had practically determined that the tariff rates of Nov. 15 would be applied against goods entering the Philippines, and the Dingley rates against goods entering the United States from the Philippines.

The proposal to grant a rebate of tax on goods paying an internal revenue duty of 10 per cent, and the prospect of its being incorporated in the final draft of the bill.

**Illinois Machinery All Tight.** Washington, Dec. 10.—Engineer in Chief Melville has investigated the published reports that the machinery of the battleship Illinois, now in dock at New Orleans, has been found defective, and as a result it is declared that the Illinois' machinery is all right. Captain cracks in a flange of the high pressure cylinder were found to be what are known as shrinkage cracks, resulting from the cooling of the metal after casting, and are declared not to constitute a defect to the engine.

## Will Appeal to Congress.

Washington, Dec. 10.—The McKinley National Arch association has determined to change its plan of operation so as to appeal to congress instead of to the public for the erection of the proposed McKinley memorial at Washington. The association will be reorganized and contributions received by the association for the proposed memorial arch will be returned.

## Nominated by the President.

Washington, Dec. 10.—Among the nominations sent to the senate yesterday by the president were: Levi M. Willcuts, district of Duluth, Minn.; and William H. Devos, district of Milwaukee, Wis., collectors of customs; Washington Haverstick, of Wisconsin, general inspector, treasury department.

## New Agricultural Officer.

Washington, Dec. 10.—The secretary of agriculture yesterday announced the establishment of a new division of soils, with Professor F. L. Koester, of the University of Wisconsin, in charge.

## AS TO MACHINERY

**Cigarmakers at the Federation Convention Fail to Have It Condemned.**

## THEIR FIGHT IS WELL PLANNED.

**But the Victory Is with the Opposition—Metal Trades Federation Organized.**

Seranton, Pa., Dec. 10.—The conference of the American Federation of Labor was in session only two hours yesterday, adjournment being taken until this morning in order to enable the several committees to consider the large number of resolutions still in their hands. There was a lively discussion on the floor over the question of boycotting machine-made cigars. It is the same question that the Cigarmakers' International Union has brought up at previous conventions of the Federation, and the union has always been defeated in its fight against the introduction of machinery in the cigar trade. At the present time not a machine-made cigar in the United States, it is said, bears the label of the Cigarmakers' International Union.

**Argument of the Anti-Machine Men.** The matter came up in the form of a resolution presented by President Gompers and John C. Deerhell and Thomas F. Tracey, of the Cigarmakers' Union, and was referred to the committee on labels. It denounced a certain company for making cigars by child labor and machinery, and called upon the Federation to assist in unionizing the various plants of the company.

The committee reported the resolution back with the recommendation that the word "machinery" be stricken out and the resolution adopted. Then the cigarmakers opened their fight. They insisted that the term "machinery" should not be eliminated, and argued that cigars made by machinery are not as good as those made by hand, and that the machines drive hand cigarmakers out of the business.

**Adopted Resolution "Gets There."** The speakers in opposition to the cigarmakers' proposition argued that to oppose machinery would be folly. Machines are being introduced in many lines of trade, they said, and the union could not successfully fight the law of progress. It was pointed out to the cigarmakers that the best thing to do was to organize the operators of the machines and adopt a wage scale. Just as the typographical and other unions have done when machinery was introduced in their trades. The discussion promised to be very lengthy, but the moving of the previous question ended the debate and the resolution, with the word "machinery" stricken out, was adopted as recommended.

## Metal Trades Federation Organized.

The Metal Trades Federation, after a series of meetings, finally organized yesterday by electing officers. The following officers were elected: President, E. J. Lynch, of New York, national president of the metal polisher; vice president, Robert Kerr, of Chicago, Ill., national president of the blacksmiths; secretary-treasurer, John O'Leary, Worcester, Mass., president of the coremakers. The executive committee will be composed of the officers and all the national presidents of the other trades allied with the Metal Federation. All of the trades in the Metal Federation are affiliated with the Federation of Labor, and this object is to have an association that can deal directly with the manufacturers, who are organized under the name of the National Metal Trades association.

Seranton, Pa., Dec. 10.—The American Federation of Labor convention today adopted a resolution pledging the Federation to use every honorable means to prevent the passage by congress of the anti-scalping legislation. The question of autonomy was referred to a special committee.

## HOOPERSTON'S LOSS

**Fire Wipes Out Values Estimated at Nearly \$100,000.**

Hooperton, Ill., Dec. 10.—This city was visited by one of the most disastrous fires in its history Sunday, the loss aggregating nearly \$100,000. The fire started in the basement of B. E. Oppenheim's general store, adjoining the postoffice, in the First National Bank block, in Main street. The entire block, the finest in the city, was constructed of brick, and fully two-thirds of it was destroyed. Four two-story brick business rooms, in which the postoffice and three stores were located, were totally consumed by the fire, and but little of the contents was saved.

The heaviest losers are: J. S. McFarren, banker, \$50,000; B. E. Oppenheim, general store, \$18,000; C. F. Davis, furniture, \$2,500; J. S. Dunscomb, grocery, \$2,000; Hooperton Telephone company, \$1,000; Charles A. Allen, attorney, notes and valuable papers, \$10,000. A number of other firms also suffered severe losses by the flames. The origin of the fire is not known. The insurance so far as known aggregates \$46,500.

## BAD FIRE RAGING

## IN WEST VIRGINIA

Huntington, W. Va., Dec. 10.—Fire is raging in the Wayne court house, 20 miles south of this place. Eighteen buildings are said to have burned.

## FIGHT IN TIEN TSIN

**British and Germans Slain in Battle That May Cause Complications.**

Tien Tsin, Dec. 10.—Serious international complications may result from an encounter which took place yesterday between the German troops and a company of Punjab infantry, which is stationed here. Three German privates were killed and one German officer was mortally wounded in the fight. On the British side three men were slain and several more wounded. The accounts of the fray, which was short but decisive, differ somewhat, the Germans claiming that they acted from first to last in self-defense, while the Indian troops aver that the Germans were aching for a chance of showing their hatred for the English.

The trouble was started by a sentry belonging to the Indian regiment, who ran amuck and killed two of his comrades. The sentry, who is said to have been crazed by liquor, while quarreling with companions suddenly brandished two revolvers and without a word of warning shot at random into a crowd of unarmed soldiers who had tried to quiet him. Two men were killed outright and others were slightly wounded.

The sentry then ran through the streets of the city, shouting and swearing. The people fled in terror right and left. A company of Punjab infantry was at once sent out to secure him. The sentry later met a company of German troops, whom he called cowards and brutes, saying that they deserved to be treated like the Boers in South Africa. He emptied his revolver in the regiment, wounding one German officer mortally. He was shot dead by the Germans.

In the meantime the company of Punjab infantry arrived on the scene. A row ensued between the commanding officers and a free fight was precipitated. The battle lasted but a short time, the Punjabians being put to flight, leaving their dead and injured on the street. Afterward the Germans took the wounded of both sides to their barracks and cared for them. The German troops have been confined to their barracks until further orders.

## SLOWLY ROASTED

**Horrible Death of Three Workmen in a Railroad Wreck—Train Ditched.**

Penn., Ind., Dec. 10.—A box car loaded with workmen ahead of the engine of a construction train on the Cincinnati, Richmond and Muncie railway jumped the track two miles east of this city yesterday and rolled down a fifteen-foot embankment. There were fifty men on the car, and they fell in a heap at one end, a red-hot stove catching Perry Landers, of North Judson, beneath it and pinning him down until exsiccated by fellow workmen. He was horribly burned about the body and face and will probably die.

Others badly hurt are: Nevada Walters, of Wabash, Ind., both legs severed; Charles Peterson, Fremont, O., fractured shoulder and ribs, hip dislocated; Thomas O. Loughlin, Triana, O., both arms dislocated, face badly cut; Louis Jann, Louisville, Ky., sprained ankle, hip cut; Frank Tonard, North Judson, Ind., cut about head, and right shoulder dislocated; William Bates, North Judson, Ind., knee dislocated. A score of the men escaped with cuts and bruises. The first two in the foregoing list are serious cases.

## CATHOLIC FEDERATION

## MEETS IN CINCINNATI

Cincinnati, Dec. 10.—The first conference of the American Federation of Catholic societies convened here today with about 500 delegates present. Religious services at the cathedral preceded the business session, the latter being held at the auditorium. Gov. Nash, Mayor Fleischmann and others delivered welcoming addresses which were responded to by officers of the federation.

## Ford Had Already Resigned.

Denver, Colo., Dec. 10.—Charles D. Ford, chairman of the Republican state central committee, announces that he had placed his resignation of the secretary of the committee, to be acted upon at its next meeting. Ford said that this action was taken several weeks ago, and that his letter of resignation ante-dated by about two weeks the order of the attorney general to the effect that federal officeholders must not hold active office in local political organizations.

## Aged Farmer Goes Up for Life.

Knoxville, Tenn., Dec. 10.—P. B. Bunden, a well-to-do farmer nearly 60 years of age, has been sentenced to life imprisonment for the murder of Attorney John H. Crozier, who was shot down in a public highway last July. Crozier had sought to collect for a debt from Bunden.

## Boats Run Late This Year.

Chicago, Dec. 10.—Announcement was made here yesterday that owing to the unusual number of boats remaining in service on the upper lakes after the expiration of insurance, the United States weather bureau will keep all its stations in that district open until Dec. 15.

## WEEK'S WORK

**In Prosecution of the War Against Struggling Boers.**

## KITCHENER REPORTS

**Way Open to the British Orange River Invasion.**

London, Dec. 10.—Lord Kitchener in a dispatch from Pretoria reports the result of the week's work is 31 Boers killed, 17 wounded, 352 prisoners and 35 surrendered. Quantities of supplies were captured. By advancing a line of blockhouses in the eastern part of the Transvaal Kitchener is now able for the first time to carry out systematic and continuous operations in the vicinity of Ermelo, Bethal and Carolina.

**Clearing Southeast Districts.** Columns have cleared the southeastern districts of the Orange river colony and are now operating northward on the Thabanchu line. The Boers are still in force in the extreme west of Cape Colony. They are commanded by Maritz who recently attacked Tontellboschop. The Boers have been driven off and Maritz severely wounded.

## ALL CAPITAL SUNK

**Whole of the \$500,000 of the Omaha Loan Company is Gone.**

Omaha, Neb., Dec. 10.—President A. T. Wyman, head of the Omaha Loan and Trust company, announces that no receivership will be requested at this time. He admitted that a conference of directors had been held to discuss relief measures. Later developments indicate that the company's liabilities will reach a much higher figure than at first supposed. Stockholders say frankly that the \$500,000 representing the capital stock is entirely gone, and that they have no expectation of ever realizing a cent from it.

It is learned in the district court, however, that a request for a receiver was made by the company several days ago, attended by peculiar conditions. Attorneys Crofoot & Scott, acting for the company, asked the court to designate a certain receiver and receiver's attorneys, the matter of choice to be left to the company. The court listened to argument at some length and finally refused to appoint a receiver under such restrictions.

## Collision Kills Engineer and Fireman.

North Yakima, Wash., Dec. 10.—A head-on collision between an extra east-bound freight and No. 54, a freight, two miles north of here on the Northern Pacific, resulted in the death of two trainmen and the injury of several others. The killed are Engineer Cooper and the fireman (name unknown). The injured are brakeman J. J. Peters, fireman B. B. Scott, brakeman W. T. Darcey, Conductor Joseph Chare and Fireman Alfred Chaney.

## Way They Die in Alabama.

Brookside, Ala., Dec. 10.—Rev. J. W. Bradford, who had been returned here as Methodist minister for another year, remarked at Sunday school that the relations between himself and his congregation would be pleasant if they could stop such men as H. D. Coffman from lying about him and the church. Coffman, who had been expelled from the church on some charge, when to the minister's home later and fired two shots at him, causing his death two hours later.

## Long Married People Celebrate.

Elgin, Ill., Dec. 10.—Mr. and Mrs. Andrew J. Kennedy, of this city, Sunday celebrated the sixtieth anniversary of their marriage. The festivities took place at the home of their daughter, Mrs. H. L. Blackman. Kennedy is 86 years old and his wife is 85. Both were among the earliest settlers of McHenry county, Ill., coming west from New York in 1837.